

1. Which of the following is a basic amino acid ?
- (1) Serine
 - (2) Alanine
 - (3) Tyrosine
 - (4) Lysine
2. The correct option for free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition is :
- (1) $q = 0, \Delta T = 0$ and $w = 0$
 - (2) $q = 0, \Delta T < 0$ and $w > 0$
 - (3) $q < 0, \Delta T = 0$ and $w = 0$
 - (4) $q > 0, \Delta T > 0$ and $w > 0$
3. Measuring Zeta potential is useful in determining which property of colloidal solution ?
- (1) Viscosity
 - (2) Solubility
 - (3) Stability of the colloidal particles
 - (4) Size of the colloidal particles
4. The calculated spin only magnetic moment of Cr^{2+} ion is :
- (1) 3.87 BM
 - (2) 4.90 BM
 - (3) 5.92 BM
 - (4) 2.84 BM
5. Elimination reaction of 2-Bromo-pentane to form pent-2-ene is :
- (a) β -Elimination reaction
 - (b) Follows Zaitsev rule
 - (c) Dehydrohalogenation reaction
 - (d) Dehydration reaction
- (1) (a), (b), (c)
 - (2) (a), (c), (d)
 - (3) (b), (c), (d)
 - (4) (a), (b), (d)
6. On electrolysis of dil. sulphuric acid using Platinum (Pt) electrode, the product obtained at anode will be :
- (1) Hydrogen gas
 - (2) Oxygen gas
 - (3) H_2S gas
 - (4) SO_2 gas
7. Which of the following is **not** correct about carbon monoxide ?
- (1) It forms carboxyhaemoglobin.
 - (2) It reduces oxygen carrying ability of blood.
 - (3) The carboxyhaemoglobin (haemoglobin bound to CO) is less stable than oxyhaemoglobin.
 - (4) It is produced due to incomplete combustion.
8. Sucrose on hydrolysis gives :
- (1) β -D-Glucose + α -D-Fructose
 - (2) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Glucose
 - (3) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Fructose
 - (4) α -D-Fructose + β -D-Fructose
9. Match the following and identify the **correct** option.
- | | |
|--|---|
| (a) $\text{CO}(\text{g}) + \text{H}_2(\text{g})$ | (i) $\text{Mg}(\text{HCO}_3)_2 + \text{Ca}(\text{HCO}_3)_2$ |
| (b) Temporary hardness of water | (ii) An electron deficient hydride |
| (c) B_2H_6 | (iii) Synthesis gas |
| (d) H_2O_2 | (iv) Non-planar structure |
- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|------|------|
| (1) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) | (iv) |
| (2) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) |
| (3) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) |
| (4) | (i) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) |
10. An increase in the concentration of the reactants of a reaction leads to change in :
- (1) activation energy
 - (2) heat of reaction
 - (3) threshold energy
 - (4) collision frequency
11. Which of the following is a natural polymer ?
- (1) *cis*-1,4-polyisoprene
 - (2) poly (Butadiene-styrene)
 - (3) polybutadiene
 - (4) poly (Butadiene-acrylonitrile)

12. The rate constant for a first order reaction is $4.606 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$. The time required to reduce 2.0 g of the reactant to 0.2 g is :

- (1) 100 s
- (2) 200 s
- (3) 500 s
- (4) 1000 s

13. Identify the **correct** statements from the following :

- (a) $\text{CO}_2(\text{g})$ is used as refrigerant for ice-cream and frozen food.
- (b) The structure of C_{60} contains twelve six carbon rings and twenty five carbon rings.
- (c) ZSM-5, a type of zeolite, is used to convert alcohols into gasoline.
- (d) CO is colorless and odourless gas.

