#### Test Booklet Code

# KANHA

No. :



This Booklet contains 24 pages.

#### Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

#### **Important Instructions :**

- 1. The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on **side-1** and **side-2** carefully with **blue/black** ball point pen only.
- 2. The test is of **3 hours** duration and Test Booklet contains **180** questions. Each question carries **4** marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get **4** marks. For each incorrect response, **one mark** will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are **720**.
- 3. Use **Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only** for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- 5. On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Booklet is **G1**. Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- 7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/ Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is **NOT** permissible on the Answer Sheet.
- 9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
- 10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
- 11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.
- 12. Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
- 13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
- 14. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- 15. The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

Name of the Candidate (in Capitals) : \_\_\_\_

Roll Number	: in figures							
	: in words							
Centre of Exami	Centre of Examination (in Capitals) :							
Candidate's Signature :		Invigilator's Signature :						
Facsimile signat	ure stamp of							
Centre Superinte	endent:							

 $\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{A} \mbox{ wire of length } L, \mbox{ area of cross section } A \mbox{ is hanging} \\ \mbox{ from a fixed support. The length of the wire} \\ \mbox{ changes to } L_1 \mbox{ when mass } M \mbox{ is suspended from its} \\ \mbox{ free end. The expression for Young's modulus is :} \end{array}$ 

(1) 
$$\frac{\text{Mg}(\text{L}_{1} - \text{L})}{\text{AL}}$$
(2) 
$$\frac{\text{MgL}}{\text{AL}}$$

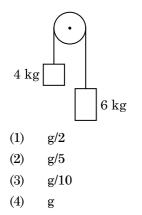
$$(3) \qquad \frac{\text{AL}_1}{\text{A}(\text{L}_1 - \text{L})}$$

(4) 
$$\frac{MgL_1}{\Delta L}$$

2. A cylinder contains hydrogen gas at pressure of 249 kPa and temperature 27°C.

Its density is :  $(R\!=\!8.3\,J\,mol^{-1}\,K^{-1})$ 

- (1)  $0.2 \text{ kg/m}^3$
- $(2) \quad 0.1 \text{ kg/m}^3$
- (3)  $0.02 \text{ kg/m}^3$
- (4)  $0.5 \text{ kg/m}^3$
- **3.** Light with an average flux of 20 W/cm<sup>2</sup> falls on a non-reflecting surface at normal incidence having surface area 20 cm<sup>2</sup>. The energy received by the surface during time span of 1 minute is :
  - (1)  $12 \times 10^3 \, J$
  - (2)  $24 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{J}$
  - (3)  $48 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{J}$
  - (4)  $10 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
- 4. Two bodies of mass 4 kg and 6 kg are tied to the ends of a massless string. The string passes over a pulley which is frictionless (see figure). The acceleration of the system in terms of acceleration due to gravity (g) is :



5.

6.

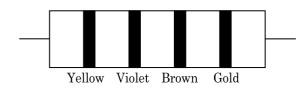
The mean free path for a gas, with molecular diameter d and number density n can be expressed as :

(1) 
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n \pi d^2}$$
  
(2)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi d^2}$   
(3)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi^2 d^2}$   
(4)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n \pi d}$ 

A ball is thrown vertically downward with a velocity of 20 m/s from the top of a tower. It hits the ground after some time with a velocity of 80 m/s. The height of the tower is :  $(g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2)$ 

- (1) 340 m
- (2) 320 m
- (3) 300 m
- (4) 360 m

7. The color code of a resistance is given below :



The values of resistance and tolerance, respectively, are :

- (1)  $47 \text{ k}\Omega, 10\%$
- (2)  $4.7 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$
- (3) 470  $\Omega$ , 5%
- (4) 470 k $\Omega$ , 5%
- 8. When a uranium isotope  ${}^{235}_{92}$ U is bombarded with a neutron, it generates  ${}^{89}_{36}$ Kr, three neutrons and :
  - (1)  ${}^{91}_{40}$ Zr
  - (2)  ${}^{101}_{36}$ Kr
  - (3)  $^{103}_{36}$ Kr
  - (4)  $^{144}_{56}$ Ba

9. A spherical conductor of radius 10 cm has a charge of  $3.2 \times 10^{-7}$  C distributed uniformly. What is the magnitude of electric field at a point 15 cm from the centre of the sphere ?

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2 \\ (1) & 1.28 \times 10^5 \text{ N/C} \\ (2) & 1.28 \times 10^6 \text{ N/C} \\ (3) & 1.28 \times 10^7 \text{ N/C} \\ (4) & 1.28 \times 10^4 \text{ N/C} \\ \end{cases}$$

- 10. A ray is incident at an angle of incidence *i* on one surface of a small angle prism (with angle of prism A) and emerges normally from the opposite surface. If the refractive index of the material of the prism is μ, then the angle of incidence is nearly equal to :
  - (1)  $\frac{2A}{\mu}$ (2)  $\mu A$ (3)  $\frac{\mu A}{2}$ (4)  $\frac{A}{2\mu}$
- 11. Two cylinders A and B of equal capacity are connected to each other via a stop cock. A contains an ideal gas at standard temperature and pressure. B is completely evacuated. The entire system is thermally insulated. The stop cock is suddenly opened. The process is :
  - (1) adiabatic
  - (2) isochoric
  - (3) isobaric
  - (4) isothermal
- 12. An iron rod of susceptibility 599 is subjected to a magnetising field of 1200 A m<sup>-1</sup>. The permeability of the material of the rod is :

 $(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$ 

- (1)  $8.0 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T \ m \ A^{-1}}$
- (2)  $2.4\pi \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T \ m \ A^{-1}}$
- (3)  $2.4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (4)  $2.4\pi \times 10^{-4} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- 13. The energy equivalent of 0.5 g of a substance is :
  - $(1) \qquad 4.5 \times 10^{13}\,J$
  - (2)  $1.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
  - (3)  $0.5 \times 10^{13} \, J$
  - (4)  $4.5 \times 10^{16} \,\mathrm{J}$

- 14. A 40  $\mu$ F capacitor is connected to a 200 V, 50 Hz ac supply. The rms value of the current in the circuit is, nearly :
  - $(1) 2.05 \,\mathrm{A}$
  - (2) 2.5 A
  - (3) 25.1 A
  - (4)  $1.7 \,\mathrm{A}$
- 15. The ratio of contributions made by the electric field and magnetic field components to the intensity of an electromagnetic wave is : (c = speed of electromagnetic waves)
  - (1) 1:1
  - (2) 1 : c
  - (3)  $1:c^2$
  - (4) c:1
- 16. Two particles of mass 5 kg and 10 kg respectively are attached to the two ends of a rigid rod of length 1 m with negligible mass.

