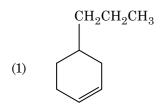
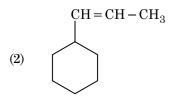
43. An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is:





$$\begin{array}{ccc} \operatorname{CH}_2 - \operatorname{CH}_2 - \operatorname{CH}_3 \\ \\ \end{array} \tag{3}$$

$$CH_2-CH=CH_2$$
 (4)

- **44.** Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium chloride followed by hydrolysis will give:
 - (1) Isobutyl alcohol
 - (2) Isopropyl alcohol
 - (3) Sec. butyl alcohol
 - (4) Tert. butyl alcohol
- **45.** Which of the following is a cationic detergent?
 - (1) Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate
 - (2) Sodium lauryl sulphate
 - (3) Sodium stearate
 - (4) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide
- **46.** Flippers of Penguins and Dolphins are examples of :
 - (1) Natural selection
 - (2) Adaptive radiation
 - (3) Convergent evolution
 - (4) Industrial melanism

- 47. Some dividing cells exit the cell cycle and enter vegetative inactive stage. This is called quiescent stage (G_0) . This process occurs at the end of:
 - (1) G₂phase
 - (2) M phase
 - (3) G_1 phase
 - (4) Sphase
- **48.** Match the following:
 - (a) Inhibitor of catalytic (i) Ricin activity
 - (b) Possess peptide bonds (ii) Malonate
 - (c) Cell wall material in (iii) Chitin fungi
 - (d) Secondary metabolite (iv) Collagen

Choose the **correct** option from the following:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (ii) (iii) (i) (iv)
- (2) (ii) (iv) (iii) (i)
- (3) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)
- (4) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
- **49.** Floridean starch has structure similar to:
 - (1) Laminarin and cellulose
 - (2) Starch and cellulose
 - (3) Amylopectin and glycogen
 - (4) Mannitol and algin
- **50.** Secondary metabolites such as nicotine, strychnine and caffeine are produced by plants for their:
 - (1) Effect on reproduction
 - (2) Nutritive value
 - (3) Growth response
 - (4) Defence action
- 51. If the distance between two consecutive base pairs is 0.34 nm and the total number of base pairs of a DNA double helix in a typical mammalian cell is 6.6×10^9 bp, then the length of the DNA is approximately:
 - (1) 2.7 meters
 - (2) 2.0 meters
 - (3) 2.5 meters
 - (4) 2.2 meters

H2 8

- **52.** The process responsible for facilitating loss of water in liquid form from the tip of grass blades at night and in early morning is:
 - (1) Plasmolysis
 - (2) Transpiration
 - (3) Root pressure
 - (4) Imbibition
- **53.** Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to the gene 'I' that controls ABO blood groups.
 - (1) Allele 'i' does not produce any sugar.
 - (2) The gene (I) has three alleles.
 - (3) A person will have only two of the three alleles.
 - (4) When I^A and I^B are present together, they express same type of sugar.
- **54.** Dissolution of the synaptonemal complex occurs during:
 - (1) Leptotene
 - (2) Pachytene
 - (3) Zygotene
 - (4) Diplotene
- **55.** Which of the following is put into Anaerobic sludge digester for further sewage treatment?
 - (1) Activated sludge
 - (2) Primary sludge
 - (3) Floating debris
 - (4) Effluents of primary treatment
- **56.** Which of the following statements are **true** for the phylum-Chordata?
 - (a) In Urochordata notochord extends from head to tail and it is present throughout their life.
 - (b) In Vertebrata notochord is present during the embryonic period only.
 - (c) Central nervous system is dorsal and hollow.
 - (d) Chordata is divided into 3 subphyla : Hemichordata, Tunicata and Cephalochordata.
 - (1) (b) and (c)
 - (2) (d) and (c)
 - (3) (c) and (a)
 - (4) (a) and (b)

- **57.** Select the option including all sexually transmitted diseases.
 - (1) Cancer, AIDS, Syphilis
 - (2) Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Genital herpes
 - (3) Gonorrhoea, Malaria, Genital herpes
 - (4) AIDS, Malaria, Filaria
- **58.** Cuboidal epithelium with brush border of microvilli is found in :
 - (1) eustachian tube
 - (2) lining of intestine
 - (3) ducts of salivary glands
 - (4) proximal convoluted tubule of nephron
- **59.** The transverse section of a plant shows following anatomical features:
 - (a) Large number of scattered vascular bundles surrounded by bundle sheath.
 - (b) Large conspicuous parenchymatous ground tissue.
 - (c) Vascular bundles conjoint and closed.
 - (d) Phloem parenchyma absent.

