

P3

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

Important Instructions :

1. The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on OFFICE Copy carefully with **blue/black** ball point pen only.
2. The test is of **3 hours** duration and the Test Booklet contains **200** multiple-choice questions (four options with a single correct answer) from **Physics, Chemistry and Biology (Botany and Zoology)**. **50** questions in each subject are divided into **two Sections (A and B)** as per details given below :
 - (a) **Section A** shall consist of **35 (Thirty-five)** Questions in each subject (Question Nos - 1 to 35, 51 to 85, 101 to 135 and 151 to 185). All questions are compulsory.
 - (b) **Section B** shall consist of **15 (Fifteen)** questions in each subject (Question Nos - 36 to 50, 86 to 100, 136 to 150 and 186 to 200). In Section B, a candidate needs to **attempt any 10 (Ten)** questions out of **15 (Fifteen)** in each subject.
3. **Candidates are advised to read all 15 questions in each subject of Section B before they start attempting the question paper.** In the event of a candidate attempting more than ten questions, **the first ten questions answered by the candidate shall be evaluated.**
4. Each question carries 4 marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get 4 marks. For each incorrect response, **one mark will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are 720.**
5. Use **Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only** for writing particulars on this page/markings responses on Answer Sheet.
6. Rough work is to be done in the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
7. On completion of the test, the candidate **must hand over the Answer Sheet (ORIGINAL and OFFICE Copy) to the Invigilator** before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
8. **The CODE for this Booklet is P3. Make sure that the CODE printed on the Original Copy of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet.** In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
9. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet.
10. Use of white fluid for correction is **NOT** permissible on the Answer Sheet.
11. Each candidate must show on-demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
12. No candidate, without special permission of the centre Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
13. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign (with time) the Attendance Sheet **twice. Cases, where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time, will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an Unfair Means case.**
14. Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
15. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Room/Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per the Rules and Regulations of this examination.
16. **No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.**
17. The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

Section - A (Physics)

1. A body is executing simple harmonic motion with frequency 'n', the frequency of its potential energy is :

- (1) $4n$
(2) n
(3) $2n$
(4) $3n$



2. Polar molecules are the molecules :

- (1) having a permanent electric dipole moment.
(2) having zero dipole moment.
(3) acquire a dipole moment only in the presence of electric field due to displacement of charges.
(4) acquire a dipole moment only when magnetic field is absent.

3. Column - I gives certain physical terms associated with flow of current through a metallic conductor. Column - II gives some mathematical relations involving electrical quantities. Match Column - I and Column - II with appropriate relations.

Column - I

Column - II

(A) Drift Velocity

(P) $\frac{m}{ne^2\rho}$

(B) Electrical Resistivity

(Q) nev_d

(C) Relaxation Period

(R) $\frac{eE}{m}\tau$

(D) Current Density

(S) $\frac{E}{J}$

(1) (A)-(R), (B)-(Q), (C)-(S), (D)-(P)

(2) (A)-(R), (B)-(S), (C)-(P), (D)-(Q)

(3) (A)-(R), (B)-(S), (C)-(Q), (D)-(P)

(4) (A)-(R), (B)-(P), (C)-(S), (D)-(Q)

$$J = neAv_d$$

4. Two charged spherical conductors of radius R_1 and R_2 are connected by a wire. Then the ratio of surface charge densities of the spheres (σ_1/σ_2) is :

(1) $\frac{R_1^2}{R_2^2}$

(2) $\frac{R_1}{R_2}$

(3) $\frac{R_2}{R_1}$

(4) $\sqrt{\frac{R_1}{R_2}}$

$$(4\pi R_2^2)$$

$$(4\pi R_1^2)$$

$$\frac{\sigma_1}{\sigma_2} =$$

5.

A parallel plate capacitor has a uniform electric field ' E ' in the space between the plates. If the distance between the plates is ' d ' and the area of each plate is ' A ', the energy stored in the capacitor is : (ϵ_0 = permittivity of free space)

(1) $\frac{E^2 Ad}{\epsilon_0}$

(2) $\frac{1}{2} \epsilon_0 E^2$

(3) $\epsilon_0 EAd$

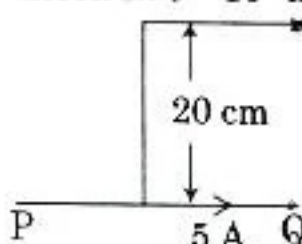
(4) $\frac{1}{2} \epsilon_0 E^2 Ad$

$$\frac{1}{2} \epsilon_0 E^2 \times \frac{Ad}{d}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \epsilon_0 E^2 Ad$$

6.

An infinitely long straight conductor carries a current of 5 A as shown. An electron is moving with a speed of 10^5 m/s parallel to the conductor. The perpendicular distance between the electron and the conductor is 20 cm at an instant. Calculate the magnitude of the force experienced by the electron at that instant.

Electron $v = 10^5$ m/s

(1) 8×10^{-20} N

(2) 4×10^{-20} N

(3) $8\pi \times 10^{-20}$ N

(4) $4\pi \times 10^{-20}$ N

$$F = q(v \times B)$$

$$F = v$$

7.

If E and G respectively denote energy and gravitational constant, then $\frac{E}{G}$ has the dimensions of :

(1) $[M^2][L^{-2}][T^{-1}]$

(2) $[M^2][L^{-1}][T^0]$

(3) $[M][L^{-1}][T^{-1}]$

(4) $[M][L^0][T^0]$

$$\frac{[ML^2T^{-2}]}{[M^2L^3T^{-2}]}$$

$$[M^{-1}L^{-1}T^0]$$

8.

A lens of large focal length and large aperture is best suited as an objective of an astronomical telescope since :

- (1) a large aperture contributes to the quality and visibility of the images.
(2) a large area of the objective ensures better light gathering power.
(3) a large aperture provides a better resolution.
(4) all of the above.

9. Match Column - I and Column - II and choose the correct match from the given choices.

Column - I

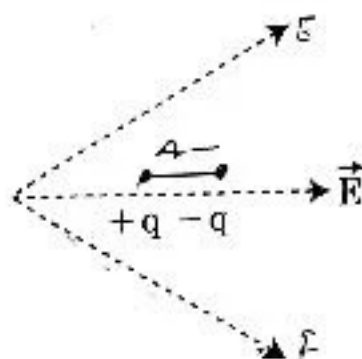
Column - II

- | | |
|---|------------------------------|
| (A) Root mean square speed of gas molecules | (P) $\frac{1}{3}nm\bar{v}^2$ |
| (B) Pressure exerted by ideal gas | (Q) $\sqrt{\frac{3RT}{M}}$ |
| (C) Average kinetic energy of a molecule | (R) $\frac{5}{2}RT$ |
| (D) Total internal energy of 1 mole of a diatomic gas | (S) $\frac{3}{2}k_B T$ |
- (1) (A) - (R), (B) - (Q), (C) - (P), (D) - (S) $\frac{5}{2}RT$
- (2) (A) - (R), (B) - (P), (C) - (S), (D) - (Q)
- (3) (A) - (Q), (B) - (R), (C) - (S), (D) - (P)
- (4) (A) - (Q), (B) - (P), (C) - (S), (D) - (R)

10. Consider the following statements (A) and (B) and identify the correct answer.

- (A) A zener diode is connected in reverse bias, when used as a voltage regulator.
- (B) The potential barrier of p-n junction lies between 0.1 V to 0.3 V.
- (1) (A) is incorrect but (B) is correct.
- (2) (A) and (B) both are correct.
- (3) (A) and (B) both are incorrect.
- (4) (A) is correct and (B) is incorrect.

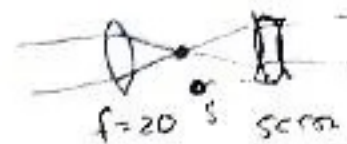
11. A dipole is placed in an electric field as shown. In which direction will it move?



- (1) towards the right as its potential energy will increase.
- (2) towards the left as its potential energy will increase.
- (3) towards the right as its potential energy will decrease.
- (4) towards the left as its potential energy will decrease.

12. A convex lens 'A' of focal length 20 cm and a concave lens 'B' of focal length 5 cm are kept along the same axis with a distance 'd' between them. If a parallel beam of light falling on 'A' leaves 'B' as a parallel beam, then the distance 'd' in cm will be:

- (1) 30
- (2) 25
- (3) 15
- (4) 50



13. The escape velocity from the Earth's surface is v . The escape velocity from the surface of another planet having a radius, four times that of Earth and same mass density is:

- (1) $4v$
- (2) v
- (3) $2v$
- (4) $3v$

$$\frac{1}{2}mv^2 = \frac{GMm}{R}$$

$$g = \frac{GM}{R^2} \Rightarrow v^2 = \sqrt{\frac{2GM}{R}}$$

$$GM = gR^2 \Rightarrow v = \sqrt{2gR}$$

14. A radioactive nucleus ${}_Z^AX$ undergoes spontaneous decay in the sequence

${}_Z^AX \rightarrow {}_{Z-1}B \rightarrow {}_{Z-3}C \rightarrow {}_{Z-2}D$, where Z is the atomic number of element X . The possible decay particles in the sequence are:

- (1) β^- , α , β^+
- (2) α , β^- , β^+
- (3) α , β^+ , β^-
- (4) β^+ , α , β^-

15. A screw gauge gives the following readings when used to measure the diameter of a wire

Main scale reading : 0 mm

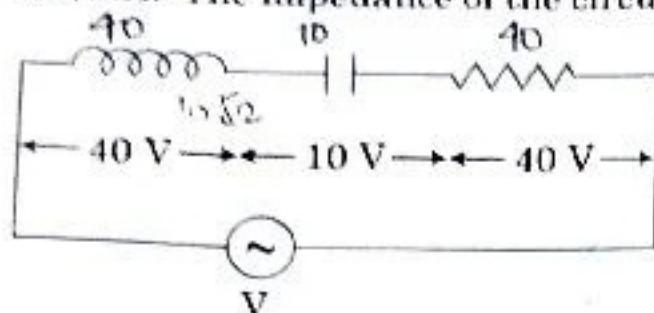
Circular scale reading : 52 divisions

Given that 1 mm on main scale corresponds to 100 divisions on the circular scale. The diameter of the wire from the above data is:

- (1) 0.052 cm 0.52 mm
- (2) 0.52 cm 0.52
- (3) 0.026 cm
- (4) 0.26 cm

16. An inductor of inductance L , a capacitor of capacitance C and a resistor of resistance R are connected in series to an ac source of potential difference V volts as shown in figure.

Potential difference across L , C and R is 40 V, 10 V and 40 V, respectively. The amplitude of current flowing through LCR series circuit is $10\sqrt{2}$ A. The impedance of the circuit is :



- (1) 5Ω
 (2) $4\sqrt{2} \Omega$
 (3) $5/\sqrt{2} \Omega$
 (4) 4Ω
17. A particle is released from height S from the surface of the Earth. At a certain height its kinetic energy is three times its potential energy. The height from the surface of earth and the speed of the particle at that instant are respectively :

- (1) $\frac{S}{4}, \sqrt{\frac{3gS}{2}}$
 (2) $\frac{S}{4}, \frac{3gS}{2}$
 (3) $\frac{S}{4}, \frac{\sqrt{3gS}}{2}$
 (4) $\frac{S}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{3gS}}{2}$

$K.E = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$
 $P = mgh$

$K.E = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$

18. A small block slides down on a smooth inclined plane, starting from rest at time $t=0$. Let S_n be the distance travelled by the block in the interval $t=n-1$ to $t=n$. Then, the ratio $\frac{S_n}{S_{n+1}}$ is :

- (1) $\frac{2n}{2n-1}$
 (2) $\frac{2n-1}{2n}$
 (3) $\frac{2n-1}{2n+1}$
 (4) $\frac{2n+1}{2n-1}$

$mgh = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$
 $v^2 = 2gh$
 $S_n = \frac{1}{2}at^2 = \frac{1}{2}g(n-1)^2$
 $S_{n+1} = \frac{1}{2}g n^2$
 $\frac{S_n}{S_{n+1}} = \frac{(n-1)^2}{n^2}$

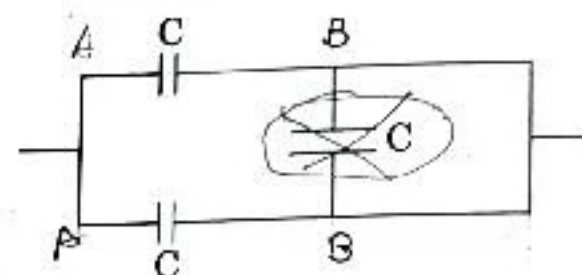
19. The half-life of a radioactive nuclide is 100 hours. The fraction of original activity that will remain after 150 hours would be :

- (1) $\frac{2}{3\sqrt{2}}$
 (2) $\frac{1}{2}$
 (3) $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$
 (4) $\frac{2}{3}$

$100 \rightarrow 50\%$
 $200 \rightarrow 25\%$

$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{3}$
 0.6
 $\frac{1.4}{3}$
 0.47
 $\frac{1}{3.0}$
 0.33

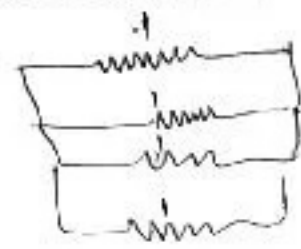
20. The equivalent capacitance of the combination shown in the figure is :



- (1) $3C/2$
 (2) $3C$
 (3) $2C$
 (4) $C/2$

21. The effective resistance of a parallel connection that consists of four wires of equal length, equal area of cross-section and same material is 0.25Ω . What will be the effective resistance if they are connected in series ?