The centre of mass of the system from the 5 kg particle is nearly at a distance of :

- (1) 50 cm
- (2) 67 cm
- (3) 80 cm
- (4) 33 cm
- 17. A resistance wire connected in the left gap of a metre bridge balances a 10  $\Omega$  resistance in the right gap at a point which divides the bridge wire in the ratio 3 : 2. If the length of the resistance wire is 1.5 m, then the length of 1  $\Omega$  of the resistance wire is :
  - (1)  $1.0 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
  - (2)  $1.5 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
  - (3)  $1.5 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
  - (4)  $1.0 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
- 18. In Young's double slit experiment, if the separation between coherent sources is halved and the distance of the screen from the coherent sources is doubled, then the fringe width becomes :
  - (1) half
  - (2) four times
  - (3) one-fourth
  - (4) double

#### G1

- 19. A charged particle having drift velocity of  $7.5 \times 10^{-4}$  m s<sup>-1</sup> in an electric field of  $3 \times 10^{-10}$  Vm<sup>-1</sup>, has a mobility in m<sup>2</sup> V<sup>-1</sup> s<sup>-1</sup> of:
  - (1)  $2.5 \times 10^{6}$
  - (2)  $2.5 \times 10^{-6}$
  - (3)  $2.25 \times 10^{-15}$
  - (4)  $2.25 \times 10^{15}$
- 20. Dimensions of stress are :
  - (1)  $[ML^2T^{-2}]$
  - (2)  $[ML^0T^{-2}]$
  - (3)  $[ML^{-1}T^{-2}]$
  - (4)  $[MLT^{-2}]$
- **21.** For which one of the following, Bohr model is **not** valid ?
  - (1) Singly ionised helium atom  $(He^+)$
  - (2) Deuteron atom
  - (3) Singly ionised neon atom (Ne<sup>+</sup>)
  - (4) Hydrogen atom
- 22. A series LCR circuit is connected to an ac voltage source. When L is removed from the circuit, the phase difference between current and voltage is  $\frac{\pi}{3}$ . If instead C is removed from the circuit, the phase difference is again  $\frac{\pi}{3}$  between current

and voltage. The power factor of the circuit is :  $% \left( f_{i}^{2} + f_{i}^{2}$ 

- (1) 0.5
- (2) 1.0
- (3) -1.0
- (4) zero
- 23. A capillary tube of radius r is immersed in water and water rises in it to a height h. The mass of the water in the capillary is 5 g. Another capillary tube of radius 2r is immersed in water. The mass of water that will rise in this tube is :
  - (1) 5.0 g
  - (2) 10.0 g
  - (3) 20.0 g
  - (4) 2.5 g
- 24. Assume that light of wavelength 600 nm is coming from a star. The limit of resolution of telescope whose objective has a diameter of 2 m is :
  - (1)  $1.83 \times 10^{-7}$  rad
  - (2)  $7.32 \times 10^{-7} \, rad$
  - (3)  $6.00 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
  - (4)  $3.66 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$

- 4
  - **25.** The solids which have the negative temperature coefficient of resistance are :
    - (1) insulators only
    - (2) semiconductors only
    - (3) insulators and semiconductors
    - (4) metals
  - - $(\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2})$
    - (1)  $1.77 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
    - (2)  $0.44 \times 10^{-10} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
    - (3)  $5.00 \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
    - (4)  $0.44 \times 10^{-13} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
  - 27. The energy required to break one bond in DNA is  $10^{-20}$  J. This value in eV is nearly :
    - (1) 0.6
    - (2) 0.06
    - (3) 0.006
    - (4) 6
  - 28. The increase in the width of the depletion region in a p-n junction diode is due to :
    - (1) reverse bias only
    - (2) both forward bias and reverse bias
    - (3) increase in forward current
    - (4) forward bias only
  - 29. The quantities of heat required to raise the temperature of two solid copper spheres of radii  $r_1$  and  $r_2$  ( $r_1 = 1.5 r_2$ ) through 1 K are in the ratio :
    - (1)  $\frac{9}{4}$ (2)  $\frac{3}{2}$ (3)  $\frac{5}{3}$ (4)  $\frac{27}{2}$

For the logic circuit shown, the truth table is :

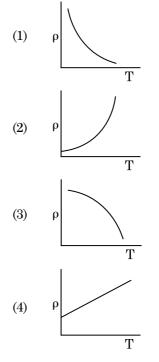
30.

- **31.** For transistor action, which of the following statements is **correct** ?
  - (1) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same size.
  - (2) Both emitter junction as well as the collector junction are forward biased.
  - (3) The base region must be very thin and lightly doped.
  - (4) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same doping concentrations.
- **32.** In a guitar, two strings A and B made of same material are slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency 6 Hz. When tension in B is slightly decreased, the beat frequency increases to 7 Hz. If the frequency of A is 530 Hz, the original frequency of B will be :
  - $(1) \qquad 524\,\mathrm{Hz}$
  - (2) 536 Hz
  - (3) 537 Hz
  - (4) 523 Hz

**33.** A short electric dipole has a dipole moment of  $16 \times 10^{-9}$  C m. The electric potential due to the dipole at a point at a distance of 0.6 m from the centre of the dipole, situated on a line making an angle of 60° with the dipole axis is :

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2 \\ (1) & 200 \text{ V} \\ (2) & 400 \text{ V} \\ \end{cases}$$

- (3) zero
- (4) 50 V
- **34.** A body weighs 72 N on the surface of the earth. What is the gravitational force on it, at a height equal to half the radius of the earth ?
  - (1) 32 N
  - (2) 30 N
  - (3) 24 N
  - (4) 48 N
- **35.** Which of the following graph represents the variation of resistivity  $(\rho)$  with temperature (T) for copper ?



- **36.** In a certain region of space with volume 0.2 m<sup>3</sup>, the electric potential is found to be 5 V throughout. The magnitude of electric field in this region is :
  - (1) 0.5 N/C
  - (2) 1 N/C
  - (3) 5 N/C
  - (4) zero

G1

37. The average thermal energy for a mono-atomic gas is : (k<sub>B</sub> is Boltzmann constant and T, absolute temperature)

(1) 
$$\frac{3}{2} k_{B}T$$
  
(2)  $\frac{5}{2} k_{B}T$   
(3)  $\frac{7}{2} k_{B}T$   
(4)  $\frac{1}{2} k_{B}T$ 

- 38. Find the torque about the origin when a force of  $3\hat{j}$  N acts on a particle whose position vector is  $2\hat{k}$  m.
  - $6\hat{j}$  Nm (1)
  - $-6\hat{i}$  N m (2)
  - $6\hat{k}$  Nm (3)
  - $6\hat{i}$  Nm (4)
- 39. Light of frequency 1.5 times the threshold frequency is incident on a photosensitive material. What will be the photoelectric current if the frequency is halved and intensity is doubled?
  - (1)four times
  - (2)one-fourth
  - (3)zero
  - doubled (4)
- **40**. A long solenoid of 50 cm length having 100 turns carries a current of 2.5 A. The magnetic field at the centre of the solenoid is :

 $(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$ 

- $3.14 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{T}$ (1)
- (2) $6.28 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
- $3.14 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$ (3)
- $6.28 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$ (4)
- 41. The Brewsters angle  $i_b$  for an interface should be :
  - (1) $30^{\circ} < i_b < 45^{\circ}$
  - $45^{\circ} < i_h < 90^{\circ}$ (2)
  - (3) $i_{b} = 90^{\circ}$
  - $0^{\circ} < i_h < 30^{\circ}$ (4)

- An electron is accelerated from rest through a
- 42. potential difference of V volt. If the de Broglie wavelength of the electron is  $1.227 \times 10^{-2}$  nm, the potential difference is :
  - $10^2 \,\mathrm{V}$ (1)
  - $10^3\,{
    m V}$ (2)
  - $10^4\,\mathrm{V}$ (3)
  - (4) $10\,\mathrm{V}$
- **43**. Taking into account of the significant figures, what is the value of 9.99 m - 0.0099 m?
  - (1)9.98 m
  - (2)9.980 m
  - (3)9.9 m
  - 9.9801 m (4)
- 44. A screw gauge has least count of 0.01 mm and there are 50 divisions in its circular scale.

