21E(A)

SOCIAL STUDIES, Paper - I

(English version)

Parts A and B

Time: 2 hrs. 45 min.]

[Maximum Marks: 40

Instructions:

- 1. 15 minutes are allocated to read the question paper and 2 hrs. 30 min. are allocated to write answers.
- 2. Part-A must be answered in a separate answer sheet.
- 3. Students can take Part-A (Question Paper) with them.
- 4. Map of (India) and Part-B (Bit Paper) should be attached to the answer sheet and should be handed over to the invigilator.

Part - A

Time: 2 hours

Marks:30

SECTION - I

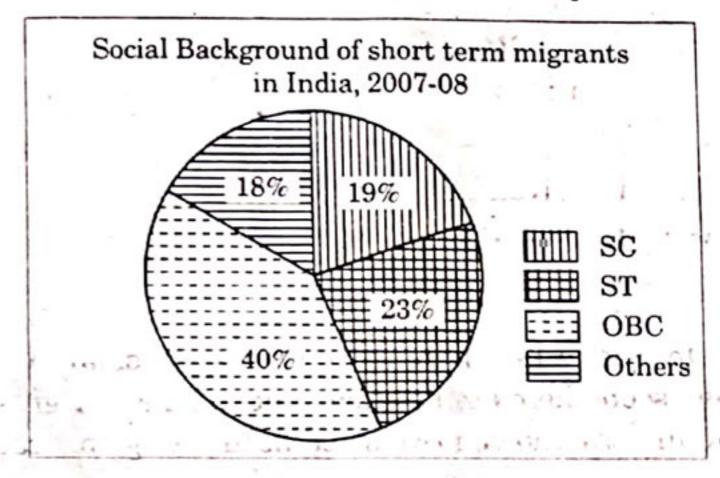
 $4 \times 1 = 4$

NOTE: (i) Write answers to the FOUR questions.

- (ii) Each question carries ONE mark.
- 1. Write any two slogans on the environmental protection.
- 2. Expand WTO.
- In the context of development, two persons or groups of persons may seek things which are conflicting. Give one example for this.
- 4. What is Arab Spring?

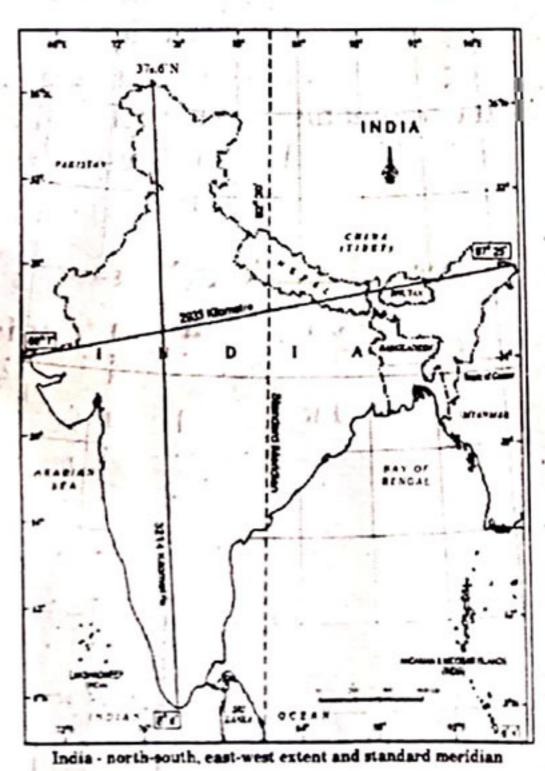
NOTE: (i) Write answers to the FIVE questions.

- (ii) Each question carries TWO marks.
- 5. Differentiate between environment's 'Source function' and 'Sink function'.
- 6. Even in years of continuous drought, there was no drinking water shortage in Hiware Bazar. What are the reasons for this?
- 7. Study the information given below and write your observations.



8. Observe the map given below and answer the following questions.

- (a) What is the distance between the eastern and western most points of India?
- (b) Name any two countries that share their boundaries with India.



