Su	bject: Chemi	stry Code: 34	Class: Sec	cond PU
Sl No	Term	Prescribed Chapters	Prescribed Practical classes	Period
1	First Term: 15-07-2021 to 15-09-2021	Unit I: Solid State (8 Hours) Classification of solids based on different binding forces :molecular, ionic covalent and metallic solids, amorphous and crystalline solids(elementary idea),unit cell in two dimensional and three dimensional lattices, calculation of density of unit cell, packing in solids, packing efficiency, voids ,number of atoms per unit cell in a cubic unit cell, point defects, electrical and magnetic properties, Band theory of metals ,conductors, Semiconductors and insulators and n and p type semiconductors. Unit II : Solutions (9 Hours) Types of solutions, expression of concentration of solutions of solids in liquids, solubility of gases in liquids, solid solutions, colligative properties – relative lowering of vapour pressure, Raoult's law , elevation of B.P., depression of freezing point, osmotic pressure, determination of molecular masses using colligative properties, abnormal molecular mass, Vant Hoff factor. Unit VIII: d and f Block Elements (9 Hours) General introduction ,electronic configuration, occurrence and characteristics of transition metals, general trends in properties of the first row transition metals – metallic character, ionization enthalpy, oxidation states, ionic radii, colour, catalytic property, magnetic properties, interstitial compounds, alloy formation. Preparation and properties of K ₂ Cr ₂ O ₇ and KMnO ₄ .	 A. Surface Chemistry (2 lab class) (a) Preparation of one lyophilic and one lyophobic sol. Lyophilic sol: starch, egg albumin and gum. Lyophobic sol: aluminium hydroxide, ferric hydroxide, arsenious sulphide. (b) Dialysis of sol prepared in (a) above. (c) Study of the role of emulsifying agent in stabilizing the emulsions of different oils. B. Chemical Kinetics (2 lab class) (a) Effect of concentration and temperature on the rate of reaction between sodium thiosulphateand hydrochloric acid. (b) Study of reaction rates of any one of the following: (i) Reaction of iodide ions. (ii) Reaction between potassium iodate (KIO₃) and sodium sulphite (Na₂SO₃) using starch Solution as indicator (clock reaction). C. Thermochemistry (2 lab class) Any one of the following experiments : (a) Enthalpy of neutralization of strong acid (HCl) and strong base (NaOH) (c) Determination of enthalpy change during 	

	Lanthanoids – electronic configuration, oxidation states,	interaction (Hydrogen bond formation)	

and its of Actinoi	al reactivity and lanthanoid contraction consequences. ds – Electronic configuration, oxidation states and ison with lanthenoids.	between acetone and chloroform. D. Electrochemistry (1 lab class) Variation of cell potential in Zn/Zn ²⁺ //Cu ^{2+/} Cu with change in concentration of electrolytes (CuSO ₄ or ZnSO ₄) at room temperature.	
Haloalk and che reaction Haloare (directiv compou Uses an	: Haloalkanes and Haloarenes (7 Hours) tanes: Nomenclature, nature of C-X bond, physical emical properties, mechanism of substitution as. Optical rotation. enes: Nature of C-X bond, substitution reactions we influence of halogen for monosubstituted ands only). ad environmental effects of – dichloromethane, omethane, tetrachloromethane, iodoform, freons,		

2	First Term test: 13-09-2021 to 15-09-2021	Chapters taught in first term Same question paper pattern as in annual exam paper.	
3	Assaignment -1		

