

Set-1

M.A. Gender Studies/Women's Studies Common Entrance Test, 2021

Time Allowed = 1 hour and 30 minutes

Total Marks =70

(Each question carries 1 mark)

1. Which Article of the Indian Constitution prohibits any discrimination on the basis of sex?

- A. 12.
- B. 13
- C. 14
- D. 15

2. Which of the following country was the first to give women the right to vote?

- A. USA
- B. Switzerland
- C. New Zealand
- D. Australia

3. Which state has highest number of women MPs?

- A. Uttar Pradesh
- B. Maharashtra
- C. Madhya Pradesh
- D. Himachal Pradesh

4. Which of the following statement is true about women's labour force participation in India?

- A. It is growing.
- B. It is declining.
- C. It is constant.
- D. None of the above

5. What does the concept of Marginal worker imply?

- A. Those who work for less than four months.
- B. Those who work for less than six months.
- C. Those who work for less than eight months.
- D. Those who work for less than eleven months.

6. When was the Multi- dimensional Poverty Index (MPI) introduced in the Human Development Report?

- A. A.2010
- B. 2009

- C. C.2008
- D. 2011

7. What does LPG stand for?
- A. Liberal Processing Globalization
 - B. Liberalization Poverty Globalization
 - C. Liberalization, Privatization and Globalization
 - D. Low Pressured Gas
8. What is a provisional supposition called in a research?
- A. Sample
 - B. Experiment
 - C. Conclusion
 - D. Hypothesis
9. Which of the following feminism stresses on women's equality?
- A. Liberal Feminism
 - B. Radical Feminism
 - C. Socialist Feminism
 - D. Eco Feminism
10. Which of the following pair is correctly matched?
- A. Tara Ali Bag- Khilafat Movement
 - B. Aruna Asaf Ali- Quit India Movement
 - C. Madhuri Shah- Anti- arrack Movement
 - D. Mother Teresa- Swadeshi Movement
11. Who among the following was the first Woman Chief Minister of an Indian state?
- A. Smt. Jayalalitha
 - B. Sheila Dikshit
 - C. Mrs. Sucheta Kripalini
 - D. Sarojini Naidu
12. Who was the mother of Abhimanyu in Mahabharat?
- A. Draupadi
 - B. Ulupi
 - C. Chitrangada
 - D. Subhadra
13. How are the members of the Rajya Sabha elected?
- A. The People
 - B. The members of the Lok Sabha
 - C. Elected members of the Legislative Assembly

D. Elected members of the Legislative Council

14. Who among the following wrote the 'Laxmi Puran'?

- A. Jagannath Das
- B. Balaram Das
- C. Sarala Das
- D. None of the above

15. What does a Gender sensitive curriculum refer to?

- A. A curriculum that has separate provision for women students.
- B. A curriculum that excludes Mathematics and Physical Science
- C. A curriculum that attempts to challenge the gender stereotypes.
- D. A curriculum that includes only women's issues.

