Series JSK/1

Set No. 4

अनुक्रमांक Roll No. प्रश्न-पत्र कोड Question Paper Code 032/1/4

छात्र प्रश्न-पत्र कोड को OMR शीट में आबंटित जगह में लिखें।

Candidates must write the Question Paper Code in the space allotted in the OMR Sheet.

नोट / NOTE :

- कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में मुद्रित पृष्ट 25 हैं ।
 Please check that this question paper contains 25 printed pages.
- (ii) प्रश्न-पत्र में ऊपरी दाहिने हाथ की ओर दिए गए प्रश्न-पत्र कोड को छात्र OMR शीट में उपयुक्त स्थान पर लिखें।

 Question Paper Code given on the top right hand side of the question paper should be written in the appropriate place in the OMR Sheet by the candidate.
- (iii) कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में 60 बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्न (MCQs) हैं ।
 Please check that this question paper contains 60 Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs).
- (iv) परीक्षा शुरू होने के वास्तविक समय से पहले इस प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ने के लिए 20 मिनट का अतिरिक्त समय आबंटित किया गया है।
 - 20 minute additional time has been allotted to read this question paper prior to actual time of commencement of the examination.

सामाजिक विज्ञान (सैद्धांतिक)

SOCIAL SCIENCE (Theory)

Term-I

निर्धारित समय: 90 मिनट

अधिकतम अंक: 40

Time allowed: 90 minutes

Maximum Marks: 40

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 General Instructions: (i) This question paper contains 60 questions out of which 50 questions All questions carry equal marks. (ii) This question paper consists of four sections – Section A, B, C and D Section A contains 24 questions. Attempt any 20 questions from Q.N. (iv) Section B contains 22 questions. Attempt any 18 questions from Q.N. (v) Section C contains 12 questions (Case-Based Study Questions). Attempt from Q.No. 47 to 58. (vi) Section D contains 2 Map-based questions. Attempt both the questions (vii) The first 20 questions in Section A, 18 questions in Section B of Section C attempted by a candidate will be evaluated. 	o. 1 to 24. To. 25 to 46. To. 25 to 40. To. 25 to 40. To questions To questions in
 (ii) This question paper consists of four sections - Section A, B, C and D (iii) Section A contains 24 questions. Attempt any 20 questions from Q.N (iv) Section B contains 22 questions. Attempt any 18 questions from Q.N (v) Section C contains 12 questions (Case-Based Study Questions). Attention from Q.No. 47 to 58. (vi) Section D contains 2 Map-based questions. Attempt both the question (vii) The first 20 questions in Section A, 18 questions in Section B of the property of	to. 25 to 46 . mpt any 10 questions as. and 10 questions in
 (iii) Section A contains 24 questions. Attempt any 20 questions from Q.N. (iv) Section B contains 22 questions. Attempt any 18 questions from Q.N. (v) Section C contains 12 questions (Case-Based Study Questions). Attempt from Q.No. 47 to 58. (vi) Section D contains 2 Map-based questions. Attempt both the question (vii) The first 20 questions in Section A, 18 questions in Section B of the process. 	to. 25 to 46 . mpt any 10 questions as. and 10 questions in
 (iv) Section B contains 22 questions. Attempt any 18 questions possible. (v) Section C contains 12 questions (Case-Based Study Questions). Attended from Q.No. 47 to 58. (vi) Section D contains 2 Map-based questions. Attempt both the questions (vii) The first 20 questions in Section A, 18 questions in Section B of the property of the property	mpt any 10 questions as. and 10 questions in
(vi) Section C contains 12 questions (Case-Based Study Questions) from Q.No. 47 to 58. (vi) Section D contains 2 Map-based questions. Attempt both the question (vii) The first 20 questions in Section A, 18 questions in Section B of the first 20 questions in Section A, 18 questions in Section B of the first 20 questions in Section A, 18 questions in Section B of the first 20 questions in Section A, 18 questions in Section B of the first 20 questions in Section A, 18 questions in Section B of the first 20 questions in Section A, 18 questions in Section B of the first 20 questions in Section A, 18 questions in Section B of the first 20 questions in Section A, 18 questions in Section B of the first 20 questions in Section A, 18 questions in Section B of the first 20 questions in Section A, 18 questions in Section B of the first 20 questions in Section A, 18 questions in Section B of the first 20 questions in Section B of the first 20 questions in Section A, 18 questions in Section B of the first 20 questions in Section	ns. and 10 questions in
(vi) Section D contains 2 Map-based questions. Attempt both the questions (vii) The first 20 questions in Section A, 18 questions in Section B of the first 20 questions in Section A, 18 questions in Section B of the first 20 questions in Section B.	
(vii) The first 20 questions in Section A, 18 questions in Section 2	
Section Cattempted by a candidate will be evaluated.	CQ). Marks will not
(viii) There is only one correct option for every multiple choice question the be awarded for answering more than one option.	
(ix) There is no negative marking.	
SECTION A	
Attempt any 20 out of 24 questions.	
Industrialisation began in which one of the following European coun	tries in the second
half of the eighteenth century ? (a) Germany (b) France (c) Italy	(d) England
2. Which type of governments were mainly driven in Europe after the	defeat of Napoleon
in 1815?	
(a) Conservative (b) Elberal (c) Federal (d) Feudal	
Which one of the following group of countries collectively defeated Nap	ooleon in 1815?
(a) Britain, Russia, Prussia and Austria	
(b) Britain, Russian, Prussia and Australia	
(c) Britain, Russia, Netherlands and Germany	
(d) Britain, Luxembourg, Germany and Italy	VAN
In which one of the following countries did the first liberalist-national place in July 1830?	list upheaval take
(a) France (b) Germany (c) England	(d) Italy
Who among the following remarked "When France sneezes, the rest cold"?	of Europe catches
(a) Lord Byron (b) Metternich	
(c) Johann Herder (d) Napoleon	
Who among the following was the architect for the unification of Germa	any?
(a) Otto Von Bismarck (b) William I	
(c) Frederick III (d) William II	

