## 2016 ECONOMICS

Total marks: 90 Time: 3 hours

## **General instructions:**

- *i)* Approximately 15 minutes is allotted to read the question paper and revise the answers.
- ii) The question paper consists of 31 questions.
- iii) Marks are indicated against each question.
- iv) Answers to questions carrying 1 mark should not exceed one sentence.
- v) Answers to questions carrying 2 marks should not exceed 50 words.
- vi) Answers to questions carrying 4 marks should not exceed 80 words.
- vii) Answers to questions carrying 6 marks should not exceed 120 words.
- viii) Answers to questions carrying 8 marks should not exceed 200 words.

N.B: Check that all pages of the question paper is complete as indicated on the top left side.

1.	What is investment?	1
2.	Define economic welfare.	1
3.	What is a production unit?	1
4.	Define money.	1
5.	Name two types of monetary policy.	1
6.	What is a tax?	1
7.	Define per capita real income.	1
8.	Write the full form of ASEAN.	1
9.	Which five year plan is in operation now?	1
10.	What is meant by human resource?	1
11.	Give the meanings of real and nominal GDP.	2
12.	Distinguish between a resident and a citizen.	2

10.	Distinguish between ex-ante and ex-post.	2
14.	State any two limitations of mechanisation in Indian agriculture.	2
15.	Write any two things which must be kept in mind about the rate of growth.	2
16.	Explain briefly any two central problems of macroeconomics.	4
17.	Explain the distinction between private income and personal disposable income.	4
18.	State Say's law of market. Give the three features of classical theory of income and employment.  1	=3=4
19.	Explain the two steps taken towards privatisation in India after 1991.	4
20.	Explain any two positive achievements of economic reforms in India.	4
21.	State any four functions of marketing co-operatives.	4
	Answer any <b>three</b> from questions $22 - 26$ .	x6=18
22.	Explain the steps taken in estimating national income by the income	
	distribution method.	
23.	Explain any three precautions to be taken in estimating national income by the expenditure method.	
<ul><li>23.</li><li>24.</li></ul>	Explain any three precautions to be taken in estimating national income	½ =6)
	Explain any three precautions to be taken in estimating national income by the expenditure method.  What is a commercial bank? Explain any two functions of commercial	½=6)
<ul><li>24.</li><li>25.</li></ul>	Explain any three precautions to be taken in estimating national income by the expenditure method.  What is a commercial bank? Explain any two functions of commercial banks.  (1+2 ½ +2 ½  Explain the distinction between expansionary and contractionary fiscal	<b>/</b> 2 =6)
<ul><li>24.</li><li>25.</li></ul>	Explain any three precautions to be taken in estimating national income by the expenditure method.  What is a commercial bank? Explain any two functions of commercial banks.  (1+2 ½ +2 ½  Explain the distinction between expansionary and contractionary fiscal policy.  Explain the three classifications of capital receipts	∕ <sub>2</sub> =6) x6=12

- 28. Analyse the position of unemployment in India and China.
- 29. Make a comparative study of inflation in India and China.
- 30. **a.** Explain the S=I approach of the modern theory of income determination with diagram. **8**

Or

- **b.** Explain the saving function. Show graphically its derivation from consumption function. (3+5=8)
- 31. **a.** Explain the measures taken to reduce poverty in India.

Or

8

**b.** Explain the recent steps taken to improve education sector in India.

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