The pitch of the screw gauge is :

- (1)0.25 mm
- (2)0.5 mm
- (3)1.0 mm
- (4)0.01 mm
- **45**. The phase difference between displacement and acceleration of a particle in a simple harmonic motion is :
  - rad (1)

(2) 
$$\frac{\pi}{2}$$
 rad

- (4) $\pi$  rad
- 46. Match the organism with its use in biotechnology.
  - (a) Bacillus (i) Cloning vector thuringiensis
  - (b) Thermus (ii) Construction of aquaticus first rDNA molecule
  - **DNA** polymerase (c) Agrobacterium (iii) tumefaciens
  - Salmonella Cry proteins (d) (iv) typhimurium

Select the **correct** option from the following :

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)
(2)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)
(3)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
(4)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)

47.	Mate	ch the following :						
	(a)	Inhib activi		cataly	tic	(i)	Ricin	
	(b)	Posse	sspep	tide bo	nds	(ii)	Malonate	
	(c)		vall m	aterial		(iii)	Chitin	
	(d)	Secor	ndary r	netabo	lite	(iv)	Collagen	
	Choo	se the	corre	<b>ct</b> opti	on fror	n the f	ollowing:	
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)			
	(1)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)			
	(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)			
	(3)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)			
	(4)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)			
48.		lant pa vithin t			nsist o	f two g	enerations -	
	(a)	Polle	n graiı	ns insid	le the a	anther	•	
	(b)	Germinated pollen grain with two male gametes						
	(c)	Seed inside the fruit						
	(d)	Embryo sac inside the ovule						
	(1)	(a), (b) and (c)						
	(2)	(c) and (d)						
	(3)	(a) an	d (d)					
	(4)	(a) on	(a) only					
<b>49.</b>				activit eads to			o enzyme in on of :	
	(1)	1 mol	ecule o	of 3-C c	ompou	ınd		
	(2)	1 mol	ecule o	of 6-C c	ompou	und		
	(3)		ecule o comp		ompou	ınd an	d 1 molecule	
	(4)	$2\mathrm{mol}$	ecules	of 3-C	compo	und		
50.	prima	ary pro	oductiv		an eco	systen	vity and Net n, which one et ?	
	(1)		-	ary pro imary j		-	always more	
	(2)			ary proo y are o			Net primary	
	(3)	prim		roduct			ween Gross et primary	
	(4)	Gross	sprim	arv nr	oducti	vitv is	always less	

(4) Gross primary productivity is always less than net primary productivity. (4) Ammonia alone
Identify the incorrect statement.
(1) Sapwood is involved in conduction of water and minerals from root to leaf.
(2) Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem

Nitrate alone

Ammonia and oxygen

Ammonia and hydrogen

and is lighter in colour.

The product(s) of reaction catalyzed by nitrogenase in root nodules of leguminous plants is/are :

- (3) Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., heart wood is dark in colour.
- (4) Heart wood does not conduct water but gives mechanical support.
- **53.** Bt cotton variety that was developed by the introduction of toxin gene of *Bacillus thuringiensis* (Bt) is resistant to :
  - (1) Fungal diseases

7

51.

52.

(1)
 (2)

(3)

- (2) Plant nematodes
- (3) Insect predators
- (4) Insect pests
- 54. Which of the following pairs is of unicellular algae?
  - (1) Gelidium and Gracilaria
  - (2) Anabaena and Volvox
  - (3) Chlorella and Spirulina
  - (4) Laminaria and Sargassum
- **55.** Strobili or cones are found in :
  - (1) Pteris
  - (2) Marchantia
  - (3) Equisetum
  - (4) Salvinia
- **56.** Name the enzyme that facilitates opening of DNA helix during transcription.
  - (1) DNA helicase
  - (2) DNA polymerase
  - (3) RNA polymerase
  - (4) DNA ligase

- 8
- **57.** Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to transport of oxygen.
  - (1) Partial pressure of  $CO_2$  can interfere with  $O_2$  binding with haemoglobin.
  - (2) Higher H<sup>+</sup> conc. in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
  - (3) Low  $pCO_2$  in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
  - (4) Binding of oxygen with haemoglobin is mainly related to partial pressure of  $O_2$ .
- 58. Identify the **correct** statement with regard to  $G_1$  phase (Gap 1) of interphase.
  - (1) Reorganisation of all cell components takes place.
  - (2) Cell is metabolically active, grows but does not replicate its DNA.
  - (3) Nuclear Division takes place.
  - (4) DNA synthesis or replication takes place.
- **59.** Which of the following statements about inclusion bodies is **incorrect** ?
  - (1) These are involved in ingestion of food particles.
  - (2) They lie free in the cytoplasm.
  - (3) These represent reserve material in cytoplasm.
  - (4) They are not bound by any membrane.
- **60.** Match the following diseases with the causative organism and select the **correct** option.

	Colı	Column - II			
(a)	Typh	noid		(i)	Wuchereria
(b)	Pneı	Pneumonia			Plasmodium
(c)	Filar	Filariasis			Salmonella
(d)	Mala	Malaria			Haemophilus
	(a)	<b>(b)</b>	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	
(2)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)	
(3)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	
(4)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	

- 61. Meiotic division of the secondary oocyte is completed:
  - (1) At the time of copulation
  - (2) After zygote formation
  - (3) At the time of fusion of a sperm with an ovum
  - (4) Prior to ovulation

- **62.** By which method was a new breed 'Hisardale' of sheep formed by using Bikaneri ewes and Marino rams ?
  - (1) Mutational breeding
  - (2) Cross breeding
  - (3) Inbreeding
  - (4) Out crossing
- **63.** The number of substrate level phosphorylations in one turn of citric acid cycle is :
  - (1) One
  - (2) Two
  - (3) Three
  - (4) Zero

**64.** Choose the **correct** pair from the following :

(1)	Polymerases -	Break the DNA into fragments
(2)	Nucleases -	Separate the two strands of DNA
(3)	Exonucleases -	Make cuts at specific positions within DNA
(4)	Ligases -	Join the two DNA molecules

- **65.** The infectious stage of *Plasmodium* that enters the human body is :
  - (1) Sporozoites
  - (2) Female gametocytes
  - (3) Male gametocytes
  - (4) Trophozoites
- **66.** Which of the following is **not** an attribute of a population ?
  - (1) Natality
  - (2) Mortality
  - (3) Species interaction
  - (4) Sex ratio

72.

