

(Main) PAPER-1 (B.E./B. TECH.)

2021

COMPUTER BASED TEST (CBT) Memory Based Questions & Solutions

Date: 25 July, 2021 (SHIFT-1) | TIME: (9.00 a.m. to 12.00 p.m)

Duration: 3 Hours | Max. Marks: 300

SUBJECT: CHEMISTRY

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RESULT: JEE (Advanced), JEE (Main), NEET

ullet ullet ullet HIGHEST No. of Classroom Selections ullet

in JEE (Advanced) 2020 from any Institute of Kota

5 AIRs in TOP-50 in JEE (Adv.) 2020 from Classroom















Total Selections in JEE (Advanced) 2020

Classroom: 3441 | Distance: 1064

Classroom: 11047 | Distance: 3708

NEET 2020

2666

Classroom: 1833 | Distance: 813

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ONLINE + OFFLINE PROGRAMS

CLASS 11, 12 & 12+

Target: JEE (Main+Adv.) | JEE (Main) | NEET

Scholarship Upto 90%*









PART: CHEMISTRY

- In the combustion of butane 72gm of H₂O is produced. The amount of butane taken initially is [X] × 10⁻¹.
 The value of 'X' is
- **Ans.** 464
- Sol. $C_4H_{10} + \frac{13}{2}O_2 \rightarrow 4CO_2 + 5H_2O$

$$C_n \frac{H_{2n+2}}{H_{2n+2}} + \left(\frac{3n+1}{2}\right) O_2 \rightarrow n \ CO_2 + (n+1) \ H_2O_2$$

: 1 mole C₄H10 produces 5 mole H₂O.

5 mole
$$(5 \times 18) = 90$$
 gm.

$$72 \text{ gm} \rightarrow \left(\frac{58 \times 72}{90}\right) = 46.4 \text{ gm}$$

- 2. $A+B \Longrightarrow 2C$.
 - Initially 1 mole each of A, B and C are taken in 1 litre vessel. Equilibrium constant is 100. The concentration of C at equilibrium in $[X] \times 10^{-1}$. The value of 'X' is
- **Ans.** (25)
- **Sol.** A + B \rightleftharpoons 2C Kc = 100

$$t = t_{eq.} 1 - x \quad 1 - x \quad 1 + 2x$$

$$Kc = \frac{(1+2x)^2}{(1-x)^2}$$

$$100 = \frac{(1+2x)^2}{(1-x)^2} \text{ of [C]}$$

$$10 = \frac{(1+2x)}{(1-x)}$$

$$X = \frac{3}{4}$$

concentration of [C] =
$$1 + 2\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) = 25 \times 10^{-1}$$

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- 3. In the leaching of Bauxite, which Oxide is leached out using NaOH.
 - (1) Fe₂O₃
- (2) Al₂O₃
- (3) TiO₂
- (4) SiO₂

Ans. (2)

Sol.

Al₂O₃ .xH₂O + NaOH
$$\longrightarrow$$
 NaAlO₂

Al(OH)₃ + NaOH

H₂O

Al (OH)₃
$$\xrightarrow{1200\text{K}}$$
 Al₂O₃ (pure)

- 4. Among the given oxides
 - (i) CrO₃
- (ii) V₂O₅
- (iii) Fe₂O₃
- (iv) MnO₂

The correct increasing order of oxidation state of metal is

- (1) (i) < (ii) < (iii) < (

Ans. (4)

Sol.

sonar	Compound	Oxidation state of metal
(i)	CrO₃	+6
(ii)	V ₂ O ₅	+5
(iii)	Fe ₂ O ₃	+3
(iv)	MnO ₂	+4

5. Find the concentration of Fe²⁺ (10 ml) required to reduce 15 ml of 0.1M K₂Cr₂O₇ Solution is:

0.9 Ans.

Sol. $Cr_2O_7^{2-} + Fe^{2+} \rightarrow Fe^{3+} + Cr^{3+}$

> 15 ml 10 ml

0.1 M

 $N_1V_1 = N_2V_2$

 $15 \times 0.1 \times 6 = 10 \times M \times 1$

M = 0.9 Molar

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- 6. Arrange the following ions in the increasing order of size, Na+, K+, Mg+2, Al1+3.
 - (1) $A\ell^3 + < Mg2 + < Na^+ < K^+$

(2) $K^+ < Na^+ < A\ell^3 + < Mg2 +$

(3) $A\ell^3 + < Mg2 + < K^+ < Na^+$

(4) $Mg2+ < A\ell^3 < K^+ < Na^+$

- Ans.
- Sol.
- $K^+ > Na^+$ {moving down the group size increases}
- $Na + > Mg^{+2} > A\ell^3$
- {Isoelectronic species}

- Z 11
- 12
- Ε 10
- 10 10

13

- Henry's law constant for CO₂ in water in 0.835 × 2 × 10³ bar. How many milimoles of CO₂ would dissolve in 0.9 litre water? Assume CO₂ gas exerts a partial pressure of 0.853 bar.
- Ans. 25
- Sol.

