## 2020 BIOLOGY

Total marks: 70 Time: 3 hours

## **General instructions:**

- *i)* Approximately 15 minutes is allotted to read the question paper and revise the answers.
- ii) All questions are compulsory. Marks are indicated against each question.
- iii) The question paper consists of two parts Part A and Part B. Each part contain 14 questions.
- iv) Internal choice has been provided in some questions.
- v) Write the answers of Part A and Part B in separate answer books.

  Marks shall not be awarded if the answers of both the Parts are written in one book nor marks awarded if answers of Part A are written in the answer book of Part B and vice-versa.

N.B: Check that all pages of the question paper is complete as indicated on the top left side.

## PART - A

		1.1	11/1	11	
1.	Whi (a) (c)	ch one of the following is regar Bryophyllum Strobilanthus kunthiana	rded a (b) (d)	•	1
2.	Flowers with exposed anther and stigma are called				
	(a)	Cleistogamous	(b)	Geitonogamous	
	(c)	Xenogamous	(d)	Chasmogamous	
3.	is known as the regulatory gene in Lac-Operon.				1
	(a)	•	(b)	z gene	
	(c)	y gene	(d)	a gene	
4.	Sona (a) (c)	alika and Kalyan Sona is a high rice maize	yield (b) (d)		1
5.	The	The thickness of the ozone in a column of air is measured in			
	(a)	Decibel	(b)	Dobson unit	
	(c)	Barometer	(d)	Thermometer	
6.	Define the term encystation with one example.				
7.	Wha	at is stratification? Give one exa	ımple		2
8.	Give	e two harmful effects of ozone l	ayer	depletion.	2

9.		embryo.					
10.	a.	Why are both the strands of DN Or	A no	t copied during transcription?	3		
	b.	What are the enzymes involved	in DN	NA replication?			
11.		hat is micropropagation? Write down two applications of plants tissue lture.					
12.	a.	a genetic material.	erime	nt on bacteriophage to prove DNA a			
	b.	Or List down the steps of DNA fing DNA finger printing.	gerpri	nting. Write down the applications of	<b>5</b> of		
13.	a.	What is cloning vector? Write the <b>Or</b>	ne cha	aracteristic features of cloning vector	rs. <b>5</b>		
	b.	Explain the separation and isola	tion	of DNA finger printing.			
14.	a.	What is decomposition? Explain <b>Or</b>	the	process of decomposition.	5		
	b.	<del>-</del>	ny tw	o factors that can affect the patterns	-		
		P	ART	–В			
1.	Th	e embryo with 8 to 16 blastomer	es is	called a	1		
	(a)	blastocyst	(b)	morula			
	(c)	blastula	(d)	gastrula			
2.	Th	The prenatal technique to determine the genetic disorders in a foetus is called 1					
	(a)	•	(b)	•			
	(c)	otoscopy	(d)	cystoscopy			
3.	Wi	Wings of butterfly and wings of bird is an example of					
	(a)	•		analogous organs			
	(c)			none of these			
4.	W	Wucheria bancrofti causes 1					
	(a)	· ·	(b)	ascariasis	_		
	(c)		(d)	pneumonia			
	. /		. ,	-			

5.	The association between orchids and bees is an example of	1			
	<ul><li>(a) ammensalism</li><li>(b) mutualism</li><li>(c) commensalism</li><li>(d) parasitism</li></ul>				
6.	What is pleiotropy? Give one example.	2			
7.	What is cyclosporine A?	2			
8.	Give any two advantages of genetically modified plants.	2			
9.	a. How is sex determined in human beings?  Or				
<b>b.</b> State the Hardy-Weinberg's principle. Explain briefly the algebre equation of $p^2+2pq+q^2=1$ on the basis of principle.					
10.	What is biopiracy? How are industrialised nations exploiting the bioresources?				
11.	Explain the logistic growth curve of a population with a suitable diagram.	3			
12.	a. Explain the various phases of menstrual cycle in human female.  Or	5			
	<b>b.</b> Explain the various special techniques used in Assisted Reproduction Technologies(ART).				
13.	<b>a.</b> State the law of independent assortment. Explain with the hybrid cross of pea plant.				
	Or  b. Give a brief account about the origin and evolution of man.	5			
14.	<b>a.</b> What is cancer? Explain the causes, diagnosis and treatment of cancer. <b>Or</b>	5			
	<b>b.</b> In which food would you find lactic acid bacteria? Mention some of their useful applications				

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*