73.

74.

- 67. Select the **correct** events that occur during inspiration.
  - (a) Contraction of diaphragm
  - (b) Contraction of external inter-costal muscles
  - (c) Pulmonary volume decreases
  - (d) Intra pulmonary pressure increases
  - (1) (c) and (d)
  - (2) (a), (b) and (d)
  - (3) only (d)
  - (4) (a) and (b)
- **68.** According to Robert May, the global species diversity is about :
  - (1) 20 million
  - (2) 50 million
  - (3) 7 million
  - (4) 1.5 million
- 69. The QRS complex in a standard ECG represents :
  - (1) Depolarisation of auricles
  - (2) Depolarisation of ventricles
  - (3) Repolarisation of ventricles
  - (4) Repolarisation of auricles
- 70. Which of the following statements is not correct?
  - (1) The proinsulin has an extra peptide called C-peptide.
  - (2) The functional insulin has A and B chains linked together by hydrogen bonds.
  - (3) Genetically engineered insulin is produced in E-Coli.
  - (4) In man insulin is synthesised as a proinsulin.
- **71.** The transverse section of a plant shows following anatomical features :
  - (a) Large number of scattered vascular bundles surrounded by bundle sheath.
  - (b) Large conspicuous parenchymatous ground tissue.
  - (c) Vascular bundles conjoint and closed.
  - (d) Phloem parenchyma absent.
  - Identify the category of plant and its part :
  - (1) Monocotyledonous root
  - (2) Dicotyledonous stem
  - (3) Dicotyledonous root
  - (4) Monocotyledonous stem

- Select the **correct** statement. (1)Glucagon is associated with hypoglycemia. (2)Insulin acts on pancreatic cells and adipocytes. (3)Insulin is associated with hyperglycemia. Glucocorticoids stimulate gluconeogenesis. (4)Montreal protocol was signed in 1987 for control of: (1)Emission of ozone depleting substances (2)Release of Green House gases (3)Disposal of e-wastes Transport of Genetically modified organisms (4)from one country to another Match the following columns and select the correct option. Column - I Column - II (a) 6-15 pairs of (i) Trygon gill slits (b) Heterocercal Cyclostomes (ii) caudal fin Air Bladder Chondrichthyes (c) (iii) (d) Poison sting (iv) Osteichthyes (a) **(b)** (c) (d)
  - (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
     (iv) (ii) (iii) (i)
     (i) (iv) (iii) (ii) (ii)
  - (3) (i) (iv) (iii) (ii) (4) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)
- 75. Identify the **wrong** statement with regard to
  - Restriction Enzymes.
    - (1) They cut the strand of DNA at palindromic sites.
    - (2) They are useful in genetic engineering.
    - (3) Sticky ends can be joined by using DNA ligases.
    - (4) Each restriction enzyme functions by inspecting the length of a DNA sequence.

- $\textbf{76.} \qquad \text{Match the following with respect to meiosis:}$ 
  - (a) Zygotene (i) Terminalization
  - (b) Pachytene (ii) Chiasmata
  - (c) Diplotene (iii) Crossing over
  - (d) Diakinesis (iv) Synapsis

Select the **correct** option from the following :

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(2)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)
(3)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)
(4)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)

- 77. Cuboidal epithelium with brush border of microvilli is found in :
  - (1) ducts of salivary glands
  - $(2) \qquad {\rm proximal\ convoluted\ tubule\ of\ nephron}$
  - (3) eustachian tube
  - (4) lining of intestine
- **78.** Name the plant growth regulator which upon spraying on sugarcane crop, increases the length of stem, thus increasing the yield of sugarcane crop.
  - (1) Gibberellin
  - (2) Ethylene
  - (3) Abscisic acid
  - (4) Cytokinin
- 79. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

	Colu	ımn -	I	Column - II	
(a)	Bt co	otton		(i)	Gene therapy
(b)	dean	iosine ninase iency		(ii)	Cellular defence
(c)	RNA	i		(iii)	Detection of HIV infection
(d)	PCR	PCR			Bacillus thuringiensis
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	
(2)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	
(3)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	
(4)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	

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- **80.** The ovary is half inferior in :
  - (1) Mustard
  - (2) Sunflower
  - (3) Plum
  - (4) Brinjal
- 81. Which one of the following is the most abundant protein in the animals ?
  - (1) Collagen
  - (2) Lectin
  - (3) Insulin
  - (4) Haemoglobin
- 82. If the distance between two consecutive base pairs is 0.34 nm and the total number of base pairs of a DNA double helix in a typical mammalian cell is  $6.6 \times 10^9$  bp, then the length of the DNA is approximately :
  - (1) 2.5 meters
  - (2) 2.2 meters
  - (3) 2.7 meters
  - (4) 2.0 meters
- 83. The first phase of translation is :
  - (1) Recognition of DNA molecule
  - (2) Aminoacylation of tRNA
  - (3) Recognition of an anti-codon
  - (4) Binding of mRNA to ribosome
- 84. Which of the following hormone levels will cause release of ovum (ovulation) from the graffian follicle ?
  - (1) High concentration of Progesterone
  - (2) Low concentration of LH
  - (3) Low concentration of FSH
  - (4) High concentration of Estrogen
- **85.** Flippers of Penguins and Dolphins are examples of :
  - (1) Convergent evolution
  - (2) Industrial melanism
  - (3) Natural selection
  - (4) Adaptive radiation

- 86. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to 90. the gene 'I' that controls ABO blood groups. A person will have only two of the three (1)alleles. When I<sup>A</sup> and I<sup>B</sup> are present together, they (2)express same type of sugar. Allele 'i' does not produce any sugar. (3)The gene (I) has three alleles. (4)91. 87. Select the option including all sexually transmitted diseases. (1)Gonorrhoea, Malaria, Genital herpes AIDS, Malaria, Filaria (2)(3)Cancer, AIDS, Syphilis (4)Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Genital herpes 92. 88. Match the following columns and select the correct option. Column - I Column - II (a) Eosinophils (i) Immune response (b) Basophils (ii) Phagocytosis **93**. (c) Neutrophils (iii) Release histaminase, destructive enzymes (d) Release granules Lymphocytes (iv) containing histamine (a) **(b)** (c) (d) 94. (1)(iv) (i) (ii) (iii) (2)(i) (ii) (iv) (iii) (3)(ii) (i) (iii) (iv) (4)(iii) (iv) (ii) (i) 89. Match the trophic levels with their correct species
  - examples in grassland ecosystem. Fourth trophic level Crow (a) (i) (b) Second trophic level (ii) Vulture (c) First trophic level (iii) Rabbit (d) Third trophic level (iv) Grass Select the **correct** option : (a) (c) **(b)** (d) (iv) (1)(iii) (ii) (i) (2)(iv) (iii) (ii) (i) (3)(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)