- (1) 4Ω
 (2) 0.25Ω
 (3) 0.5Ω
 (4) 1Ω



$\frac{1}{R} = \frac{1}{R} + \frac{1}{R} + \frac{1}{R} + \frac{1}{R}$
 $R = \frac{1}{4}$

22. A nucleus with mass number 240 breaks into two fragments each of mass number 120, the binding energy per nucleon of unfragmented nuclei is 7.6 MeV while that of fragments is 8.5 MeV. The total gain in the Binding Energy in the process is :

- (1) 216 MeV
 (2) 0.9 MeV
 (3) 9.4 MeV
 (4) 804 MeV

$240 \times (8.5 - 7.6)$
 240×0.9
 216

$\frac{1}{2}mv^2$
 $v = \sqrt{\frac{2gh}{2}}$

The electron concentration in an n-type semiconductor is the same as hole concentration in a p-type semiconductor. An external field (electric) is applied across each of them. Compare the currents in them.

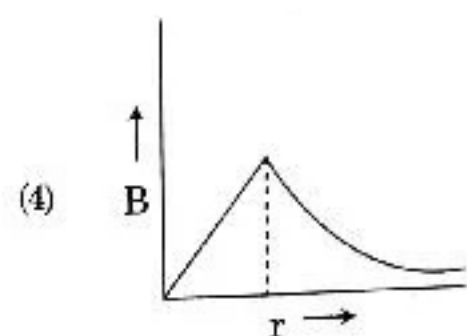
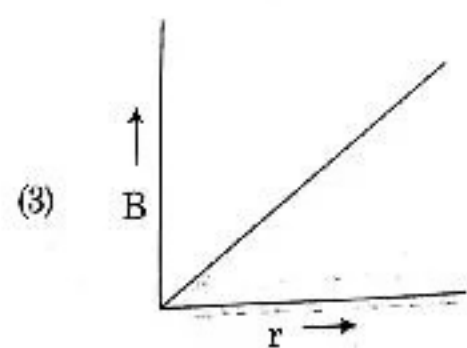
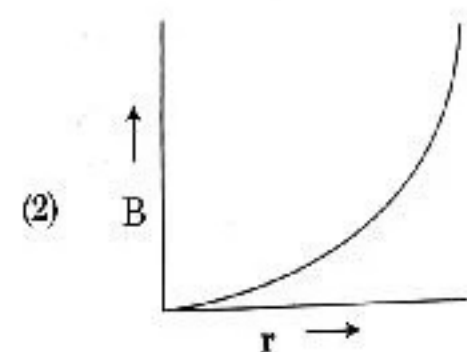
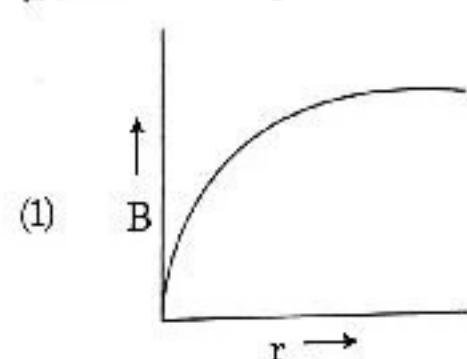
- (1) No current will flow in p-type, current will only flow in n-type.
- (2) current in n-type = current in p-type.
- (3) current in p-type > current in n-type.
- (4) current in n-type > current in p-type.

The number of photons per second on an average emitted by the source of monochromatic light of wavelength 600 nm, when it delivers the power of 3.3×10^{-3} watt will be : ($h = 6.6 \times 10^{-34}$ Js)

- (1) 10^{15}
- (2) 10^{18}
- (3) 10^{17}
- (4) 10^{16}

$$3.3 \times 10^{-3} = n \times \frac{6.6 \times 10^{-34}}{3 \times 10^{-7}}$$

A thick current carrying cable of radius 'R' carries current 'I' uniformly distributed across its cross-section. The variation of magnetic field B(r) due to the cable with the distance 'r' from the axis of the cable is represented by :

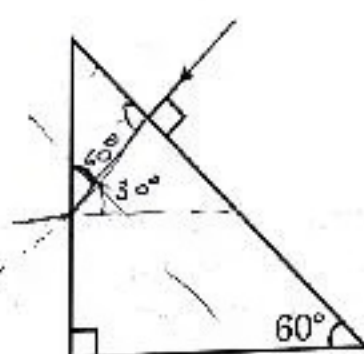


26. The velocity of a small ball of mass M and density d, when dropped in a container filled with glycerine becomes constant after some time. If the density of glycerine is $\frac{d}{2}$, then the viscous force acting on the ball will be :

- (1) $2Mg$
- (2) $\frac{Mg}{2}$
- (3) Mg
- (4) $\frac{3}{2}Mg$

eg

27. Find the value of the angle of emergence from the prism. Refractive index of the glass is $\sqrt{3}$.



$$\sin i = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \sin r$$

$$\sqrt{3} \times \frac{1}{2} = 1 \times \sin \theta$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$1 \times \sin 90^\circ = \sqrt{3} \times \sin \theta$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\sqrt{3} \times \frac{1}{2} = 1 \times \sin \theta$$

- (1) 90°
- (2) 60°
- (3) 30°
- (4) 45°

28. A capacitor of capacitance 'C', is connected across an ac source of voltage V, given by

$$V = V_0 \sin \omega t$$

The displacement current between the plates of the capacitor, would then be given by :

- (1) $I_d = V_0 \omega C \sin \omega t$
- (2) $I_d = V_0 \omega C \cos \omega t$
- (3) $I_d = \frac{V_0}{\omega C} \cos \omega t$
- (4) $I_d = \frac{V_0}{\omega C} \sin \omega t$

$$V = V_0 \sin \omega t$$

$$i = \frac{V}{R} = \frac{V_0}{\omega C} \sin \omega t$$

29. If force [F], acceleration [A] and time [T] are chosen as the fundamental physical quantities. Find the dimensions of energy.

- (1) $[F][A^{-1}][T]$
- (2) $[F][A][T]$
- (3) $[F][A][T^2]$
- (4) $[F][A][T^{-1}]$

$$MLT^{-2} \quad L\bar{T}^2 \quad \bar{T}$$

$$[F][A][T^2]$$

$$ML^2T^{-2}$$

30. In a potentiometer circuit a cell of EMF 1.5 V gives balance point at 36 cm length of wire. If another cell of EMF 2.5 V replaces the first cell, then at what length of the wire, the balance point occurs?

- (1) 62 cm
(2) 60 cm
(3) 21.6 cm
(4) 64 cm

$$\frac{1.5}{2.5} = \frac{36}{x}$$

$$x = 60$$

31. A spring is stretched by 5 cm by a force 10 N. The time period of the oscillations when a mass of 2 kg is suspended by it is:

- (1) 0.628 s
(2) 0.0628 s
(3) 6.28 s
(4) 3.14 s

$$F = \frac{1}{2} k x$$

$$10 = \frac{1}{2} k \times 5 \times 10^{-2}$$

$$k = 4 \times 10^4 \text{ N/m}$$

$$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{m}{k}}$$

$$= 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{2}{4 \times 10^4}}$$

32. For a plane electromagnetic wave propagating in x-direction, which one of the following combination gives the correct possible directions for electric field (E) and magnetic field (B) respectively?

- (1) $-\hat{j} + \hat{k}, -\hat{j} + \hat{k}$
(2) $\hat{j} + \hat{k}, \hat{j} + \hat{k}$
(3) $-\hat{j} + \hat{k}, -\hat{j} - \hat{k}$
(4) $\hat{j} + \hat{k}, -\hat{j} - \hat{k}$

$$2 \times 3.14 \times 10^{-2}$$

$$1.414$$

$$6.34 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$1.414$$

$$5.6 \times 10^{-3}$$

33. A cup of coffee cools from 90°C to 80°C in t minutes, when the room temperature is 20°C. The time taken by a similar cup of coffee to cool from 80°C to 60°C at a room temperature same at 20°C is:

- (1) $\frac{5}{13}t$
(2) $\frac{13}{10}t$
(3) $\frac{13}{5}t$
(4) $\frac{10}{13}t$

$$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{m}{k}}$$

$$= 2 \times 3.14 \times \sqrt{\frac{2}{4 \times 10^4}}$$

$$= 6.34 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$1.414$$

$$5.6 \times 10^{-3}$$

34. An electromagnetic wave of wavelength ' λ ' is incident on a photosensitive surface of negligible work function. If ' m ' mass is of photoelectron emitted from the surface has de-Broglie wavelength λ_d , then:

- (1) $\lambda = \left(\frac{2h}{mc}\right) \lambda_d^2$
(2) $\lambda = \left(\frac{2m}{hc}\right) \lambda_d^2$
(3) $\lambda_d = \left(\frac{2mc}{h}\right) \lambda^2$
(4) $\lambda = \left(\frac{2mc}{h}\right) \lambda_d^2$

$$\lambda = \frac{h}{mv}$$

$$\lambda_d = \frac{h}{mv}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{h}{mv}$$

$$\lambda_d = \frac{h}{mv}$$

35. Water falls from a height of 60 m at the rate of 15 kg/s to operate a turbine. The losses due to frictional force are 10% of the input energy. How much power is generated by the turbine?

- (g = 10 m/s²)
(1) 7.0 kW
(2) 10.2 kW
(3) 8.1 kW
(4) 12.3 kW

$$P = \frac{1}{2} \rho A v^3$$

$$P = \frac{1}{2} \rho A v^3$$

$$P = \frac{1}{2} \rho A v^3$$

Section - B (Physics)

36. Twenty seven drops of same size are charged at 220 V each. They combine to form a bigger drop. Calculate the potential of the bigger drop.

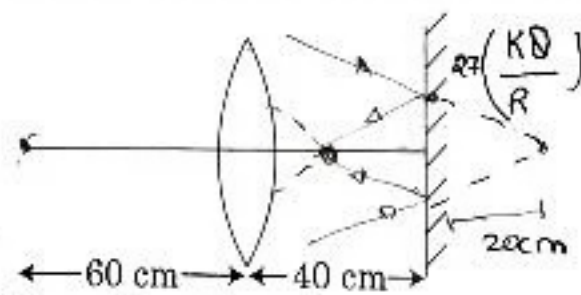
- (1) 1980 V
(2) 660 V
(3) 1320 V
(4) 1520 V

$$15 \times 60 \times 10$$

$$9000 \times 10$$

$$90000$$

37. A point object is placed at a distance of 60 cm from a convex lens of focal length 30 cm. If a plane mirror were put perpendicular to the principal axis of the lens and at a distance of 40 cm from it, the final image would be formed at a distance of:



- (1) 20 cm from the plane mirror, it would be a virtual image.
(2) 20 cm from the lens, it would be a real image.
(3) 30 cm from the lens, it would be a real image.
(4) 30 cm from the plane mirror, it would be a virtual image.

$$\frac{1}{30} = \frac{1}{v} + \frac{1}{60}$$

$$\frac{1}{30} = \frac{1}{v} + \frac{1}{60}$$

$$\frac{1}{30} = \frac{1}{v} + \frac{1}{60}$$

$$F = \frac{1}{2} kx$$

$$\frac{10 \times 2}{5} = K = 4 \text{ N/m} \quad 400 \text{ N/m}$$

7

38. A particle of mass 'm' is projected with a velocity $v = kV_e$ ($k < 1$) from the surface of the earth. (V_e = escape velocity)

The maximum height above the surface reached by the particle is :

(1) $\frac{Rk^2}{1-k^2}$

$$\frac{1}{2} m k^2 v_e^2 = mgh$$

$$\frac{1}{2} m k^2 v_e^2 = \frac{GMm}{R}$$

(2) $R \left(\frac{k}{1-k} \right)^2$

(3) $R \left(\frac{k}{1+k} \right)^2$

(4) $\frac{R^2 k}{1+k}$

$$\sqrt{\frac{2GM}{R}}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} k^2 \times \frac{2GM}{R} = \frac{GM}{R}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} k^2 \times 2 = 1 \Rightarrow k^2 = 1 \Rightarrow k = 1$$

39. In the product

$$\vec{F} = q(\vec{v} \times \vec{B})$$

$$= q \vec{v} \times (\hat{B}_i + \hat{B}_j + \hat{B}_k)$$

For $q = 1$ and $\vec{v} = 2\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} + 6\hat{k}$ and

$$\vec{F} = 4\hat{i} - 20\hat{j} + 12\hat{k}$$

What will be the complete expression for \vec{B} ?

