87. $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{NO}_{2} \xrightarrow[N i]{\mathrm{H}_{2}} A \xrightarrow[0-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}]{\mathrm{NaNO}_{2} \mathrm{HCl}} B \xrightarrow[\Delta]{\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OH}} \mathbf{C}$ ( major). The compound $\mathbf{C}$ is
1) $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{NH}_{2}$
2) $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OH}$
3) $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{6}$
4) $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{CN}$
88. The correct order of reactivity towards $S N^{1}$ reaction among the following compound is

(A)

(B)

(C)
89. 


$A$ is
1)


90. The increasing values of pKa for the following compounds is
A. m- nitrophenol
B. Phenol
C. P-nitrophenol
D. O- cresol
E. $\mathbf{m}$ - cresol is

1) C $<$ A $<$ B $<$ E $<$ D
2) D $<$ E $<$ B $<$ A $<$ C
3) $\mathrm{C}<$ A $<$ D $<$ E $<$ B
4) D $<$ E $<$ C $<$ A $<$ B

## BIOLOGY

91. The term taxonomy was coined by
1) Ernst Haeckel
2) H. F Copeland
3) A.P. de Candolle
4) Carolus Linnaeus
92. Which one of the following is correct?
1) Serum =Blood + Fibrinogen
2) Lymph $=$ Plasma $+\mathrm{RBC}+\mathrm{WBC}$
3) Blood $=$ Plasma + RBC + WBC + Platelets
4) Plasma $=$ Blood - Lymphocytes
93. Kingdom planate show following characters
A. Cellulosic cell wall
B. Starch is reserve food
C. Absorptive mode of nutrition
1) A and B
2) B and C
3) A and C
4) A, B and C
94. Match the following blood cells with their functions and select the answer from code given below:

| Blood cells | Functions |
| :--- | :--- |
| A. Neutrophils | 1. Haemostasis |
| B. Basophils | 2. Production of antibodies |
| C. B lymphocytes | 3. Release of histamine |
| D. Platelets | 4. Phagocytosis |

1) $A=3, B=4, C=1, D=2$
2) $A=4, B=3, C=2, D=1$
3) $\mathrm{A}=1, \mathrm{~B}=2, \mathrm{C}=3, \mathrm{D}=4$
4) $A=2, B=3, C=4, D=1$
95. Match the following with reference to kingdom Protista

List- I
I. Diatoms
II. Plasmodium
III. Euglenoids
IV. Dinoflagellates

List- 2
A. Multinucleate aggregate plant body of slimemoulds
B. Kieselgur and rejuvenatory spores
C. Protozoan with infectious spore like stage in life cycle
D. Bioluminiscence and mesokaryon
E. Proteinaceous pellicle and myxotrophic nutrition

The correct match is

|  | I | II | III | IV |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1) | B | C | E | D |
| $2)$ | C | A | E | B |
| $3)$ | B | A | C | E |
| 4) | D | C | E | B |

96. In urinary system aldosterone takes part in retention of
1) $K^{+}$
2) $\mathrm{Na}^{+}$
3) Water
4) Both $2 \& 3$
97. Which of the following division of fungi includes club fungi?
1) Deuteromycetes
2) Zygomycetes
3) Basidiomycetes
4) Ascomycetes
98. Statement I: Red muscle can also be called aerobic muscle

Statement II : These muscles contain plenty of mitochondria which can utilize the large amounts of oxygen stored in them.