16. Who among the following is a Sahitya Academy Award winner?

- A. Shobha De
- B. Amrita Saxsena
- C. Amrita Pritam
- D. Kishwar Desai

17. Which country declares National Holiday on 'Women's Day'?

- A. America
- B. Russia
- C. China
- D. India

18. Which State has the lowest child sex ratio?

- A. Haryana
- B. Punjab
- C. Gujarat
- D. Rajasthan

19. Which Article of the Constitution makes the Right to Education a Fundamental Right?

- A. Article 19
- B. Article 39
- C. Article 21 A
- D. Article 51 A

20. Who among the following is associated with track and field events?
- A. Ashwini Ponnappa
 - B. Geetika Jakhar
 - C. Mithali Raj
 - D. Dutee Chand
21. Which of the regions of India have low prevalence of female infanticide and female foeticide?
- A. North Eastern Region
 - B. South Central Region
 - C. North West Region
 - D. Southern Region
22. What for, the UNO nominated 'Malala' as UN Ambassador?
- A. To promote Girls' Safety and Security
 - B. To promote Girls' Rights
 - C. To promote Girls' Education
 - D. To promote Girls' nutrition
23. Who among the following is the first Woman to receive Bharat Ratna Award?
- A. Mother Teresa
 - B. Indira Gandhi
 - C. Sarojini Naidu
 - D. Aruna Asaf Ali
24. Which period was declared as the UN Development Decade for women?
- A. A.1975 – 85
 - B. 1985 – 95
 - C. 1991 – 2000
 - D. 2001 – 2011
25. In which year the Hindu Marriage Act was passed?
- A. 1950
 - B. 1952
 - C. 1955
 - D. 1956
26. Which of the following is an urban problem?
- A. Slums

- B. Poverty
- C. Unemployment
- D. All the above

27. Who among the following led the Narmada Bachao movement?

- A. Medha Patekar
- B. Neera Desai
- C. Sunderlal Bahuguna
- D. Siby Soren

28. Which of the following institutions does not serve the women exclusively?

- A. State Commission for women
- B. State Human Rights Commission
- C. Mahila Banks
- D. Mahila Police stations

29. Which among the following states produces rubber in large quantities?

- A. Assam
- B. Kerala
- C. Tamil Nadu
- D. Karnataka

30. Which of the following is a permanent feature of a representative form of government

- A. Voting.
- B. Decision Making.
- C. Military Force.
- D. None of The Above.

31. Who defined democracy as "Government of the people, by the people, for the people"?

- A. Woodrow Wilson
- B. Lord Bryce
- C. Abraham Lincoln
- D. Laski

32. Who among the following considers poverty as a result of exploitation and not of scarcity?

- A. Weber
- B. Plato
- C. Marx
- D. Pareto

33. Which of the following factors may bring changes in marriage system?
- A. Traditional values
 - B. Customs
 - C. Folkways
 - D. Modern education
34. What is the full form of OBC?
- A. Other Backward Class
 - B. Other Backward Caste
 - C. Over Backward Class
 - D. Over Backward Caste
35. When women bear the disproportionate burdens of poverty, what is it called?
- A. Poverty among women
 - B. Unequal poverty
 - C. Additional poverty
 - D. Feminisation of poverty
36. Which of the following health programme aims at improving the health status of women, adolescents, and children?
- A. RMNCH+A
 - B. ICDS
 - C. IRDP
 - D. ORS
37. Who among the following is responsible for the immunization of the pregnant ladies?
- A. ASHA workers
 - B. Anganwadi workers
 - C. Village level workers
 - D. Both a and b
38. What is the nature of the Constitution of India?
- A. Flexible
 - B. Rigid
 - C. Partly rigid and partly flexible
 - D. None of the above
39. Which of the following is the highest civilian award in India?
- A. Padma Vibhusan
 - B. Padma Vhusan
 - C. Padma Shree
 - D. Bharat Ratna

40. Who among the following was the prominent 'Subaltern' thinker?
- A. Arundhati Roy
 - B. Bell Hook
 - C. Gayatri Spivak
 - D. Anita Desai
41. To which country does Sirimavo Bandaranaike belong?
- A. Sri Lanka
 - B. India
 - C. Pakistan
 - D. Great Britain
42. What does Gender Role stereotypes refer to?
- A. Beliefs about differences between Men and Women
 - B. As it is revealed by the society
 - C. Gender identity
 - D. None of the above
43. Who among the following was the first women to win the title of international grand master in chess?
- A. P.V. Sindhu
 - B. Bachenderi Pal
 - C. Punita Arora
 - D. Bhagyashree Thipse
44. With which health programme AYUSH is associated?
- A. NFHS
 - B. NRHM
 - C. RCH
 - D. NACO
45. Among the following women whose name is closely associated with Central Social Welfare Board?
- A. Dr. Annie Besant
 - B. Aruna Asaf Ali
 - C. Vijayalakshmi Pandit
 - D. Durgabai Deshmukh
46. In which year, the Equal Remuneration Act was enacted?
- A. 1956
 - B. 1966