(1) $6\hat{i} + 6\hat{j} - 8\hat{k}$ $\vec{F} = q(\vec{v} \times \vec{B})$

(2) $-8\hat{i} - 8\hat{j} - 6\hat{k}$ $4\hat{i} - 20\hat{j} + 12\hat{k} = (2\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} + 6\hat{k} \times \vec{B})$

(3) $-6\hat{i} - 6\hat{j} - 8\hat{k}$ $8\hat{i} + 8\hat{j} - 6\hat{k}$

(4) $8\hat{i} + 8\hat{j} - 6\hat{k}$

40. Two conducting circular loops of radii R_1 and R_2 are placed in the same plane with their centres coinciding. If $R_1 \gg R_2$, the mutual inductance M between them will be directly proportional to :

(1) $\frac{R_2^2}{R_1}$

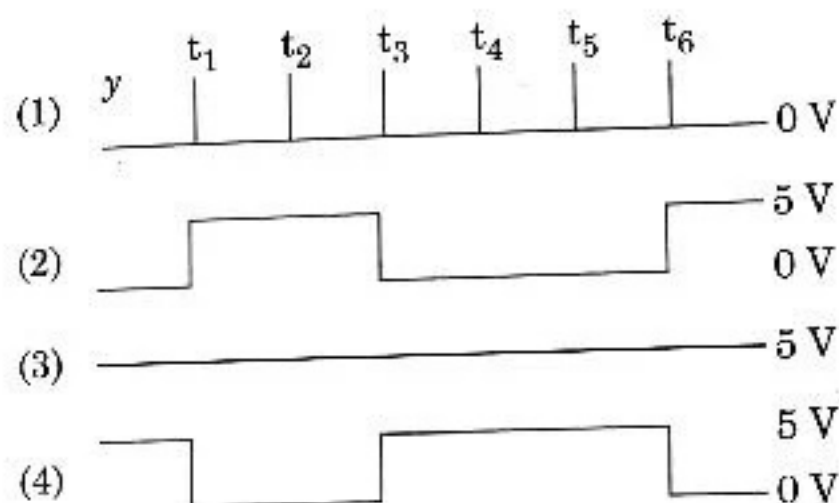
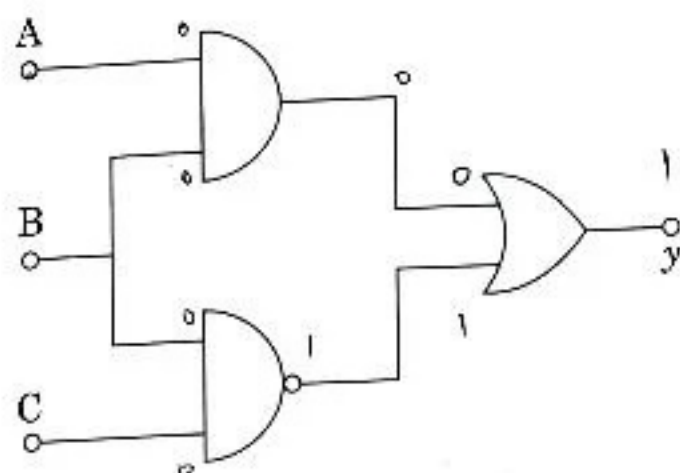
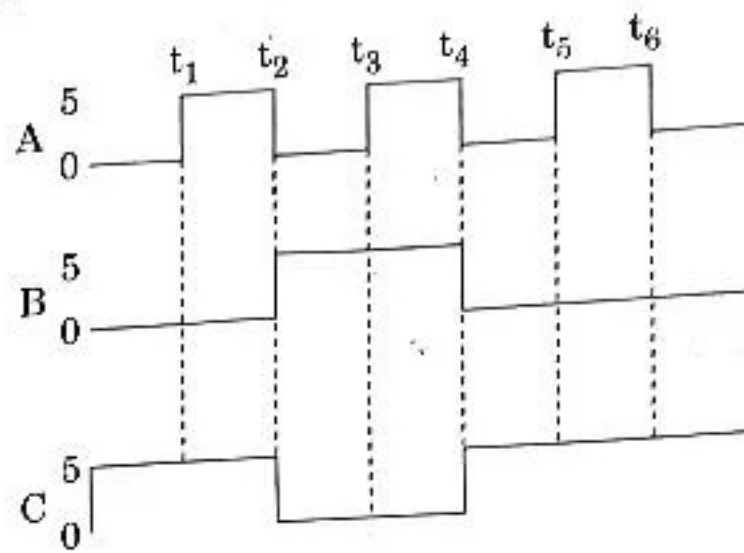
(2) $\frac{R_1}{R_2}$

(3) $\frac{R_2}{R_1}$

(4) $\frac{R_1^2}{R_2}$

41.

For the given circuit, the input digital signals are applied at the terminals A, B and C. What would be the output at the terminal y ?



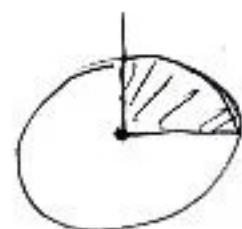
42. From a circular ring of mass 'M' and radius 'R' an arc corresponding to a 90° sector is removed. The moment of inertia of the remaining part of the ring about an axis passing through the centre of the ring and perpendicular to the plane of the ring is 'K' times ' MR^2 '. Then the value of 'K' is :

(1) $\frac{1}{8}$

(2) $\frac{3}{4}$

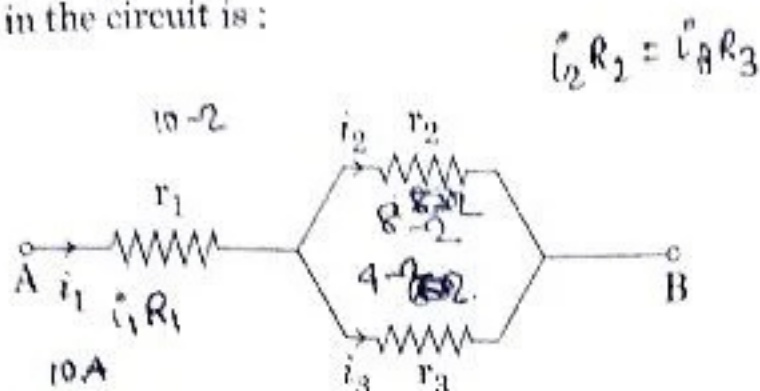
(3) $\frac{7}{8}$

(4) $\frac{1}{4}$



$$MR^2 - MR^2 \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{4} MR^2$$

43. Three resistors having resistances r_1 , r_2 and r_3 are connected as shown in the given circuit. The ratio $\frac{i_3}{i_1}$ of currents in terms of resistances used in the circuit is:



(1) $\frac{r_2}{r_1 + r_3}$

(2) $\frac{r_1}{r_2 + r_3}$

(3) $\frac{r_2}{r_2 + r_3}$

(4) $\frac{r_1}{r_1 + r_2}$

$i_3 = \frac{i_1 r_2}{r_2 + r_3}$

$i_1 = i_2 + i_3$

$\frac{i_3}{i_1} = \frac{i_3}{i_2 + i_3}$

$= \frac{32}{12}$
 $v = i_1 \times \frac{32}{12}$

$v = i_1 \times \frac{r_2 r_3}{r_2 + r_3}$

$i_3 = \frac{i_1 r_2 r_3}{(r_2 + r_3) \times r_3}$

44. A car starts from rest and accelerates at 5 m/s^2 . At $t = 4 \text{ s}$, a ball is dropped out of a window by a person sitting in the car. What is the velocity and acceleration of the ball at $t = 6 \text{ s}$? (Take $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$)

(1) $20\sqrt{2} \text{ m/s}, 10 \text{ m/s}^2$

(2) $20 \text{ m/s}, 5 \text{ m/s}^2$

(3) $20 \text{ m/s}, 0$

(4) $20\sqrt{2} \text{ m/s}, 0$

5 m/s^2

$v = 5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ m/s}$



45. A step down transformer connected to an ac mains supply of 220 V is made to operate at 11 V , 44 W lamp. Ignoring power losses in the transformer, what is the current in the primary circuit?

(1) 4 A

(2) 0.2 A

(3) 0.4 A

(4) 2 A

$P = \frac{V^2}{R} \quad P = \frac{V^2}{R}$

$R = \frac{121}{44}$

$i = \frac{220 \times 44}{121}$

80

46. A ball of mass 0.15 kg is dropped from a height 10 m , strikes the ground and rebounds to the same height. The magnitude of impulse imparted to the ball is ($g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$) nearly:

(1) 1.4 kg m/s

(2) 0 kg m/s

(3) 4.2 kg m/s

(4) 2.1 kg m/s

$v = \sqrt{2 \times 10 \times 10}$

$0.15 \times 2 \times \sqrt{200}$

$0.3 \times 10 \sqrt{2}$
 0.3×14.14
 4.23

47. A series LCR circuit containing 5.0 H inductor, $80 \mu\text{F}$ capacitor and 40Ω resistor is connected to 230 V variable frequency ac source. The angular frequencies of the source at which power transferred to the circuit is half the power at the resonant angular frequency are likely to be:

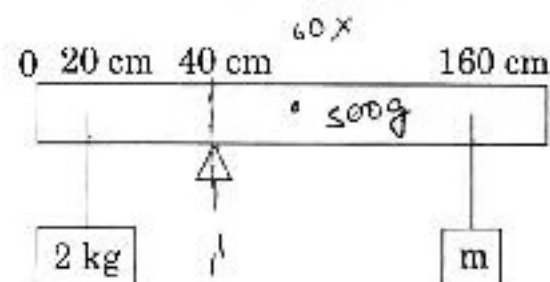
(1) 42 rad/s and 58 rad/s

(2) 25 rad/s and 75 rad/s

(3) 50 rad/s and 25 rad/s

(4) 46 rad/s and 54 rad/s

48. A uniform rod of length 200 cm and mass 500 g is balanced on a wedge placed at 40 cm mark. A mass of 2 kg is suspended from the rod at 20 cm and another unknown mass ' m ' is suspended from the rod at 160 cm mark as shown in the figure. Find the value of ' m ' such that the rod is in equilibrium. ($g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$)



(1) $\frac{1}{12} \text{ kg}$

(2) $\frac{1}{2} \text{ kg}$

(3) $\frac{1}{3} \text{ kg}$

(4) $\frac{1}{6} \text{ kg}$

$2 \times 20 = 50 \times 0$
 $+ 120 \times m$

$40 - 30$

$10 = 120 \times m$
 $m = \frac{1}{12}$

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$i = \frac{11 \times 44}{121}$

49.

A particle moving in a circle of radius R with a uniform speed takes a time T to complete one revolution.