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(c)

Frederick III

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	unitary Italian Republic during 183	18 7	
	(a) Victor Emmanuel I	(b) Victor Emmanuel II	
	(c) Giuseppe Mazzini	(d) Count Cavour	
8/	In which one of the following s	tates is overgrazing the main reason for lan-	d
	degradation?		1
	(a) Maharashtra	(b) Punjab	No.
	(c) Haryana	(d) Uttar Pradesh	0
9./	Identify the soil which ranges from r	ed to brown in colour and saline in nature :	
	(a) Red soil	(b) Laterite soil	
	(c) Arid soil	(d) Alluvial soil	
10/	Which one of the following forces lead	ls to maximum soil erosion in plains?	
	(a) Wind	(b) Glacier	
	(c) Running water	(d) Earthquake	
11.	Deforestation due to mining has car following states?	used severe land degradation in which one of the	
	(a) Odisha	(b) Tamil Nadu	
	(c) Kerala	(d) Gujarat	
12.	Who among the following was proclain	ned King of united Italy in 1861?	
	(a) Charles I	(b) Victor Emmanuel II	
a	(c) Giuseppe Garibaldi	(d) Nero	
13/	Which one of the following subjects is	included in the Union list?	
	(a) Communication	(b) Trade	
	(e) Commerce	(d) Irrigation	
14.	Which one of the following elements in	not included in the Belgium model?	
	(a) Dutch and French speaking min	isters shall be equal in the government.	
	(b) Many powers of the central gove	rnment have been given to state governments.	
	(c) Brussels has a separate gove representation.	rnment in which both the communities have equ	al
	(d) There is a community governme	nt which has special powers of administration.	
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	and the second s		

Who among the following had sought to put together a coherent programme for a

7.