1) Both statement 1 and statement II are correct
2) Both statement $I$ and statement $I I$ are incorrect
3) Statement $I$ is correct but $I I$ is incorrect
4) Statement $I$ is incorrect but II is correct
99. Secondary growth occurs in stem and roots of
1) Dicots
2) Gymnosperms
3) Monocots
4) Both $1 \& 2$
100. Endocrine centre in the brain is
1) Corpus callosum
2) Crura cerebri
3) Cerebral cortex
4) Hypothalamus
101. Select the characters related to Dryopteris
A. Stem is rhizome
B. Young leaves show circinnate vernation
C. Petioles are covered with ramenta
D. The sorus is covered by true indusium
1) A \& B only
2) C \& D only
3) A, B \& C only
4) All the above
102. Observe the following graph with respect to menstrual cycle and identify $A$ and $B$


## Preovulatory phase

post ovulatory phase

1) A- Oestrogen; B- progesterone
2) A- FSH; B- LH
3) A- Progesterone; B- Oestrogen
4) A- LH; B- FSH
103. Cyathium and Hypanthodium are similar in having
1) Achlamydeous flower
2) Bisexual flowers
3) Unisexual flowers
4) Neutral flowers
104. Which of the following is not true about uterus
1) It is attached to the pelvic wall
2) It is an inverted pear shaped structure
3) It opens into vagina through cervix
4) It forms birth canal along with cervix
105. Match the following

List- I
I. Assimilatory roots
II. Nodular roots
III. Fusiform taproot
IV. Complete parasite

With wiry stem

|  | I | II | III | IV |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $1)$ | C | D | B | A |
| $2)$ | C | A | B | D |
| $3)$ | D | A | B | C |
| $4)$ | C | D | A | B |

106. Zona pellucida disappears
1) After fertilization
2) Before blastocyst formation
3) Before implantation
4) After morula formation
107. Which of the following vegetative propagules are found in ginger and onion respeclively?
1) Corm, Rhizome
2) Stolene, Sucker
3) Rhizome, Bulb
4) Offsets, Bulb
108. Which of the following pedigree can be for haemophilia?
1) 


2)

3)


109. Study the following statements and find the correct option

Statement - I (SI) :- In higher plants asexual reproduction can occur both before and during their maturation phase
Statement - II ( SII) :- In higher plants uniparental sexual progeny are never observed

1) Both SI \& SII are false
2) SI is true but SII is false
3) SI is false but SII is true
4) Both SI \& SII are true
110. Match column I with column II regarding human excretory system choose the correct option.

| Column -I | Column -II |
| :---: | :---: |
| A. Epithelial cells of Bowman's capasule | 1. Juxtamedullary nephron |
| B. Extension of cortex between the medullary pyramids as real columns | 2. Vasa recta |
| C. Nephrons with long loop of Henle running deep into the medulla | 3. Juxtaglomerular apparatus |
| D. A fine vessel of the peritubular capillaries running parallel to Henel's loop | 4. Podocytes |
| E. A special sensitive region in the DCT and afferent arteriole at the location of their contact | 5. Columns of Bertini <br> 6. Cortical nephron |