If this particle were projected with the same speed at an angle ' θ ' to the horizontal, the maximum height attained by it equals $4R$. The angle of projection, θ , is then given by:

$$(1) \theta = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{2gT^2}{\pi^2 R} \right)^{1/2}$$

$$(2) \theta = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{gT^2}{\pi^2 R} \right)^{1/2}$$

$$(3) \theta = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{\pi^2 R}{gT^2} \right)^{1/2}$$

$$(4) \theta = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{\pi^2 R}{gT^2} \right)^{1/2}$$

$$v = \frac{2\pi R}{T}$$

$$H_{\max} = v^2 \sin^2 \theta / 2g$$

$$4R = \frac{v^2 \sin^2 \theta}{2g}$$

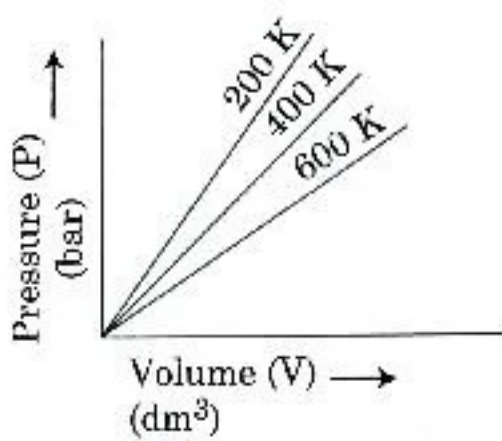
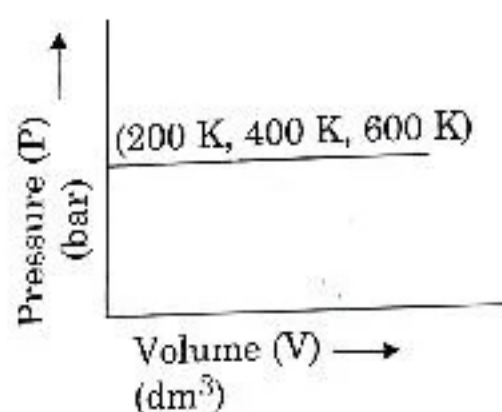
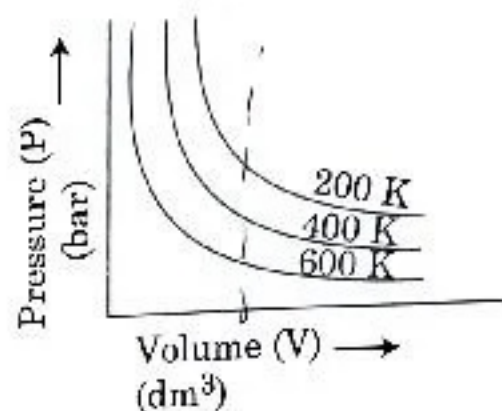
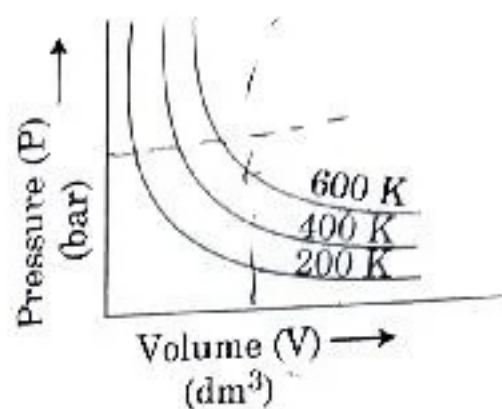
$$\frac{4\pi^2 R^2}{T^2} = \frac{2g \times 4R \times 2}{g \sin^2 \theta}$$

$$\sin^2 \theta = \frac{2gT^2}{\pi^2 R}$$

9

53.

Choose the correct option for graphical representation of Boyle's law, which shows a graph of pressure vs. volume of a gas at different temperatures:



50.

A uniform conducting wire of length $12a$ and resistance ' R ' is wound up as a current carrying coil in the shape of,

- an equilateral triangle of side ' a '.
- a square of side ' a '.

The magnetic dipole moments of the coil in each case respectively are:

- $4 Ia^2$ and $3 Ia^2$
- $\sqrt{3} Ia^2$ and $3 Ia^2$
- $3 Ia^2$ and Ia^2
- $3 Ia^2$ and $4 Ia^2$

$$\mu = 2\pi r^2 I$$

Section - A (Chemistry)

51.

Right option for the number of tetrahedral and octahedral voids in hexagonal primitive unit cell are:

- 12, 6
- 8, 4
- 6, 12
- 2, 1

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52.

Zr ($Z=40$) and Hf ($Z=72$) have similar atomic and ionic radii because of:

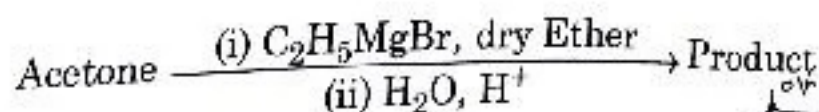
- having similar chemical properties
- belonging to same group
- diagonal relationship
- lanthanoid contraction

54.

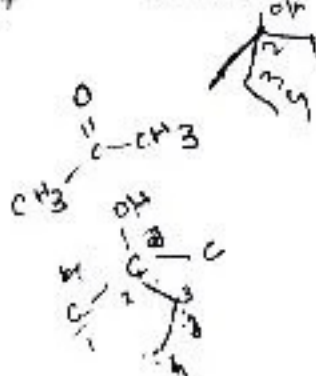
The right option for the statement "Tyndall effect is exhibited by", is:

- Urea solution
- NaCl solution
- Glucose solution
- Starch solution

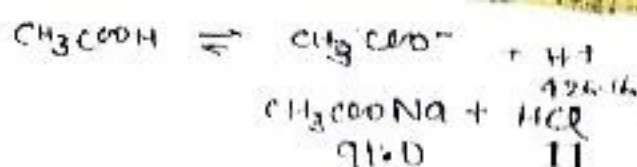
55. Which one among the following is the correct option for right relationship between C_p and C_v for one mole of ideal gas?
- $C_v = RC_p$
 - $C_p + C_v = R$
 - $C_p - C_v = R$
 - $C_p = RC_v$
56. The structures of beryllium chloride in solid state and vapour phase, are :
- Chain in both
 - Chain and dimer, respectively
 - Linear in both
 - Dimer and Linear, respectively
57. Tritium, a radioactive isotope of hydrogen, emits which of the following particles?
- Neutron (n)
 - Beta (β^-)
 - Alpha (α)
 - Gamma (γ)
58. The major product formed in dehydrohalogenation reaction of 2-Bromo pentane is Pent-2-ene. This product formation is based on?
- Huckel's Rule
 - Saytzeff's Rule
 - Hund's Rule
 - Hofmann Rule
59. BF_3 is planar and electron deficient compound. Hybridization and number of electrons around the central atom, respectively are :
- sp^2 and 8
 - sp^3 and 4
 - sp^3 and 6
 - sp^2 and 6
60. What is the IUPAC name of the organic compound formed in the following chemical reaction?



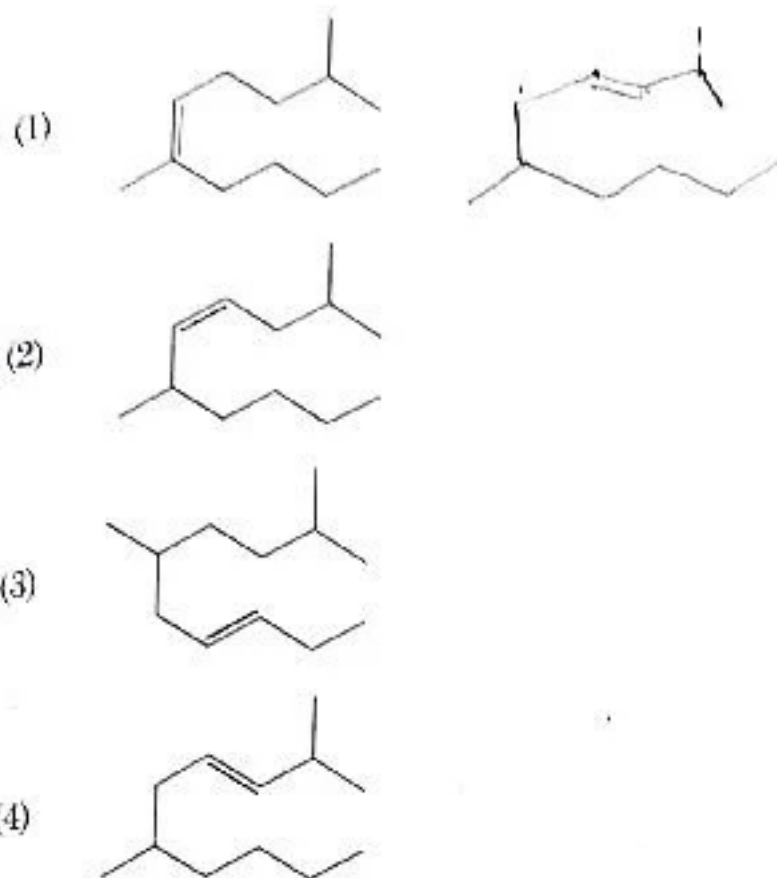
- 2-methyl butan-2-ol
- 2-methyl propan-2-ol
- pentan-2-ol
- pentan-3-ol



61. The RBC deficiency is deficiency disease of:
- Vitamin B_2
 - Vitamin B_{12}
 - Vitamin B_6
 - Vitamin B_1
62. The molar conductance of NaCl, HCl and CH_3COONa at infinite dilution are 126.45, 426.16 and $91.0 \text{ S cm}^2 \text{ mol}^{-1}$ respectively. The molar conductance of CH_3COOH at infinite dilution is. Choose the right option for your answer.
- $540.48 \text{ S cm}^2 \text{ mol}^{-1}$
 - $201.28 \text{ S cm}^2 \text{ mol}^{-1}$
 - $390.71 \text{ S cm}^2 \text{ mol}^{-1}$
 - $698.28 \text{ S cm}^2 \text{ mol}^{-1}$
63. The incorrect statement among the following is :
- Actinoids are highly reactive metals, especially when finely divided.
 - Actinoid contraction is greater for element to element than Lanthanoid contraction.
 - Most of the trivalent Lanthanoid ions are colorless in the solid state.
 - Lanthanoids are good conductors of heat and electricity.
64. Statement I :
Acid strength increases in the order given as $HF \ll HCl \ll HBr \ll HI$.
- Statement II :
As the size of the elements F, Cl, Br, I increases down the group, the bond strength of HF, HCl, HBr and HI decreases and so the acid strength increases.
- In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below.
- Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is true.
 - Both Statement I and Statement II are true.
 - Both Statement I and Statement II are false.
 - Statement I is correct but Statement II is false.



65. The correct structure of 2,6-Dimethyl-dec-4-ene is :



66. The correct sequence of bond enthalpy of 'C-X' bond is :

- (1) $\text{CH}_3-\text{Cl} > \text{CH}_3-\text{F} > \text{CH}_3-\text{Br} > \text{CH}_3-\text{I}$
 (2) $\text{CH}_3-\text{F} < \text{CH}_3-\text{Cl} < \text{CH}_3-\text{Br} < \text{CH}_3-\text{I}$
 (3) $\text{CH}_3-\text{F} > \text{CH}_3-\text{Cl} > \text{CH}_3-\text{Br} > \text{CH}_3-\text{I}$
 (4) $\text{CH}_3-\text{F} < \text{CH}_3-\text{Cl} > \text{CH}_3-\text{Br} > \text{CH}_3-\text{I}$

67. A particular station of All India Radio, New Delhi, broadcasts on a frequency of 1,368 kHz (kilohertz). The wavelength of the electromagnetic radiation emitted by the transmitter is : [speed of light, $c = 3.0 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1}$]

- (1) 21.92 cm
 (2) 219.3 m
 (3) 219.2 m
 (4) 2192 m

$$v = f \times \lambda$$

$$3 \times 10^8 = 1368 \times 10^3 \times \lambda$$

$$\lambda = \frac{3 \times 10^8}{1.368 \times 10^6} \times \frac{10^2}{10^2}$$

$$= \frac{3000}{1.368} \times 10^2$$

$$= 2192.9 \times 10^2$$

$$= 2192 \text{ m}$$

68. The pK_b of dimethylamine and pK_a of acetic acid are 3.27 and 4.77 respectively at T (K). The correct option for the pH of dimethylammonium acetate solution is :

- (1) 6.25
 (2) 8.50
 (3) 5.50
 (4) 7.75

$$\text{pH} = \frac{\text{pK}_a + \text{pK}_b}{2}$$

$$= \frac{4.77 + 3.27}{2}$$

$$= \frac{8.04}{2}$$

$$= 4.02$$

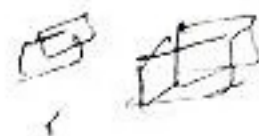
69. The following solutions were prepared by dissolving 10 g of glucose ($\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6$) in 250 ml of water (P_1), 10 g of urea ($\text{CH}_4\text{N}_2\text{O}$) in 250 ml of water (P_2) and 10 g of sucrose ($\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}_{11}$) in 250 ml of water (P_3). The right option for the decreasing order of osmotic pressure of these solutions is :

