

**SEMESTER I EXAMINATIONS  
PSYCHOLOGY**

*Maximum Marks: 70*

*Time allowed: One and a half hours*

*Candidates are allowed additional 10 minutes for only reading the paper.*

**ALL QUESTIONS ARE COMPULSORY**

*Every question / subpart of a question carries one mark.*

*Select and write the correct option for each of the following questions.*

**Question 1**

*Which one of the following statistical techniques is used in the Two Factor Theory of Intelligence?*

- (a) Nomination method
- (b) Factor Analysis method
- (c) Experience sampling method
- (d) Interview method

*Answer:* \_\_\_\_\_

**Question 2**

*Which of the following personality types is described as pessimistic, unsocial, and reserved?*

- (a) Endomorph
- (b) Mesomorph
- (c) Ectomorph
- (d) Andromorph

*Answer:* \_\_\_\_\_

**This paper consists of 19 printed pages and 3 blank pages.**

*Turn over*

(d) Which component of personality arises in childhood when the children are unable to express their resentment towards indifferent parental behaviour?

- (a) basic fright
- (b) basic hostility
- (c) basic disgust
- (d) basic envy

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Question 37

Answer the following questions.

(i) At which level of moral development, does naive hedonistic orientation occur?

- (a) Conventional
- (b) Pre conventional
- (c) Non – conventional
- (d) Post conventional

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

(ii) At which stage, do decentration and irreversibility occur?

- (a) Sensorimotor stage
- (b) Pre-operational stage
- (c) Concrete operational stage
- (d) Formal operational stage

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Question 38

Rini loves to play with her doll. She pretends that the pen is a spoon with which she feeds her doll. She uses the pencil box as a mobile phone and at other times it is used as her doll's school bus.

(i) Which one of the following is a feature of this stage?

- (a) Thinking of different ways to solve a problem
- (b) Arranging objects in ascending or descending order
- (c) Formulating a general theory and deducing a hypothesis
- (d) Recreating experiences in make-believe play

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

- (iii) individuals who are neither educable nor trainable and remain dependent on others throughout their lives are:
- (a) Mildly mentally impaired
  - (b) Moderately mentally impaired
  - (c) Severely mentally impaired
  - (d) Borderline mentally impaired

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Question 35

Answer the following questions.

- (i) A mental representation of objects, events and their relationship is known as
- (a) Perceptual organization
  - (b) Idea representation
  - (c) Schema
  - (d) Sensation

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

- (ii) What is Moral Development?

- (a) Ability to reason what is right and wrong.
- (b) Ability to solve problems
- (c) Growth and changes in the body and brain.
- (d) Development of memory and language.

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Question 36

Answer the following questions.

- (i) What is the term used by Karen Horney to describe children who have heightened feelings of helplessness and insecurity due to indifferent or rejecting parents?
- (a) Basic sadness
  - (b) Basic aggression
  - (c) Basic love
  - (d) Basic anxiety

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

Attachment is a child's emotional bond with another person. It is a natural human instinct to form attachments. A child and his/her mother are connected with each other. Similarly, the mother and her child are connected with each other. When the mother leaves, the child feels sad and looks for her.

What type of attachment does the child show?

- (a) Secure attachment
- (b) Ambivalent attachment
- (c) Avoidant attachment
- (d) Disorganized attachment

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

- (i) To which of the following kinds of attachments, the child does not cry when his mother leaves and is slow in responding to her when she returns?
- (a) Disorganized attachment
  - (b) Secure attachment
  - (c) Ambivalent attachment
  - (d) Avoidant attachment

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

- (ii) Which one of the following factors does NOT affect the attachment between children and their caregivers?
- (a) Infant's temperament
  - (b) Flexibility of attention
  - (c) Conscience development
  - (d) Parents' responsiveness

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

- v) A child alternates between wanting the mother first and then resisting and rejecting her offer of comfort.

What type of attachment does this behaviour display?

- (a) Secure attachment
- (b) Insecure/ Ambivalent attachment
- (c) Insecure / Avoidant attachment
- (d) Disoriented / Disorganized attachment

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

following questions based on the situation given below.

According to Erikson, there are eight different stages of development of personality.

Which one of the following is NOT a stage proposed by Erikson?

- (a) Industry Vs Inferiority
- (b) Intimacy Vs Isolation
- (c) Trust Vs Mistrust
- (d) Solidarity Vs Neglect

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

Natasha, a 38-year-old woman quits her high-paying job in a manufacturing company to focus on her children and becomes a school counsellor. According to Erikson's theory, which stage is Natasha going through?

- (a) Identity Vs Role Confusion
- (b) Generativity Vs Stagnation
- (c) Ego integrity Vs Despair
- (d) Industry Vs Inferiority

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

A child is constantly scolded and not allowed to do things of his/her own. Which stage of crisis is likely to develop in the child?