9. How would the rapid extraction of natural resources effect the future development prospects? Explain.

SECTION - III

 $4 \times 4 = 16$

- **NOTE:** (i) Answer all the following questions.
 - (ii) Each question carries FOUR marks.
 - (iii) Each question has internal choice.
- 10. (A) Explain the differences between the Eastern Ghats and the Western Ghats.
 - (B) "Public Distribution System can ensure better food security for people." Explain.
- 11. (A) Read the paragraph given below and comment.

 The benefits of globalisation have been unevenly distributed. It has benefited well-off consumers and also producers with skill, education and huge wealth. Certain services, enabled with technology, have expanded. On the other hand, thousands of small producers and workers have seen their employment and workers' rights erode. It is important to understand the two-sided nature of globalisation.

OR

- (B) The organised sector offers jobs that are the most sought-after. But the employment opportunities in the organised sector have been expanding very slowly. As a result, a large number of workers are forced to enter the unorganised sector jobs, which pay a very low salary.
 - Q. Do you think organised sector is better than unorganised sector? Give your opinion.
- 12. (A) Observe the table and answer the following questions.

Some data regarding India and its neighbours for 2013

Country	Per capita Income in \$	Life Expectancy at birth (Years)	years of	years of	Human Development Index (HDI) rank in the world
Sri Lanka	5170	75.1	9.3	12.7	92
India	3285 .	65.8	4.4	10.7	136
Pakistan	2566	65.7	4.9	7.3	146
Myanmar	1817	65.7	3.9	9.4	149
Banglades	-	69.2	4.8	8.1	146
Nepal	1137	69.1	3.2	8.9	157

- 1. Which country stands ahead of India in all aspects in HDI?
- Mention the aspects that are considered in making Human Development Index.
- Name the country that has the lowest per capita income.
- Give two suggestions for the improvement of the rank of India in HDI.

OR

(B) Plot the below information on a bar-graph. Write your observation.

Table: India Population: Sex Ratio 1951-2011

Sl.No.	Year	No. of females for 1000 males
1.	1951	946
2.	1961	941
3.	1971	930
4.	1981	934
5.	1991	929
6.	2001	933
7.	2011	943

- 13. Locate the following in the given outline map of India:
 - (A) (1) The Mount Everest
 - (2) Manipur
 - (3) The Malwa Plateau
 - (4) Lakshadweep

OR

- (B) (1) The river which flows in Thar Desert.
 - (2) The southern boundary of the Deccan plateau.
 - (3) The state which has the lowest population density.
 - (4) The latitude that divides India into two halves.

21E(B)

SOCIAL STUDIES, Paper - I

(English version)

Parts A and B

Time: 2 hrs. 45 min.]

[Maximum Marks: 40

Instruction: Write the answers to the questions in this Part-B on the Question

paper itself and attach it to the answer book of Part-A.

Part - B

Time: 30 minutes

Marks: 10

SECTION - IV

 $20 \times \frac{1}{2} = 10 \text{ marks}$

NOTE:

- Write the CAPITAL LETTERS (A, B, C, D) showing the correct answer for the following questions in the brackets provided against each question.
- 2. Each question carries ½ mark.
- Answer all the questions.
- 4. Answers are to be written on the question paper only.
- Marks will not be awarded in any case of over-writing, rewriting or erased answers.
- 14. The author of the book "Silent Spring":
 - (A) Rachel Carson

(B) Arundhati Roy

(C) Medha Patkar

- (D) None of the above
- 15. Which article provides the Right to Life?
 - (A) Article 21

(B) Article 22

(C) Article 23

(D) Article 24

21E(B)