- (1) $P_3 > P_1 > P_2$
 (2) $P_2 > P_1 > P_3$
 (3) $P_1 > P_2 > P_3$
 (4) $P_2 > P_3 > P_1$

$$P_2 > P_1 > P_3$$

70. The correct option for the number of body centred unit cells in all 14 types of Bravais lattice unit cells is :

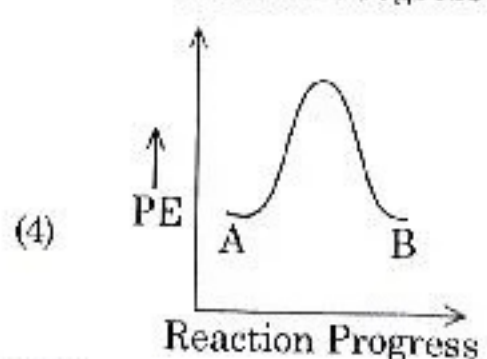
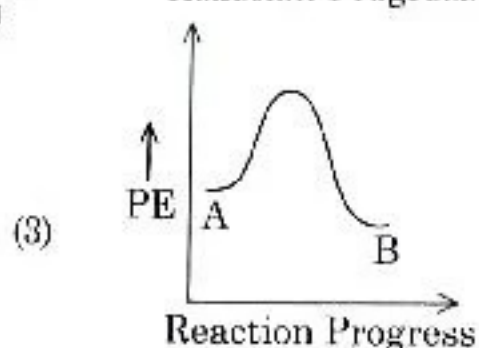
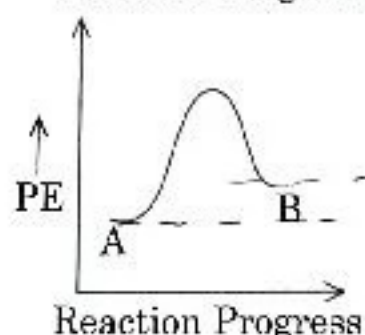
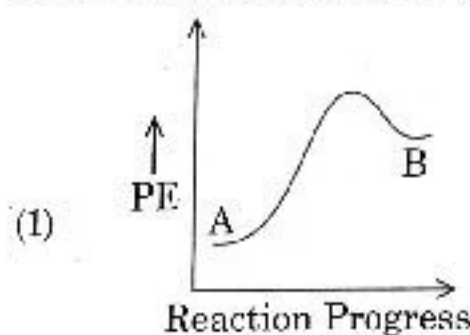
- (1) 3
 (2) 7
 (3) 5
 (4) 2



71. The maximum temperature that can be achieved in blast furnace is :

- (1) upto 5000 K
 (2) upto 1200 K
 (3) upto 2200 K
 (4) upto 1900 K

72. For a reaction $\text{A} \rightarrow \text{B}$, enthalpy of reaction is -4.2 kJ mol^{-1} and enthalpy of activation is 9.6 kJ mol^{-1} . The correct potential energy profile for the reaction is shown in option.



$$[\text{OH}^-] = 5 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$[\text{H}^+] = 2 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$= \frac{2 \times 10^{-5}}{5 \times 10^{-4}}$$

$$= 4 \times 10^{-2}$$

$$= 0.04$$

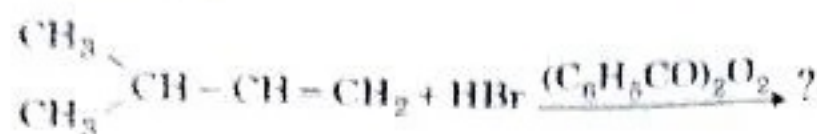
$$= 4.0 \times 10^{-2}$$

73. The compound which shows metamerism is :

- (1) $C_4H_{10}O$
- (2) C_5H_{12}
- (3) C_3H_8O
- (4) C_3H_6O



74. The major product of the following chemical reaction is



- (1) $\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \\ | \\ \text{CH}_3-\text{CBr}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_3 \end{array}$
- (2) $\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \\ | \\ \text{CH}_3-\text{CH}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{Br} \end{array}$
- (3) $\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \\ | \\ \text{CH}_3-\text{CH}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{O}-\text{COC}_6\text{H}_5 \end{array}$
- (4) $\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \\ | \\ \text{CH}_3-\text{CH}-\text{CH}-\text{CH}_3 \\ | \\ \text{Br} \end{array}$

75. Which of the following reactions is the metal displacement reaction? Choose the right option.

- (1) $2\text{Pb}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \rightarrow 2\text{PbO} + 4\text{NO}_2 + \text{O}_2 \uparrow$
- (2) $2\text{KClO}_3 \xrightarrow{\Delta} 2\text{KCl} + 3\text{O}_2$
- (3) $\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_3 + 2\text{Al} \xrightarrow{\Delta} \text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 + 2\text{Cr}$
- (4) $\text{Fe} + 2\text{HCl} \rightarrow \text{FeCl}_2 + \text{H}_2 \uparrow$

76. Given below are two statements :

Statement I :

Aspirin and Paracetamol belong to the class of narcotic analgesics.

Statement II :

Morphine and Heroin are non-narcotic analgesics. In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below.

- (1) **Statement I** is incorrect but **Statement II** is true.
- (2) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are true.
- (3) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are false.
- (4) **Statement I** is correct but **Statement II** is false.

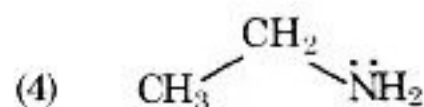
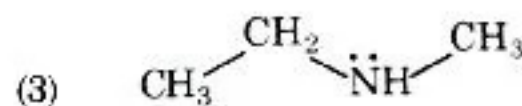
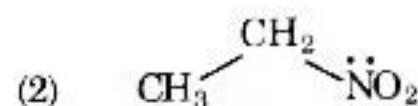
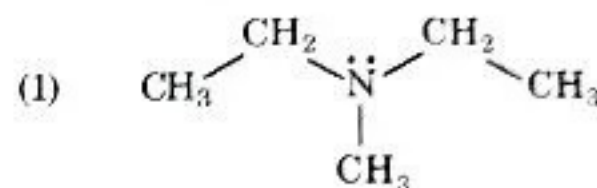
77. Ethylene diaminetetraacetate (EDTA) ion is :

- (1) Tridentate ligand with three "N" donor atoms
- (2) Hexadentate ligand with four "O" and two "N" donor atoms
- (3) Unidentate ligand
- (4) Bidentate ligand with two "N" donor atoms

78. Which one of the following methods can be used to obtain highly pure metal which is liquid at room temperature?

- (1) Zone refining
- (2) Electrolysis
- (3) Chromatography
- (4) Distillation

79. Identify the compound that will react with Hinsberg's reagent to give a solid which dissolves in alkali.



80. Among the following alkaline earth metal halides, one which is covalent and soluble in organic solvents is :

- (1) Beryllium chloride
- (2) Calcium chloride
- (3) Strontium chloride
- (4) Magnesium chloride

81. Dihedral angle of least stable conformer of ethane is :

- (1) 0°
- (2) 120°
- (3) 180°
- (4) 60°



82. An organic compound contains 78% (by wt.) carbon and remaining percentage of hydrogen. The right option for the empirical formula of this compound is : [Atomic wt. of C is 12, H is 1]

- (1) CH_4 $\text{C} \frac{78}{12} = 6.5$ $\text{H} \frac{22}{1} = 22$
 (2) CH
 (3) CH_2 $\text{C} \frac{78}{12} = 6.5$ $\text{H} \frac{22}{1} = 22$
 (4) CH_3 $\text{C} \frac{78}{12} = 6.5$ $\text{H} \frac{22}{1} = 22$

83. Noble gases are named because of their inertness towards reactivity. Identify an **incorrect** statement about them.

- (1) Noble gases have large positive values of electron gain enthalpy.
 (2) Noble gases are sparingly soluble in water.
 (3) Noble gases have very high melting and boiling points.
 (4) Noble gases have weak dispersion forces.

84. Which one of the following polymers is prepared by addition polymerisation?

- (1) Dacron
 (2) Teflon
 (3) Nylon-66
 (4) Novolac

85. Match List - I with List - II.

- | List - I | | List - II | |
|--------------------|-------|----------------------|--|
| (a) PCl_5 | (i) | Square pyramidal | |
| (b) SF_6 | (ii) | Trigonal planar | |
| (c) BrF_5 | (iii) | Octahedral | |
| (d) BF_3 | (iv) | Trigonal bipyramidal | |

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (1) (a)-(iv), (b)-(iii), (c)-(ii), (d)-(i)
 (2) (a)-(iv), (b)-(iii), (c)-(i), (d)-(ii)
 (3) (a)-(ii), (b)-(iii), (c)-(iv), (d)-(i)
 (4) (a)-(iii), (b)-(i), (c)-(iv), (d)-(ii)

Section - B (Chemistry) (1)

86. For irreversible expansion of an ideal gas under isothermal condition, the correct option is :

- (1) $\Delta U \neq 0, \Delta S_{\text{total}} = 0$
 (2) $\Delta U = 0, \Delta S_{\text{total}} = 0$
 (3) $\Delta U \neq 0, \Delta S_{\text{total}} \neq 0$
 (4) $\Delta U = 0, \Delta S_{\text{total}} \neq 0$

87. Match List - I with List - II.

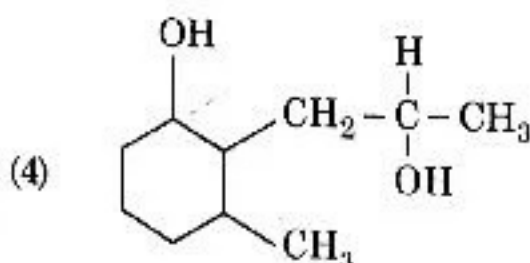
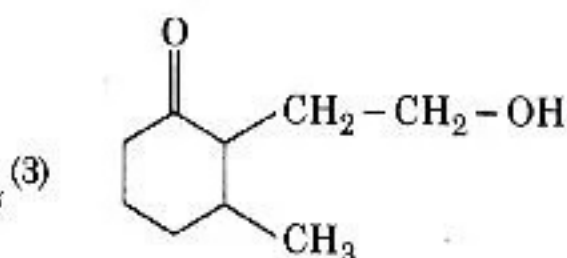
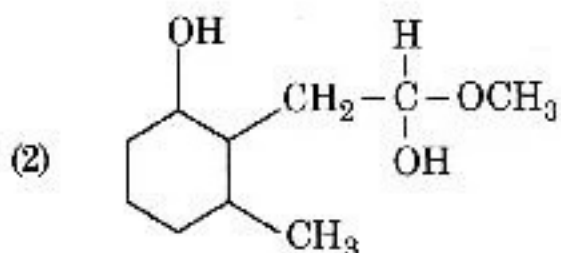
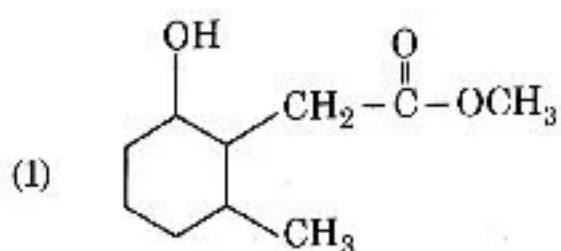
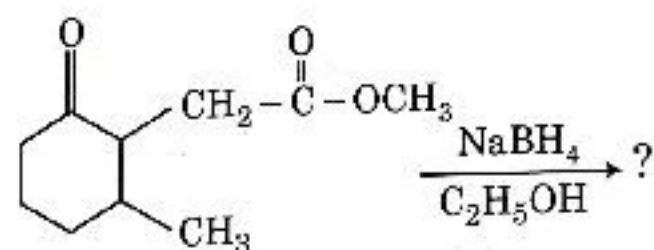
- | List - I | | List - II | |
|--|-------|-----------|-----------------|
| (a) $[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{3-}$ | (i) | 5.92 BM | $\sqrt{1(1+2)}$ |
| (b) $[\text{Fe}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{3+}$ | (ii) | 0 BM | $\sqrt{24}$ |
| (c) $[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{4-}$ | (iii) | 4.90 BM | |
| (d) $[\text{Fe}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}$ | (iv) | 1.73 BM | |

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (1) (a)-(iv), (b)-(i), (c)-(ii), (d)-(iii)
 (2) (a)-(iv), (b)-(ii), (c)-(i), (d)-(iii)
 (3) (a)-(ii), (b)-(iv), (c)-(iii), (d)-(i)
 (4) (a)-(i), (b)-(iii), (c)-(iv), (d)-(ii)

88.

The product formed in the following chemical reaction is :



89. In which one of the following arrangements the given sequence is not strictly according to the properties indicated against it?

- (1) $\text{CO}_2 < \text{SiO}_2 < \text{SnO}_2 < \text{PbO}_2$: Increasing oxidizing power
- (2) $\text{HF} < \text{HCl} < \text{HBr} < \text{HI}$: Increasing acidic strength
- (3) $\text{H}_2\text{O} < \text{H}_2\text{S} < \text{H}_2\text{Se} < \text{H}_2\text{Te}$: Increasing pK_a values
- (4) $\text{NH}_3 < \text{PH}_3 < \text{AsH}_3 < \text{SbH}_3$: Increasing acidic character

90. $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{COO}^- \text{Na}^+ \xrightarrow[\text{Heat}]{\text{NaOH, + ?}} \text{CH}_3\text{CH}_3 + \text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3$.