	1177	Caller Call	louring o	ountries is	the examp	le of Holding tog	gether	federation'?	
15/		Australia	lowing c	odifer les 15	407	India-			
	(a) (c)	U.S.A.			(d)	Switzerland			
16.	Whi	ch one of the fol	lowing e	ethnic comm	unities is i	n majority in Sri	Lank	a?	
10.	fat	Sri Lankan Ta			b)	Indian Tamils			6
		Muslims			(d)	Sinhalese		. 0	
		ch one of the fol	1	ubicata is in	cluded in t	he State list?		A	
17~			(b)	Business	(c)	Currency	(d)	Communica	itio
	(a)						D.	na some under	
18./	Acti	vities that help ch one of the fol	in the lowing s	developmen ectors ?	t of Primai	y and Secondary	4000		
	(a)	Primary	(b)	Secondary	Let	Tertiary.	(d)	Quaternary	
19.	Ide	ntify the correct	feature	of Unitary fo	orm of gove	rnment from the	followi	ng options:	
	(a)	There are two			LOS TOTAL CONTRACT CONTRACT				
	(b)	Different tiers	s of gove	rnment gove	rn the sam	e citizens.			
	(c)	Each tier of g	overnme	ent has its ov	vn jurisdict	ion.			
	(d)	The sub-units	are sub	ordinate to t	he central a	government.			
20,		the initial stage			hich one o	f the following se	ectors v	was the most	
	(a)	Primary		Secondary	10	Tertiary	(d)	Quaternary	
21.		ivities in which he following sect		products are	changed in	to other forms con	me und	er which one	
	(a)	Primary	16)	Secondary	(c)	Tertiary	(d)	Quaternary	digi
22.		e products recei	ved by	exploiting n	atural reso	urces come unde	r whic	h one of the	
	(a)	Quaternary	(b)	Tertiary	(c)	Secondary	(d)	Primary	
23.		ich one of the i	following	g factors is	mainly resp	ponsible for decli	ning w	ater level in	
	(a)	Irrigation			467	Industrialisation	n		
	(c)	Urbanisation			(d)	Over-utilization			
24.	Wh	ich one of the fol	llowing s	subjects is in	cluded in th	he Concurrent Lis	it?		
	sat	Trade	(b)	Commerce		Agriculture	(d)	Marriage	
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Attempt any 18 out of 22 questions

- 25. Two statements are given before as heavy inn (h) and Reasoning (h). Reak the materiors and propose the room appropriate option.
 - Assertion (A): After Busines occupation in Volumb, the Rossian language was inspired on its people.
 - Heason (H): The use of Volich soon came to be a squarch of service square Kristia.
 - Both hazartion (k) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) in the sortice explanation of Assertion (k).
 - Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true, but Resson (E) is not the consequence explanation of Assertion (A).
 - (c) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false
 - (d) Assertion (A) is false but Reason (Ryis true.
- 26. Read the facts regarding the Revelution of the Liberals in Europe during 1848 and choose the correct option :
 - 1. Abdication of the monarch
 - 2. Universal male suffrage had been proclaimed
 - 3. Political Rights to women were given
 - 4. Freedom of the press had been asked for

Just Only I and 2 are correct.

- (b) Only 1, 2 and 3 are correct.
- (e) Only 1 and 4 are correct.
- (d) Only 1, 2 and 4 are correct.
- 27. Two statements are given below as Assertion (A) and Reasoning (R). Read the statement and choose the most appropriate option.

Assertion (A): Weavers in Silesia had led a revols against contractors in 1845.

Reason (R): Contractors had drastically reduced their payments.

- Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- (b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true but Reason (R) is **not** the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- (c) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (B) is false.
- (d) Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true.

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- On which of the tellering modern aspects and the new farmany place a strong
 - Currency
 - Butikitik
 - Legal system
 - Dethoutanty
 - Only 1 and 2 are correct.
 - Only 2 and 3 are correct.
 - Only 3 and 4 are correct.
 - (d) Only 1, 2 and 3 are correct.
- 23, Which one of the following Italian states was ruled by an Italian intucely house?