1) A-5;B-1;C-2;D-3;E-4
2) $\mathrm{A}-4 ; \mathrm{B}-3 ; \mathrm{C}-6 ; \mathrm{D}-5 ; \mathrm{E}-1$
3) $\mathrm{A}-2 ; \mathrm{B}-4 ; \mathrm{C}-6 ; \mathrm{D}-1 ; \mathrm{E}-3$
4) $\mathrm{A}-4 ; \mathrm{B}-5 ; \mathrm{C}-1 ; \mathrm{D}-2 ; \mathrm{E}-3$
111. Choose the correct ascending sequence of the following plants with respect to their life- span
I. Wolffia
II. Carrot
III. Rose plant
V. Royal fern
VI. Banana
VII. Banyan tree
1) VII, V, III, VI, II, IV, VIII, I
2) I, VIII, IV, II, VI, III, V, VII
3) I, VIII, II, IV, VI, III, VII, V
4) I, VIII, IV, II, III, VI, V, VII
IV. Rice plant
VIII. Moss plant
112. Hisardale is a resultant by crossing between
1) Marino ewes and Bikaneri rams
2) Marino ewes and marino rams
3) Bikaneri ewes and Bikaneri rams
4) Bikaneri ewes and marino rams
113. Bentham and Hooker's classification is published in a book namely
1) Historia plantarum
2) Species plantarum
3) Families of flowering plants
4) Genera plantarum
114. A human protein which is being obtained from transgenic animals and is used to treat emphysema is
1) Insulin
2) $\alpha$-I antitrypsin
3) $\gamma$-I antitrypsin
4) Alpha- Lactalbumin
115. Correct Floral formula related to Mustard plant is
1) $B r B r l \oplus K 4 C 4 A 4 G(4)$
2) $\mathrm{Br} \mathrm{Brl} \mathrm{K} 2+2 \mathrm{C} 4 \mathrm{~A} 4+2 G(2)$
3) $E b r E b r l K 2+2 C 4 A 2+4 G(2)$
4) $\mathrm{Ebr} \mathrm{Ebrl} \% \mathrm{~K} 4 C 4 \mathrm{~A} 4 \mathrm{G}(4)$
116. C- Peptide of human insulin is
1) A part of mature insulin molecule
2) Responsible for its biological activity
3) Added during maturation of proinsulin to insulin
4) Removed during maturation of pro- insulin to insulin
117. Cytoplasm of adjacent cells is interconnected by
1) Plasma membrane
2) Primary cell wall
3) Plasmodesmata
4) Middle Lamallae
118. In an area, increase in population growth can be observed when natality, mortality, emigration and immigration are
1) $120,850,300$ and 920 respectively
2) $250,350,600$ and 500 respectively
3) $350,500,250$ and 600 respectively
4) $150,220,600$ and 670 respectively
119. The secondary metabolites used as drugs are
1) Abrin, Ricin
2) Rubber, gums, cellulose
3) Morphine, codeine
4) Vinblastin, curcumin
120. The $\mathbf{H}$-zone in the skeletal muscle fibre is due to:
1) The central gap between myosin filaments in the A-band
2) Central gap between actin filaments extending through myosin filaments in the A-band
3) Extension of myosin filaments in the central portion of the A- band
4) The absence of myofibrils in the central portion of A- band
121. Study the following lists

List- I ( Protein )
A. Antibody
B. Glut- 4
C. Collagen
D. RUBISCO

List- II ( Function )
I. Enables glucose transport into the cells
II. Intercellular ground substance
III. Fights against infectious agents
IV. Abundant protein in biosphere
V. Hormonal function

The correct match is

|  | A | B | C | D |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1) | III | I | II | IV |
| 2) | III | I | IV | V |
| 3) | III | IV | II | I |
| $4)$ | III | II | V | IV |

122. The most severe threat to loss of biodiversity is
1) Coextinction
2) Over exploitation
3) Alien species extinction
4) Habitat loss/ fragmentation
123. A root tip cell onion shows
1) 16 chromosomes at $G_{1}$ with 2DNA molecules in each chromosome
2) 16 chromosomes at $G_{2}$ with 1 DNA molecule in each chromosome
3) Same number of chromosomes in $G_{1}$ and $G_{2}$
4) Same quantity of DNA at $G_{1}$ stage and metaphase
124. Green house gases are
1) Water vapour, $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$
2) $\mathrm{CH}_{4}, \mathrm{CO}$
3) $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{CFC}$
4) All the above
125. The diploid chromosome number of maize is 20 . Then the number of Bivalents, chromatids and kinetochores in pachytene stage of its meiocyte
1) $20,40,40$
2) $10,40,40$
3) $10,20,20$
4) $20,20,40$
126. To which of the following categories does the adipose tissue belong?
1) Epithelial
2) Connective
3) Muscular
4) Neural
127. The simple mechanical tissue present in the petioles and young dicot stem is
1) Sclerenchyma
2) Xylem
3) Parenchyma
4) Collenchyma
128. Which of the following represents the correct combination without exception?