- (a) Trust Vs Mistrust
- (b) Initiative Vs Guilt
- (c) Industry Vs Inferiority
- (d) Autonomy Vs Shame and Doubt

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

A teenager feels proud to be a part of a local rock band. What stage is indicative of?

- (a) Initiative Vs Guilt
- (b) Trust Vs Mistrust
- (c) Identity Vs Role Confusion
- (d) Autonomy Vs Shame and Doubt

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

*Question 9*  
According to Raymond Cattell, which one of the following is NOT a characteristic of fluid intelligence?

- (a) It is largely inherited.
- (b) It increases gradually with age.
- (c) It is used for learning and problem-solving.
- (d) It is dependent on neurological development.

*Answer:* \_\_\_\_\_

*Question 10*  
Which one of the following is a theory of intelligence given by L.L. Thurstone?

- (a) Two Factor Theory
- (b) Model of Intellect
- (c) Group Factor Theory
- (d) Theory of Multiple Intelligence

*Answer:* \_\_\_\_\_

*Question 11*

Which one of the following is NOT a stage in Cognitive Development?

- (a) Conventional
- (b) Pre-operational
- (c) Integration
- (d) Lack of Conservation

*Answer:* \_\_\_\_\_

*Question 12*

Who introduced the term Emotional Intelligence?

- (a) Salovey and Mayer
- (b) J.P. Guilford
- (c) Binet and Simon
- (d) Howard Gardner

*Answer:* \_\_\_\_\_

(ii) According to Erikson, at which stage does the conflict of Initiative vs. Guilt occur?

- (a) Early childhood
- (b) Infancy
- (c) Adolescence
- (d) Old age

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Question 41

Answer the following questions.

(i) An individual's potential to acquire specific skills that measure his/her future performance is known as:

- (a) Aptitude
- (b) Achievement
- (c) Interest
- (d) Intelligence

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

(ii) The ability to monitor and discriminate one's own as well as other's emotions to guide one's thinking, and action is known as:

- (a) Emotional intelligence
- (b) Abstract intelligence
- (c) Logical intelligence
- (d) Practical intelligence

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

**Question 18**

In the Psychosocial Development theory, at which stage does the sense of self-worth and adequacy resulting from the successful and favourable resolution of conflicts.

- (a) Trust Vs Mistrust
- (b) Autonomy Vs Shame and Doubt
- (c) Industry Vs Inferiority
- (d) Intimacy Vs Isolation

**Answer:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Question 19**

Answer the following questions.

- (i) Kareem has retired and he views his life with regret and dissatisfaction. What stage of psychosocial development does Kareem belong to?

- (a) Integrity Vs Despair
- (b) Industry Vs Inferiority
- (c) Identity Vs Role Confusion
- (d) Initiative Vs Guilt

**Answer:** \_\_\_\_\_

- (ii) Who put forward the above theory?

- (a) Sigmund Freud
- (b) Erik Erikson
- (c) Carl Rogers
- (d) Karen Horney

**Answer:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Question 30**

Answer the following questions.

- (i) If a person can understand the motives, feelings and behaviour of other people, which kind of intelligence does the person have?

- (a) Interpersonal intelligence
- (b) Intrapersonal intelligence
- (c) Linguistic intelligence
- (d) Social intelligence

**Answer:** \_\_\_\_\_

question 13

works completes her homework only when her father checks it and signs it. According to Moral development, which orientation does she have?

- (a) Good girl - Good boy orientation
- (b) Punishment and Obedience orientation
- (c) Social order maintaining orientation
- (d) Universal Ethical principle orientation

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

question 14

Who proposed the Two Factor theory of Intelligence?

- (a) William Jensen
- (b) Alfred Binet
- (c) J.P. Guilford
- (d) Charles Spearman

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

question 15

Irregular and consistent use of alcohol that leads to malfunctioning of the body is referred to as:

- (a) Eating disorder
- (b) Substance abuse
- (c) Biological measures
- (d) Developmental factor

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

question 16

Select the correct type of disorder and its symptom from the given options.

- Anorexia; binge eating
- Bulimia; average weight
- Weight loss; tolerance
- Purging; withdrawal

- (i) Rim thinks that it rains when the cloud is crying on being scolded. What is this way of thinking called?
- (a) Animistic thinking
  - (b) Abstract thinking
  - (c) Reflective thinking
  - (d) Deductive thinking

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Question 39

Answer the following questions with reference to the performance sub-tests of WAIS-3.

- (i) Which one of the following is NOT a performance sub-test?
- (a) Picture arrangement
  - (b) Block design
  - (c) Digit symbol
  - (d) Digit span

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

- (ii) Which one of the following aptitude is NOT measured by GATB?
- (a) Numerical
  - (b) Spatial
  - (c) Musical
  - (d) Verbal

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Question 40

Answer the following questions.