- (1) (a), (b) and (c) only
- (2) (a) and (c) only
- (3) (b) and (c) only
- (4) (c) and (d) only

14. A mixture of N_2 and Ar gases in a cylinder contains 7 g of N_2 and 8 g of Ar. If the total pressure of the mixture of the gases in the cylinder is 27 bar, the partial pressure of N_2 is :

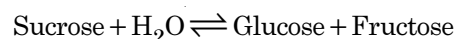
[Use atomic masses (in g mol^{-1}): N = 14, Ar = 40]

- (1) 9 bar
- (2) 12 bar
- (3) 15 bar
- (4) 18 bar

15. Which of the following set of molecules will have zero dipole moment ?

- (1) Ammonia, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
- (2) Boron trifluoride, hydrogen fluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
- (3) Nitrogen trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
- (4) Boron trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,4-dichlorobenzene

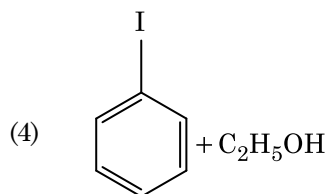
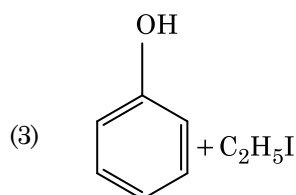
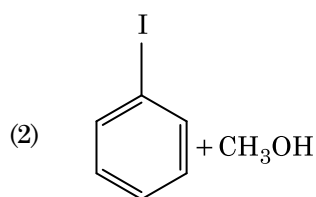
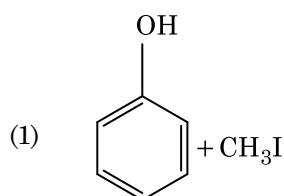
16. Hydrolysis of sucrose is given by the following reaction.



If the equilibrium constant (K_c) is 2×10^{13} at 300 K, the value of $\Delta_r G^\ominus$ at the same temperature will be :

- (1) $-8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (2) $8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (3) $8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(3 \times 10^{13})$
- (4) $-8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(4 \times 10^{13})$

17. Anisole on cleavage with HI gives :



18. The number of protons, neutrons and electrons in ${}_{71}^{175}\text{Lu}$, respectively, are :

- (1) 71, 104 and 71
- (2) 104, 71 and 71
- (3) 71, 71 and 104
- (4) 175, 104 and 71

E3

19. Paper chromatography is an example of:

- (1) Adsorption chromatography
- (2) Partition chromatography
- (3) Thin layer chromatography
- (4) Column chromatography

20. Identify the **incorrect** match.

Name	IUPAC Official Name
(a) Unnilunium	(i) Mendeleevium
(b) Unniltrium	(ii) Lawrencium
(c) Unnilhexium	(iii) Seaborgium
(d) Unununnium	(iv) Darmstadtium

- (1) (a), (i)
- (2) (b), (ii)
- (3) (c), (iii)
- (4) (d), (iv)

21. Which one of the followings has maximum number of atoms?

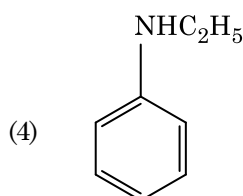
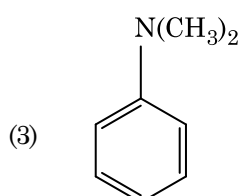
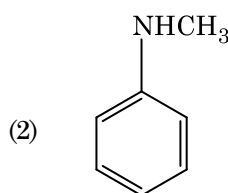
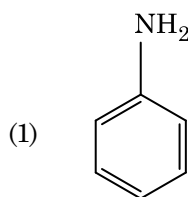
- (1) 1 g of Ag(s) [Atomic mass of Ag = 108]
- (2) 1 g of Mg(s) [Atomic mass of Mg = 24]
- (3) 1 g of O₂(g) [Atomic mass of O = 16]
- (4) 1 g of Li(s) [Atomic mass of Li = 7]

22. A tertiary butyl carbocation is more stable than a secondary butyl carbocation because of which of the following?

- (1) - I effect of - CH₃ groups
- (2) + R effect of - CH₃ groups
- (3) - R effect of - CH₃ groups
- (4) Hyperconjugation

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23. Which of the following amine will give the carbylamine test?



24. Which of the following alkane cannot be made in good yield by Wurtz reaction?

- (1) n-Hexane
- (2) 2,3-Dimethylbutane
- (3) n-Heptane
- (4) n-Butane

25. The mixture which shows positive deviation from Raoult's law is:

- (1) Ethanol + Acetone
- (2) Benzene + Toluene
- (3) Acetone + Chloroform
- (4) Chloroethane + Bromoethane

