# **CBSE | DEPARTMENT OF SKILL EDUCATION CURRICULUM FOR SESSION 2022-2023**

# MASS MEDIA STUDIES (SUB. CODE 835)

JOB ROLE: MEDIA ASSISTANT CLASS – XI & XII

## 1. Introduction

This course aims at grooming the natural talent of students and exposing them to ever-changing skills needed in the media and entertainment industry with hands-on experience. The course is designed to provide fundamental information on analysis of film, TV (including News), print articles, understanding of the pipeline multiple products of the media & Entertainment industry (TV show/segment, film, article, ad – film, etc.), concept of assembly line, animation, roles people play, skills & specializations, the creative process, aesthetics, design, framing, composition, writing, ideation and finally technology usage in the media & entertainment industry.

In the last two decades changes of phenomenal proportion have occurred in the field of Mass Media Studies. Mass Media has taken a quantum leap forward in terms of scale content and convergence. The media experience is an important part of globalization and civil society. The media has become an indispensable part of life at the national and local level. It has become an important factor in shaping young minds.

# 2. Course Objectives

- 1. Introduction to the comprehensive understanding of the five principles of Mass Media viz, Film, TV, Print, Radio and New Media
- 2. Introduction to the evolution of Mass Media
- 3. To understand how the content and presentation of mass media shapes our thoughts, vision, ethics and action
- 4. Analysis of the ways in which content is created in media
- 5. To understand creative and technical processes involved in newsprint, radio, television production, filmmaking and the internet
- 6. Introduction to the organization of media and entertainment industries the financial and commercial aspects.
- 7. To delineate the roles and responsibilities of creative, technical and administrative people in media
- 8. To familiarize with the career options in media and entertainment industry
- 9. To analyze the vital importance of mass media in the functioning of a secular, liberal, democracy like India
- 10. To understand the convergence of mass media as the futuristic trend opening up more and more exciting career and creative opportunities

# 3. Curriculum

This course is a planned sequence of instructions consisting of Units meant for developing employability and Skills competencies of students of Class XI & XII opting for Skills subject along with general education subjects.

CLASS	THEORY	PRACTICAL	TOTAL
Class XI	60 marks	40 marks	100 marks
Class XII	60 marks	40 marks	100 marks

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**CLASS – XI (SESSION 2022-2023)** 

Total Marks: 100 (Theory-60 + Practical-40)

	UNITS		OF HOURS y and Practical	MAX. MARKS for Theory and Practical
	Employability Skills			
	Unit 1: Communication Skills-III		10	2
4	Unit 2: Self-management Skills-III		10	2
Part A	Unit 3: ICT Skills-III		10	2
ä	Unit 4: Entrepreneurial Skills-III		15	2
	Unit 5: Green Skills-III		05	2
	Total		50	10
	Subject Specific Skills	Theory	Practical	
-	Unit 1: Introduction of Mass Communication	10	15	07
Part B	Unit 2: Evolution of the Media	25	20	09
Ра	Unit 3: Understanding Media	30	45	17
	Unit 4: Preproduction Skills	25	40	17
	Total	90	120	50
	Practical Work			
Part C	Practical Examination			15
Par	Viva Voce			05
	Total			20
٩	Project Work/Field Visit/ Practical File/ Student Portfolio			15
Part D	Viva Voce			05
	Total			20
			260	100

# **CBSE | DEPARTMENT OF SKILL EDUCATION**

# MASS MEDIA STUDIES (SUB. CODE 835)

CLASS – XII (SESSION 2022-2023)

Total Marks: 100 (Theory-60 + Practical-40)