- (i) Samina appears for an English exam and is confident about scoring well. According to the Social Cognitive theory, which of the following concept applies to Samina's personality?
- (a) Self-reinforcement
  - (b) Self-system
  - (c) Self-control
  - (d) Self-efficacy

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

**Question 45**

Answer the following questions based on the situation given below.

- (i) Abhishek, Pradeep, and Ganesh are college friends. Abhishek is a music composer and also a story writer. Pradeep is expressive and interacts well with others. Ganesh likes to read novels and has a good vocabulary. He aspires to be a story writer.

Which theory of intelligence is mentioned in the passage?

- (a) Special Factor theory
- (b) Multiple Intelligence theory
- (c) Unitary theory
- (d) Two Factor theory

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

- (ii) Which type of intelligence does Abhishek display?

- (a) Linguistic
- (b) Bodily kineshetic
- (c) Musical- rhythm
- (d) Naturalistic

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

- (iii) Which types of intelligence do Ganesh and Pradeep display respectively?

- (a) Interpersonal / Intrapersonal
- (b) Visual- Spatial / Naturalistic
- (c) Linguistic – Verbal / Interpersonal
- (d) Existential / Intrapersonal

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

- (iv) Who proposed this theory?

- (a) L.L Thurstone
- (b) Carl Rogers
- (c) Howard Gardner
- (d) Jean Piaget

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

- (iii) Ravi thinks logically and excels on the standard test of academic potential. Which type of intelligence does she possess?  
(a) Social intelligence  
(b) Analytical intelligence  
(c) Emotional intelligence  
(d) Creative intelligence

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Question 31

Answer the following questions.

- (i) What does the concept of 'g' factor imply about intelligence?  
(a) It is an inborn or innate ability.  
(b) It consists of several specific abilities.  
(c) It is acquired through interaction with the environment.  
(d) It is a dynamic rather than a stable phenomenon.

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

- (ii) Ravi is an executive in a company. He plans and analyses the problems, identifies concepts and uses the old ideas in an original way. Which component of intelligence does he NOT possess?

- (a) Meta  
(b) Performance  
(c) Knowledge acquisition  
(d) Contextual

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Question 32

Answer the following questions.

- (i) According to Hippocrates, optimistic, accommodating, and sociable individuals are known as:  
(a) Choleric  
(b) Sanguine  
(c) Melancholic  
(d) Phlegmatic

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

- Answers based on the scenario given below:  
Sumona is considered 'smart' by everyone. She understands a situation  
and can work more effectively using few resources and less time.  
What type of intelligence does Sumona possess?
- (a) Interpersonal intelligence
  - (b) Contextual intelligence
  - (c) Fluid intelligence
  - (d) Linguistic intelligence

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

- (ii) Which one of the following ways would Sumona use to solve her problems?
- (a) Adapt to the situation or environment
  - (b) Research on the root cause of the problem
  - (c) Study extensively about the environment/situation
  - (d) Pray to God for help

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

- (iii) Which one of the following theories describes Sumona's intellectual ability?
- (a) Howard Gardner's theory
  - (b) J.P. Guilford's theory
  - (c) Robert Sternberg's theory
  - (d) Charles Spearman's theory

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

- v) People high on Experiential intelligence can:
- (a) tackle philosophical questions about human existence
  - (b) solve logical mathematical problems
  - (c) visualize images and pictures accurately and abstractly
  - (d) solve problems using previous knowledge but in a creative way.

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

**Question 17**

If Mohan's mental age is twelve years and chronological age is ten years, what is his level of Intelligence Quotient?

- (a) Below average
- (b) Below average
- (c) Above average
- (d) Average

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

**Question 18**

According to the Five Factor Model of personality, emotional instability, anxiety, and worry are categorised as:

- (a) Extraversion
- (b) Openness to experience
- (c) Agreeableness
- (d) Neuroticism

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

**Question 19**

Srishti won the rapid fire round of the English Quiz Competition in her school. Which primary factor of intelligence made her win?

- (a) Spatial
- (b) Word fluency
- (c) Numerical
- (d) Musical

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

**Question 20**

According to the MMPI clinical scale, what symptoms are observed in an individual with hysteria?

- (a) High levels of excitement, flight of ideas and overactivity
- (b) Disregard for society rules and customs
- (c) Sadness, pessimism and hopelessness
- (d) Physical symptoms like blindness and paralysis without any physical reason

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

**Question 3**  
There is considerable difference between a child and an adult.  
Which one of the following stages of cognitive development is unique during childhood?  
(a) Accommodation  
(b) Assimilation  
(c) Decategorization  
(d) Equilibration

**Answer:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Question 4**  
What is Carl Rogers' approach to personality called?