- C. 1976
- D. 1986

47. Which of the following is used in pencils?

- A. Graphite
- B. Silicon
- C. Sulphite
- D. Dolomite

48. What is the chemical formula for water?

- A. Na AlO_2
- B. H_2O
- C. Al_2O_3
- D. NH_3

49. What is the common name for washing soda?

- A. Sodium Carbonate
- B. Sodium Bicarbonate
- C. Calcium Carbonate
- D. Calcium Bicarbonate

50. Which among the following Kavya of Sanskrit, deal with court intrigues & access to power of Chandragupta Maurya?

- A. Mrichhakatika
- B. Ritusamhara
- C. Kumarasambhava
- D. Mudrarakshasa

51. Which king started the organization of Kumbh fair at Allahabad?

- A. Harshavardhana
- B. Dhruvasena li
- C. Narshimhvarman
- D. Akabar

52. What does Upanishads deal with?

- A. Politics
- B. Philosophy
- C. Medicine
- D. Social life

53. Which among the following is a place in Larkana district of Sind province in Pakistan?

- A. Alamgirpur
- B. Harappa
- C. Rangapur
- D. Mohenjo-Daro

54. Who was the main male God worshipped by Indus people?

- A. Lord Vishnu
- B. Vishnu
- C. Brahma
- D. Indra

55. Which organisation in India makes National Income estimates?

- A. Planning Commission
- B. Reserve Bank of India
- C. Central statistical organisation
- D. Indian statistical Institute

56. Who has authored the book 'Freedom Behind Bars ' ?

- A. Kiran Bedi
- B. Nelson Mandela
- C. Sobha Dey
- D. Arundhati Ray

57. Who has authored the Book "Guide"?

- A. Sobha Dey
- B. Munshi Premchand
- C. R.K.Narayan
- D. None of the above

58. Who has authored the the famous book ' The Daughter of the East ' ?

- A. Ms. Tashlima Nasrin
- B. Mrs. Benazir Bhutto
- C. Sobha Dey
- D. Arundhati Ray

59. Where is the Union Budget is always presented first?

- A. Union Cabinet
- A. The Lok Sabha
- B. The Rajya Sabha
- C. Joint Session of the Parliament

60. Which institution is considered as the guardian of fundamental Rights in India?

- A. The Supreme Court
- B. The Parliament
- C. The Constitution
- D. All the above

61. Which among the following is a socially constructed phenomena, that shifts and changes over time?

- A. Gender
- B. Femininity
- C. Masculinity
- D. All the above

62. 'Aravanis' or 'Hijras' is a term associated with-----

- A. Devadasis
- B. Transgenders
- C. Lesbians
- D. Bisexuals

63. How many goals are there in SDG?

- A. 13.
- B. 15
- C. 16.
- D. 17

64. Which of the following explains 'Crude birth Rate'?

- A. Number of children below five years of age per thousand of women in the reproductive age group per year.
- B. Number of births per thousand of women in the reproductive age group per year.
- C. Number of births per thousand of the population per year.
- D. Total number of births per year in the country.

65. Watson and Skinner both contributed to which school of psychology?

- A. Functionalism
- B. Cognitive
- C. Socio-cultural
- D. Behaviourism

66. Mark the correct answer about Gender Studies from the following.

- A. It is a Social Science
- B. It is an academic discipline
- C. Both a and b
- D. It is narratives of women by women

67. What is a person who supports feminism is called?

- A. Feminist
- B. Female
- C. Male feminists
- D. None

68. Whose prophecy was “One People, One State, One leader”?

- A. Stalin
- B. Hitler
- C. Lenin
- D. Mussolini

69. Who wrote the famous feminist text ‘A Room of One’s Own’?

- A. Simone De Beauvoir
- B. Mary Wollstonecraft
- C. Virginia Woolf
- D. Joan Kelly

70. Which goal of the MDG dealt with gender equality and empowerment?

- A. Goal-2
- B. Goal-4
- C. Goal-5
- D. Goal-3

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