26. Reaction between benzaldehyde and acetophenone in presence of dilute NaOH is known as :
- (1) Aldol condensation
 - (2) Cannizzaro's reaction
 - (3) Cross Cannizzaro's reaction
 - (4) Cross Aldol condensation
27. Which of the following is the **correct** order of increasing field strength of ligands to form coordination compounds ?
- (1) $\text{SCN}^- < \text{F}^- < \text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-} < \text{CN}^-$
 - (2) $\text{SCN}^- < \text{F}^- < \text{CN}^- < \text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-}$
 - (3) $\text{F}^- < \text{SCN}^- < \text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-} < \text{CN}^-$
 - (4) $\text{CN}^- < \text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-} < \text{SCN}^- < \text{F}^-$
28. Which of the following is a cationic detergent ?
- (1) Sodium lauryl sulphate
 - (2) Sodium stearate
 - (3) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide
 - (4) Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate
29. Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium chloride followed by hydrolysis will give :
- (1) Isopropyl alcohol
 - (2) Sec. butyl alcohol
 - (3) Tert. butyl alcohol
 - (4) Isobutyl alcohol
30. Urea reacts with water to form **A** which will decompose to form **B**. **B** when passed through Cu^{2+} (aq), deep blue colour solution **C** is formed. What is the formula of **C** from the following ?
- (1) CuSO_4
 - (2) $[\text{Cu}(\text{NH}_3)_4]^{2+}$
 - (3) $\text{Cu}(\text{OH})_2$
 - (4) $\text{CuCO}_3 \cdot \text{Cu}(\text{OH})_2$
31. The number of Faradays(F) required to produce 20 g of calcium from molten CaCl_2 (Atomic mass of Ca = 40 g mol⁻¹) is :
- (1) 1
 - (2) 2
 - (3) 3
 - (4) 4
32. For the reaction, $2\text{Cl}(\text{g}) \rightarrow \text{Cl}_2(\text{g})$, the **correct** option is :
- (1) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S > 0$
 - (2) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
 - (3) $\Delta_r H < 0$ and $\Delta_r S > 0$
 - (4) $\Delta_r H < 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
33. Find out the solubility of $\text{Ni}(\text{OH})_2$ in 0.1 M NaOH. Given that the ionic product of $\text{Ni}(\text{OH})_2$ is 2×10^{-15} .
- (1) 2×10^{-13} M
 - (2) 2×10^{-8} M
 - (3) 1×10^{-13} M
 - (4) 1×10^8 M
34. The freezing point depression constant (K_f) of benzene is 5.12 K kg mol⁻¹. The freezing point depression for the solution of molality 0.078 m containing a non-electrolyte solute in benzene is (rounded off upto two decimal places) :
- (1) 0.20 K
 - (2) 0.80 K
 - (3) 0.40 K
 - (4) 0.60 K
35. Identify the **incorrect** statement.
- (1) $\text{Cr}^{2+}(\text{d}^4)$ is a stronger reducing agent than $\text{Fe}^{2+}(\text{d}^6)$ in water.
 - (2) The transition metals and their compounds are known for their catalytic activity due to their ability to adopt multiple oxidation states and to form complexes.
 - (3) Interstitial compounds are those that are formed when small atoms like H, C or N are trapped inside the crystal lattices of metals.
 - (4) The oxidation states of chromium in CrO_4^{2-} and $\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$ are not the same.
36. An element has a body centered cubic (bcc) structure with a cell edge of 288 pm. The atomic radius is :
- (1) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 288$ pm
 - (2) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times 288$ pm
 - (3) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times 288$ pm
 - (4) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \times 288$ pm

E3

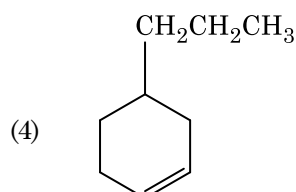
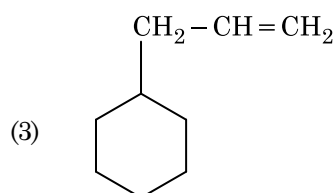
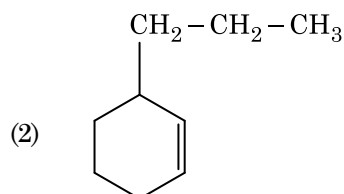
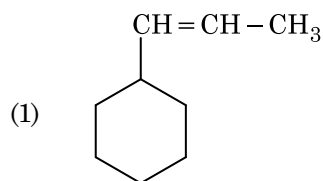
37. Identify a molecule which does **not** exist.