111 I Americantly

(6) Venetia

Sardina Hudmint

- Identity the characteristics of Casour among the billowing and choose the correct option : 30.

 - He spoke French much better than Hallan. 2
 - He was a tactful diplomat. %
 - He belonged to a Royal family. 4,
 - Only 1 and 2 are correct.

Only 1, 2 and 2 are correct,

- Only 2, 3 and 4 are current.
- Only 1, 2 and 4 are correct. 101
- Two statements are given believe as Assertion (h) and Reasoning (R), Read the majoritor

Assertion (A): In Britain, the formation of the nation-state was not the result of a

Ethnic groups of Britain extended its influence

- Both Assertion (A) and Heason (B) are true and Beason (B) is the current explanation of (6)
- Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true but Reason (R) is not the correct 167
- Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false. (4)
- Assertion (A) is false took Reason (K) is true,

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- Which among the following is not a problem of resource development."
 - a) Depletion of resources for satisfying the greed of few individuals
 - b Accumulation of resources in few hands
 - c Indiscrimentale exploitation of resources
 - An equitable distribution of resources
- Which are of the following human activities has contributed most in land degradations
 - Deforestation
 - Overgraning
 - (c) Mining
 - (d) Over-irrigation
- 34. Two statements are given below as Assertion (A) and Reasoning (R). Read the statement and choose the most appropriate option:
 - Assertion (A). Indian farmers should diversity their grouping pattern from careals to high value crops.
 - Remain R : This will increase income and reduce environmental degradation simultaneously.
 - a) Both Assertion (A) and Rouson (R) are true and Rouson (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
 - b) Both Assertion (A) and Roason (R) are true but Reason (R) is mad the current explanation of Assertion (A).
 - Assertion A is true but Reason, R is false
 - 6 American (A is false but Reason (R) is true
- 35. Two statements are given below as Assertion (A) and Reasoning (R) Read the statement and choose the most appropriate option :
 - Assertion (A). Majority community is dominant in a few democratic states
 - Reason R Dominunce can undermine the unity of the country!
 - Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the current explanation of Assertion (A).
 - (b) Both Assertion (A) and Rosson (R) are true but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
 - C Assertion (A) is true but Beason (E) is talse.
 - d) Assertion (A) is fulse but Reason (A) is true.

36. Two statements are given below as Assertion (A) and Reasoning (R). Read the statement and choose the most appropriate option:

Assertion (A): Power sharing is good.

Reason (R): It helps to reduce the possibility of conflicts between social groups.

Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).

- (b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false. (c)
- Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true.
- 37. Choose the correct pair among the following:

	(Country)		(Administration)
(a)	Russia	_	Unitary
Sh	China	_	Federal
(c)	Canada	_	Unitary
(d)	Argentina	_	Federal

Two statements are given below as Assertion (A) and Reasoning (R). Read the statement 38.

Assertion (A): The distrust between Sinhalese and Tamil communities turned into

Reason (R): 1956 Act recognized Sinhala as the only official language.

- Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of
- Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true but Reason (R) is not the correct (c)
- Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.
- Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true. (d)
- Identify 'Horizontal power sharing' arrangements among the following in modern 39.
 - Different organs of government
 - Governments at different levels
 - (c) Different social groups
 - Different parties, pressure groups and movements (d)