| Characteristics | Class |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1. Mammary gland; hair on body; pinnae; two pairs of limbs | Mammalia |
| 2. Mouth ventral, gills without operculum; skin with placoid scales; <br> persistent notochord | Chondrichthyes |
| 3. Sucking and circular mouth, jaws absent; integument without scales; <br> paired appendages | Cyclostomata |
| 4. Body covered with feathers; skin moist and glandular, forelimbs form <br> wings; lungs with air sacs | Aves |

129. Analyse the following lists. Choose the correct matching.

## List- I

(Vascular bundle types)
I. Bi collateral vascular bundle
II. Radial vascular bundle
III. Collateral closed vascular bundle
IV. Collateral and open vascular bundle

1) I-A, II-B, III-C, IV-E
2) I-B, II-C, III-D, IV-A
130. Fertilization in Cockroach occurs in
1) Ootheca
2) Genital chamber
3) Vestibulum
4) Vagina
131. Find the true statements from the following
I. Phloem parenchyma and companion cells are nucleated cells
II. Phloem is a living tissue except bast fibres
III. Both xylem and phloem are useful for conduction and mechanical support
IV. The parenchyma in both xylem and phloem is storage in function The correct answer is
1) I, II \& IV
2) I, II, III
3) II, III, IV
4) I, III, IV
132. In malignant tumours, the cells proliferate, grow rapidly and move to other parts of the body to form new tumours. This property of disease is considered as
1) Metagenesis
2) Mitosis
3) Teratogenesis
4) Metastasis
133. The sequence of communities of primary succession in water is:
1) Phytoplankton, sedges, free- floating hydrophytes, rooted hydrophytes, grasses and trees.
2) Phytoplankton, free- floating hydrophytes, rooted hydrophytes, sedges, grasses and trees.
3) Free- floating hydrophytes, sedges, phytoplankton, rooted hydrophytes, grasses and trees.
4) Phytoplankton, rooted submerged hydrophytes, floating hydrophytes, reed swamp, sedges, meadow and trees.
134. The correct path followed by sound waves from external ear to inner ear is:
1) Eardrum -auditory ossicles- fluid of cochlea- basilar membrane- hair cells
2) Eardrum- basilar membrane- auditory ossicles- fluid of cochlea- hair cells
3) Eardrum- fluid of cochlea- auditory ossicles- hair cells- basilar membrane
4) Eardrum- hair cells- auditory ossicles- basilar membrane- fluid of cochlea
135. The sequence of succession is
1) Lichens $\rightarrow$ Mosses $\rightarrow$ Grass $\rightarrow$ Shurbs $\rightarrow$ Trees
2) Trees $\rightarrow$ Shurbs $\rightarrow$ Lichens $\rightarrow$ Mosses $\rightarrow$ Grass
3) Mosses $\rightarrow$ Shurbs $\rightarrow$ Trees $\rightarrow$ Lichens $\rightarrow$ Grass
4) Lichens $\rightarrow$ Trees $\rightarrow$ Mosses $\rightarrow$ Grass $\rightarrow$ Shurbs
136. Match the following with correct combination:

List- I
A. Hyaluronidase
B. Corpus Iuteum
C. Gastrulation
D. Capacitation
E. Colostrum

List- II
I. Acrosomal reaction
II. Morphogenetic movements
III. Progesterone
IV. Mammary gland
V. Sperm activation