	UNITS	for Th	F HOURS eory and ictical	MAX. MARKS for Theory and Practical
	Employability Skills			
	Unit 1: Communication Skills-IV*	10		-
∢	Unit 2: Self-management Skills-IV	10		3
Part A	Unit 3: ICT Skills-IV	10		3
Å	Unit 4: Entrepreneurial Skills-IV	15		4
	Unit 5: Green Skills-IV*	05		-
	Total	50		10
	Subject Specific Skills	Theory	Practical	
	Unit 1: Selling / Marketing/ Exhibiting a Product through Advertising	30	20	17
t B	Unit 2: Introduction to the Production Process	30	40	17
Part B	Unit 3: New Media	20	40	08
	Unit 4: Creative Contributions of the Key People	20	10	08
	Total	100	110	50
	Practical Work			
t C	Practical Examination			15
Part C	Viva Voce			05
	Total			20
tD	Project Work/Field Visit/ Practical File/ Student Portfolio			15
Part	Viva Voce			05
	Total			20
	GRAND TOTAL	2	260	100

**Note:** \* marked units are to be assessed through Internal Assessment/ Student Activities. They are not to be assessed in Theory Exams

# 4. CONTENTS

### DETAILED CURRICULUM/TOPICS FOR CLASS XI

#### Part-A: EMPLOYABILITY SKILLS

S. No.	Units	Duration in Hours
1.	Unit 1: Communication Skills-III*	10
2.	Unit 2: Self-management Skills-III	10
3.	Unit 3: Information and Communication Technology Skills-III	10
4.	Unit 4: Entrepreneurial Skills-III	15
5.	Unit 5: Green Skills-III*	05
	TOTAL DURATION	50

#### **Note:** \* marked units are to be assessed through Internal Assessment/ Student Activities. They are not to be assessed in Theory Exams

The detailed curriculum/ topics to be covered under Part A: Employability Skills can be downloaded from CBSE website

#### Part-B – SUBJECT SPECIFIC SKILLS

#### UNIT-I: INTRODUCTION TO MASS COMMUNICATION

- 11. Definition and functions of Mass Media and Mass Communication
- 12. Aspects of Mass Communication
- 13. Barriers to Communication

#### UNIT-II: EVOLUTION OF THE MEDIA

#### **Evolution of Cinema**

- 1. Hindi Cinema
  - DG Phalke and silent era
  - Coming of sound, Studio era, Post-Independence era
- 2. Satyajit Ray and non-mainstream cinema

#### **Evolution of Television**

1. Doordarshan in the first phase of local stations and black and white transmission **Site Experiment** 

- Colour television, AASUAD 1982-Satellite Transmission (INSAT)
- Evolution of Print media
- Development of print journalism in India

#### Evolution of radio

1. Pre and post-independence development of radio in India

#### Evolution of new media

1. Evolution of the internet in India

#### UNIT-III: UNDERSTANDING MEDIA

#### **Chapter 1: Media Literacy**

- 1. Introduction of Media Literacy
- 2. Introduction to Mass Media
- 3. Audience Theories
- 4. Media Ownership
- 5. Media Representation
- 6. Media and Violence

#### Chapter 2: Analysis of Films

- 1. The concept of mise en scene
- 2. Film Analysis
  - 1.Short film-fiction (5) Short film-nonfiction (5) OR
  - 2.Feature film

#### Chapter 3: Analysis of TV Programmes

- 1. The concept of a soap opera Daily soap, Weekly soap
- 2. Genres of Soap Opera, primary audience of each genre
- 3. The Segmented nature of the audience
- 4. Gaze of the audience, concept of a flow, continuous interruption
- 5. Culture of Film based programmes
- 6. Culture of Music based programmes
- 7. Educational TV, non-fiction on TV

#### **Chapter4: Content Analysis of Radio Programmes**

News - the format, the language, frequencyTalks, magazine programmes-unidirectional nature, feedback with a time phase difference Dramas - the unique nature of radio plays Interactive programmes - phone in, live interaction, music, experiences, memories as content of these programmes

#### Chapter 5: Content Analysis of Newspapers and Periodicals Newspapers –

- 1. The Macro composition of a daily-various sections like the front page, edit page, sports page, business page.
- 2. The Micro composition of a daily-proportion of visual and text, language, highlighting.

