

BOARD QUESTION PAPER : OCTOBER 2021

ECONOMICS

Max. Marks: 80 Time: 3 Hrs. Notes: (1) All questions are compulsory. (2) Draw neat tables/diagrams wherever necessary. (3) Figures to the right indicate full marks. (4) Write answers to all main questions on new pages. Choose the correct option from given options: (5)[20] Q.1. (A) The branch of Economics that deals with the allocation of resources. (i) (a) Micro Economics (b) Macro Economics (c) Econometrics (d) Monetary Economics (3) only 'a' (4) None of the se (1)a, b, c (2) a, b Two or more goods demanded jointly to satisfy a single want. (ii) (a) Direct (b) Indirect Joint/ Complementary (c) (d) Composite demand (4) only 'c' (1)a, d (2) a, b, c (3) a, c (iii) Homogeneous product is a feature of this market. Monopoly (a) (b) Monopolistic competition Perfect competition (c) (d) Oligopoly only 'c' (3) a, b, d (1)(2) a, b, c (4) c, d (iv) Economist who is of the view that public finance is one of those subjects which are on the borderline between economics and politics. Adam Smith (a) (b) Alfred Marshall (c) Prof. Hugh Dalton (d) Prof. Findlay Shirras (1)only 'a' (2) only 'b' (3) only 'c' (4) only 'd' Role of foreign trade. (v) To earn foreign exchange. (a) To encourage investment. (b) Leads to division of labour. (c) (d) Brings change in composition of exports. None of these a, b, c a, b, c, d (3) a, b, d (4) (1)(2) **Complete the following correlations:** (5) **(B)** Micro Economics : Tree : : Macro Economics : (i) Single consumer : Individual demand : : Many consumers : (ii) (iii) : Downward sloping curve : : Supply curve : Upward sloping curve.



	(iv)	Price index : Inflation :	: Agricultural proc	luction.		
	(v)	: Central bank : : State Bank of India : Commercial bank.				
	(C) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (v)	Give economic terms for the following descriptions: Utility of a commodity increases with a change in its time of utilization. The demand for a commodity which can be put to several uses. The market where there are a few sellers. Financial statement showing the expected receipts and proposed expenditure of the government in the coming financial year. Deposits withdrawable on demand.				
	(D)					
	(i)	When Marginal Utility (a) Rising (c) Falling	(MU) is negative, Total Utili (b) (d)	ty (TU) is Not changing Zero		
	(ii)	When less units are de(a) Increase in dema(c) Decrease in dem	()	ws Expansion of demand Contraction in demand		
	(iii)	Revenue per unit of ou (a) Total revenue (c) Average revenue	utput sold is (b) e (d)	Marginal revenue Marginal expenditure		
	(iv)	(a) Indigenous bank(b) Money lenders(c) Commercial Ban				
	(v)	Purchase of goods and (a) Export trade (c) Entrepot trade	l services by one country fro (b) (d)	m another country is Import trade Internal trade		
Q.2.	(A) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (v)	 (i) Madhav collected information about monthly expenditure of a family. (ii) Pooja satisfied her need of writing an essay by using pen and notebook. (iii) There are many firms producing soaps in India. (iv) Ramesh prepared share price index number. 				
	 (B) Distinguish between the following (Any THREE): (1) Form Utility and Knowledge Utility. (2) Perfect competition and Monopolistic competition. (3) Partial equilibrium and General equilibrium. (4) Direct tax and Indirect tax. (5) Perfectly elastic demand and Perfectly inelastic demand. 					
Q.3.		nswer the following questions (Any THREE):				
	(i) (ii)	Explain any four features of perfect competition. Calculate Quantity Index Number from the given data:				
	(ii)	Calculate Quantity Ind	ex Number from the given o Qty in 2010 (q₀)	Qty in 2011 (q₁)		
		A	20	55		
		B	35	60		
		C	75	110		
		D	70	75		
		L				

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- (iii) Explain any four sources of non-tax revenue of the government.
- (iv) Explain the function of acceptance of deposits of commercial bank.
- (v) Explain any four features of National Income.

Q.4. State with reasons whether you agree or disagree with the following statements (Any THREE):

- (i) There are exceptions to the law of supply.
- (ii) The scope of Macro Economics is unlimited.
- (iii) Price Index number is the only type of Index number.
- (iv) Reserve Bank of India performs various functions.
- (v) Obligatory function is the only function of the government.

Q.5. Study the following table, figure, passage and answer the questions given below it (Any TWO):

(i)		
Units of x	Total Utility	Marginal Utility
1	10	10
2	18	8
3	24	6
4	28	4
5	30	2
6	30	0
7	28	-2

- With the help of above schedule draw total utility and marginal utility curve.
 When total utility is maximum marginal utility is .
 (1)
- (3) When total utility falls marginal utility becomes . (1)



(ii)

- (1) The above diagram shows direct relationship between quantity supplied and . (1)
- (2) In above diagram, supply curve 'SS' has slope.
- (3) Rise in price leads to upward movement of supply on the same supply curve from point 'R' to point 'T'. This movement is known as .
 (1)
- (4) Fall in price leads to downward movement of supply on the same supply curve from point
 'R' to point 'M'. The movement is known as .
 (1)

3

(1)



reforms, gradually reducing its control over foreign investment and trade.

- (1) What is the prime source of livelihood for the majority of population in India?
- (2) Which sector is developing very fast in India in the recent years?
- (3) Give your opinion about India's economy with reference to the above passage.

Q.6. Answer the following questions in detail (Any TWO):

- (i) Explain the Law of Demand with its assumptions.
- (ii) Explain the concept of price elasticity of demand and its types.
- (iii) Explain Income and Expenditure method of measuring national income.

(1)

(1)

(2)