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		ASI
	40 -	
	40/	Match Column I with Column II and choose the correct option :
		Column II
		I. Union List A. Computer-related matter
		II. State List B. Forest
		III. Concurrent List C. Police
	1	IV. Subsidiary Matters D. Defence
	1	(a) I-D II-C III-B IV-A
	9 00	(b) I-A II-B III-C IV-D
		(c) I–D II–C III–B IV–A
		(d) I-B II-A III-C IV-D
	41.	Which of the following countries is an example of 'coming together' federation?
		(a) United States of America (b) India
		(c) Spain (d) Belgium
	42/	What is not an integral part of the government?
		(a) Office of the Prime Minister (b) Legislature
		(c) Executive (d) Judiciary
	43.	Two statements are given below as Assertion (A) and Reasoning (R). Read the statement
		and choose the most appropriate option:
		Assertion (A): Kerala has low Infant Mortality Rate. Reason (R): Kerala has adequate provision of basic health and education facilities.
		(a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of
		Assertion (A).
		(b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
		Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.
	F. An	(d) Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true.
	44/	Suppose there are four families in your locality, the average per capita income of whom
Sec.	1	is ₹ 10,000. If the income of three families is ₹ 6,000, ₹ 8,000 and ₹ 14,000
		respectively, what would be the income of the fourth family?
		(a) ₹ 5,000 (b) ₹ 10,000 (c) ₹ 12,000 ₹ 15,000
	45	Which one of the following sectors shows the highest share in Gross Domestic Product (GDP) in India?
		(a) Primary (b) Secondary (c) Tertiary (d) Quaternary
	46.	Which one of the following sectors shows the highest share in employment in 2017 - 18,
		in India?
	_	(a) Primary (b) Secondary (c) Tertiary (d) Quaternary
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SECTION C

This section consists of two cases – A and B. There are total of 12 questions in this section. Attempt any 5 questions from each case.

Case A: Read the source given below. Attempt any 5 questions out of 6 (Q. No. 47 – 52) questions.

Jhumming: The 'slash and burn' agriculture is known as 'Milpa' in Mexico and Central America, 'Conuco' in Venezuela, 'Roca' in Brazil, 'Masole' in Central Africa, 'Ladang' in Indonesia, 'Ray' in Vietnam.

In India, this primitive form of cultivation is called 'Bewar' or 'Dahiya' in Madhya Pradesh, 'Podu' or 'Penda' in Andhra Pradesh, 'Pama Dabi' or 'Koman' or 'Bringa' in Odisha, 'Kumari' in Western Ghats, 'Valre' or 'Waltre' in South-eastern Rajasthan, 'Khil' in the Himalayan belt, 'Kuruwa' in Jharkhand, and 'Jhumming' in the North-eastern region.

	region.
47.	How is Primitive Subsistence Agriculture related with Jhumming?
	(a) It is based on shifting cultivation (b) It is intensive in nature
	(c) It is based on plantation cultivation (d) It depends upon cash crop
48.	The 'slash and burn' agriculture is known as 'Conuco' in which one of the following countries?
	(a) Venezuela (b) Brazil (c) Indonesia (d) Mexico
49.	The 'slash and burn' agriculture is known as 'Roca' in which one of the following countries?
	(a) Mexico (b) Indonesia (c) Brazil (d) Venezuela
50.	Identify the major problem of Jhumming cultivation.
	(a) Single crop dominance (b) Modern inputs
	(c) High cost (d) Low production
51.	In India 'slash and burn' agriculture is known as 'Bewar', in which one of the following States?
	(a) Andhra Pradesh
	(b) Madhya Pradesh
	(c) Rajasthan
	(d) Jharkhand
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	entions:
	t and choose the correct open
Match Column I with Column I	I and choose the correct options: Column II
Column	Killun
Andhra Pradesh	stalre
I. Odisha	D. Donda
II. Odisha	C. Penda D. Pama Dabi
III. Rajasthan	D. Pania
IV. Jharkhand	IV-A
I-C II-D III-B	IV-D
-f(a) 1-0	W.C.
(b) I-A III-D	IV-C IV-B below. Attempt any 5 questions out of 6 (Q. No. 53 - 58) below two-hectare plot of unirrigated land. The government to construct a well for her family to
(c) I-B II-C III-A	1V-D
(d) 1-D	her two-hectare plot of unirrigated land. The government ks can provide a loan, to construct a well for her family to the can provide a loan, to construct a dake a second crop, then be able to irrigate her land and take a provide then be able to irrigate her land and take a second crop, and the can provide the construction of wheat can provide the construction of
Case B : Read the source B	let of unirrigated land. The family to
questions.	her two-hectare plot to construct a well take a second crop.
Take the case of Laxmi with	ks can provide a loan her land and wheat can provide
wheat, during the	members of the family can be irrigate many suctor itself
employment baryesting). So two more	instructed and canals are within the agriculture
and her a new dam is co	laument generation
Now suppose a lot em This could lead to a lot em reducing the problem of unde	remployment.
reducing the problem	onomic sectors is Laxmi related to?
Which one of the following ec	Secondary (c) Tertiary
Primary (b)	formers is Laxmi related to !
of the following ca	Secondary (tegories of farmers is Laxmi related to? (b) Medium (c) Agricultural labourer
54. Which one of the	(d) Agricultural labourer
(a) Big	and at the maximum?
(c) Marginar	sectors is underemployment seen as (d) Commerce
55. In which one of the following	Agriculture (c) Trade Agriculture in large numbers in rural
(a) Industry	l canals create employment in large numbers in
How does construction of da	Agriculture (c) Trade ms and canals create employment in large numbers in rural
How does community areas?	are needed
(a) Large number of engin	regions are also required
(b) Large number of tech	nicians are also required umber of unskilled labourers umber of unskilled labourers
A directment of large n	umber of unstand