#### Periodicals -

1. The Macro composition of a periodical - various sections like the cover page, cover story, features, columns, business page.

2. The Micro composition of a periodical - proportion of visual and text, language, highlighting.

#### **UNIT-IV: Pre-Production Skills**

#### **Understanding Fiction**

- 1. Story as a self content world
- 2. Story as a subjective experience
- 3. Content of a story
  - Theme/subject Plot, time and space Characters
- Techniques of story telling Description Dialogue View point

#### UNIT-V: Pre-Production Skills (Project)

- 1. Fiction
- 2. Researcher
- 3. Script
- 4. Storyboard
- 5. Nonfiction

#### DETAILED CURRICULUM/ TOPICS FOR CLASS XII

#### PART-A: EMPLOYABILITY SKILLS

S. No.	Units	Duration in Hours
1.	Unit 1: Communication Skills-IV	10
2.	Unit 2: Self-management Skills-IV	10
3.	Unit 3: Information and Communication Technology Skills-IV	10
4.	Unit 4: Entrepreneurial Skills-IV	15
5.	Unit 5: Green Skills-IV	05
	TOTAL DURATION	50

NOTE: Detailed Curriculum/ Topics to be covered under Part A: Employability Skills can be downloaded from CBSE website.

#### Part-B – SUBJECT SPECIFIC SKILLS

#### UNIT-I: SELLING/MARKETING/EXHIBITING A PRODUCT THROUGH ADVERTISING

#### Chapter 1: Advertising concept & process

- 1. Product
- 2. specifications
- 3. Targeting
- 4. buyers

#### **Chapter 2: Functions of Advertising**

- 1. Promotion of product
- 2. Drive sales

- 3. Build a brand identity
- 4. Increase the buzz

#### **Chapter 3: Types of advertising**

- 1. Print-newspapers, magazines, brochures, fliers, posters
- 2. O OH-billboards, kiosks, tradeshows events
- 3. Broadcast advertising Radio, TV, digital Internet + mobile
- 4. In film' promos
- 5. Celebrity endorsements
- 6. Cross promotions
- 7. Merchandise
- 8. Games (Mobile and computer) To be assessed in practicals only. No question to be asked in theory examination from this portion.
- 9. Covert advertising

#### Chapter 4: Forms of Advertising

- 1. Product Advertising
- 2. Institutional Advertising (Corporate)
- 3. Social Service PSA Advocacy Advertising
- 4. Comparative Advertising Cooperative Advertising Direct Mail.
- 5. A Point-of-Purchase Advertising.
- 6. Informational Advertising.

#### UNIT II: INTRODUCTION TO THE PRODUCTION PROCESS

#### Chapter 1: Film

- 1. Pre- shooting stage.
- 2. Shooting Stage.
- 3. Post-shooting Stage.

#### Chapter 2: TV

- 1. Pre- shooting stage.
- 2. Shooting Stage.
- 3. Post-shooting Stage.

#### Chapter 3: Print

1. Planning, writing, editing, designing.

#### Chapter 4. Radio

1. Planning, recording, editing, transmission. , editing, designing. To be assessed in practicals only. No question to be asked in theory examination from this portion.

#### Chapter 5. Internet

 Planning, Creating and delivering. Creating and delivering. To be assessed in practicals only. No question to be asked in theory examination from this portion

#### UNIT III: NEW MEDIA

#### Chapter-1: Convergence and the New Possibilities of Communication

Earlier models of communication

1. Internet as the meeting point of all the mass media.

- 2. Broadcasting
- 3. Mass communication model of a few transmitting to a vast number of receivers.
- 4. Gigantic organization.
- 5. Huge technical infra-structure
- 6. Large scale revenue.
- 7. The changed paradigm due to the Internet.
- 8. Empowering an individual to post data on the Internet.
- 9. Information, message in one medium triggering off activity in the others.
- 10. Many sources of the same information.
- 11. Distribution of the information between individuals on an unprecedented global scale.
- 12. Rapidity of opinion generation on a local, national and global scale.
- 13. The socio-political implications of the new information order.
- 14. The strengthening of democracy.
- 15. Emerging trends in Mass Communication

#### UNIT IV: CREATIVE CONTRIBUTIONS OF THE KEY PEOPLE

#### Chapter 1: Film:

1. Contributions made by Writer, Director, Producer, Actor, Cinematographer, Audiographer, Editor, Art Director, Music composer.