Identify the category of plant and its part:

- (1) Dicotyledonous root
- (2) Monocotyledonous stem
- (3) Monocotyledonous root
- (4) Dicotyledonous stem
- **60.** By which method was a new breed 'Hisardale' of sheep formed by using Bikaneri ewes and Marino rams?
 - (1) Inbreeding
 - (2) Out crossing
 - (3) Mutational breeding
 - (4) Cross breeding
- **61.** Montreal protocol was signed in 1987 for control of :
 - (1) Disposal of e-wastes
 - (2) Transport of Genetically modified organisms from one country to another
 - (3) Emission of ozone depleting substances
 - (4) Release of Green House gases

62. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

	Colu	ımn -	I	Column - II	
(a)	Bt co	otton		(i)	Gene therapy
(b)	dean	nosine ninase iency		(ii)	Cellular defence
(c)	RNA	i		(iii)	Detection of HIV infection
(d)	PCR			(iv)	Bacillus thuringiensis
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	
(2)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	
(3)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	
(4)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	

- **63.** According to Robert May, the global species diversity is about:
 - (1) 7 million
 - (2) 1.5 million
 - (3) 20 million
 - (4) 50 million
- **64.** Choose the **correct** pair from the following:
 - (1) Exonucleases Make cuts at specific positions within DNA
 - (2) Ligases Join the two DNA molecules
 - $\begin{array}{ccc} \hbox{(3)} & Polymerases & Break the DNA into} \\ & fragments \end{array}$
 - $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{(4)} & \text{Nucleases} & \text{-} & \text{Separate the two strands} \\ & & \text{of DNA} \end{array}$
- **65.** Identify the **wrong** statement with regard to Restriction Enzymes.
 - (1) Sticky ends can be joined by using DNA ligases.
 - (2) Each restriction enzyme functions by inspecting the length of a DNA sequence.
 - (3) They cut the strand of DNA at palindromic sites
 - (4) They are useful in genetic engineering.

- 66. Match the organism with its use in biotechnology.
 - a) Bacillus thuringiensis

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- (i) Cloning vector
- (b) Thermus
 - Thermus (ii) Construction of aquaticus first rDNA molecule
- (c) Agrobacterium

(d)

(4)

(iii)

- (iii) DNA polymerase
- tumefaciens
 - Salmonella (iv) Cry proteins typhimurium

(i)

Select the **correct** option from the following:

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
(2)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)
(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)

(ii)

67. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

(iv)

	Colu	ımn -	I	Column - II	
(a)	Orga	n of C	orti	(i)	Connects middle
					ear and pharynx
(b)	Coch	lea		(ii)	Coiled part of the
					labyrinth
(c)	Eust	achiar	tube	(iii)	Attached to the
					oval window
(d)	Stap	es		(iv)	Located on the
					basilar
					membrane
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	
(2)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	
(3)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)	
(4)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	

- **68.** The QRS complex in a standard ECG represents:
 - (1) Repolarisation of ventricles
 - (2) Repolarisation of auricles
 - (3) Depolarisation of auricles
 - (4) Depolarisation of ventricles
- **69.** Identify the substances having glycosidic bond and peptide bond, respectively in their structure :
 - (1) Inulin, insulin
 - (2) Chitin, cholesterol
 - (3) Glycerol, trypsin
 - (4) Cellulose, lecithin

Phenolic acid

(4)