Consider the above reaction and identify the missing reagent/chemical.

- (1) DIBAL-H \times
- (2) B_2H_6
- (3) Red Phosphorus
- (4) CaO

91. Which of the following molecules is non-polar in nature?

- (1) NO_2
- (2) POCl_3
- (3) CH_2O
- (4) SbCl_5



92. Match List - I with List - II.

- | List - I | List - II |
|--|-----------------------------|
| (a) $2\text{SO}_2(\text{g}) + \text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow 2\text{SO}_3(\text{g})$ | (i) Acid rain |
| (b) $\text{HOCl}(\text{g}) \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{OH} + \text{Cl}$ | (ii) Smog |
| (c) $\text{CaCO}_3 + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 \rightarrow \text{CaSO}_4 + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{CO}_2$ | (iii) Ozone depletion |
| (d) $\text{NO}_2(\text{g}) \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{NO}(\text{g}) + \text{O}(\text{g})$ | (iv) Tropospheric pollution |

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

- (1) (a)-(iii), (b)-(ii), (c)-(iv), (d)-(i)
- (2) (a)-(i), (b)-(ii), (c)-(iii), (d)-(iv)
- (3) (a)-(ii), (b)-(iii), (c)-(iv), (d)-(i)
- (4) (a)-(iv), (b)-(iii), (c)-(i), (d)-(ii)

93. The molar conductivity of 0.007 M acetic acid is $20 \text{ S cm}^2 \text{ mol}^{-1}$. What is the dissociation constant of acetic acid? Choose the correct option.

$$\left[\begin{array}{l} \Lambda^\circ_{\text{H}^+} = 350 \text{ S cm}^2 \text{ mol}^{-1} \\ \Lambda^\circ_{\text{CH}_3\text{COO}^-} = 50 \text{ S cm}^2 \text{ mol}^{-1} \end{array} \right]$$

- (1) $2.50 \times 10^{-6} \text{ mol L}^{-1}$
- (2) $1.75 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol L}^{-1}$
- (3) $2.50 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol L}^{-1}$
- (4) $1.75 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol L}^{-1}$

94. Choose the correct option for the total pressure (in atm.) in a mixture of 4 g O_2 and 2 g H_2 confined in a total volume of one litre at 0°C is:

[Given $R = 0.082 \text{ L atm mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$, $T = 273 \text{ K}$]

- (1) 26.02
- (2) 2.518
- (3) 2.602
- (4) 25.18

95. The correct option for the value of vapour pressure of a solution at 45°C with benzene to octane in molar ratio 3 : 2 is:

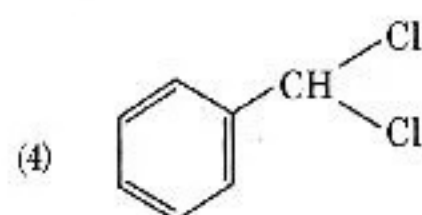
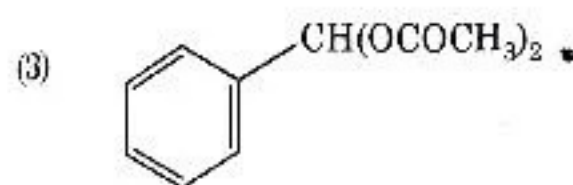
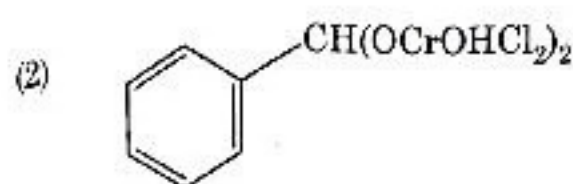
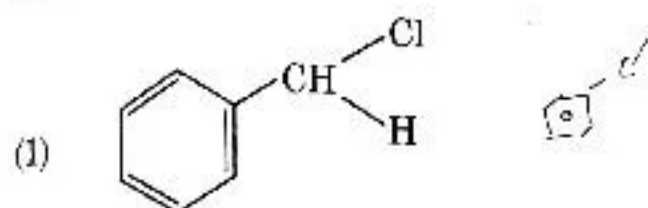
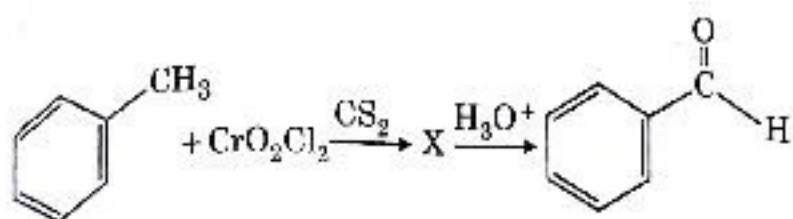
[At 45°C vapour pressure of benzene is 280 mm Hg and that of octane is 420 mm Hg. Assume Ideal gas]

- (1) 350 mm of Hg
- (2) 160 mm of Hg
- (3) 168 mm of Hg
- (4) 336 mm of Hg

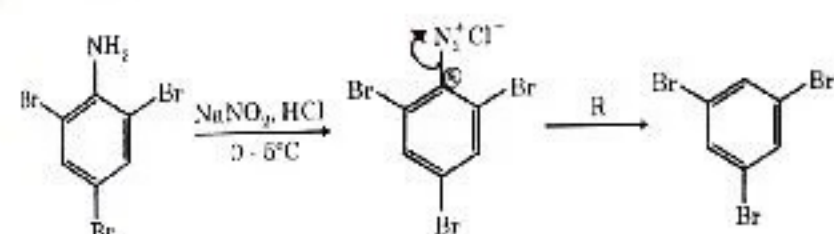
96. From the following pairs of ions which one is not an iso-electronic pair?

- (1) Fe^{2+} , Mn^{2+}
- (2) O^{2-} , F^-
- (3) Na^+ , Mg^{2+}
- (4) Mn^{2+} , Fe^{3+}

The intermediate compound 'X' in the following chemical reaction is :



The reagent 'R' in the given sequence of chemical reaction is :



- (1) CuCN/KCN
- (2) H_2O
- (3) $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$
- (4) HI

The slope of Arrhenius Plot $\left(\ln k \text{ v/s } \frac{1}{T}\right)$ of first order reaction is $-5 \times 10^3 \text{ K}$. The value of E_a of the reaction is. Choose the correct option for your answer.

[Given $R = 8.314 \text{ JK}^{-1}\text{mol}^{-1}$]

- (1) -83 kJ mol^{-1}
- (2) 41.5 kJ mol^{-1}
- (3) 83.0 kJ mol^{-1}
- (4) 166 kJ mol^{-1}

$$k = A e^{-\frac{E_a}{RT}}$$

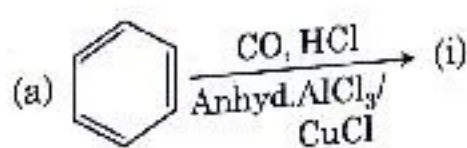
$$\ln k = \ln A + \ln e^{-\frac{E_a}{RT}}$$

$$\ln k = \ln A + \ln e^{-\frac{E_a}{RT}}$$

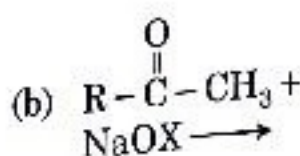
100. Match List - I with List - II.

List - I

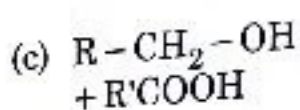
List - II



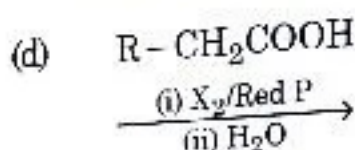
Hell-Volhard-Zelinsky reaction



(ii) Gattermann-Koch reaction



(iii) Haloform reaction



(iv) Esterification

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

- (1) (a)-(ii), (b)-(iii), (c)-(iv), (d)-(i)
- (2) (a)-(iv), (b)-(i), (c)-(ii), (d)-(iii)
- (3) (a)-(iii), (b)-(ii), (c)-(i), (d)-(iv)
- (4) (a)-(i), (b)-(iv), (c)-(iii), (d)-(ii)

Section - A (Biology : Botany)

101. Which of the following statements is not correct ?

- (1) Pyramid of numbers in a grassland ecosystem is upright.
- (2) Pyramid of biomass in sea is generally inverted.
- (3) Pyramid of biomass in sea is generally upright.
- (4) Pyramid of energy is always upright.

102. Which of the following plants is monoecious ?

- (1) *Cycas circinalis*
- (2) *Carica papaya*
- (3) *Chara*
- (4) *Marchantia polymorpha*

103. The first stable product of CO_2 fixation in sorghum is :

- (1) Phosphoglyceric acid
- (2) Pyruvic acid
- (3) Oxaloacetic acid
- (4) Succinic acid

104. Diadelphous stamens are found in :

- (1) China rose and citrus
- (2) China rose
- (3) Citrus
- (4) Pea

105. DNA strands on a gel stained with ethidium bromide when viewed under UV radiation, appear as :

- (1) Bright blue bands
- (2) Yellow bands
- (3) Bright orange bands
- (4) Dark red bands

106. Plants follow different pathways in response to environment or phases of life to form different kinds of structures. This ability is called :

- (1) Maturity
- (2) Elasticity
- (3) Flexibility
- (4) Plasticity

107. Match List - I with List - II.

List - I		List - II	
(a)	Protoplast fusion	(i)	Totipotency
(b)	Plant tissue culture	(ii)	Pomato
(c)	Meristem culture	(iii)	Somaclones
(d)	Micropropagation	(iv)	Virus free plants

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| (1) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |
| (2) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) |
| (3) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) |
| (4) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) |

108. In the equation $GPP - R = NPP$

R represents :

- (1) Respiration losses
- (2) Radiant energy
- (3) Retardation factor
- (4) Environment factor

109. The production of gametes by the parents, formation of zygotes, the F_1 and F_2 plants, can be understood from a diagram called :

- (1) Net square
- (2) Bullet square
- (3) Punch square
- (4) Punnett square

110. Which of the following is an **incorrect** statement?

- (1) Nuclear pores act as passages for proteins and RNA molecules in both directions between nucleus and cytoplasm.
- (2) Mature sieve tube elements possess a conspicuous nucleus and usual cytoplasmic organelles.
- (3) Microbodies are present both in plant and animal cells.
- (4) The perinuclear space forms a barrier between the materials present inside the nucleus and that of the cytoplasm.

111. Match List - I with List - II.

List - I		List - II	
(a)	Lenticels	(i)	Phellogen
(b)	Cork cambium	(ii)	Suberin deposition
(c)	Secondary cortex	(iii)	Exchange of gases
(d)	Cork	(iv)	Phelloderm

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| (1) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) | (iii) |
| (2) | (iv) | (i) | (iii) | (ii) |
| (3) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) |
| (4) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) |

112. The amount of nutrients, such as carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus and calcium present in the soil at any given time, is referred as :

- (1) Standing crop
- (2) Climax
- (3) Climax community
- (4) Standing state

113. The term used for transfer of pollen grains from anthers of one plant to stigma of a different plant which, during pollination, brings genetically different types of pollen grains to stigma, is :

- (1) Cleistogamy
- (2) Xenogamy
- (3) Geitonogamy
- (4) Chasmogamy

114. Which of the following stages of meiosis involves division of centromere?

- (1) Telophase II
- (2) Metaphase I
- (3) Metaphase II
- (4) Anaphase II

115. Which of the following is a **correct** sequence of steps in a PCR (Polymerase Chain Reaction) ?

- (1) Annealing, Denaturation, Extension
- (2) Denaturation, Annealing, Extension
- (3) Denaturation, Extension, Annealing
- (4) Extension, Denaturation, Annealing

116. When gene targetting involving gene amplification is attempted in an individual's tissue to treat disease, it is known as :

- (1) Safety testing
- (2) Biopiracy
- (3) Gene therapy
- (4) Molecular diagnosis

117. Match List - I with List - II.

List - I		List - II	
(a)	Cristae	(i)	Primary constriction in chromosome
(b)	Thylakoids	(ii)	Disc-shaped sacs in Golgi apparatus
(c)	Centromere	(iii)	Infoldings in mitochondria
(d)	Cisternae	(iv)	Flattened membranous sacs in stroma of plastids

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|------|
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| (1) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) |
| (2) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |
| (3) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) |
| (4) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) |

118. The factor that leads to Founder effect in a population is :

- (1) Genetic drift
- (2) Natural selection
- (3) Genetic recombination
- (4) Mutation

