#### Set-2

## M.A. Social Work Common Entrance Test, 2021

#### Time Allowed=90minutes

#### Total Marks=70

# (Each question carries equal marks.)

- 1. When you join a University as a student you have to be very careful in choosing your
  - a. In-Group
  - b. Out-Group
  - c. Reference Group
  - d. All of the above
- 2. According to Karl Marx, which of the following is the most important element for class struggle?
  - a. Class interest
  - b. History of class struggle
  - c. Class consciousness
  - d. The rise of the Petite bourgeoisie
- 3. When contradictory demands are made from two different roles, what is it termed as?
  - a. Role Conflict
  - b. Role Playing
  - c. Role Strain
  - d. Multiple Roles
- 4. Which among the following is not an informal method of social control?
  - a. Public opinion
  - b. Custom
  - c. Propaganda
  - d . Police
- 5. Which age group is defined as juvenile?
  - a. Above 18
  - b. Below 18

- c. Below 14
- d. None of these
- 6. Which of the following policies for dealing with the tribal population in India was advocated by Verrier Elvin?
  - a. Reservations in Jobs and education
  - b. Their complete integration with the national mainstream
  - c. Restoration of their land rights
  - d. No State intervention in tribal way of life
- 7. Who of the following was a utopian socialist?
  - a. François-Charles Fourier
  - d. Robert Owen
  - c. Saint Simon
  - d. All of the above
- 8. While working with an individual client on a one to one basis, the relationship is:
  - a. A friendly association
  - b. Purposeful meeting to fulfil the psycho social needs of the client
  - c. A sympathetic understanding of the client
  - d. A contract
- 9. Which of the following pairs does not match correctly?
  - a. M.N. Srinivas  $\leftarrow \rightarrow$  The Remembered Village
  - b. Andre Beteille  $\leftarrow \rightarrow$  Caste, Class and Power
  - c. Louis Dumont ← → Homo Hierarchicus
  - d. F. G. Bailey  $\leftarrow \rightarrow$  Caste and Race in India
- 10. Which of the following was borrowed by Marx from Hegel's philosophy?
  - a. Materialistic philosophy
  - b. The ideal of stateless society
  - c. Historical materialism
  - d. Dialectical method
- 11. Which of the following is not correct about an affidavit?
  - a. It is a legal document
  - b. It is expert opinion
  - c. It is a sworn written statement
  - d. It is information that would have been presented in testimony.
- 12. In which part of India Cross cousin marriage is a common practice?

- a. East India
- b. West India
- c. South India
- d. North India
- 13. When the husband marries the sister of his dead wife, what is it called?
  - a. Sororate marriage
  - b. Levirate Marriage
  - c. Cross cousin marriage
  - d. None of the above
- 14. Which of the following tribe is found in Odisha?
  - a. Bhil
  - b. Jarawas
  - c. Kondh
  - d. Kadar
- 15. Who among the following gave the Principle of 'Tribal Panchasheel"?
  - a. Mahatma Gandhi
  - b. Jawaharlal Nehru
  - c. Verrier Elwin
  - d.. Indira Gandhi
- 16. Which of the following is a case of child abuse?
  - a. Physical Injury
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- 17. How many times the Preamble of the Constitution of India has been amended?
  - a. Once
  - b. Three times
  - c. Never
  - d. Five times
- 18. Which of the following statement is not correct about the Keynesian Welfare Model?
  - a. Profitable growth and full employment are possible in a closed national Economy

- b. Government seeks to reduce social expenditures and curtail social programs
- c. Capitalism is the principal method of distributing social and economic resources
- d. The model seeks to rectify market failures but not eradicate the market System
- 19. Who among the following gave the concept of "Culture of poverty"?
  - a. Oscar Lewis
  - b. Lewis Coser
  - c. Ronal Fletcher
  - d. None of the above
- 20. Which scientific method often focuses on generating new hypotheses and Theories?
  - a. Deductive method
  - b. Inductive method
  - c. Hypothesis method
  - d. None of the above
- 21. Human Development Index is a composite of :
  - a. Income, trade and investment indicators
  - b. Income, health and education indicators
  - c. Poverty, human rights and unemployment indicators
  - d. Health, education and quality of life indicators
- 22. A variable that is presumed to cause a change in another variable is called a(n):
  - a. Categorical variable
  - b. Dependent variable
  - c. independent variable
  - d. Intervening variable
- 23. In which part of India the Mitakshara law was not prevalent?
  - a. Northern India
  - b. Bengal
  - c. Central India
  - d. West India
- 24. Which of the following is a target under the Goal# 5 of the SDGs to achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls?
  - a. End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere

- b. Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation
- c. Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life.
- d. All of the above
- 25. Which of the following is not correct about culture?
  - a. Culture is learnt.
  - b. Culture is not shared in character.
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- 26. Which is the administrative authority controlling Juvenile Justice Board in India?
  - a. Social Welfare Department
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  - c. Leader of Narmada Bacchao Andolan  $\leftarrow$   $\rightarrow$  Medha Patkar
  - d. Champion of Environmental Movement ← → Al Gore
- 29. Which of the following is correct about caste and class?
  - a. Caste is ascribed while class is achieved
  - b. Caste is closed while class is open
  - c. Caste is a cultural category while class is an economic category
  - d. All of the above
- 30. Which of the following is not a strategy of Disaster Management

- a. Control rumours, provide accurate information
- b. Give maximum media coverage and create panic
- c. Assess secondary social problems such as health epidemics, displaced persons
- d. Provide security; prevent looting, protect person and property
- 31. What does GATT stand for?
  - a. General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade
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- 33. Which of the following is not a Graphic representation?
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  - d. Histogram
- 34. Who initiated the Sriniketan experiment?
  - a. Mahatma Gandhi
  - b. Lal Bahdur Sashtri
  - c. Rabindranath Tagore
  - d. Sharat Chandra
- 35. Who among the following is associated with the Jharkhand Movement?
  - a. Medha Patekar
  - b. Sibu Soren
  - c. Sunderlal Bahuguna
  - d. Neera Desai
- 36. Which of the following is not a common property of Groups?
  - a. All groups have a purpose

|       | All groups go through stages of development                                    |
|-------|--|
|       | . All groups have an analytic base   |
| u     | l. All groups have criteria for their composition                              |
| 37. V | Which of the following is not an associative social process?                   |
| a     | . Cooperation  |
| b     | . Accommodation  |
| C     | . Assimilation   |
| d     | . Competition  |
| 38. V | Which schedule of the Indian Constitution gives recognition to languages?      |
| a     | . 5th schedule   |
| b     | . 8th schedule   |
| C     | . 6th schedule   |
| d     | l. 10th schedule   |
| 39. V | Vhich article of the Indian Constitution provides for reservation of seats for |
| S     | cheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in the Legislative Assemblies of the      |
| S     | tates?   |
| a     | . Art. 46  |
| b     | o. Art.330   |
| C     | . Art.332  |
| d     | l. Art.338   |
| 40. V | When policies compete with each other in the public arena,                     |
|       | sually determines which policy will be enacted.                                |
|       | . Power alignments   |
|       | . Moral reasoning  |
|       | . A Theory of social justice   |
| d     | . Scientific evidence  |
| 41. V | Vho appoints the Chief Justice of the High Courts in India?                    |
|       | . the Prime Minister   |
|       | . The President  |

42. Natural Disasters frequently result in all of the following, Except

a. Damage to the ecological environment

c. the Chief Minister

d. the Governor

- b. Displacement of populations c. Mob Violence d. Loss of livelihoods 43. Which of the following is a core value in social work practice? a. Non-judgmental attitude b. Confidentiality c. Client dignity d. All of the above 44. In which year the structural adjustment programme was introduced in India? a.1991 b.1992
- - c.1993
  - d.1994
- 45. Child sexual abuse consists of:
  - a. Child prostitution or sexual trafficking
  - b. Pornography
  - c. Sexual fondling by a family member or relative
  - d. All of the above
- 46. What is the source of data collected and compiled by others called?
  - a. Primary data
  - b. Secondary data
  - c. Tertiary data
  - d. None of the above
- 47. Ethnocentrism means
  - a. Superiority of one's own culture
  - b. Inferiority of one's own culture
  - c. Superiority of one's own class
  - d. Inferiority of one's own class
- 48. Which day is observed as the International Women's Day?
  - a. 6th January
  - b. 8th March
  - c. 15th October
  - d. 6th April

- 49. What does CEDAW stand for?
  - a. Convention on Extinction of Domestic Atrocities on Women
  - b. Convention on Eradication of Dowry Acts for Women
  - c. <u>Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women</u>
  - d. None of the above
- 50. In which of the research design we use controlled groups?
  - a. Exploratory
  - b. Experimental
  - c. Descriptive
  - d. Diagnostic
- 51. As a grand abstraction, the construct of social justice refers to all of the following except:
  - a. Egalitarianism
  - b. An ideal system of government
  - c. An ideal system of economic production and distribution
  - d. Freedom from discrimination and oppression
- 52. Which of the following is not a character of the dominant caste?
  - a. Numerical strength
  - b. Political affiliation
  - c. Command over property
  - d. Better status of women
- 53. Who led the Bardoli Satyagraha?
  - a. Mahatma Gandhi
  - b. Vallabhai Patel
  - c. Dadabhai Naroji
  - d. Subash Chandra Bose
- 54. A detailed plan for obtaining data scientifically is called
  - a. Sample
  - b. Experiment
  - c. Research design
  - d. Scientific Method
- 55. Who of the following was a utilitarian philosopher?
  - a. Emil Durkheim