70. Which of the following regions of the globe exhibits **74.** If the head of cockroach is removed, it may live for highest species diversity? few days because: Amazon forests the head holds a 1/3rd of a nervous system (1) while the rest is situated along the dorsal (2)Western Ghats of India part of its body. (3)Madagascar (2)the supra-oesophageal ganglia of the (4) Himalayas cockroach are situated in ventral part of abdomen. 71. Match the following columns and select the (3)the cockroach does not have nervous system. correct option. (4) the head holds a small proportion of a nervous Column - I Column - II system while the rest is situated along the (a) Placenta (i) Androgens ventral part of its body. (b) Zona pellucida (ii) **Human Chorionic 75.** The number of substrate level phosphorylations Gonadotropin in one turn of citric acid cycle is: (hCG) Three (1) **Bulbo-urethral** Layer of the ovum (c) (iii) (2)Zero glands (3)One Leydig cells Lubrication of the (d) (iv) (4) Two Penis **76.** The process of growth is maximum during: (b) (d) (a) **(c)** Dormancy (1) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i) (2)Log phase (2)(iv) (iii) (i) (ii)Lag phase (3) (3)(i) (iv) (ii) (iii) (4) Senescence (4)(i) (iii) (ii)(iv) **72**. Match the following columns and select the 77. How many true breeding pea plant varieties did correct option. Mendel select as pairs, which were similar except in one character with contrasting traits? Column - I Column - II 8 (1) Grave's disease (a) Pituitary gland (i) (2)4 (b) Thyroid gland (ii) Diabetes mellitus $\mathbf{2}$ (3)Adrenal gland Diabetes insipidus (c) (iii) (4) 14 Pancreas Addison's disease (d) (iv) 78. In gel electrophoresis, separated DNA fragments (a) (b) (c) (d) can be visualized with the help of: (i) (1) (ii)(iv) (iii) Ethidium bromide in infrared radiation (1) (2)(iv) (iii) (i) (ii) (2)Acetocarmine in bright blue light (3)(iii) (iv) (ii)(i) (3)Ethidium bromide in UV radiation (4)(iii) (iv) (ii)Acetocarmine in UV radiation (4) Which of the following is **not** an inhibitory **73. 79**. Identify the basic amino acid from the following. substance governing seed dormancy? Valine (1) Para-ascorbic acid (1) (2)Tyrosine Gibberellic acid (2)(3)Glutamic Acid (3)Abscisic acid

(4)

Lysine

						1	.1		H 2
80.	Match the following with respect to meiosis:								ch of the following would help in prevention o
	(a)	Zygo	tene	(i)	Term	ninalization	1		esis?
	(b)	Pachytene (ii) Diplotene (iii) Diakinesis (iv)		Chia	smata		(1) (2)	Decrease in secretion of renin by JG cells More water reabsorption due to	
	(c)			Cros	ossing over		(2)	undersecretion of ADH	
	(d)			Synapsis			(3)	Reabsorption of Na ⁺ and water from rena tubules due to aldosterone	
	Select the correct option from the following				n the following:		(4)	Atrial natriuretic factor causes	
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)				vasoconstriction
	(1)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)		84.		w-blindness in Antarctic region is due to :
	(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)		01.	(1)	Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays
	(3) (4)	(iv) (i)	(iii) (ii)	(ii) (iv)	(i) (iii)			(2)	Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature
81.	Match the following diseases wi						(3)	Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation	
	orga	organism and select the co r Column - I			corre	Column - II		(4)	High reflection of light from snow
	(a)	Typł	noid		(i) Wuchereria		85.	Bt c	otton variety that was developed by the
	(b)		ımonia	l	(ii)	Plasmodium			roduction of toxin gene of <i>Bacillus thuringiens</i> is resistant to :
	(c)	Fila	riasis		(iii)	Salmonella		(1)	Insect predators
	(d)	Mala	ıria		(iv) Haemophilus	Hae mophilus		(2)	Insect pests
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)			(3)	Fungal diseases
	(1)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)			(4)	Plant nematodes
	(2)	(i) (iii)	(iii)	(ii) (i)	(iv) (ii)		86.		ct the correct events that occur during iration.
	(3) (4)	(ii)	(iv) (i)	(i) (iii)	(iv)			(a)	Contraction of diaphragm
	(1)	(11)	(1)	(111)	(IV)				Contraction of external inter-costal muscles
32.		Match the following concerning essential elements						(b)	
		and their functions in pla					(c)	Pulmonary volume decreases	
	(a)	Iron		(i)	Photolysis of water			(d)	Intra pulmonary pressure increases
		(c) Boron (iii) R		()		_		(1)	only (d)
	(c)			(Ш)	Required for chlorophyll biosynthesis			(2)	(a) and (b)
	(d)			IAA	biosynthesis		(3)	(c) and (d)	
	Sele	Select the correct option:						(4)	(a), (b) and (d)
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)		87.	Whi	ch of the following is correct about viroids?
	(1)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)			(1)	They have free DNA without protein coat

(2)

(3)

(4)

They have RNA with protein coat.

They have DNA with protein coat.

They have free RNA without protein coat.