119. When the centromere is situated in the middle of two equal arms of chromosomes, the chromosome is referred as :

- (1) Acrocentric
- (2) Metacentric
- (3) Telocentric
- (4) Sub-metacentric

120. Gemmae are present in :

- (1) Some Liverworts
- (2) Mosses
- (3) Pteridophytes
- (4) Some Gymnosperms

121. During the purification process for recombinant DNA technology, addition of chilled ethanol precipitates out :

- (1) Polysaccharides
- (2) RNA
- (3) DNA
- (4) Histones

122. Match List - I with List - II.

List - I		List - II	
(a)	Cohesion	(i)	More attraction in liquid phase
(b)	Adhesion	(ii)	Mutual attraction among water molecules
(c)	Surface tension	(iii)	Water loss in liquid phase
(d)	Guttation	(iv)	Attraction towards polar surfaces

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| (1) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) |
| (2) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) | (iii) |
| (3) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |
| (4) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) |

123. The site of perception of light in plants during photoperiodism is :

- (1) Leaf
- (2) Shoot apex
- (3) Stem
- (4) Axillary bud

124. The plant hormone used to destroy weeds in a field is :

- (1) IBA
- (2) IAA
- (3) NAA
- (4) 2, 4-D

125. Which of the following algae produce Carrageen?

- (1) Blue-green algae
- (2) Green algae
- (3) Brown algae
- (4) Red algae

126. Complete the flow chart on central dogma.

(a) $\text{DNA} \xrightarrow{(b)} \text{mRNA} \xrightarrow{(c)} (d)$

- (1) (a)-Transduction; (b)-Translation; (c)-Replication; (d)-Protein
- (2) (a)-Replication; (b)-Transcription; (c)-Transduction; (d)-Protein
- (3) (a)-Translation; (b)-Replication; (c)-Transcription; (d)-Transduction
- (4) (a)-Replication; (b)-Transcription; (c)-Translation; (d)-Protein

127. Which of the following are **not** secondary metabolites in plants?

- (1) Rubber, gums
- (2) Morphine, codeine
- (3) Amino acids, glucose
- (4) Vinblastin, curcumin

128. In spite of interspecific competition in nature, which mechanism the competing species might have evolved for their survival?

- (1) Predation
- (2) Resource partitioning
- (3) Competitive release
- (4) Mutualism

129. Which of the following is **not** an application of PCR (Polymerase Chain Reaction)?

- (1) Detection of gene mutation
- (2) Molecular diagnosis
- (3) Gene amplification
- (4) Purification of isolated protein

130. Match List - I with List - II.

List - I		List - II	
(a)	Cells with active cell division capacity	(i)	Vascular tissues
(b)	Tissue having all cells similar in structure and function	(ii)	Meristematic tissue
(c)	Tissue having different types of cells	(iii)	Sclereids
(d)	Dead cells with highly thickened walls and narrow lumen	(iv)	Simple tissue

Select the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| (1) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) |
| • (2) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) | (iii) |
| (3) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |
| (4) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) |

131. A typical angiosperm embryo sac at maturity is:

- (1) 8-nucleate and 8-celled
- (2) 8-nucleate and 7-celled
- (3) 7-nucleate and 8-celled
- (4) 7-nucleate and 7-celled

132. Which of the following algae contains mannitol as reserve food material?

- (1) *Ulothrix*
- (2) *Ectocarpus*
- (3) *Gracilaria*
- (4) *Volvox*

133. Genera like *Selaginella* and *Salvinia* produce two kinds of spores. Such plants are known as:

- (1) Heterosporous
- (2) Homosorus
- (3) Heterosorus
- (4) Homosporous

134. Mutations in plant cells can be induced by:

- (1) Zeatin
- (2) Kinetin
- (3) Infrared rays
- (4) Gamma rays

135. Amensalism can be represented as:

- (1) Species A (+); Species B (0)
- (2) Species A (-); Species B (0)
- (3) Species A (+); Species B (+)
- (4) Species A (-); Species B (-)

Section - B (Biology : Botany)

136. What is the role of RNA polymerase III in the process of transcription in eukaryotes?

- (1) Transcribes only snRNAs
- (2) Transcribes rRNAs (28S, 18S and 5.8S)
- (3) Transcribes tRNA, 5S rRNA and snRNA
- (4) Transcribes precursor of mRNA

137. Select the correct pair.

- (1) Loose parenchyma cells - Spongy rupturing the epidermis and forming a lens-shaped opening in bark
- (2) Large colorless empty cells in the epidermis of grass leaves - Subsidiary cells
- (3) In dicot leaves, vascular bundles are surrounded by large thick-walled cells - Conjunctive tissue
- (4) Cells of medullary rays that form part of cambial ring - Interfascicular cambium

138. Plasmid pBR322 has PstI restriction enzyme site within gene amp^R that confers ampicillin resistance. If this enzyme is used for inserting a gene for β -galactoside production and the recombinant plasmid is inserted in an *E. coli* strain

- (1) it will be able to produce a novel protein with dual ability.
- (2) it will not be able to confer ampicillin resistance to the host cell.
- (3) the transformed cells will have the ability to resist ampicillin as well as produce β -galactoside.
- (4) it will lead to lysis of host cell.

139. DNA fingerprinting involves identifying differences in some specific regions in DNA sequence, called as :

- (1) Polymorphic DNA
- (2) Satellite DNA
- (3) Repetitive DNA
- (4) Single nucleotides

140. In the exponential growth equation

$$N_t = N_0 e^{rt}, e \text{ represents :}$$

- (1) The base of geometric logarithms
- (2) The base of number logarithms
- (3) The base of exponential logarithms
- (4) The base of natural logarithms

141. Which of the following statements is incorrect?

- (1) Cyclic photophosphorylation involves both PS I and PS II.
- (2) Both ATP and $NADPH + H^+$ are synthesized during non-cyclic photophosphorylation.
- (3) Stroma lamellae have PS I only and lack NADP reductase.
- (4) Grana lamellae have both PS I and PS II.

142. Which of the following statements is correct?

- (1) Some of the organisms can fix atmospheric nitrogen in specialized cells called sheath cells.
- (2) Fusion of two cells is called Karyogamy.
- (3) Fusion of protoplasts between two motile on non-motile gametes is called plasmogamy.
- (4) Organisms that depend on living plants are called saprophytes.

143. Match Column - I with Column - II.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a)	<i>Nitrococcus</i>	(i)	Denitrification
(b)	<i>Rhizobium</i>	(ii)	Conversion of ammonia to nitrite
(c)	<i>Thiobacillus</i>	(iii)	Conversion of nitrite to nitrate
(d)	<i>Nitrobacter</i>	(iv)	Conversion of atmospheric nitrogen to ammonia

Choose the correct answer from options given below.

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| (1) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |
| (2) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) | (iii) |
| (3) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) |
| (4) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) |

144. Which of the following statements is incorrect?

- (1) Oxidation-reduction reactions produce proton gradient in respiration.
- (2) During aerobic respiration, role of oxygen is limited to the terminal stage.
- (3) In ETC (Electron Transport Chain), one molecule of $NADH + H^+$ gives rise to 2 ATP molecules, and one $FADH_2$ gives rise to 3 ATP molecules.
- (4) ATP is synthesized through complex V.

145. In some members of which of the following pairs of families, pollen grains retain their viability for months after release?

- (1) Rosaceae : Leguminosae
- (2) Poaceae : Rosaceae
- (3) Poaceae : Leguminosae
- (4) Poaceae : Solanaceae

146. Identify the correct statement.

- (1) Split gene arrangement is characteristic of prokaryotes.
- (2) In capping, methyl guanosine triphosphate is added to the 3' end of hnRNA.
- (3) RNA polymerase binds with Rho factor to terminate the process of transcription in bacteria.
- (4) The coding strand in a transcription unit is copied to an mRNA.

147. Match Column - I with Column - II.

Column - I	Column - II
(a) $\% \frac{K}{C} \frac{C_{1+2}}{(3)} \frac{A_{(9)-1}}{(2)} \frac{G_1}{(1)}$	(i) Brassicaceae
(b) $\% \frac{K}{C} \frac{C_{(5)}}{(5)} \frac{A_5}{(5)} \frac{G_2}{(2)}$	(ii) Liliaceae
(c) $\% \frac{P}{P} \frac{A_{(3+3)}}{(3+3)} \frac{A_{3+3}}{(3)} \frac{G_{(3)}}{(3)}$	(iii) Fabaceae
(d) $\% \frac{K}{C} \frac{K_{2+2}}{(2)} \frac{C_4}{(4)} \frac{A_2}{(2)} \frac{G_{(2)}}{(2)}$	(iv) Solanaceae

Select the correct answer from the options given below.

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| (1) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) | (iii) |
| (2) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) |
| (3) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) |
| (4) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) |

148. Match List - I with List - II.

List - I	List - II
(a) Protein	(i) C = C double bonds
(b) Unsaturated fatty acid	(ii) Phosphodiester bonds
(c) Nucleic acid	(iii) Glycosidic bonds
(d) Polysaccharide	(iv) Peptide bonds

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

- | | | | | |
|-----|------|-------|-------|-------|
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| (1) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) |
| (2) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) |
| (3) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) |
| (4) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) |

149. Match List - I with List - II.

List - I	List - II
(a) S phase	(i) Proteins are synthesized
(b) G ₂ phase	(ii) Inactive phase
(c) Quiescent stage	(iii) Interval between mitosis and initiation of DNA replication
(d) G ₁ phase	(iv) DNA replication

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------|------|-------|-------|
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| (1) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) |
| (2) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) |
| (3) | (iv) | (ii) | (iii) | (i) |
| (4) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) |

150. Now a days it is possible to detect the mutated gene causing cancer by allowing radioactive probe to hybridise its complementary DNA in a clone of cells, followed by its detection using autoradiography because:

- (1) mutated gene does not appear on photographic film as the probe has complementarity with it.
- (2) mutated gene partially appears on a photographic film.
- (3) mutated gene completely and clearly appears on a photographic film.
- (4) mutated gene does not appear on a photographic film as the probe has no complementarity with it.

Section - A (Biology : Zoology)

151. Erythropoietin hormone which stimulates R.B.C. formation is produced by:

- (1) Juxtaglomerular cells of the kidney
- (2) Alpha cells of pancreas
- (3) The cells of rostral adenohypophysis
- (4) The cells of bone marrow

152. Which of the following characteristics is incorrect with respect to cockroach?

- (1) 10th abdominal segment in both sexes, bears a pair of anal cerci.
- (2) A ring of gastric caeca is present at the junction of midgut and hind gut.
- (3) Hypopharynx lies within the cavity enclosed by the mouth parts.
- (4) In females, 7th-9th sterna together form a genital pouch.

153. Succus entericus is referred to as :

- (1) Chyme
- (2) Pancreatic juice
- (3) Intestinal juice
- (4) Gastric juice

154. Which stage of meiotic prophase shows terminalisation of chiasmata as its distinctive feature ?

- (1) Pachytene
- (2) Leptotene
- (3) Zygotene
- (4) Diakinesis

155. The partial pressures (in mm Hg) of oxygen (O_2) and carbon dioxide (CO_2) at alveoli (the site of diffusion) are :

- (1) $pO_2 = 159$ and $pCO_2 = 0.3$
- (2) $pO_2 = 104$ and $pCO_2 = 40$
- (3) $pO_2 = 40$ and $pCO_2 = 45$
- (4) $pO_2 = 95$ and $pCO_2 = 40$

156. Match the following :

List - I		List - II	
(a) <i>Physalia</i>	(i)	Pearl oyster	
(b) <i>Limulus</i>	(ii)	Portuguese Man of War	
(c) <i>Ancylostoma</i>	(iii)	Living fossil	
(d) <i>Pinctada</i>	(iv)	Hookworm	

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

- | | | | | |
|-----|------|-------|-------|------|
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| (1) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) |
| (2) | (ii) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) |
| (3) | (iv) | (i) | (iii) | (ii) |
| (4) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) |

157. During the process of gene amplification using PCR, if very high temperature is not maintained in the beginning, then which of the following steps of PCR will be affected first ?