- b. John Stuart Mill
- c. Thomas Hobbes
- d. Auguste Comte
- 56. The Village Panchayat is accountable to the:
  - a. The District Collector
  - b. The Panchayat samiti
  - c. The Zilla Parishad
  - d. None of the above
- 57. Which among the following does not suit to the traditional features of rural social system in India?
  - a. Joint family
  - b. Secular way of life
  - c. Caste system
  - d. Kinship organisation
- 58. Which of the following is not a feature of the green revolution?
  - a. Use of new technology
  - b. Use of HYV of seed
  - c. Women being increasingly employed in agriculture
  - d. Increasing use of fertilizers
- 59. Which of the following schemes targets the youth of rural India?
  - a. Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Grameen Kaushalya Yojana
  - b. Swarnjayanti Gram Swarozgar Yojana
  - c. National Rural Employment Guarantee Act
  - d. Sansad Adarsh Gram Yojana
- 60. Which of the following is a programme for financial inclusion?
  - a. Swacha Bharat
  - b. Ujjala
  - c. Jan dhan Yojana
  - d. Sabala
- 61. The term "Lesbian" refers to:
  - a. A form of sexual orientation
  - b. A form of gender ideology
  - c. A form of gender expression
  - d. A form of gender politics

- 62. Which of the followings is a reformist movement? a. Naxalbari Movement
  - b. Brhmosamaj
  - c. Telengana movement
  - d. Chipko movement
- 63. Which of the following pairs does not match correctly?
  - a. Arya Samaj ← → Raja Ram Mohan Roy
  - b. Great Tradition and Little Tradition ← → Milton Singer
  - c.. Folk-Urban Continuum ← → Robert Redfield
  - d. The Hindu Marriage Act ← → 1955
- 64. Which is not a purpose of exploratory study?
  - a. Generating new ideas
  - b. Increase familiarity with the problems
  - c. Determining feasibility of attempting the study
  - d. Predicting events
- 65. The term "feminization of poverty" refers to:
  - a. the critical deconstruction of "poverty" by feminist theories
  - b. the way in which managing a budget and avoiding poverty tends to be a woman's responsibility within the home
  - c. women's increased chances of being in poverty due to low pay and greater welfare dependency
  - d. the disproportionate number of female sociologists who do research on poverty
- 66. Which Ministry deals with the disadvantaged and marginalised communities of India?
  - a. The Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment
  - b. The Ministry of Human Resource development
  - c. The Ministry of Tribal Welfare
  - d. The Ministry of Home
- 67. Which of the following pairs does not match correctly?
  - a. Little tradition  $\leftarrow \rightarrow$  folk artist
  - b. *Nikah* ← → Marriage as a sacrament
  - c. Consanguineal  $\leftarrow \rightarrow$  Kinship based on blood ties
  - d. Mehr  $\leftarrow$   $\rightarrow$  Wealth promised to the bride by the bridegroom

- 68. Which of the following is not a feature of globalization?
  - a. An increasing awareness of the world as a whole
  - b. The destruction of distance through communications technologies
  - c. The extended power of nation states
  - d. The stretching of social relations beyond national boundaries
- 69. What is the family called in which authority is held by females?
  - a. Matrilineal
  - b. Patrilocal
  - c. Patriarchal
  - d. Matriarchal
- 70. What does population pyramid deal with?
  - a. Age and marriage structure
  - b. Age and sex structure
  - c. Age and labour force structure
  - d. Age and literacy structure

### Answer key

#### Set-2

| 1. | d | 15. | ь | 29. | d | 43. | d | 57. | b |
|----|---|-----|---|-----|---|-----|---|-----|---|
| 2. | С | 16. | d | 30. | b | 44. | a | 58. | С |
| 3. | a | 17. | a | 31. | a | 45. | d | 59. | a |
| 4. | d | 18. | b | 32. | d | 46. | b | 60. | С |
| 5. | b | 19. | a | 33. | С | 47. | a | 61. | a |
| 6. | d | 20. | b | 34. | С | 48. | b | 62. | b |
| 7. | d | 21. | b | 35. | b | 49. | С | 63. | a |
| 8. | b | 22. | С | 36. | С | 50. | b | 64. | d |

| 9.  | d | 23. | b | 37. | d | 51. | a | 65. | С |
|-----|---|-----|---|-----|---|-----|---|-----|---|
| 10. | d | 24. | d | 38. | b | 52. | d | 66. | a |
| 11. | b | 25. | b | 39. | С | 53. | b | 67. | b |
| 12. | С | 26. | a | 40. | a | 54. | С | 68. | С |
| 13. | a | 27. | a | 41. | b | 55. | b | 69. | d |
| 14. | С | 28. | b | 42. | С | 56. | d | 70. | b |