1) A-V, B- II, C-IV, D-I, E- III
2) A-I, B-III, C-II, D-V, E-IV
3) A-IV, B- II, C-V, D-III, E-I
4) A-I, B- II, C-III, D-IV, E-V
137. A character which is expressed phenotypically in both homozygotes \& heterozygotes is
1) Recessive character
2) Mutant character
3) Dominant character
4) Pleotropic character
138. Artificial insemination means:
1) Transfer of sperms of husband to a test tube containing ova
2) Transfer of sperms of a healthy donor directly into the vagina
3) Introduction of sperms of a health donor directly into the ovary
4) Transfer of sperms of a healthy donor to a test tube containing ova
139. Choose the incorrect statement
1) One DNA helix runs continuously from one end to the other in each chromatid
2) Heriditary variations in fruitfly can be seen with low power microscope
3) Fruit flies could be grown on simple synthetic medium in the laboratory
4) Mendel provided physical proof for the existence of factors.
140. A woman with normal vision, but whose father was colour blind, marries a colour blind man. Suppose that the fourth child of this couple was a boy. This boy
1) Must be colour blind
2) Must have normal colour vision
3) May or may not colour blind
4) Will be partially colour blind since he is heterozygous for the colour blind mutant allele
141. Chargaff's rule is applicable to
1) Single stranded RNA
2) Single stranded DNA and RNA
3) Single stranded DNA
4) Double stranded DNA and RNA
142. In a population of 1000 individuals 360 belong to genotype AA, 480 to Aa and the remaining 160 to aa. Based on this data, the frequency of allele $A$ in the population is:
1) 0.7
2) 0.4
3) 0.5
4) 0.6
143. 


' $A$ ' in the above transcription unit is

1) Promoter
2) Terminator
3) Structural gene
4) Regulator
144. Read the following statements:
A. Mammalian lungs are solid and spongy
B. Air enters into the lungs because chest expands
C. In embryo stage breathing rate, residual air are absent
D. Residual volume is volume of air in lungs after forceful expiration
E. Partial pressure of oxygen in expired air is more than inspired air

How many statements are correct?

1) $B C D$
2) $A B C D$
3) AE
4) ACD
145. A restriction endonuclease breaks bond between the
1) Base pairs of a DNA molecule
2) Base pairs of a DNA- RNA hybrid molecule
3) sugar and phosphate components of nucleic acid molecule
4) Exons and introns of a DNA molecule
146. Read the statements $A$ and $B$ given below and choose the correct option:

Statement -I. Human heart transplanted is denervated but still keeps beating
Statement -II. Human heart is myogenic

1) Statement I \& Statement II both are correct
2) Statement I \& Statement II both are incorrect
3) Statement I correct Statement II incorrect
4) Statement I incorrect Statement II correct
147. Length of palindrome which is recognised by ECoRI
1) 20.4 nm
2) $20.8 \mathrm{~A}^{0}$
3) $21.4 \mathrm{~A}^{0}$
4) $20.4 A^{0}$
148. Which of the following statements is correct with reference to a test tube baby?
1) Fertilization of the egg is completed outside the body; the fertilized egg/ early embryo is then placed in the womb of healthy adult female where the gestation is completed
2) Fertilization of the egg is completed in the female genital tract. It is then taken out and grown in a large test tube
3) A prematurely born baby is reared in a incubator
4) Fertilization of the egg and growth of the embryo is completed in a large test tube
149. The cell walls of eukaryotic plant cells can be removed by treatment with
I. Lysozyme
II. Cellulase
III. Chitinase
1) I, II \& III
2) I \& II only
3) I \& III only
4) II \& III only
150. Select the correct option that represents examples of the following types of animals
I. Cold blooded animals
II. Warm blooded animals
III. Animal with dry and cornified skin
IV. Hermaphrodite animal

| I | II | III | IV |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1) Rabbit | Fish | Frog | Earthworm |
| 2) Fish | Rabbit | Wall lizard | Earthworm |
| 3) Pigeon | Frog | Crocodile | Starfish |
| 4) Fish | Frog | Crocodile | Earthworm |

151. Which of the following is a transgenic plant?
1) Flavr Savr
2) Bacillus thuringiensis
3) Meloidogyme incognita
4) Baculo virus
152. Match the following animals with their respiratory organs and select the correct set
Set -I Set -II
A. Earthworm I. gills
B. Human
II. bookgills
C. Prawn
III. Trachea
D. Insect
IV. Cutaneous
V. pulmonary

|  | A | B | C | D |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1) | IV | V | III | II |
| 2) | IV | V | II | III |
| 3) | II | III | IV | V |
| 4) | IV | V | I | III |