#### Chapter 2: TV:

1. Contributions made by Writer, Director, Producer, Actor, Cinematographer, Audiographer, Editor, Art Director, Music composer.

#### Chapter 3: Print:

1. Contributions made by Reporter, Sub-editor, Editor.

#### Chapter 4: Radio:

 Contributions made by artist, speaker, interviewer, recordist, programme producer, station director. Recording for Radio - To be assessed in practicals only. No question to be asked in theory examination from this portion

#### Chapter 5: Internet:

- 1. Contributions made by writer, conceptualizer, editor, designer. Role of an editor in Internet To be assessed in practicals only. No question to be asked
- 2. in theory examination from this portion

## **5. TEACHING ACTIVITIES**

The teaching and training activities have to be conducted in classroom, laboratory/ workshops and field visits. Students should be taken to field visits for interaction with experts and to expose them to the various tools, equipment, materials, procedures and operations in the workplace. Special emphasis should be laid on the occupational safety, health and hygiene during the training and field visits.

#### CLASSROOM ACTIVITIES

Classroom activities are an integral part of this course and interactive lecture sessions, followed by discussions should be conducted by trained teachers. Teachers should make effective use of a variety of

instructional or teaching aids, such as audio-video materials, colour slides, charts, diagrams, models, exhibits, hand-outs, online teaching materials, etc. to transmit knowledge and impart training to the students.

#### PRACTICAL WORK IN LABORATORY/WORKSHOP

Practical work may include but not limited to hands-on-training, simulated training, role play, case based studies, exercises, etc. Equipment and supplies should be provided to enhance hands-on learning experience of students. Only trained personnel should teach specialized techniques. A training plan that reflects tools, equipment, materials, skills and activities to be performed by the students should be submitted by the I teacher to the Head of the Institution.

#### **SKILL ASSESSMENT (PRACTICAL)**

Assessment of skills by the students should be done by the assessors/examiners on the basis of practical demonstration of skills by the candidate, Practical examination allows candidates to demonstrate that they have the knowledge and understanding of performing a task. This will include hands-on practical exam and viva voce. For practical, there should be a team of two evaluators. The same team of examiners will conduct the viva voce.

**Project Work** (individual or group project) is a great way to assess the practical skills on a certain time period or timeline. Project work should be given on the basis of the capability of the individual to perform the tasks or activities involved in the project. Projects should be discussed in the class and the teacher should periodically monitor the progress of the project and provide feedback for improvement and innovation. Field visits should be organised as part of the project work. Field visits can be followed by a small-group work/project work. When the class returns from the field visit, each group might be asked to use the information that they have gathered to prepare presentations or reports of their observations. Project work should be assessed on the basis of practical file or student portfolio.

**Student Portfolio** is a compilation of documents that supports the candidate's claim of competence. Documents may include reports, articles, photos of products prepared by students in relation to the unit of competency.

**Viva voce** allows candidates to demonstrate communication skills and content knowledge. Audio or video recording can be done at the time of viva voce. The number of external examiners would be decided as per the existing norms of the Board and these norms should be suitably adopted/adapted as per the specific requirements of the subject. Viva voce should also be conducted to obtain feedback on the student's experiences and learning during the project work/field visits.

## 6. ORGANISATION OF FIELD VISITS/EDUCATIONAL TOURS

In field visits, children will go outside the classroom to obtain specific information from experts or to make observations of the activities. A checklist of observations to be made by the students during the field visits should be developed by the Teachers for systematic collection of information by the students on the various aspects. Principals and Teachers should identify the different opportunities for field visits within a short distance from the school and make necessary arrangements for the visits. At least three field visits should be conducted in a year.

