## CHEMISTRY

51. Two oxides of a metal contain $50 \%$ and $40 \%$ metal (M) respectively. If the formula of first oxide is $\mathrm{MO}_{2}$, the formula of second oxide will be
(A) $\mathrm{M}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$
(B) $\mathrm{M}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
(C) $\mathrm{MO}_{3}$
(D) $\mathrm{MO}_{2}$
52. The hydrogen atoms confined at the same pressure and volume as the same number of atoms of He , will move faster by a factor of
(A) 1.713
(B) 2.0
(C) 1.414
(D) 4.0
53. Among the following possible transitions in Bohr hydrogen atom which one emits light of longest wave length?
(A) $n=4$ to $n=3$
(B) $n=1$ to $n=2$
(C) $n=2$ to $n=3$
(D) $n=2$ to $n=5$
54. The orbital angular momentum (in units of $h / 2 \pi$ ) of an electron in the 3d orbital is
(A) 3
(B) 2
(C) $\sqrt{6}$
(D) $\sqrt{ } 2$
55. The wave length of light emitted when electron falls from $n=50$ to $n=49$ orbit of hydrogen atom is
(A) 55 nm
(B) 0.55 cm
(C) $0.55{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{A}$
(D) 55 m
56. The correct order of ionic radii for the ions $\mathrm{S}^{2-}, \mathrm{Cl}^{-}, \mathrm{P}^{3-}, \mathrm{Ca}^{2+}$ is
(A) $\mathrm{Ca}^{2+}>\mathrm{Cl}^{-}>\mathrm{S}^{2-}>\mathrm{P}^{3-}$
(B) $\mathrm{S}^{2-}>\mathrm{P}^{3-}>\mathrm{Cl}^{-}>\mathrm{Ca}^{2+}$
(C) $\mathrm{P}^{3-}<\mathrm{S}^{2-}<\mathrm{Cl}^{-}<\mathrm{Ca}^{2+}$
(D) $\mathrm{Ca}^{2+}<\mathrm{Cl}^{-}<\mathrm{S}^{2-}<\mathrm{P}^{3-}$

## SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