(2)

(3)

(4)

(i)

(iii)

(iv)

(iv)

(ii)

(ii)

(iii)

(i)

(i)

(ii)

(iv)

(iii)

88. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	Floa	ting Ri	bs	(i)	Located between second and seventh ribs
(b)	Acro	mion		(ii)	Head of the Humerus
(c)	Scap	ula		(iii)	Clavicle
(d)	Glen	oid cav	vity	(iv)	Do not connect with the sternum
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)	
(2)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)	
(3)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	
(4)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	
3. AT .	1 (1	C 11		1	1 1 4 41

89. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I Column - II Gregarious, polyphagous (i) (a) Asterias pest (b) Adult with radial (ii) Scorpion symmetry and larva with bilateral symmetry (c) Book lungs (iii) Ctenoplana(d) Bioluminescence (iv) Locusta(a) (d) **(b) (c)** (1) (ii) (i) (iii) (iv) (2)(i) (iii) (ii) (iv) (3)(iv) (i) (ii) (iii) (4)(iii) (ii)(i) (iv)

- **90.** Ray florets have:
 - (1) Half inferior ovary
 - (2) Inferior ovary
 - (3) Superior ovary
 - (4) Hypogynous ovary
- **91.** In which of the following techniques, the embryos are transferred to assist those females who cannot conceive?
 - (1) GIFT and ICSI
 - (2) ZIFT and IUT
 - (3) GIFT and ZIFT
 - (4) ICSI and ZIFT

2. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	Closi	tridiur	n	(i)	Cyclosporin-A
	buty	licum			
(b)	Trich	hodern	na	(ii)	Butyric Acid
	polys	sporun	\imath		
(c)	Mon	ascus		(iii)	Citric Acid
	purp	ureus			
(d)	Aspe	rgillus	niger	(iv)	Blood cholesterol
					lowering agent
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	
(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	
(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	
(4)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	

- **93.** The plant parts which consist of two generations one within the other:
 - (a) Pollen grains inside the anther
 - (b) Germinated pollen grain with two male gametes
 - (c) Seed inside the fruit
 - (d) Embryo sac inside the ovule
 - (1) (a) and (d)
 - (2) (a) only
 - (3) (a), (b) and (c)
 - (4) (c) and (d)
- **94.** Which of the following is **not** an attribute of a population?
 - (1) Species interaction
 - (2) Sex ratio
 - (3) Natality
 - (4) Mortality
- **95.** The sequence that controls the copy number of the linked DNA in the vector, is termed:
 - (1) Recognition site
 - (2) Selectable marker
 - (3) Ori site
 - (4) Palindromic sequence
- **96.** The specific palindromic sequence which is recognized by EcoRI is:
 - (1) 5' GGATCC 3'
 - 3' CCTAGG 5'
 - (2) 5' GAATTC 3'
 - 3' CTTAAG 5'
 - (3) 5' GGAACC 3'
 - 3' CCTTGG 5'
 - (4) 5' CTTAAG 3'
 - 3' GAATTC 5'

- **97.** Experimental verification of the chromosomal theory of inheritance was done by:
 - (1) Morgan
 - (2) Mendel
 - (3) Sutton
 - (4) Boveri
- **98.** The product(s) of reaction catalyzed by nitrogenase in root nodules of leguminous plants is/are:
 - (1) Ammonia and hydrogen
 - (2) Ammonia alone
 - (3) Nitrate alone
 - (4) Ammonia and oxygen
- **99.** Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

Column - I Column - II (a) 6 - 15 pairs of (i) Trygon gill slits (b) Heterocercal (ii) Cyclostomes caudal fin (c) Air Bladder (iii) Chondrichthyes Poison sting Osteichthyes (d) (iv) (a) (b) (c) (d) (1) (i) (iv) (iii) (ii)(iii) (2)(ii) (iv) (i) (3)(iii) (iv) (i) (ii)(4)(iv) (ii)(iii) (i)

- **100.** Identify the **incorrect** statement.
 - (1) Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., heart wood is dark in colour.
 - (2) Heart wood does not conduct water but gives mechanical support.
 - (3) Sapwood is involved in conduction of water and minerals from root to leaf.
 - (4) Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem and is lighter in colour.

101. In relation to Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity of an ecosystem, which one of the following statements is **correct**?