(iv)

(i)

(4)

(ii)

(iii)

- In light reaction, plastoquinone facilitates the transfer of electrons from :
  - (1)Cytb<sub>6</sub>f complex to PS-I
  - PS-I to NADP+ (2)
  - (3)PS-I to ATP synthase
  - (4)PS-II to Cytb<sub>6</sub>f complex
- Embryological support for evolution was disapproved by:
  - Alfred Wallace (1)
  - (2)**Charles** Darwin
  - (3)Oparin
  - Karl Ernst von Baer (4)
- Bilaterally symmetrical and accelomate animals are exemplified by:
  - (1)Platyhelminthes
  - (2)Aschelminthes
  - Annelida (3)
  - (4)Ctenophora
- Which of the following would help in prevention of diuresis?
  - Reabsorption of Na  $^{\rm +}$  and water from renal (1)tubules due to aldosterone
  - (2)Atrial natriuretic factor causes vasoconstriction
  - (3)Decrease in secretion of renin by JG cells
  - (4)More water reabsorption due to undersecretion of ADH
- Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	Close	tridiur	п	(i)	Cyclosporin-A
	buty	licum			
(b)	Trici	hodern	na	(ii)	Butyric Acid
	polys	sporun	n		
(c)	Mon	ascus		(iii)	Citric Acid
	purp	ureus			
(d)	Aspe	rgillus	sniger	(iv)	Blood cholesterol
					lowering agent
	(a)	<b>(b)</b>	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	
(2)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	
(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	
(4)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	

- - (1) G<sub>1</sub> phase
  - (2) S phase
  - (3)  $G_2$  phase
  - (4) M phase
- **96.** In which of the following techniques, the embryos are transferred to assist those females who cannot conceive ?
  - (1) GIFT and ZIFT
  - (2) ICSI and ZIFT
  - (3) GIFT and ICSI
  - (4) ZIFT and IUT
- **97.** Which of the following statements are **true** for the phylum-Chordata ?
  - (a) In Urochordata notochord extends from head to tail and it is present throughout their life.
  - (b) In Vertebrata notochord is present during the embryonic period only.
  - (c) Central nervous system is dorsal and hollow.
  - (d) Chordata is divided into 3 subphyla : Hemichordata, Tunicata and Cephalochordata.
  - (1) (c) and (a)
  - (2) (a) and (b)
  - (3) (b) and (c)
  - (4) (d) and (c)

98. Snow-blindness in Antarctic region is due to :

- (1) Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation
- (2) High reflection of light from snow
- (3) Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays
- (4) Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature

**99.** Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

	Colu	<b>mn -</b> ]	[	Column - II		
(a)	Pitui	tary gl	and	(i)	Grave's disease	
(b)	Thyr	oid gla	nd	(ii)	Diabetes mellitus	
(c)	Adrenal gland			(iii)	Diabetes insipidus	
(d)	Pancreas			(iv)	Addison's disease	
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)		
(1)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)		
(2)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)		
(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)		
(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)		
Which of the following statements is ${f correct}$ ?						
(1)	Adon	ino no	ina mi	+h +h+	mino through one	

- (1) Adenine pairs with thymine through one H-bond.
- (2) Adenine pairs with thymine through three H-bonds.
- (3) Adenine does not pair with thymine.
- (4) Adenine pairs with thymine through two H-bonds.
- **101.** Match the following concerning essential elements and their functions in plants :
  - (a) Iron (i) Photolysis of water
  - (b) Zinc (ii) Pollen germination
  - (c) Boron (iii) Required for chlorophyll biosynthesis
  - (d) Manganese (iv) IAA biosynthesis
  - Select the **correct** option :

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)
(3)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
(4)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)

- **102.** Which of the following is **not** an inhibitory substance governing seed dormancy ?
  - (1) Abscisic acid
  - (2) Phenolic acid
  - (3) Para-ascorbic acid
  - (4) Gibberellic acid

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100.

- (1)  $CH_3$ ,  $H_2$ ,  $NH_4$  and water vapor at 800°C
- (2)  $CH_4$ ,  $H_2$ ,  $NH_3$  and water vapor at 600°C
- (3)  $CH_3$ ,  $H_2$ ,  $NH_3$  and water vapor at 600°C
- (4)  $CH_4$ ,  $H_2$ ,  $NH_3$  and water vapor at 800°C
- **104.** Experimental verification of the chromosomal theory of inheritance was done by :
  - (1) Sutton
  - (2) Boveri
  - (3) Morgan
  - (4) Mendel
- **105.** The body of the ovule is fused within the funicle at :
  - (1) Micropyle
  - (2) Nucellus
  - (3) Chalaza
  - (4) Hilum
- **106.** Identify the **correct** statement with reference to human digestive system.
  - (1) Serosa is the innermost layer of the alimentary canal.
  - (2) Ileum is a highly coiled part.
  - (3) Vermiform appendix arises from duodenum.
  - (4) Ileum opens into small intestine.
- **107.** Dissolution of the synaptonemal complex occurs during :
  - (1) Zygotene
  - (2) Diplotene
  - (3) Leptotene
  - (4) Pachytene
- 108. Floridean starch has structure similar to :
  - (1) Amylopectin and glycogen
  - (2) Mannitol and algin
  - (3) Laminarin and cellulose
  - (4) Starch and cellulose

- **109.** The specific palindromic sequence which is recognized by EcoRI is :
  - 5' GGAACC 3'
     3' CCTTGG 5'
     5' CTTAAG 3'
     3' GAATTC 5'
     5' GGATCC 3'
     3' CCTAGG 5'
  - (4) 5' GAATTC 3' 3' - CTTAAG - 5'

# 110. Select the correct match. (1) Phenylketonuria - Autosomal dominant trait (2) Sickle cell anaemia - Autosomal recessive trait,

- (3) Thalassemia
  (4) Haemophilia
  (5) Chromosome-11
  (7) Chromosome-11
  (8) Chromosome-11
  (9) Chromosome-11
  (10) Chromosome-11
  (11) Chromosome-11
  (11) Chromosome-11
  (11) Chromosome-11
  (12) Chromosome-11
  (12) Chromosome-11
  (13) Chromosome-11
  (14) Chromosome-11
  (14) Chromosome-11
  (15) Chromosome-11
  (15
- **111.** Identify the substances having glycosidic bond and peptide bond, respectively in their structure :
  - (1) Glycerol, trypsin
  - (2) Cellulose, lecithin
  - (3) Inulin, insulin
  - (4) Chitin, cholesterol
- 112. The process of growth is maximum during :
  - (1) Lag phase
  - (2) Senescence
  - (3) Dormancy
  - (4) Log phase
- 113. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

	Colu	ımn -	Ι		Column - II
(a)	Orga	n of C	orti	(i)	Connects middle ear and pharynx
(b)	Coch	lea		(ii)	Coiled part of the labyrinth
(c)	Eust	achiar	n tube	(iii)	Attached to the oval window
(d)	Stapes			(iv)	Located on the basilar membrane
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)	
(2)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	
(3)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	
(4)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	