Adjustment of large number of unskilled labourers.

Executives and administrators can easily be adjusted

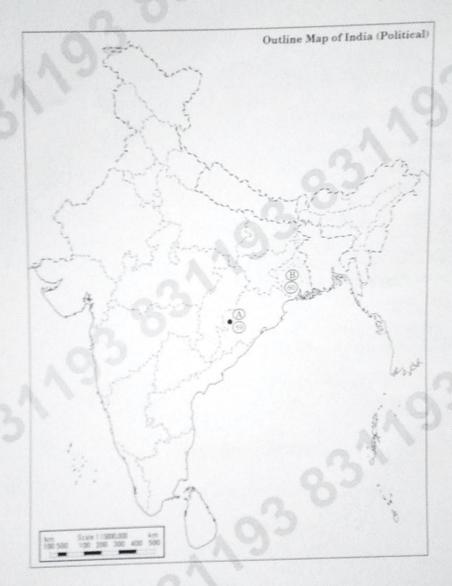
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(d)

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	Which one of the following is	the main result o	f increasing irrigation fac	ilities in the
57/	Which one of the following is field of agriculture?	the main result o		
	Increase in production			
	(b) Increase in productivity			
	(c) Change in cropping patte	rn		
	(d) Promote high yielding of	crops		
58	Which one of the following mea	ns of irrigation gen	erally comes under the Pub	lic Sector?
30.	tat Well	(b)	Tubewell	7 1
	(c) Tank	(d)	Canal A	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		0.0	
		SECTION D	00	
Map	-Based Questions - 59 and 60 a	re Mandatory.		
59./	On the outline political map of from the following options:	f India (on page 13)	'A' is marked as a Dam. I	dentify it
	(a) Tehri	(b)	Sardar Sarovar	
	(c) Hirakud	(d)	Nagarjuna Sagar	
60.	On the same map B is also mathe following options.	rked as the largest '	Jute' producer state. Identif	y it from
	(a) West Bengal	(b)	Bihar	
	(c) Assam	(d)	Odísha	
Note	: The following questions are Q.No. 59 and 60 (Map-Based		aired Candidates only in	lieu of
59.	Which one of the following dam	s is located in Odish	a?	
	(a) Tehri	(b)	Sardar Sarovar	
	(c) Hirakud	(d)	Nagarjuna Sagar	
60.	Which one of the following state	es is the largest prod	ucer of Jute?	
	(a) West Bengal	(b)	Bihar	
	(c) Assam	(d)	Odisha	
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	a U			



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