- (1) There is no relationship between Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity.
- (2) Gross primary productivity is always less than net primary productivity.
- (3) Gross primary productivity is always more than net primary productivity.
- (4) Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity are one and same.
- **102.** Which of the following refer to **correct** example(s) of organisms which have evolved due to changes in environment brought about by anthropogenic action?
 - (a) Darwin's Finches of Galapagos islands.
 - (b) Herbicide resistant weeds.
 - (c) Drug resistant eukaryotes.
 - (d) Man-created breeds of domesticated animals like dogs.
 - (1) only (d)
 - (2) only (a)
 - (3) (a) and (c)
 - (4) (b), (c) and (d)
- 103. Which of the following hormone levels will cause release of ovum (ovulation) from the graffian follicle?
 - (1) Low concentration of FSH
 - (2) High concentration of Estrogen
 - (3) High concentration of Progesterone
 - (4) Low concentration of LH
- **104.** In light reaction, plastoquinone facilitates the transfer of electrons from :
 - (1) PS-I to ATP synthase
 - (2) PS-II to Cytb₆f complex
 - (3) Cytb₆f complex to PS-I
 - (4) PS-I to NADP+

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- 105. Which of the following statements is **not** correct?
 - (1) Genetically engineered insulin is produced in *E-Coli*.
 - (2) In man insulin is synthesised as a proinsulin.
 - (3) The proinsulin has an extra peptide called C-peptide.
 - (4) The functional insulin has A and B chains linked together by hydrogen bonds.
- **106.** From his experiments, S.L. Miller produced amino acids by mixing the following in a closed flask:
 - (1) CH₃, H₂, NH₃ and water vapor at 600°C
 - (2) CH₄, H₂, NH₃ and water vapor at 800°C
 - (3) CH₃, H₂, NH₄ and water vapor at 800°C
 - (4) CH_4 , H_2 , NH_3 and water vapor at $600^{\circ}C$
- 107. Select the correct match.
 - (1) Thalassemia Xlinked
 - (2) Haemophilia Ylinked
 - (3) Phenylketonuria Autosomal dominant trait
 - (4) Sickle cell anaemia Autosomal recessive trait, chromosome-11
- **108.** Embryological support for evolution was disapproved by:
 - (1) Oparin
 - (2) Karl Ernst von Baer
 - (3) Alfred Wallace
 - (4) Charles Darwin
- **109.** Presence of which of the following conditions in urine are indicative of Diabetes Mellitus?
 - (1) Renal calculi and Hyperglycaemia
 - (2) Uremia and Ketonuria
 - (3) Uremia and Renal Calculi
 - (4) Ketonuria and Glycosuria
- **110.** The enzyme enterokinase helps in conversion of :
 - (1) pepsinogen into pepsin
 - (2) protein into polypeptides
 - (3) trypsinogen into trypsin
 - (4) caseinogen into casein

- 111. Strobili or cones are found in:
 - (1) Equisetum
 - (2) Salvinia
 - (3) Pteris
 - (4) Marchantia
- **112.** Meiotic division of the secondary oocyte is completed:
 - (1) At the time of fusion of a sperm with an ovum
 - (2) Prior to ovulation
 - (3) At the time of copulation
 - (4) After zygote formation
- **113.** The body of the ovule is fused within the funicle at:
 - (1) Chalaza
 - (2) Hilum
 - (3) Micropyle
 - (4) Nucellus
- **114.** Goblet cells of alimentary canal are modified from:
 - (1) Compound epithelial cells
 - (2) Squamous epithelial cells
 - (3) Columnar epithelial cells
 - (4) Chondrocytes
- **115.** Which of the following statements about inclusion bodies is **incorrect**?
 - (1) These represent reserve material in cytoplasm.
 - (2) They are not bound by any membrane.
 - (3) These are involved in ingestion of food particles.
 - (4) They lie free in the cytoplasm.
- 116. Name the plant growth regulator which upon spraying on sugarcane crop, increases the length of stem, thus increasing the yield of sugarcane crop.
 - (1) Abscisic acid
 - (2) Cytokinin
 - (3) Gibberellin
 - (4) Ethylene

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- **117.** Identify the **correct** statement with reference to human digestive system.
 - (1) Vermiform appendix arises from duodenum.
 - (2) Ileum opens into small intestine.
 - (3) Serosa is the innermost layer of the alimentary canal.
 - (4) Ileum is a highly coiled part.
- 118. The ovary is half inferior in:
 - (1) Plum
 - (2) Brinjal
 - (3) Mustard
 - (4) Sunflower
- **119.** The infectious stage of *Plasmodium* that enters the human body is:
 - (1) Male gametocytes
 - (2) Trophozoites
 - (3) Sporozoites
 - (4) Female gametocytes
- **120.** Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to immunity.
 - (1) Foetus receives some antibodies from mother, it is an example for passive immunity.
 - (2) When exposed to antigen (living or dead) antibodies are produced in the host's body. It is called "Active immunity".
 - (3) When ready-made antibodies are directly given, it is called "Passive immunity".
 - (4) Active immunity is quick and gives full response.
- **121.** Match the trophic levels with their **correct** species examples in grassland ecosystem.
 - (a) Fourth trophic level
- (i) Crow
- (b) Second trophic level
- (ii) Vulture
- (c) First trophic level
- (iii) Rabbit
- (d) Third trophic level
- (iv) Grass