- (a) Psychoanalytic approach
- (b) Developmental approach
- (c) Humanistic approach
- (d) Social Cognitive approach

**Answer:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Question 5**

Divya thinks analytically and performs well in school exams. Hamsha, on the other hand, confidently deals with the problems encountered on a daily basis.

Which one of the following statements highlights the difference in Divya and Hamsha's intelligence?

- (a) Divya lacks componential intelligence while Hamsha possesses componential intelligence.
- (b) Divya is high on componential intelligence while Hamsha is high on contextual intelligence.
- (c) Both are high on experiential intelligence.
- (d) Hamsha is high on componential intelligence, while Divya is high on contextual intelligence.

**Answer:** \_\_\_\_\_

- Question 6  
Which of classes three and four are unable to understand the concept of Freedom in Social Science?
- None of the following abilities have they NOT developed:
- (a) Hierarchical classification
  - (b) Spatial understanding
  - (c) Abstract thinking
  - (d) Sensation

Question 7  
Wechsler's Progressive Matrices is an intelligence test constructed by which psychologist?

Which one of the following matrices is used for testing adults and older children for measuring intelligence?

- (a) Coloured Progressive Matrices
- (b) Advanced Progressive Matrices
- (c) Standard Progressive Matrices
- (d) Aided Progressive Matrices

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

Question 8

According to Gordon Allport, personality is defined as:

- (a) the overall capacity to learn and solve problems
- (b) that which permits a prediction of what a person will do in a given situation
- (c) a dynamic organization within the individual of those psychobiological systems that determine his unique adjustment to his environment
- (d) distinctive and relatively enduring ways of thinking, feeling, and acting

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

**Question 23**  
Who proposed the stage of Moral development?

- (a) Lawrence Smith
- (b) Lorenzo Ainsworth
- (c) Jean Piaget
- (d) Lawrence Kohlberg

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

**Question 25**

According to Freud, the part of personality that represents reason, good sense, and rational self-control is referred to as:

- (a) Superego
- (b) Ego
- (c) Id
- (d) Libido

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

**Question 26**

Symbolic play is marked by three shifts in the cognitive abilities of children. Which one of the following is NOT a part of it?

- (a) Integration
- (b) Conservation
- (c) Decentration
- (d) Decontextualization

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

**Question 27**

According to Carl Rogers, a person in denial mode defends against anxiety by:

- (a) Adopting behaviours opposite to his/her feelings
- (b) Refusing to accept the reality
- (c) Making unreasonable feelings seem reasonable
- (d) Attributing their own traits to others

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

(ii) Ravi is a lively person. She takes her decisions independently and is not influenced by social norms.  
What is the term used by Carl Rogers to describe such an individual?

- (a) Self-actualised person
- (b) Fully functioning person
- (c) Peak experience
- (d) Conscientious person

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Question 33

Answer the following questions.

(i) Who put forward the Social Cognitive Theory of Personality?

- (a) Erik Erikson
- (b) Raymond Cattell
- (c) Albert Bandura
- (d) William Sheldon

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

(ii) The projective technique that uses thirty black and white picture cards for measuring personality was developed by:

- (a) Morgan and Murray
- (b) Hathaway and McKinley
- (c) Allport and Cattell
- (d) Costa and McCrae

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Question 34

Answer the following questions.

(i) Which of the following are the traits of Gifted Children?

- (a) Inability to adjust with their peers; Rapid learning ability
- (b) Average intelligence; Good memory
- (c) Lack of motivation; Unusual alertness
- (d) Social misfits; Unders achievers

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

**Question 21**

The Data for Behaviour Analysis can be obtained by

- (a) Form perception and Clerical perception
- (b) Testing and Survey
- (c) Behavioural Rating/s and Situational Test
- (d) Picture arrangement and Comprehension

**Answer:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Question 22**

Match the dimensions given in the left column with their best fitting in the right column.

Dimensions		Trait
(A)	Extraversion	(i) Imaginative, creative
(B)	Agreeableness	(ii) Sociable, outgoing
(C)	Conscientiousness	(iii) Trusting, cooperative
(D)	Openness to experience	(iv) Well grounded, responsible

- (a) (A)-(i), (B)-(iii), (C)-(iv), (D)-(ii)
- (b) (A)-(iii), (B)-(i), (C)-(ii), (D)-(iv)
- (c) (A)-(ii), (B)-(iii), (C)-(iv), (D)-(i)
- (d) (A)-(iv), (B)-(i), (C)-(iii), (D)-(ii)

**Answer:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Question 23**

A law student takes a judiciary examination after completing a degree in law. Identify the test type that he/she takes.

- (a) Achievement test
- (b) Intelligence test
- (c) Personality test
- (d) Attitude test

**Answer:** \_\_\_\_\_