$$\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{CO}_2} = \mathsf{K}_\mathsf{H} \mathsf{X}_{\mathsf{CO}_2}$$

$$X_{CO_2} = \frac{P_{CO_2}}{K_H} = \frac{0.835}{0.835 \times 2 \times 10^3}$$

$$X_{CO_2} = 0.5 \times 10^{-3}$$

Number of moles of water = $\frac{900}{18}$ = 50

$$\frac{n_{CO_2}}{n_{CO_2} + nH_2O} = 0.5 \times 10^{-3}$$

(n_{CO₂} in denominator is neglected as it is << 50)

$$n_{CO_2} = 0.5 \times 10^{-3} \times 50 = 25 \times 10^{-3} \text{ moles}$$

- = 25 milimoles
- Which of the following does not exist.
 - (1) SiF₆²-
- (2) SiCl₆²-
- (3) GeCl₆²-
- (4) Sn(OH)₆²⁻

- Ans. (2)
- Sol. The main reasons are:
 - (i) six large chloride ions cannot be accommodated around Si⁴⁺ due to limitation of its size.
 - (ii) interaction between lone pair of chloride ion and Si⁴⁺ is not very strong.
 - The species like, SiF_6^{2-} , $[GeCl_6]^{2-}$, $[Sn(OH)_6]^{2-}$ exist where the hybridisation of the central atom is sp^3d^2 .

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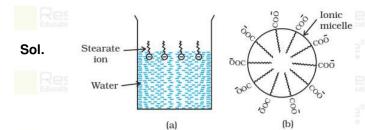
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Resonance® | JEE MAIN-2021 | DATE : 25-07-2021 (SHIFT-1) | PAPER-1 | MEMORY BASED | CHEMISTRY Which of the following complex is active in magnetic field. 9. (1) [Fe(H₂O)₆]³⁺ (2) [Co(CN)₆]3-(3) [Ni(Co)₄] (4) [Ni(CN)₄]²⁻ Ans. (1) Sol. Fe³⁺; 3d⁵ If will contain 5 unpaired electrons. Thus it is paramagnetic and attracted in external magnetic field. 10. Empirical formula of a given octahedral complex is CrCl₃.3NH₃.3H₂O. It precipitates 3 moles of AgCl. What is the secondary valency of central atom. (1) 4(2) 3(3)1(4)6(4)Ans. Sol. $[Cr(NH_3)_3(H_2O)]Cl_3 + AgNO_3 \longrightarrow 3AgCl \downarrow$ White ppt. For a process $\Delta H_{fusion} = 2.4 \text{ I.Cal mol}^{-1}$ and $DH_{Vaporistion} = 98.6 \text{ k.Cal mol}^{-1}$. Then $\Delta H_{Sublimation}$ (on Kcal mol}^-1): 11. 101 K.Cal mol-1 Ans. $\Delta H_{Sublimation} = \Delta H_{vap} + \Delta H_{fusion}$ Sol. = 98.6 + 2.4= 101 K.Cal mol-1 Which of the following statement is correct: 12. (1) H-H bond strength is equal to D-D bond strength. (2) H-H bond strength is half of D-D bond strength. (3) H-H bond strength is double the D-D bond. (4) H-H bond strength is less than D-D bond strength Ans. (4) Sol. H-H bond denunciation energy 435 KJ/mol D-D bond denunciation energy 450 KJ/mol Which of the following about micelle formation is correct for sodium stearate [C₁₄ H₃₅ COO⁻Na⁺] (1) Micelles formed are spherical with hydrocarbon part towards the centre of sphere (2) Micelles formed are spherical with hydrocarbon part lying outside (3) Micelles formed are Non spherical with hydrocarbon part towards the centre of sphere (4) Micelles formed are Non-spherical with hydrocarbon part lying outside Ans. (1)

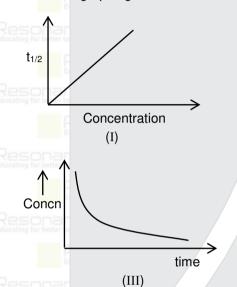
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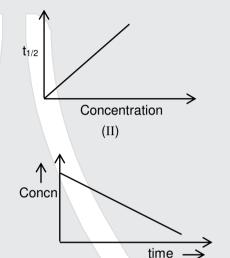
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14. From the graphs given below. Select the correct statements.





(IV)

- (1) I, III First order; II, IV Zero order
- (2) I, IV zero order; II, III First order
- (3) I, II zero order; III, IV First order
- (4) I, IV- First order; II, IV zero order

Ans.

Sol. $A_t = (A)_0 - Kt$. : Zero Oder

$$t_{1/2} = \left(\frac{A_0}{2K}\right)$$

 $A = A_0e^{-Kt}$; First oder

$$t_{1/2} = \frac{\ell n2}{K}$$

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21.
$$CH_3MgBr \rightarrow (A) \xrightarrow{HCI/H_2O} (B)$$

Ans. (2)

22. Assertion: Primary aromatic amine can't be prepared by gabrial-thalamide method.

Reason: Aryl halide cannot be undergo nucleophilic substitution reaction.

- (1) Assertion-1 is True, Reason-2 is True; Reason-2 is a correct explanation for Assertion-1.
- (2) Assertion-1 is True, Reason-2 is True; Reason-2 is NOT a correct explanation for Assertion-1.
- (3) Assertion-1 is True, Reason-2 is False.
- (4) Assertion-1 is False, Reason-2 is True.

Ans. (1)

23. Which of the following react with NaHCO3 and evolved CO2 gas.

Ans. (1)

Ans. (1)

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