- (1) He₂
- (2) Li₂
- (3) C₂
- (4) O₂

38. Which of the following oxoacid of sulphur has -O-O- linkage ?

- (1) H₂SO₃, sulphurous acid
- (2) H₂SO₄, sulphuric acid
- (3) H₂S₂O₈, peroxodisulphuric acid
- (4) H₂S₂O₇, pyrosulphuric acid

39. An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is :



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40. HCl was passed through a solution of CaCl₂, MgCl₂ and NaCl. Which of the following compound(s) crystallise(s) ?

- (1) Both MgCl₂ and CaCl₂
- (2) Only NaCl
- (3) Only MgCl₂
- (4) NaCl, MgCl₂ and CaCl₂

41. Match the following :

	Oxide		Nature
(a)	CO	(i)	Basic
(b)	BaO	(ii)	Neutral
(c)	Al ₂ O ₃	(iii)	Acidic
(d)	Cl ₂ O ₇	(iv)	Amphoteric

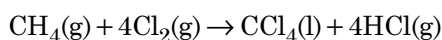
Which of the following is **correct** option ?

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| (1) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) |
| (2) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) |
| (3) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) |
| (4) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |

42. The following metal ion activates many enzymes, participates in the oxidation of glucose to produce ATP and with Na, is responsible for the transmission of nerve signals.

- (1) Iron
- (2) Copper
- (3) Calcium
- (4) Potassium

43. What is the change in oxidation number of carbon in the following reaction ?

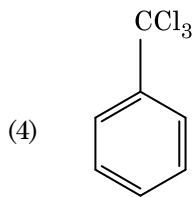
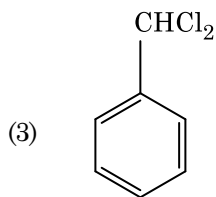
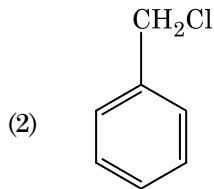
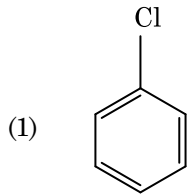
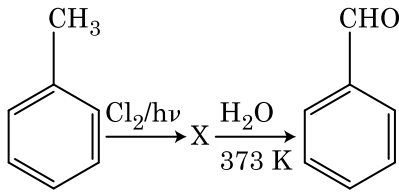


- (1) +4 to +4
- (2) 0 to +4
- (3) -4 to +4
- (4) 0 to -4

44. Identify the **correct** statement from the following :

- (1) Wrought iron is impure iron with 4% carbon.
- (2) Blister copper has blistered appearance due to evolution of CO₂.
- (3) Vapour phase refining is carried out for Nickel by Van Arkel method.
- (4) Pig iron can be moulded into a variety of shapes.

45. Identify compound X in the following sequence of reactions :



46. Which of the following regions of the globe exhibits highest species diversity ?
- (1) Western Ghats of India
 - (2) Madagascar
 - (3) Himalayas
 - (4) Amazon forests
47. In water hyacinth and water lily, pollination takes place by :
- (1) insects or wind
 - (2) water currents only
 - (3) wind and water
 - (4) insects and water

48. The enzyme enterokinase helps in conversion of :
- (1) protein into polypeptides
 - (2) trypsinogen into trypsin
 - (3) caseinogen into casein
 - (4) pepsinogen into pepsin
49. Presence of which of the following conditions in urine are indicative of Diabetes Mellitus ?
- (1) Uremia and Ketonuria
 - (2) Uremia and Renal Calculi
 - (3) Ketonuria and Glycosuria
 - (4) Renal calculi and Hyperglycaemia
50. Experimental verification of the chromosomal theory of inheritance was done by :
- (1) Mendel
 - (2) Sutton
 - (3) Boveri
 - (4) Morgan
51. Which of the following is **not** an attribute of a population ?
- (1) Sex ratio
 - (2) Natality
 - (3) Mortality
 - (4) Species interaction
52. Goblet cells of alimentary canal are modified from :
- (1) Squamous epithelial cells
 - (2) Columnar epithelial cells
 - (3) Chondrocytes
 - (4) Compound epithelial cells
53. Floridean starch has structure similar to :
- (1) Starch and cellulose
 - (2) Amylopectin and glycogen
 - (3) Mannitol and algin
 - (4) Laminarin and cellulose