95 General Instructions :

Read

- the following instructions very carefully and strictly follow them :
- This question paper contains three sections Section A, B and C. 11 Each section is compulsory.
- (ii)
- Section A has 6 short answer type I questions of 2 marks each. (111)
- Section B has 4 short answer type II questions of 3 marks each. (ir)Section C has 4 long answer type questions of 4 marks each.
- (r^{i}) There is an internal choice in some questions.
- 1011
- Question no. 14 is a case-study based question with 2 sub-parts of 2 marks (pii)

SECTION A

Questions number 1 to 6 carry 2 marks each.

- The foot of a perpendicular drawn from the point (-2, -1, -3) on a plane 1. is (1, -3, 3). Find the equation of the plane.
- A coin is tossed twice. The following table shows the probability 2 distribution of number of tails :

Find the value of K. (a)

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If $|\vec{a} \times \vec{b}|^2 + |\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}|^2 = 400$ and $|\vec{b}| = 5$, then find the 3. (a) value of $|\vec{a}|$.

OR

- Find all the possible vectors of magnitude $5\sqrt{3}$ which are equally (b) inclined to the coordinate axes.
- 14. Find the general solution of the differential equation $\sec^2 x \cdot \tan y \, dx + \sec^2 y \cdot \tan x \, dy = 0.$ 2

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Evaluate :

$$\int_{0}^{1} x^{2} e^{x} dx$$

6. There are two bags. Bag I contains 1 red and 3 white balls, and Bag II contains 3 red and 5 white balls. A bag is selected at random and a ball is drawn from it. Find the probability that the ball so drawn is red in colour.

SECTION B

Questions number 7 to 10 carry 3 marks each.

- 7. Using integration, find the area of the region $\{(x, y) : y^2 \le x \le y\}$.
- 8. (a) If a line makes 60° and 45° angles with the positive directions of x-axis and z-axis respectively, then find the angle that it makes with the positive direction of y-axis. Hence, write the direction cosines of the line.

Check whether the lines $\frac{x-1}{2} = \frac{y-2}{3} = \frac{z-3}{4}$ $\frac{x-4}{5} = \frac{y-1}{2} = z$ are skew or not. (b) and 3 (a) Find : iscover . Prepare . Achieve 3

OR

OR

(b) Evaluate: $\int_{1}^{4} \{ |x| + |3 - x| \} dx$

If \vec{a} and \vec{b} are two vectors of equal magnitude and α is the angle between them, then prove that $\frac{|\vec{a} + \vec{b}|}{|\vec{a} - \vec{b}|} = \cot\left(\frac{\alpha}{2}\right)$.

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SECTION C

Questions number 11 to 14 carry 4 marks each. W. (a) Find the particular solution

(a) Find the particular solution of the differential equation $x \frac{dy}{dx} + y + \frac{1}{1 + x^2} = 0$, given that y(1) = 0.

OR

(b) Find the general solution of the differential equation

 $x (y^3 + x^3) dy = (2y^4 + 5x^3y) dx.$

12. Evaluate :

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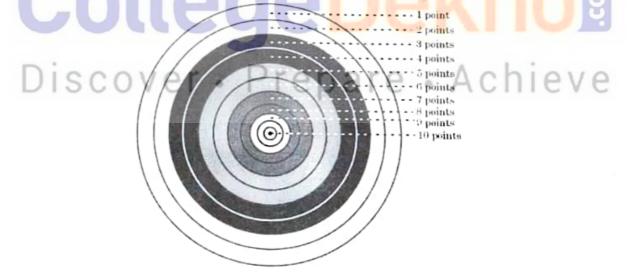
$$\int_{0}^{\pi} \frac{x}{9\sin^2 x + 16\cos^2 x} dx$$

13. Find the equations of the planes passing through the line of intersection of the planes $\vec{r} \cdot (\hat{i} + 3\hat{j}) = 6$ and $\vec{r} \cdot (3\hat{i} - \hat{j} - 4\hat{k}) = 0$, which are at a distance of 1 unit from the origin.

Case-Study Based Question

14. In a game of Archery, each ring of the Archery target is valued. The centremost ring is worth 10 points and rest of the rings are allotted points 9 to 1 in sequential order moving outwards.

Archer A is likely to earn 10 points with a probability of 0.8 and Archer B is likely the earn 10 points with a probability of 0.9.



Based on the above information, answer the following questions : If both of them hit the Archery target, then find the probability that

- (a) exactly one of them earns 10 points.
- (b) both of them earn 10 points.

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