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Question Paper Serial No. 100

CCE PR NSR & NSPR

ಸಂಕೇತ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ : 96-E

Code No. : 96-E

ವಿಷಯ : ಅರ್ಥಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ

Subject : ECONOMICS

(ಇಂಗ್ಲಿಷ್ ಮಾಧ್ಯಮ / English Medium)

(ಪುನರಾವರ್ತಿತ ಖಾಸಗಿ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿ / ಎನ್.ಎಸ್.ಆರ್. & ಎನ್.ಎಸ್.ಪಿ.ಆರ್.)

(Private Repeater / NSR & NSPR)

ದಿನಾಂಕ : 02. 07. 2022] [Date : 02. 07. 2022

ಸಮಯ : ಬೆಳಗ್ಗೆ 09-30 ರಿಂದ ಮಧ್ಯಾಹ್ನ 12-45 ರವರೆಗೆ] [Time : 09-30 A.M. to 12-45 P.M.

ಪರಮಾವಧಿ ಅಂಕಗಳು : 100] [Max. Marks : 100

General Instructions to the Candidate :

1. This Question Paper consists of objective and subjective types of 57 questions.
2. This question paper has been sealed by reverse jacket. You have to cut on the right side to open the paper at the time of commencement of the examination. Check whether all the pages of the question paper are intact.
3. Follow the instructions given against both the objective and subjective types of questions.
4. Figures in the right hand margin indicate maximum marks.
5. The maximum time to answer the paper is given at the top of the question paper. It includes 15 minutes for reading the question paper.

TEAR HERE TO OPEN THE QUESTION PAPER
ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ-ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯನ್ನು-ತೆರೆಯಲು ಇಲ್ಲಿ ಕತ್ತರಿಸಿ

Tear here

I. *Four* choices are given for each of the following questions / incomplete statements. Choose the correct answer and write the complete answer along with its letter of alphabet.

10 × 1 = 10

1. "Economic development is a process whereby an economy's real national income increases over a long period of time." It is said by

(A) Meier and Baldwin (B) Baldwin and Marshall

(C) Meier and Marshall (D) Keynes and Baldwin.

2. The life blood of all economic activities is

(A) Exchange (B) Utility

(C) Production (D) Finance.

3. Co-operative credit societies work on the principle of

(A) correlation (B) co-operation

(C) co-incidence (D) co-demand.

4. "Industrialize or perish" is said by

(A) J. N. Tata

(B) Mahatma Gandhi

(C) Sir M. Vishveshwaraiah

(D) Jawaharlal Nehru.

5. The objective of National Industries Corporation is

(A) to supply loans

(B) to supply machinery

(C) to supply raw materials

(D) to supply labourers.

6. Buckingham canal is in

(A) Tamil Nadu (B) Kerala

(C) Maharashtra (D) Karnataka.

7. The British developed railway transport in India for the purpose of

(A) Labour transportation

(B) Trade and administration

(C) Movement of people

(D) Improving transportation.

8. To print and issue currency RBI follows

(A) Maximum reserve system

(B) Equal reserve system

(C) Diminishing reserve system

(D) Minimum reserve system.

9. The oldest central bank in the world is

(A) Riks bank of Sweden

(B) Bank of France

(C) Bank of Japan

(D) Bank of England.

10. The currency of England is

(A) Ruble (B) Franc

(C) Dollar (D) Pound.

II. 11. Match list *A* with list *B* and write the answer along with its letter of alphabet : 5 × 1 = 5

A	*B*
a) Northern Railway	i) Jaipur
b) Southern Railway	ii) New Delhi
c) Eastern Railway	iii) Mumbai
d) Western Railway	iv) Chennai
e) North-Western Railway	v) Kolkata
	vi) Hubli
	vii) Jabalpur.

III. Answer the following questions in a word *or* sentence each :

15 × 1 = 15

12. What is economic development ?

13. Why are underdeveloped economies low in HDI ?

14. Which is the Apex bank for agricultural finance in India ?

15. Why are Regional Rural banks established ?

16. What is disinvestment ?

17. What is poverty ?

18. What is the objective of Nehru Rojgar Yojana ?

19. Why was National Food for Work programme started ?

20. What is relative poverty ?

21. What is the impact of open sky policy in India ?

22. Why was Postal Index Number implemented ?

23. Name the prominent sea port of Karnataka.

24. Where is the Headquarters of Reserve Bank of India ?

25. What is trade ?

26. What is forex rate ?

IV. Answer the following questions in about *three* to *four* sentences each : **24 × 2 = 48**

27. How is Human Development Index measured ?

28. How is the nationalisation of banks benefitted the Indian economy ?

29. Superstition hinders economic development. Why ?

30. Money lenders play a great role in agricultural finance. How ?

31. How are farmers exploited by commission agents and traders ?

32. Mention the classification of the industries based on ownership.

33. New Industrial Policy of 1991 changed the economic scenario of India. Justify.

34. List out the facilities provided by industrial estates.

35. Why was 20 point programme implemented ?

36. Name the types of roads based on their nature.

37. Which are the publications of Reserve Bank of India ?

38. Where are the regional offices of Reserve Bank of India established ?

39. Which are the major imports of India ?

40. Which factors made India the prime country in export of services ?

41. How is the agricultural finance classified based on time ?

42. What is the role of relatives and friends in agricultural finance ?

43. Write the characteristics of small scale industries.

44. Mention the functions of Integrated Rural Development Programme.

45. What are the objectives of DWCRA ?

46. Which are the problems of road transport ?

47. What is the importance of railway transport ?

48. Name the important ship building units established in India.

49. Which are the main functions of Financial Supervision Boards ?

50. Mention the training institutions of RBI.

V. Answer the following questions in about *five* to *six* sentences each : **6 × 3 = 18**

51. Mention the characteristics of developed countries.

52. Write the functions of District Industrial Centres.

53. What are the causes of poverty in India ?

54. Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee programme is major poverty alleviation programme in India. Explain.

55. What are the functions of RBI ?

56. Explain the need for international trade.

VI. Answer the following question in about *eight* to *ten* sentences :

1 × 4 = 4

57. Explain the need of agricultural finance.