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- a. Power alignments b. Moral reasoning c. A Theory of social justice d. Scientific evidence 41. Who appoints the Chief Justice of the High Courts in India? a. the Prime Minister b. The President c. the Chief Minister d. the Governor
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- 52. Which of the following is not a character of the dominant caste?
  - a. Numerical strength
  - b. Political affiliation
  - c. Command over property
  - d. Better status of women
- 53. Who led the Bardoli Satyagraha?

- a. Mahatma Gandhi
- b. Vallabhai Patel
- c. Dadabhai Naroji
- d. Subash Chandra Bose
- 54. A detailed plan for obtaining data scientifically is called
  - a. Sample
  - b. Experiment
  - c. Research design
  - d. Scientific Method
- 55. Who of the following was a utilitarian philosopher?
  - a. Emil Durkheim
  - b. John Stuart Mill
  - c. Thomas Hobbes
  - d. Auguste Comte
- 56. The Village Panchayat is accountable to the:
  - a. The District Collector
  - b. The Panchayat samiti
  - c. The Zilla Parishad
  - d. None of the above
- 57. Which among the following does not suit to the traditional features of rural social system in India?
  - a. Joint family
  - b. Secular way of life
  - c. Caste system
  - d. Kinship organisation
- 58. Which of the following is not a feature of the green revolution?
  - a. Use of new technology
  - b. Use of HYV of seed
  - c. Women being increasingly employed in agriculture
  - d. Increasing use of fertilizers
- 59. Which of the following schemes targets the youth of rural India?
  - a. Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Grameen Kaushalya Yojana
  - b. Swarnjayanti Gram Swarozgar Yojana
  - c. National Rural Employment Guarantee Act

### d. Sansad Adarsh Gram Yojana

- 60. Which of the following is a programme for financial inclusion?
  - a. Swacha Bharat
  - b. Ujjala
  - c. Jan dhan Yojana
  - d. Sabala
- 61. The term "Lesbian" refers to:
  - a. A form of sexual orientation
  - b. A form of gender ideology
  - c. A form of gender expression
  - d. A form of gender politics
- 62. Which of the followings is a reformist movement?
  - a. Naxalbari Movement
  - b. Brhmosamaj
  - c. Telengana movement
  - d. Chipko movement
- 63. Which of the following pairs does not match correctly?
  - a. Arya Samaj ← → Raja Ram Mohan Roy
  - b. Great Tradition and Little Tradition ← → Milton Singer
  - c.. Folk-Urban Continuum ← → Robert Redfield
  - d. The Hindu Marriage Act  $\leftarrow \rightarrow 1955$
- 64. Which is not a purpose of exploratory study?
  - a. Generating new ideas
  - b. Increase familiarity with the problems
  - c. Determining feasibility of attempting the study
  - d. Predicting events
- 65. The term "feminization of poverty" refers to:
  - a. the critical deconstruction of "poverty" by feminist theories
  - b. the way in which managing a budget and avoiding poverty tends to be a woman's responsibility within the home
  - c. women's increased chances of being in poverty due to low pay and greater welfare dependency
  - d. the disproportionate number of female sociologists who do research on poverty

- 66. Which Ministry deals with the disadvantaged and marginalised communities of India?
  - a. The Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment
  - b. The Ministry of Human Resource development
  - c. The Ministry of Tribal Welfare
  - d. The Ministry of Home
- 67. Which of the following pairs does not match correctly?
  - a. Little tradition  $\leftarrow \rightarrow$  folk artist
  - b. Nikah  $\leftarrow \rightarrow$  Marriage as a sacrament
  - c. Consanguineal  $\leftarrow$   $\rightarrow$  Kinship based on blood ties
  - d. *Mehr*  $\leftarrow$   $\rightarrow$  Wealth promised to the bride by the bridegroom
- 68. Which of the following is not a feature of globalization?
  - a. An increasing awareness of the world as a whole
  - b. The destruction of distance through communications technologies
  - c. The extended power of nation states
  - d. The stretching of social relations beyond national boundaries
- 69. What is the family called in which authority is held by females?
  - a. Matrilineal
  - b. Patrilocal
  - c. Patriarchal
  - d. Matriarchal
- 70. What does population pyramid deal with?
  - a. Age and marriage structure
  - b. Age and sex structure
  - c. Age and labour force structure
  - d. Age and literacy structure

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