10	TI	e origin of the rive	r Krishna.		[]
10) Triambak	(B)	Mahabaleswar		
	27773) Amarkantak	100	Multai		
	(0)	Amarkantak	2 7 M 2 M			
17	. To	tal value of goods a	nd services prod	uced in a country		
	du	ring a particular ye	ar:		[]
	(A)	and the same of th	(B)	NDP		
	(C)	GNP	(D)	NNP		
18.	Wh	ich coast receives l	ow rainfall duri	ng the south-west monsoon?	[]
	(A)		(B)	Coramandal		
	(C)	Utkal coast	(D)	Canara coast		
19.	The	first Census was t	aken in India ir	1	[]
	(A)	1872	(B)	1772		
	(C)	1820	(D)	1773		
0.	Libe	ralisation in India	was started are	ound	[1
- 7	(A)	1991	(B)	2000	a la	
	(C)	1981	(D)	2001		-
					and a	
1.	The	Bhimbedka Rocks	helters, used by	the early humans, were		
		ted in this state.			[.]
	(A)	Madhya Pradesh	(B)	Karnataka	•	
	(C)	Kerala	(D)	Maharashtra		
			12 /	v market Egitti		
2.	The	first state that imp	lemented the N	Aid-day Meal Scheme :	[]
		Andhra Pradesh	(B)	Karnataka		
	(C)	Tamil Nadu	(D)	Kerala	25	

23.	Consid	er the following statem	ents.		[]				
	(1) Sikkim is the first state in India that planned to shift completely to organic farming.								
		Ittarakhand too is follo	wing the co	me nath of being 1	00% organic state.				
		of the above statemen							
		1) only		(2) only					
		3oth (1) & (2)		None of the two.					
0.4	mh a N	ational Institute of Nu	strition is	situated at	[]				
24.		Chennai	(B)	Hyderabad					
	(/	Mumbai		_ ,, ,					
	(C) I	viumbai	(D)	Dellin					
	mı	inter mon concen is a	llod		7				
25.	001202	vinter crop season is ca		Rabi	v uso as				
	(/	Kharif	(B)	None of the above	U O				
	(C)	Ziad	(U)	None of the above	· C.				
			D. J.,	Dangladach .		1			
26.		river that is called as '				•			
		The Ganga	(B)	en comment many Newscar					
	(C)	The Brahmaputra	(D) The Sutlej					
					r	1			
27.	Whic	ch of the following hel				7			
	(A)	Borewells for irrigati							
	(B)	Much water consumi	ng crops l	ike sugarcane sho	uld not be grown.				
	(C)	Wise usage of drinking	ng and irr	igated water.					
	(D)	All the above.							
					And the second				
28	. Whi	ch of the following sta	atements	is True in the con	text				
		ervice sector in India							
60		While service sector		n, all service secto	or activities				
	(11)	are also growing eq							
	(D)				or activities are				
	(B)			vii, aii service seec	or acceptable and				
		not growing equally	well.	t ambu for h	ighly advicated non	nl			
	(C)		ides empl	oyment only for n	igniy educated peo	hr			
,	(D)	The sectoral share	of service	sector in G.D.P. is	s very low.				
2	1E(B)								
	В								

29.	Kulu	and Kangra valleys are	present	ir	these rages:	۲.	ı
	(A)	The Greater Himalayas.				, '	
	(B)	The Lesser Himalayas.					
	(C)	The Shivaliks.					
	(D)	The Sahyadri.					
						-	
30.	May	vkdok Dympep valley is s	ituated	in	L	L	1.
	(A)	Arunachal Pradesh	(B		Sikkim		
	(C)	Meghalaya	(D))	Andhra Pradesh		
						14	4
31.	The	state where schooling re	volutio	n t	took place.	[.]
	(A)	Asom	(E	10.00	Himachal Pradesh		
	(C)	Sikkim	([))	Tamilnadu	11.	
					55 - 1 P	13.3	
32.	Con	sider the following states	ments.			[]
	(1)	Human activities are or	ne of th	e c	causes of the global warming	•	
50	(2)	Climate change happen	s at a g	lo	bal level.	3 V 1	
	Whi	ch of the above statemer	nts is / a	are	true?		
	(A)	(1) only.				. 8	Y
	(B)	(2) only.	100			100	
	(C)	Both (1) & (2).	19				· Ac.
	(D)	None of the two.	Ġ.,				
33.	Whi	ch of the following is no	t physic	cal	capital?	Ţ	1
	(A)	The state of the s			Tar Tar		
	· (B						
	(C						
	(D	EXSTRUCTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF	1				
						•	
		WALL.					