153. Male sterile transgenic Brassica napus is
I. Suitable for food processing
II. Tolerant to abiotic stresses
III. Useful for hybrid seed production
IV. Herbicide tolerant
1) II, III, IV
2) III only
3) II, III only
4) III, IV only
154. If the systolic pressure is $\mathbf{1 2 0} \mathbf{~ m m ~ H g}$ and diastolic pressure is $\mathbf{8 0} \mathbf{~ m g ~ H g}$ the pulse pressure is
1) $120 \times 80=9600 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{Hg}$
2) $120+80=200 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{Hg}$
3) $120-80=400 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{Hg}$
4) $\frac{120}{80}=40 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{Hg}$
155. N. Borlaug developed semi- dwarf wheat variety in Mexico at
1) International centre for wheat and Rice improvement
2) International centre for wheat, Rice and maize
3) International centre for wheat and Barley improvement
4) International centre for wheat and maize improvement
156. Match the following and select the correct set

Skeletal part
Number of bones
A. Cranium I. 14
B. Back bone
II. 26
C. Face
III. 24
D. Hindlimb
IV. 80
E. Ribs
V. 8
VI. 30

|  | A | B | C | D | E |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1) | V | II | III | I | IV |
| 2) | V | II | I | III | VI |
| 3) | I | II | III | IV | V |
| 4) | V | II | I | VI | III |

157. The rice variety introduced into India from Philippines is
1) IR8
2) Sonora
3) TMV -3
4) Sweedish
158. The rate of conduction of impulse will be faster in case of
1) Myelinated nerve fibers
2) Un myelilnated thick fibers
3) Nonmyelinated thin nerve fiber
4) Both $1 \& 2$
159. First plant produced during the demonstration of totipotency was
1) Radish
2) Carrot
3) Maize
4) Datura
160. A pregnant women delivers a baby who suffers from stunted growth mental retardation, low intelligence and abnormal skin. This is the result to
1) Hypo secretion of growth hormone
2) Over secretion from pars distalis
3) Deficiency of iodine
4) Cancer
161. Micropropagation is useful
I. To generate somaclonal variations which are exploited for crop improvement
II. To multiply genetically uniform population
III. To generate new species
IV. To produce heterozygous plants
1) I \& III are correct
2) III \& IV are correct
3) I \& II are correct
4) II \& III are correct
162. An organism that transfer the infective agent from one primary host to another and allows partial development of infective agent in its body is called
1) Mechanical vector
2) Biological vector
3) Reservoir host
4) Uninvited guest
163. Big holes in Swiss cheese are made by
1) A machine
2) A bacterium that produces methane gas
3) A bacterium producing a large amount of carbondioxide
4) A Fungus that release a lot of gases during its metabolic activities
164. The given pie diagram represents the proportionate of species of major taxa of vertebrates identify the groups $A$ and $B$

1) A- Reptiles
B- Birds
2) A- Fish
B- Birds
3) A- Birds
B-Fish
4) A- Birds
B-Reptiles
165. Bottle Juices are clarified by the use of
1) Lipases
2) Pectinases
3) Proteases
4) $2 \& 3$
166. Which one of the following is not an ectoparasite- Host association?
1) Ticks- dog
2) Copepods- marine fish
3) Pediculus- Human
4) Plasmodium- Man
167. Path of water movement from soil to the xylem is
1) Metaxylem $\rightarrow$ Protoxylem $\rightarrow$ Cortex $\rightarrow$ Soil $\rightarrow$ Root hair
2) Cortex $\rightarrow$ Root hair $\rightarrow$ Endodermis $\rightarrow$ Pericycle $\rightarrow$ Protoxylem $\rightarrow$ Metaxylem
3) Soil $\rightarrow$ Root hair $\rightarrow$ Cortex $\rightarrow$ Endodermis $\rightarrow$ Pericycle $\rightarrow$ Protoxylem $\rightarrow$ Metaxylem
4) Pericycle $\rightarrow$ Soil $\rightarrow$ Root hair $\rightarrow$ Cortex $\rightarrow$ Endodermis $\rightarrow$ Protoxylem $\rightarrow$ Metaxylem
168. In male frog vasa efferentia from testis enter the kidney and open into
1) Wolffian duct
2) Mesonephric duct
3) Ureter
4) Bidders canal
169. Energy consuming and energy releasing steps in nitrogen cycle respectively are
1) Nitrification, nitrogen, fixation
2) Ammonification, nitrogen fixation
3) Ammonification, dentrification
4) Nitrogen fixation, nitrification
170. Match the following and select the correct set