- **114.** The process responsible for facilitating loss of water in liquid form from the tip of grass blades at night and in early morning is :
  - (1) Root pressure
  - (2) Imbibition
  - (3) Plasmolysis
  - (4) Transpiration
- **115.** Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to immunity.
  - (1) When ready-made antibodies are directly given, it is called "Passive immunity".
  - (2) Active immunity is quick and gives full response.
  - (3) Foetus receives some antibodies from mother, it is an example for passive immunity.
  - (4) When exposed to antigen (living or dead) antibodies are produced in the host's body. It is called "Active immunity".
- **116.** In water hyacinth and water lily, pollination takes place by :
  - (1) water currents only
  - (2) wind and water
  - (3) insects and water
  - (4) insects or wind
- **117.** Which is the important site of formation of glycoproteins and glycolipids in eukaryotic cells ?
  - (1) Peroxisomes
  - (2) Golgi bodies
  - (3) Polysomes
  - (4) Endoplasmic reticulum
- **118.** Which of the following regions of the globe exhibits highest species diversity ?
  - (1) Madagascar
  - (2) Himalayas
  - (3) Amazon forests
  - (4) Western Ghats of India
- **119.** Goblet cells of alimentary canal are modified from :
  - (1) Columnar epithelial cells
  - (2) Chondrocytes
  - (3) Compound epithelial cells
  - (4) Squamous epithelial cells

- **120.** Which of the following is **correct** about viroids ?
  - (1) They have free RNA without protein coat.
  - (2) They have DNA with protein coat.
  - (3) They have free DNA without protein coat.
  - (4) They have RNA with protein coat.
- **121.** Secondary metabolites such as nicotine, strychnine and caffeine are produced by plants for their :
  - (1) Growth response
  - (2) Defence action
  - (3) Effect on reproduction
  - (4) Nutritive value
- **122.** Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

	Colu	ımn -	I	Column - II			
(a)	Place	enta		(i)	Androgens		
(b)	Zona	Zona pellucida			Human Chorionic Gonadotropin (hCG)		
(c)	Bulb glano	o-uretl ls	hral	(iii)	Layer of the ovum		
(d)	Leyd	Leydig cells			Lubrication of the Penis		
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)			
(1)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)			
(2)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)			
(3)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)			
(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)			
Ray florets have :							

(1) Superior ovary

123.

- (2) Hypogynous ovary
- (3) Half inferior ovary
- (4) Inferior ovary
- **124.** Which of the following is put into Anaerobic sludge digester for further sewage treatment ?
  - (1) Floating debris
  - (2) Effluents of primary treatment
  - (3) Activated sludge
  - (4) Primary sludge

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- (1)trypsinogen into trypsin
- (2)caseinogen into casein
- (3)pepsinogen into pepsin
- protein into polypeptides (4)

126. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Column - I C	olumn - II
(a)	Gregarious, polyphagous (i)	Asterias

- pest (b) Adult with radial (ii)
- Scorpion symmetry and larva with bilateral symmetry
- (c) Book lungs (iii) Ctenoplana (d) Bioluminescence (iv) Locusta
- (a) **(b)** (c) (d)
- (i) (1)(iv) (ii) (iii) (2)(iii) (ii) (i) (iv) (3)(ii) (i) (iii) (iv)
- (4)(i) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- 127. Presence of which of the following conditions in urine are indicative of Diabetes Mellitus?
  - Uremia and Renal Calculi (1)
  - (2)Ketonuria and Glycosuria
  - (3)Renal calculi and Hyperglycaemia
  - (4)Uremia and Ketonuria
- 128. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	Floa	Floating Ribs		(i)	Located between second and seventh ribs
(b)	Acro	mion		(ii)	Head of the Humerus
(c)	Scapula		(iii)	Clavicle	
(d)	Glenoid cavity		(iv)	Do not connect with the sternum	
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	
(2)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	
(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)	
(4)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)	

- (1)2
- (2)14
- 8 (3)
- (4)4
- 130. If the head of cockroach is removed, it may live for few days because :
  - the cockroach does not have nervous system. (1)
  - (2)the head holds a small proportion of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the ventral part of its body.
  - the head holds a 1/3<sup>rd</sup> of a nervous system (3)while the rest is situated along the dorsal part of its body.
  - the supra-oesophageal ganglia of the (4)cockroach are situated in ventral part of abdomen.
- Which of the following refer to **correct** example(s) 131. of organisms which have evolved due to changes in environment brought about by anthropogenic action?
  - Darwin's Finches of Galapagos islands. (a)
  - (b) Herbicide resistant weeds.
  - (c) Drug resistant eukaryotes.
  - Man-created breeds of domesticated animals (d) like dogs.
  - (a) and (c)(1)
  - (2)(b), (c) and (d)
  - (3)only(d)
  - (4)only (a)
- 132. Identify the basic amino acid from the following.
  - (1)Glutamic Acid
  - (2)Lysine
  - (3)Valine
  - Tvrosine (4)
- 133. In gel electrophoresis, separated DNA fragments can be visualized with the help of:
  - (1)Ethidium bromide in UV radiation
  - (2)Acetocarmine in UV radiation
  - (3)Ethidium bromide in infrared radiation
  - (4)Acetocarmine in bright blue light

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- **134.** The sequence that controls the copy number of the linked DNA in the vector, is termed :
  - (1) Ori site
  - (2) Palindromic sequence
  - (3) Recognition site
  - (4) Selectable marker
- **135.** The roots that originate from the base of the stem are :
  - (1) Primary roots
  - (2) Prop roots
  - (3) Lateral roots
  - (4) Fibrous roots
- **136.** The calculated spin only magnetic moment of  $Cr^{2+}$  ion is :
  - $(1) \qquad 4.90 \ \mathrm{BM}$
  - (2) 5.92 BM
  - (3) 2.84 BM
  - (4) 3.87 BM
- **137.** Match the following and identify the **correct** option.

(a)	$CO(g) + H_2(g)$			(i)	$\mathrm{Mg(HCO_3)_2}+$ $\mathrm{Ca(HCO_3)_2}$
(b)	Temporary hardness of water			(ii)	An electron deficient hydride
(c)	$B_2H_6$			(iii)	$\operatorname{Synthesis}$ gas
(d)	$H_2O_2$			(iv)	Non-planar structure
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	
(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	
(3)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	
(4)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	

**138.** The mixture which shows positive deviation from Raoult's law is :

- (1) Benzene + Toluene
- (2) Acetone + Chloroform
- (3) Chloroethane + Bromoethane
- (4) Ethanol + Acetone

**139.** Identify the **correct** statement from the following :

- $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{(1)} & \mbox{Blister copper has blistered appearance due} \\ & \mbox{to evolution of CO}_2. \end{array}$
- (2) Vapour phase refining is carried out for Nickel by Van Arkel method.
- (3) Pig iron can be moulded into a variety of shapes.
- (4) Wrought iron is impure iron with 4% carbon.
- 140. Urea reacts with water to form A which will decompose to form B. B when passed through  $Cu^{2+}$  (aq), deep blue colour solution C is formed. What is the formula of C from the following ?
  - (1)  $[Cu(NH_3)_4]^{2+}$
  - (2) Cu(OH)<sub>2</sub>
  - (3)  $CuCO_3 \cdot Cu(OH)_2$
  - (4)  $CuSO_4$
- **141.** Hydrolysis of sucrose is given by the following reaction.