		Unit III: Electrochemistry (9 Hours)	E. Chromatography (1 lab class)
		Redox reactions; conductance in electrolytic solutions,	(a) Separation of pigments from extracts of
		specific and molar conductivity variations of conductivity	leaves and flowers by paper chromatography
		with concentration, Kohlrausch's Law, electrolysis and laws	anddetermination of Rf values.
		of electrolysis (elementary idea),	(b) Separation of constituents present in an
		dry cell – electrolytic cells and Galvanic cells; lead	inorganic mixture containing two cations only
	Second	accumulator, EMF of a cell, standard electrode potential,	(constituentshaving wide difference in Rf
	Term:	Nernst equation and its application to chemical cells.	values to be provided).
4	16-09-2021	Relation between Gibbs energy change and EMF of	F. Preparation of Inorganic Compounds
4		a cell, fuel cells; corrosion.	(1 lab class)
	to 30-11-2021	Unit IX Coordination Compounds (7 Hours)	(a) Preparation of double salt of ferrous
	30-11-2021	Coordination compounds : Introduction, ligands,	ammonium sulphate or potash alum.
		coordination number, colour, magnetic properties and	(b) Preparation of potassium ferric oxalate.
		shapes, IUPAC nomenclature of mononuclear coordination	G. Preparation of Organic Compounds
		compounds, bonding, Werner's theory	(1 lab class)
		VBT, CFT; isomerism (structural and stereo) importance of	Preparation of any one of the following
		coordination compounds (in qualitative analysis, extraction	compounds:
		of metals and biological systems).	(a) Acetanilide

		 Unit XI: Alcohols, Phenols and Ethers (8 Hours) Alcohols: Nomenclature, methods of preparation, physical and chemical properties (of primary alcohols only); identification of primary, secondary and tertiary alcohols; mechanism of dehydration, uses, with special reference to methanol and ethanol. Phenols: Nomenclature, methods of preparation, physical and chemical properties, acidic nature of phenol, electrophillic substitution reactions, uses of phenols. Ethers: Nomenclature, methods of preparation, physical and chemical properties, uses. Unit XIII: Organic Compounds Containing Nitrogen (6 Hours) Amines: Nomenclature, classification, structure, methods of preparation, physical and chemical properties, uses, identification of primary secondary and tertiary amines. Cyanides and Isocyanides – will be mentioned at relevant places in context. Diazonium salts: Preparation, chemical reactions and importance in synthetic organic chemistry. 	(b) Di-benzal acetone (c) p-Nitroacetanilide (d) Aniline yellow or 2 - Napththol aniline dye	
5	Assaignment -2			
6.	Mid-term examinations 20-11-2021 to 30-11-2021	Chapters taught in first and second term		
7	Third Term:	Unit IV: Chemical Kinetics (9Hours) Rate of a reaction (average and instantaneous), factors	H. Test for the Functional Groups Present in Organic Compounds (2 Lab	

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01-12-2		class)Unsaturation, alcoholic, phenolic,
to	catalyst; order and molecularity of a reaction; rate law and	aldehydic, ketonic, carboxylic and amino
30-01-2		(primary) groups.
	rate equations and half-life (only for zero and first order	
	reactions); concept of collision theory (elementary idea, no	I. Characteristic Tests of Carbohydrates,
	mathematical treatment). Activation energy, Arrhenious	Fats and Proteins in Pure Samples and
	equation.	TheirDetection in Given Food Stuffs.
	Unit VII: p-Block Elements (11 Hours)	(1 Lab class)
	Group 15 elements: General introduction, electronic	
	configuration, occurrence, oxidation states, trends in	J. Determination of Concentration/Molarity
	physical and chemical properties; nitrogen – preparation,	of KMnO4 Solution by Titrating it against a
	properties and uses; compounds of	Standard Solution of – (2 Lab class)
	nitrogen: preparation and properties of ammonia and nitric	(i) Oxalic acid
	acid, oxides of nitrogen (structure only);	(ii) Ferrous ammonium sulphate
	Phosphorous-allotropic forms; compounds of phosphorous:	(Students will be required to prepare standard
	preparation and properties of phosphine, halides (PCl ₃ ,	solutions by weighing themselves).
	PCl ₅) and oxoacids (elementary idea only).	
	Group 16 elements : General introduction, electronic	
	configuration, oxidation states, occurrence, trends in	
	physical and chemical properties; dioxygen: preparation,	
	properties and uses; classification of	K. Qualitative Analysis (6 Lab class)
	oxides; ozone. Sulphur – allotropic forms; compounds of	• Determination of one cation and one anion
	sulphur: preparation, properties and uses of sulphur dioxide;	in a given salt.
	sulphuric acid: industrial process of manufacture, properties	Cations - $Pb^{2+}Cu^{2+}$, As^{3+} , Al^{3+} , Fe^{3+} , Mn^{2+} ,
	and uses, oxoacids of sulphur (structures only).	Ni^{2+} $7n^{2+}$ Co^{2+} Co^{2+} Sr^{2+}
	Group 17 elements : General introduction, electronic	Ni ²⁺ , Zn ²⁺ , Co ²⁺ , Ca ²⁺ , Sr ²⁺ , Ba ²⁺ , Mg ²⁺ , NH ₄ ⁺
	configuration, oxidation states, occurrence, trends in	$CO_3^{2-}, S^{2-}, SO_3^{2-}, SO_4^{2-}, NO_2^{-}, NO_3^{-}, Cl^{-}, Br^{-}, I^{-}, $
	physical and chemical properties; compounds of halogens:	$PO_4^{3-}, C_2O_4^{2-}, CH_3C0O^{-},$
	preparation, properties and uses of	(Note : Insoluble salts excluded)
		(note . msoluble sails excluded)
	chlorine and hydrochloric acid, interhalogen compounds,	
	oxoacids of halogens (structures only).	
	Group 18 elements: General introduction, electronic	