Column - I Column - II
A. Pneumonia I. Salmonella
B. Typhoid
II. Entamoeba
C. Common cold
III. Epidermophyta
D. Ringworm
IV. Haemophilus influenza
V. Rhinoviruses

|  | A | B | C | D |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1) | I | III | IV | V |
| 2) | IV | I | III | V |
| 3) | I | II | III | IV |
| 4) | IV | I | V | III |

171. Enzymes promote rate of chemical reaction by
1) Lowering energy of activation
2) Increasing energy of activation
3) Maintaing energy of activation
4) Without affecting activation energy but increasing reaction time
172. Verhulst- pearl lozistic growth is described by the equation.
1) $d N=r N \frac{N}{K}$
2) $\frac{d N}{d t}=r N \frac{N}{K}$
3) $\frac{d N}{d t}=r N\left(\frac{K-N}{K}\right)$
4) $\frac{d N}{d t}=k N\left[1-\frac{k}{K}\right]$
173. Chlorophylls don't absorb this wave length of light
1) Red wave length
2) Green wavelength
3) Blue wavelength
4) Orange wavelength
174. Which of the following statements are incorrect regarding biomagnification of D.D.T
I. Spraying of D.D.T in a agricultural fields is carried by run off water into the near by water bodies
II. The water bodies may have a very low concentration but it is accumulated at high concentration in fish
III. The birds that consumed this fish have no effect though the accumulation of D.D.T is at maximum level in the birds
1) I and II
2) I and III
3) II and III
4) Only III
175. To produce 4 sucrose molecules the number of ATP and NADPH $+H^{+}$required in $C_{3}$ plants is
1) $144 \& 96$
2) $120 \& 48$
3) 188,192
4) 72,46
176. Which pair of geographical area shows maximum diversity in our country?
1) Sunderbans and Rann of Kutch
2) Easterm Ghats and Western Ghats
3) Eastern Himalayas and western Ghats
4) Kerala and Punjab
177. From the below figure ATP synthesis through chemiosmotic hypothesis identify ABCD respectively

1) Photoystem- I, Photosystem- II, Cytochromes b\& f, ATP synthase
2) Photosystem- II, Photosystem- I, Cytochromes b\&f, ATP synthase
3) Photoystem-I, Cytochromes b \& f, ATP synthase, Photoystem- II
4) Photoystem- II, Cytochromes b\& f, Photosystem- I, ATP synthase
178. Which of the following are correctly matched with respect to their taxonomic classification?
1) Flying fish, cuttlefish, Silverfish- Pisces
2) Centipede, Millipede, Spider, Scorpion- Insecta
3) House fly, Butterfly, Tse-tse fly, silverfish- Insecta
4) Spiny anteater, Sea urchin, Sea cucumber- Echinodermata
179. Ratio of total ATPs produced by substrate level phosphorylation in aerobic respiration where substrate is 2 molecules of G-3-P and number of molecules of $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ liberated during Krebs cycle is
1) $1: 1$
2) $3: 2$
3) $2: 3$
4) $1: 4$
180. Lack of relaxation between successive stimuli in sustained muscle contraction is know as:
1) Tonus
2) Spasm
3) Fatigue
4) Tetanus