 $Sucrose + H_2O \rightleftharpoons Glucose + Fructose$ 

If the equilibrium constant  $(K_c)$  is  $2\times 10^{13}$  at 300 K, the value of  $\Delta_r G^{\ominus}$  at the same temperature will be :

- (1)  $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (2)  $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(3 \times 10^{13})$
- (3)  $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(4 \times 10^{13})$
- (4)  $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$

#### 142. Identify the incorrect match.

	Name	IUPAC Official Name		
(a)	Unnilunium	(i)	Mendelevium	
(b)	Unniltrium	(ii)	Lawrencium	
(c)	Unnilhexium	(iii)	Seaborgium	
(d)	Unununnium	(iv)	Darmstadtium	
(1)	(b), (ii)			
(2)	(c), (iii)			
(3)	(d), (iv)			
(4)	(a), (i)			

- 143. Which of the following is a basic amino acid ?
  - (1) Alanine
  - (2) Tyrosine
  - (3) Lysine
  - (4) Serine

- 144. What is the change in oxidation number of carbon in the following reaction ?
  - $\mathrm{CH}_4(\mathbf{g}) + 4\mathrm{Cl}_2(\mathbf{g}) \longrightarrow \mathrm{CCl}_4(\mathbf{l}) + 4\mathrm{HCl}(\mathbf{g})$
  - (1) 0 to + 4
  - (2) -4 to +4
  - (3) 0 to -4
  - (4) +4 to +4
- 145. Sucrose on hydrolysis gives :
  - (1)  $\alpha$ -D-Glucose +  $\beta$ -D-Glucose
  - (2)  $\alpha$ -D-Glucose +  $\beta$ -D-Fructose
  - (3)  $\alpha$ -D-Fructose +  $\beta$ -D-Fructose
  - (4)  $\beta$ -D-Glucose +  $\alpha$ -D-Fructose
- 146. The number of Faradays(F) required to produce 20 g of calcium from molten  $CaCl_2$  (Atomic mass of Ca = 40 g mol<sup>-1</sup>) is :
  - (1) 2
  - (2) 3
  - (3) 4
  - (4) 1
- 147. For the reaction,  $2\mathrm{Cl}(g)\to\mathrm{Cl}_2(g),$  the correct option is :
  - (1)  $\Delta_r H > 0 \text{ and } \Delta_r S < 0$
  - (2)  $\Delta_r H < 0 \text{ and } \Delta_r S > 0$
  - (3)  $\Delta_r H < 0 \text{ and } \Delta_r S < 0$
  - (4)  $\Delta_r H > 0 \text{ and } \Delta_r S > 0$
- 148. The following metal ion activates many enzymes, participates in the oxidation of glucose to produce ATP and with Na, is responsible for the transmission of nerve signals.
  - (1) Copper
  - (2) Calcium
  - (3) Potassium
  - (4) Iron
- 149. Identify the incorrect statement.
  - (1) The transition metals and their compounds are known for their catalytic activity due to their ability to adopt multiple oxidation states and to form complexes.
  - (2) Interstitial compounds are those that are formed when small atoms like H, C or N are trapped inside the crystal lattices of metals.
  - (3) The oxidation states of chromium in  $CrO_4^{2-}$

and  $Cr_2O_7^{2-}$  are not the same.

(4)  $Cr^{2+}(d^4)$  is a stronger reducing agent than  $Fe^{2+}(d^6)$  in water.

- **150.** An increase in the concentration of the reactants of a reaction leads to change in :
  - (1) heat of reaction
  - (2) threshold energy
  - (3) collision frequency
  - (4) activation energy
- **151.** Reaction between benzaldehyde and acetophenone in presence of dilute NaOH is known as :
  - (1) Cannizzaro's reaction
  - (2) Cross Cannizzaro's reaction
  - (3) Cross Aldol condensation
  - (4) Aldol condensation
- **152.** A tertiary butyl carbocation is more stable than a secondary butyl carbocation because of which of the following ?
  - (1) + R effect of  $CH_3$  groups
  - (2)  $-R \text{ effect of } -CH_3 \text{ groups}$
  - (3) Hyperconjugation
  - (4)  $-I \text{ effect of } -CH_3 \text{ groups}$
- 153. Find out the solubility of  $Ni(OH)_2$  in 0.1 M NaOH. Given that the ionic product of  $Ni(OH)_2$  is  $2 \times 10^{-15}$ .
  - (1)  $2 \times 10^{-8} \,\mathrm{M}$
  - (2)  $1 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
  - (3)  $1 \times 10^8 \,\mathrm{M}$
  - (4)  $2 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
- 154. Identify a molecule which does not exist.
  - (1)  $Li_2$
  - (2) C<sub>2</sub>
  - $(3) \quad O_2$
  - (4) He<sub>2</sub>
- **155.** Elimination reaction of 2-Bromo-pentane to form pent-2-ene is :
  - (a)  $\beta$ -Elimination reaction
  - (b) Follows Zaitsev rule
  - (c) Dehydrohalogenation reaction
  - (d) Dehydration reaction
  - (1) (a), (c), (d)
  - (2) (b), (c), (d)
  - (3) (a), (b), (d)
  - (4) (a), (b), (c)

G1				
156.	Measuring Zeta potential is useful in do which property of colloidal solution ?			
	(1)	Solubility		
	(2)	Stability of the colloidal particles		
	(3)	Size of the colloidal particles		
	(4)	Viscosity		

#### 157. The number of protons, neutrons and electrons in <sup>175</sup><sub>71</sub>Lu, respectively, are:

(1)104, 71 and 71

- (2)71, 71 and 104
- (3)175, 104 and 71
- (4)71. 104 and 71
- 158. Identify the **correct** statements from the following:
  - (a)  $CO_2(g)$  is used as refrigerant for ice-cream and frozen food.
  - The structure of  $\mathrm{C}_{60}$  contains twelve six (b) carbon rings and twenty five carbon rings.
  - (c) ZSM-5, a type of zeolite, is used to convert alcohols into gasoline.
  - (d) CO is colorless and odourless gas.
  - (1)(a) and (c) only
  - (2)(b) and (c) only
  - (3)(c) and (d) only
  - (4)(a), (b) and (c) only
- An element has a body centered cubic (bcc) 159. structure with a cell edge of 288 pm. The atomic radius is :

(1) 
$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$$
  
(2)  $\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$   
(3)  $\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$   
(4)  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$ 

4

Paper chromatography is an example of: 160.