Select the **correct** option:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (2) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)
- (3) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- (4) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)

- **122.** Which is the important site of formation of glycoproteins and glycolipids in eukaryotic cells?
 - (1) Polysomes
 - (2) Endoplasmic reticulum
 - (3) Peroxisomes
 - (4) Golgi bodies
- 123. Identify the **correct** statement with regard to G_1 phase (Gap 1) of interphase.
 - (1) Nuclear Division takes place.
 - (2) DNA synthesis or replication takes place.
 - (3) Reorganisation of all cell components takes place.
 - (4) Cell is metabolically active, grows but does not replicate its DNA.
- **124.** The first phase of translation is:
 - (1) Recognition of an anti-codon
 - (2) Binding of mRNA to ribosome
 - (3) Recognition of DNA molecule
 - (4) Aminoacylation of tRNA
- **125.** Name the enzyme that facilitates opening of DNA helix during transcription.
 - (1) RNA polymerase
 - (2) DNA ligase
 - (3) DNA helicase
 - (4) DNA polymerase
- **126.** The roots that originate from the base of the stem are:
 - (1) Lateral roots
 - (2) Fibrous roots
 - (3) Primary roots
 - (4) Prop roots
- **127.** Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to transport of oxygen.
 - (1) Low pCO_2 in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
 - (2) Binding of oxygen with haemoglobin is mainly related to partial pressure of O_2 .
 - (3) Partial pressure of CO_2 can interfere with O_2 binding with haemoglobin.
 - (4) Higher H⁺ conc. in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.

- 128. Select the **correct** statement.
 - (1) Insulin is associated with hyperglycemia.
 - (2) Glucocorticoids stimulate gluconeogenesis.
 - (3) Glucagon is associated with hypoglycemia.
 - (4) Insulin acts on pancreatic cells and adipocytes.
- **129.** Bilaterally symmetrical and acoelomate animals are exemplified by :
 - (1) Annelida
 - (2) Ctenophora
 - (3) Platyhelminthes
 - (4) Aschelminthes
- **130.** The oxygenation activity of RuBisCo enzyme in photorespiration leads to the formation of:
 - (1) 1 molecule of 4-C compound and 1 molecule of 2-C compound
 - (2) 2 molecules of 3-C compound
 - (3) 1 molecule of 3-C compound
 - (4) 1 molecule of 6-C compound
- **131.** Which one of the following is the most abundant protein in the animals?
 - (1) Insulin
 - (2) Haemoglobin
 - (3) Collagen
 - (4) Lectin
- **132.** Which of the following pairs is of unicellular algae?
 - (1) Chlorella and Spirulina
 - (2) Laminaria and Sargassum
 - (3) Gelidium and Gracilaria
 - (4) Anabaena and Volvox
- **133.** In water hyacinth and water lily, pollination takes place by :
 - (1) insects and water
 - (2) insects or wind
 - (3) water currents only
 - (4) wind and water

- **134.** Which of the following statements is **correct**?
 - (1) Adenine does not pair with thymine.
 - (2) Adenine pairs with thymine through two H-bonds.
 - (3) Adenine pairs with thymine through one H-bond.
 - (4) Adenine pairs with thymine through three H-bonds.
- **135.** Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

	-				
	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	Eosii	nophils	3	(i)	Immune response
(b)	Baso	phils		(ii)	Phagocytosis
(c)	Neutrophils			(iii)	Release
					histaminase,
					destructive
					enzymes
(d)	Lym	phocyt	es	(iv)	Release granules
					containing
					histamine
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)	
(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	
(3)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	
(4)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	

- 136. In a guitar, two strings A and B made of same material are slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency 6 Hz. When tension in B is slightly decreased, the beat frequency increases to 7 Hz. If the frequency of A is 530 Hz, the original frequency of B will be:
 - (1) 537 Hz
 - (2) 523 Hz
 - (3) 524 Hz
 - (4) 536 Hz
- 137. The capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor with air as medium is 6 μF . With the introduction of a dielectric medium, the capacitance becomes 30 μF . The permittivity of the medium is:

$$(\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2})$$

- (1) $5.00 \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (2) $0.44 \times 10^{-13} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (3) $1.77 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (4) $0.44 \times 10^{-10} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$