## **MATHEMATICS PAPER**

**Code: SS-15-Mathematics** 

Time:  $3\frac{1}{4}$  Hours M.M. 80

## GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS TO THE EXAMINEES:

- 1. Candidate must write first his / her Roll No. on the question paper compulsorily.
- 2. All the questions are compulsory.
- 3. Write the answer to each question in the given answer-book only.
- 4. For questions having more than one part the answers to those parts are to be written together in continuity.
- 5. If there is any error / difference / contradiction in Hindi & English versions of the question paper, the question of Hindi version should be treated valid.

**6.** 

Section	Q. Nos.	Marks per questions
A	1-10	1
В	11 - 25	3
С	26 - 30	5

- 7. There are internal choices in Q. Nos. 11, 12, 15, 17, 29 and 30. You have to attempt only one of the alternatives in these questions.
- 8. Draw the graph of Q. No. 23 on the graph paper

## **SECTION - A**

1. Find the value of 
$$\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3} + \sin^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)$$

2. If 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ -3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
,  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ -2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ , then find  $2A - B$ .

3. If 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -4 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix}$$
 then find  $(AB)'$ .

4. Find : 
$$\int \left(\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right)^2 dx$$

5. Find the general solution of the differential equation :

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2x}{y^2}$$

- 6. If vector  $\vec{a} = 2\hat{i} 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$  and vector  $\vec{b} = \hat{i} + \hat{j} \hat{k}$  then find unit vector along the vector  $(\vec{a} + \vec{b})$
- 7. Find the Cartesian form of equation of the line passing through the points (1, 0, 2) and (4, 5, 6)
- 8. If a line makes  $120^{\circ}$ ,  $45^{\circ}$  and  $90^{\circ}$  angles with the x, y and z-axis respectively then find its direction-cosines.
- 9. Show the region of feasible solution under the following constraints:

 $x+3y \ge 6$ ;  $x \ge 0$ ,  $y \ge 0$  in answer book.

10. If 
$$P\left(\frac{B}{A}\right) = 0.2$$
 and  $P(A) = 0.8$ , then find  $P(A \cap B)$ .

## **SECTION - B**

11. Prove that the relation R defined on set Z as  $aRb \Leftrightarrow a-b$  is divisible by 3 is an equivalence relation.

OR

If function  $f, g: R \to R$  are defined as  $f(x) = x^2, g(x) = 2x$  then find fog(x), gof(x) and fof(3)

12. Express the function  $\tan^{-1} \left( \frac{\cos x - \sin x}{\cos x + \sin x} \right); \frac{\pi}{4} < x < \frac{3\pi}{4}$  in the simplest form.

OR

Prove that: 
$$\sin^{-1} \frac{8}{17} + \sin^{-1} \frac{3}{5} = \tan^{-1} \frac{77}{36}$$

- 13. If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ ; then prove that  $A^2 5A + 7I_2 = 0$ , where  $I_2$  is the identity matrix of order 2.
- 14. Examine the continuity of function  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x+5 & x \le 1 \\ x-5 & x > 1 \end{cases}$  at point x = 1.
- 15. Find the equation of the tangent to the curve  $y = x^3 x + 1$  at the point whose x coordinate is 1.

OR

The length x of a rectangle is decreasing at the rate 3 cm/minute and the width y is increasing at the rate 5cm/minute. When x = 10 cm and y = 6 cm, find the area of the rectangle.

- 16. Find the maximum profit that a company can make, if the profit function is given by  $P(x) = 51 72x 18x^2$ .
- 17. Find :  $\int \frac{dx}{x(x^5+1)}$

OR

Find: 
$$\int \frac{x \sin^{-1}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$$

18. Find: 
$$\int \frac{\sec^2 x dx}{\sqrt{\tan^2 x + 4}}$$

- 19. Find the area of the region bounded by parabola  $y^2 = 16x$  and the lines x = 1, x = 4 and x-axis in the first quadrant.
- 20. Using integration find the area of region bounded by the triangle ABC whose vertices are A(1,0), B(2,2) and C(3,1)
- 21. If  $\vec{a} = 5\hat{i} \hat{j} 3\hat{k}$  and  $\vec{b} = \hat{i} 3\hat{j} 5\hat{k}$ , then find the angle between the vectors  $(\vec{a} + \vec{b})$  and  $(\vec{a} \vec{b})$
- 22. Find the area of a parallelogram whose adjacent sides are vectors  $\vec{a} = \hat{i} \hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$  and  $\vec{b} = 2\hat{i} 7\hat{j} + \hat{k}$ .
- 23. By graphical method solve the following linear programming problem for minimize.

Objective function Z = 5x + 7y

Constraints  $2x + y \ge 8$ 

$$x + 2y \ge 10$$

24. Given three identical boxes I, II and III each containing two coins. In box I both coins are gold coins in box II both are silver coins and in the box III there is one gold and one silver coin. A person chooses a box at random and take out a coin. If the coin is of silver what is the probability that the other coin in the box is also of silver.

25. Find the variance of the number obtained on a throw of an unbiased die.

26. Show that 
$$\begin{vmatrix} a & a^2 & 1 + pa^3 \\ b & b^2 & 1 + pb^3 \\ c & c^2 & 1 + pc^3 \end{vmatrix} = (1 + pabc)(a - b)(b - c)(c - a)$$

27. If 
$$y = x^x + x^p + p^x + p^p$$
,  $p > 0$  and  $x > 0$ , then find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ 

28. Show that 
$$\int_{0}^{\pi} \frac{x dx}{a^{2} \cos^{2} x + b^{2} \sin^{2} x} = \frac{\pi^{2}}{2ab}$$

29. Find the solution of the differential equation (x-y)dy - (x+y)dx = 0.

OR

Find the solution of the differential equation

$$\cos^2 x \cdot \frac{dy}{dx} + y = \tan x \left( 0 \le x \le \frac{\pi}{2} \right)$$

30. Find the shortest distance between the lines.

$$\vec{r} = (\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}) + \lambda(-\hat{i} + \hat{j} - 2\hat{k}) \text{ and } \vec{r} = (\hat{i} - \hat{j} - \hat{k}) + \mu(\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - 2\hat{k})$$

OR

Find the equation of the plane that contains the point (2, -1, 3) and is perpendicular to each of the planes 2x + 3y - 2z = 5 and x + 2y - 3z = 8.