- Partition chromatography (1)
- (2)Thin layer chromatography
- Column chromatography (3)
- Adsorption chromatography (4)

18

useful in determining

- 161. Which of the following oxoacid of sulphur has -O-O-linkage?
  - (1) $H_2SO_4$ , sulphuric acid
  - H<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>8</sub>, peroxodisulphuric acid (2)
  - (3) $H_2S_2O_7$ , pyrosulphuric acid
  - (4)H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>, sulphurous acid
- 162. The rate constant for a first order reaction is  $4.606 \times 10^{-3}$  s<sup>-1</sup>. The time required to reduce 2.0 g of the reactant to 0.2 g is :
  - $200 \mathrm{s}$ (1)
  - (2) $500 \mathrm{s}$
  - (3) $1000\,\mathrm{s}$
  - (4) $100 \, \mathrm{s}$
- 163. Which of the following alkane cannot be made in good yield by Wurtz reaction?
  - (1)2,3-Dimethylbutane
  - (2)n-Heptane
  - (3)n-Butane
  - (4)n-Hexane

#### **164.** Match the following :

	Oxide		Nature	
(a)	CO	(i)	Basic	
(b)	BaO	(ii)	Neutral	
(c)	$Al_2O_3$	(iii)	Acidic	
(d)	$Cl_2O_7$	(iv)	Amphoteric	
Which of the following is <b>correct</b> option?				

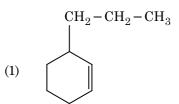
(a) **(b)** (c) (d) (1)(ii) (iv) (iii) (i) (2)(iii) (i) (ii) (iv) (3)(iv) (ii) (i) (iii)

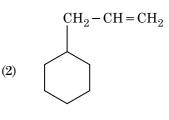
- (4)(iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
- 165. A mixture of N<sub>2</sub> and Ar gases in a cylinder contains  $7 \text{ g of } N_2$  and 8 g of Ar. If the total pressure of the mixture of the gases in the cylinder is 27 bar, the partial pressure of  $N_2$  is :

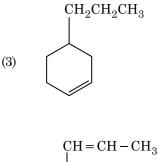
[Use atomic masses (in  $g \mod^{-1}$ ): N = 14, Ar = 40]

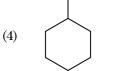
- 12 bar (1)
- (2)15 bar
- (3)18 bar
- (4)9 bar

**166.** An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is :



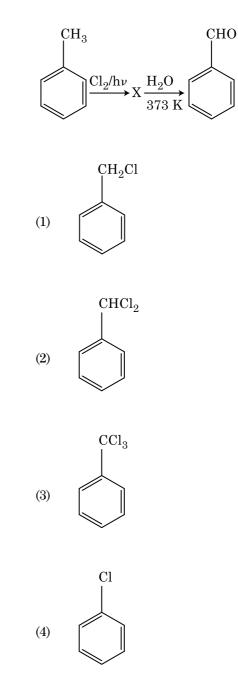






- 167. The freezing point depression constant  $(K_f)$  of benzene is 5.12 K kg mol<sup>-1</sup>. The freezing point depression for the solution of molality 0.078 m containing a non-electrolyte solute in benzene is (rounded off upto two decimal places):
  - (1) 0.80 K
  - $(2) \quad 0.40 \,\mathrm{K}$
  - (3) 0.60 K
  - (4) 0.20 K
- **168.** The correct option for free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition is :
  - (1)  $q = 0, \Delta T < 0 \text{ and } w > 0$
  - (2)  $q < 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
  - $(3) \qquad q \geq 0, \ \Delta T \geq 0 \ and \ w \geq 0$
  - (4)  $q = 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$

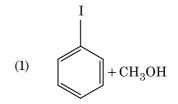
- **169.** Which one of the followings has maximum number of atoms ?
  - (1)  $1 \operatorname{g} \operatorname{of} Mg(s)$  [Atomic mass of Mg = 24]
  - (2)  $1 \operatorname{g} \operatorname{of} O_2(g)$  [Atomic mass of O = 16]
  - (3) 1 g of Li(s) [Atomic mass of Li=7]
  - (4)  $1 \operatorname{g} \operatorname{of} \operatorname{Ag}(s)$  [Atomic mass of Ag = 108]
- **170.** Identify compound X in the following sequence of reactions :

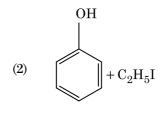


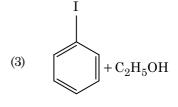
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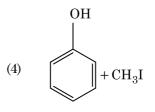
- 171. Which of the following is the **correct** order of increasing field strength of ligands to form coordination compounds?
  - (1)  $SCN^- < F^- < CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-}$
  - (2)  $F^- < SCN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
  - (3)  $CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < SCN^- < F^-$
  - (4)  $SCN^- < F^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
- 172. Which of the following is a natural polymer?
  - (1) poly (Butadiene-styrene)
  - (2) polybutadiene
  - (3) poly (Butadiene-acrylonitrile)
  - (4) *cis*-1,4-polyisoprene
- **173.** Which of the following set of molecules will have zero dipole moment ?
  - (1) Boron trifluoride, hydrogen fluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
  - (2) Nitrogen trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
  - (3) Boron trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
  - (4) Ammonia, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
- **174.** HCl was passed through a solution of CaCl<sub>2</sub>, MgCl<sub>2</sub> and NaCl. Which of the following compound(s) crystallise(s) ?
  - (1) Only NaCl
  - (2)  $Only MgCl_2$
  - (3) NaCl,  $MgCl_2$  and  $CaCl_2$
  - (4) Both  $MgCl_2$  and  $CaCl_2$

- **175.** Which of the following is **not** correct about carbon monoxide ?
  - (1) It reduces oxygen carrying ability of blood.
  - (2) The carboxyhaemoglobin (haemoglobin bound to CO) is less stable than oxyhaemoglobin.
  - (3) It is produced due to incomplete combustion.
  - (4) It forms carboxyhaemoglobin.
- 176. Anisole on cleavage with HI gives :



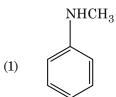


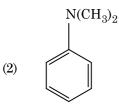


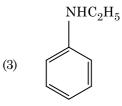


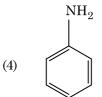
#### 20

177. Which of the following amine will give the carbylamine test?









- **178.** Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium chloride followed by hydrolysis will give :
  - (1) Sec. butyl alcohol
  - (2) Tert. butyl alcohol
  - (3) Isobutyl alcohol
  - (4) Isopropyl alcohol

- **179.** On electrolysis of dil.sulphuric acid using Platinum (Pt) electrode, the product obtained at anode will be :
  - (1) Oxygen gas
  - (2)  $H_2S$  gas
  - (3)  $SO_2$  gas
  - (4) Hydrogen gas

**180.** Which of the following is a cationic detergent ?

- (1) Sodium stearate
- (2) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide
- (3) Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate
- (4) Sodium lauryl sulphate

- 0 0 0 -

# 22 Space For Rough Work

# 23 Space For Rough Work

# 24 Space For Rough Work