		 configuration, occurrence, trends in physical and chemical properties, uses. Unit XII: Aldehydes, Ketones and Carboxylic Acids (9 Hours) Aldehydes and Ketones: Nomenclature, nature of carbonyl group, methods of preparation, physical and chemical properties, and mechanism of nucleophilic addition, reactivity of alpha hydrogen in aldehydes; uses. Carboxylic Acids: Nomenclature, acidic nature, methods of preparation, physical and chemical properties; uses. 	
8	Second term test 28-01-2022 to 31-01-2022	Chapters taught in third term	

		Unit V: Surface Chemistry (6 Hours)
		Adsorption – physisorption and chemisorption; factors
		affecting adsorption of gases on solids;
		catalysis:homogenous and heterogeneous, activity and
		selectivity: enzyme catalysis; colloidal state: distinction
	Fourth	between true solutions, colloids and suspensions; lyophillic,
	Term:	lyophobic multimolecular and macromolecular colloids;
9		properties of colloids; Tyndall effect, Brownian movement,
9	01-02-2022	electrophoresis, coagulation; emulsions – types of
	to	emulsions.
	31-03-2022	Unit VI: General Principles and Processes of Isolation of
		Elements (5 Hours)
		Principles and methods of extraction – concentration,
		oxidation, reduction electrolytic method and
		refining; occurrence and principles of extraction of
		aluminium, copper, zinc and iron.

		Unit XIV: Biomolecules (7 Hours) Carbohydrates – Classification (aldoses and ketoses), monosaccharide (glucose and fructose), D-L configuration, oligosaccharides (sucrose, lactose, maltose), polysaccharides (starch, cellulose, glycogen): importance.	
		Proteins - Elementary idea of a - amino acids, peptide bond, polypeptides, proteins, primary structure, secondary structure, tertiary structure and quaternary structure (qualitative idea only), denaturation of proteins; enzymes. Hormones –Elementary idea (excluding structure). Vitamins – Classification and functions. Nucleic Acids: DNA and RNA Unit XV: Polymers (5 Hours)	
		 Classification – Natural and synthetic, methods of polymerization (addition and condensation), copolymerization. Some important polymers: natural and synthetic like polythene, nylon, polyesters, bakelite, rubber. Biodegradable and non-biodegradable polymers. Unit XVI: Chemistry in Everyday Life (5 Hours) 1. Chemicals in medicines – analgesics, tranquilizers, antiseptics, disinfectants, antimicrobials, antifertility drugs, antibiotics, antacids, antihistamines. 2. Chemicals in food – preservatives, artificial sweetening agents, elementary idea of antioxidants. 3. Cleansing agents – soaps and detergents, cleansing action. 	
10	Preparatory Exam	Full syllabus	

	24-03-2022		
	to		
	30-03-2022		
	Annual		
	Examination		
11	S	Full syllabus	
	First week of		
	April		

NOTE: 1. Strictly all the topics of NCERT text book should be taught.

2. Laboratory experiments should be conducted only during offline class for the students. Till that time students are asked to write the physical chemistry experiments in record book.