- (1) Ligation
- (2) Annealing
- (3) Extension
- (4) Denaturation

158. Match List - I with List - II.

List - I		List - II	
(a) <i>Aspergillus niger</i>	(i)	Acetic Acid	
(b) <i>Acetobacter aceti</i>	(ii)	Lactic Acid	
(c) <i>Clostridium butylicum</i>	(iii)	Citric Acid	
(d) <i>Lactobacillus</i>	(iv)	Butyric Acid	

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| (1) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) | (iii) |
| (2) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) |
| (3) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) |
| (4) | (ii) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) |

159. Which of the following statements wrongly represents the nature of smooth muscle ?

- (1) These muscles are present in the wall of blood vessels
- (2) These muscle have no striations
- (3) They are involuntary muscles
- (4) Communication among the cells is performed by intercalated discs

160. Chronic auto immune disorder affecting neuro muscular junction leading to fatigue, weakening and paralysis of skeletal muscle is called as :

- (1) Gout
- (2) Arthritis
- (3) Muscular dystrophy
- (4) Myasthenia gravis

161. Persons with 'AB' blood group are called as "Universal recipients". This is due to :

- (1) Absence of antibodies, anti-A and anti-B, in plasma
- (2) Absence of antigens A and B on the surface of RBCs
- (3) Absence of antigens A and B in plasma
- (4) Presence of antibodies, anti-A and anti-B, on RBCs

162. The fruit fly has 8 chromosomes ($2n$) in each cell. During interphase of Mitosis if the number of chromosomes at G_1 phase is 8, what would be the number of chromosomes after S phase ?

- (1) 32
- (2) 8
- (3) 16
- (4) 4

163. Receptors for sperm binding in mammals are present on :

- (1) Zona pellucida
- (2) Corona radiata
- (3) Vitelline membrane
- (4) Perivitelline space

164. Which one of the following belongs to the family Muscidae ?

- (1) House fly
- (2) Fire fly
- (3) Grasshopper
- (4) Cockroach

165. Identify the **incorrect** pair.

- (1) Drugs - Ricin
- (2) Alkaloids - Codeine
- (3) Toxin - Abrin
- (4) Lectins - Concanavalin A

166. Veneral diseases can spread through :

- (a) Using sterile needles ✗
- (b) Transfusion of blood from infected person
- (c) Infected mother to foetus
- (d) Kissing ✗
- (e) Inheritance

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (1) (a) and (c) only
- (2) (a), (b) and (c) only
- (3) (b), (c) and (d) only
- (4) (b) and (c) only

167. The organelles that are included in the endomembrane system are :

- (1) Golgi complex, Endoplasmic reticulum, Mitochondria and Lysosomes
- (2) Endoplasmic reticulum, Mitochondria, Ribosomes and Lysosomes
- (3) Endoplasmic reticulum, Golgi complex, Lysosomes and Vacuoles
- (4) Golgi complex, Mitochondria, Ribosomes and Lysosomes

168. For effective treatment of the disease, early diagnosis and understanding its pathophysiology is very important. Which of the following molecular diagnostic techniques is very useful for early detection ?

- (1) Hybridization Technique
- (2) Western Blotting Technique
- (3) Southern Blotting Technique
- (4) ELISA Technique

169. With regard to insulin choose correct options.

- (a) C-peptide is not present in mature insulin.
- (b) The insulin produced by rDNA technology has C-peptide.
- (c) The pro-insulin has C-peptide.
- (d) A-peptide and B-peptide of insulin are interconnected by disulphide bridges.

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (1) (a) and (d) only
- (2) (b) and (d) only
- (3) (b) and (c) only
- (4) (a), (c) and (d) only

170. A specific recognition sequence identified by endonucleases to make cuts at specific positions within the DNA is :

- (1) Poly(A) tail sequences
- (2) Degenerate primer sequence
- (3) Okazaki sequences
- (4) Palindromic Nucleotide sequences

171. Which is the "Only enzyme" that has "Capability" to catalyse Initiation, Elongation and Termination in the process of transcription in prokaryotes ?

- (1) DNase
- (2) DNA dependent DNA polymerase
- (3) DNA dependent RNA polymerase
- (4) DNA Ligase

172. Which one of the following organisms bears hollow and pneumatic long bones ?

- (1) *Ornithorhynchus*
- (2) *Neophron*
- (3) *Hemidactylus*
- (4) *Macropus*

173. Read the following statements.

- (a) Metagenesis is observed in Helminths.
- (b) Echinoderms are triploblastic and coelomate animals.
- (c) Round worms have organ-system level of body organization.
- (d) Comb plates present in ctenophores help in digestion.
- (e) Water vascular system is characteristic of Echinoderms.

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (1) (b), (c) and (e) are correct
- (2) (c), (d) and (e) are correct
- (3) (a), (b) and (c) are correct
- (4) (a), (d) and (e) are correct

P C A N
C I I I

174. Match List - I with List - II.

List - I		List - II	
(a)	Vaults	(i)	Entry of sperm through Cervix is blocked
(b)	IUDs	(ii)	Removal of Vas deferens
(c)	Vasectomy	(iii)	Phagocytosis of sperms within the Uterus
(d)	Tubectomy	(iv)	Removal of fallopian tube

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)
- (2) (iv) (ii) (i) (iii)
- (3) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- (4) (ii) (iv) (iii) (i)

175. Sphincter of oddi is present at :

- (1) Junction of jejunum and duodenum
- (2) Ileo-caecal junction
- (3) Junction of hepato-pancreatic duct and duodenum
- (4) Gastro-oesophageal junction

176. If Adenine makes 30% of the DNA molecule, what will be the percentage of Thymine, Guanine and Cytosine in it?

- (1) T : 20 ; G : 25 ; C : 25
- (2) T : 20 ; G : 30 ; C : 20
- (3) T : 20 ; G : 20 ; C : 30
- (4) T : 30 ; G : 20 ; C : 20

177. Match List - I with List - II.

List - I		List - II	
(a)	Metamerism	(i)	Coelenterata
(b)	Canal system	(ii)	Ctenophora
(c)	Comb plates	(iii)	Annelida
(d)	Cnidoblasts	(iv)	Porifera

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)
- (2) (iv) (iii) (i) (ii)
- (3) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
- (4) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)

178. Which enzyme is responsible for the conversion of inactive fibrinogens to fibrins?

- (1) Thrombokinase
- (2) Thrombin
- (3) Renin
- (4) Epinephrine

179. Which of the following is not an objective of Biofortification in crops?

- (1) Improve micronutrient and mineral content
- (2) Improve protein content
- (3) Improve resistance to diseases
- (4) Improve vitamin content

180. Dobson units are used to measure thickness of :

- (1) Troposphere
- (2) CFCs
- (3) Stratosphere
- (4) Ozone

181. Which one of the following is an example of Hormone releasing IUD?

- (1) Multiload 375
- (2) CuT
- (3) LNG 20
- (4) Cu 7

182. The centriole undergoes duplication during :

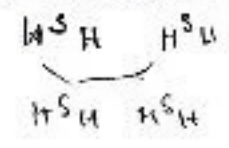
- (1) G₂ phase
- (2) S-phase
- (3) Prophase
- (4) Metaphase

183. Which of the following RNAs is not required for the synthesis of protein?

- (1) siRNA
- (2) mRNA
- (3) tRNA
- (4) rRNA

184. In a cross between a male and female, both heterozygous for sickle cell anaemia gene, what percentage of the progeny will be diseased?

- (1) 100%
- (2) 50%
- (3) 75%
- (4) 25%



185. Select the favourable conditions required for the formation of oxyhaemoglobin at the alveoli.
- Low pO_2 , low pCO_2 , more H^+ , higher temperature
 - High pO_2 , low pCO_2 , less H^+ , lower temperature
 - Low pO_2 , high pCO_2 , more H^+ , higher temperature
 - High pO_2 , high pCO_2 , less H^+ , higher temperature

Section - B (Biology : Zoology)

186. Match List - I with List - II.

List - I		List - II	
(a)	Allen's Rule	(i)	Kangaroo rat
(b)	Physiological adaptation	(ii)	Desert lizard
(c)	Behavioural adaptation	(iii)	Marine fish at depth
(d)	Biochemical adaptation	(iv)	Polar seal

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- | | | | | |
|-----|------|-------|-------|-------|
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| (1) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |
| (2) | (iv) | (ii) | (iii) | (i) |
| (3) | (iv) | (i) | (iii) | (ii) |
| (4) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) |

187. Match List - I with List - II.

List - I		List - II	
(a)	Adaptive radiation	(i)	Selection of resistant varieties due to excessive use of herbicides and pesticides
(b)	Convergent evolution	(ii)	Bones of forelimbs in Man and Whale
(c)	Divergent evolution	(iii)	Wings of Butterfly and Bird
(d)	Evolution by anthropogenic action	(iv)	Darwin Finches

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| (1) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) |
| (2) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |
| (3) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) |
| (4) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) |
188. Which of these is not an important component of initiation of parturition in humans?
- Release of Prolactin
 - Increase in estrogen and progesterone ratio
 - Synthesis of prostaglandins
 - Release of Oxytocin

189. Which one of the following statements about Histones is **wrong**?

- Histones carry positive charge in the side chain.
- Histones are organized to form a unit of 8 molecules.
- The pH of histones is slightly acidic.
- Histones are rich in amino acids - Lysine and Arginine.

190. During muscular contraction which of the following events occur?

- 'H' zone disappears
 - 'A' band widens
 - 'I' band reduces in width
 - Myosine hydrolyzes ATP, releasing the ADP and P_i
 - Z-lines attached to actins are pulled inwards
- Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (b), (d), (c), (a) only
- (a), (c), (d), (e) only
- (a), (b), (c), (d) only
- (b), (c), (d), (e) only

191. Match List - I with List - II.

List - I		List - II	
(a)	Scapula	(i)	Cartilaginous joints
(b)	Cranium	(ii)	Flat bone
(c)	Sternum	(iii)	Fibrous joints
(d)	Vertebral column	(iv)	Triangular flat bone

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- | | | | | |
|-----|------|-------|-------|------|
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| (1) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |
| (2) | (i) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) |
| (3) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) |
| (4) | (iv) | (ii) | (iii) | (i) |

192. Assertion (A) :

A person goes to high altitude and experiences 'altitude sickness' with symptoms like breathing difficulty and heart palpitations.

Reason (R) :

Due to low atmospheric pressure at high altitude, the body does not get sufficient oxygen.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (A) is false but (R) is true
- Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
- (A) is true but (R) is false

193. The Adenosine deaminase deficiency results into:

- (1) Addison's disease
- (2) Dysfunction of Immune system
- (3) Parkinson's disease
- (4) Digestive disorder

194. Which of the following is **not** a step in Multiple Ovulation Embryo Transfer Technology (MOET)?

- (1) Fertilized eggs are transferred to surrogate mothers at 8-32 cell stage
- (2) Cow is administered hormone having LH like activity for super ovulation
- (3) Cow yields about 6-8 eggs at a time
- (4) Cow is fertilized by artificial insemination

195. Match List - I with List - II.

List - I		List - II	
(a)	Filariasis	(i)	<i>Haemophilus influenzae</i>
(b)	Amoebiasis	(ii)	<i>Trichophyton</i>
(c)	Pneumonia	(iii)	<i>Wuchereria bancrofti</i>
(d)	Ringworm	(iv)	<i>Entamoeba histolytica</i>

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| (1) | (ii) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) |
| (2) | (iv) | (i) | (iii) | (ii) |
| (3) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) |
| (4) | (i) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) |

196. Following are the statements with reference to 'lipids'.

- (a) Lipids having only single bonds are called unsaturated fatty acids.
- (b) Lecithin is a phospholipid.
- (c) Trihydroxy propane is glycerol.
- (d) Palmitic acid has 20 carbon atoms including carboxyl carbon.
- (e) Arachidonic acid has 16 carbon atoms.

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (1) (b) and (e) only
- (2) (a) and (b) only
- (3) (c) and (d) only
- (4) (b) and (c) only

197. Following are the statements about prostomium of earthworm.

- (a) It serves as a covering for mouth.
- (b) It helps to open cracks in the soil into which it can crawl.
- (c) It is one of the sensory structures.
- (d) It is the first body segment.

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (1) (b) and (c) are correct
- (2) (a), (b) and (c) are correct
- (3) (a), (b) and (d) are correct
- (4) (a), (b), (c) and (d) are correct

198. Which of the following secretes the hormone, relaxin, during the later phase of pregnancy?

- (1) Uterus
- (2) Graafian follicle
- (3) Corpus luteum
- (4) Foetus

199. **Statement I :**

The codon 'AUG' codes for methionine and phenylalanine.

Statement II :

'AAA' and 'AAG' both codons code for the amino acid lysine.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (1) **Statement I** is incorrect but **Statement II** is true
- (2) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are true
- (3) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are false
- (4) **Statement I** is correct but **Statement II** is false

200. Identify the types of cell junctions that help to stop the leakage of the substances across a tissue and facilitation of communication with neighbouring cells via rapid transfer of ions and molecules.

- (1) Adhering junctions and Gap junctions, respectively.
- (2) Gap junctions and Adhering junctions, respectively.
- (3) Tight junctions and Gap junctions, respectively.
- (4) Adhering junctions and Tight junctions, respectively.