## 7. PRACTICAL GUIDELINES

#### Portfolio Assessment and Apprenticeship Special features of Assessment:

The Portfolio will consist of a compilation of all written submissions over the duration of the course. It is the sum total of the creative work executed by the student over the year. The Portfolio will consist of all

written submissions over the duration of the course. The assignments would include written, project work and production output will be collected. The submission would include both the original and improved versions of assigned tasks reflective of gradual improvement.

Aims of the exercise of Portfolio are -

- To create a desire in the student to go beyond the text and class room learning
- To inculcate in the student the spirit of research
- To offer the scope for imaginative thinking
- To develop the power of interpretation
- To imbibe the notions of subjectivity and objectivity Objectives of the exercise of Portfolio are -
- The student begins to think independently and critically about the subject
- The student learns to develop his/her own themes
- The student learns to systematically gather facts and sift the data
- The student learns to use the data in a coherent and logical manner
- The student learns to follow one's imagination to create an original work
- The student learns the difference between analyzing someone else's work and creating one's own
- The student learns to develop distinct creative approaches to Fiction and Nonfiction
- The student learns to conceive and execute ideas that are medium-specific
- The student learns to identify upon his/her own strengths and weaknesses

#### Assessment of the Portfolio-

The basic guideline for Assessment of the Portfolio is to judge the student's individual growth along the aims and objectives stated above. Both quality and quantity of the work done cumulatively should receive equal consideration.

10 marks have been allotted for the Portfolio.

#### **Apprentice Program:**

All students who take this course will have to mandatorily take **one week intensive training** at an institution which has been approved by CBSE. The week long intensive training will also have a **component of project work** which will be assessed by the examiners of the institution.

# PROJECT - NON-FICTION: STUDENTS WILL CONCEIVE, WRITE, DIRECT AND EDIT A NON-FICTION FILM PROJECT OF 3-5 MINUTES DURATION.

#### Guidelines

In this, they will follow the film making process of going through the pre- production, production and postproduction process. The idea will be submitted to the teacher first. It shall be discussed and approved. It is only after that, the student can undertake to do further research and writing of the script. The script shall be submitted along with the shooting schedule, the same will be approved by teacher and only after the clearance from the teacher will the shooting take place. Students will complete the project on video tape and submit it along as a video tape as well as in the DVD format with the docket containing all the paper work done by them.

- 1. Subjects of the films should be suitable for the audience of their own age group.
- 2. Social issues like Gender issues, Environmental issues, Education, Health, Livelihood, Rights on disability, Access, Road Safety, documentaries on Historical monuments, Art and Craft can be chosen. Initial research is very important with regard to pre-production and production. Students must understand and read about media ethics and understand the sensitivity of the issue concerned. Students must take up issues which they closely relate to in their everyday lives and are able to work on within their academic concerns.
- 3. Themes to illustrate facets of other arts could also be chosen. Issues relating to media could also be

a domain. Students must understand their roots and cultural heritage which surrounds them. It is part of what they are. This consists of not just historical monuments; it surpasses subjects like rituals, traditional medicinal practices, folklore and anecdotes from their grandparents, about the city they live in, various performing arts and more.

- 4. Portraits of personalities with respect to their contribution to life may also be chosen. People who have made a difference within their community, their role models, people they look up to, those who inspire them or have encouraged them, they could be their relative, teacher, a household help or anyone known to them.
- 5. Basic Handycam video cameras and basic editing software like Adobe Premier or Windows Movie maker should suffice. Technical quality is important, but technological sophistication by itself will not carry much weight, as the purpose is to judge the overall programme making ability.
- 6. The preparation is as important as the product and will carry half the percentage in the total assessment of the project.
- The time limit of 3-5 minutes is to be strictly observed. Anything drastically more or less in duration will negatively affect the assessment.
  These guidelines should be very clearly explained to the students and there should be no basic doubts about the approach in their minds.

## 8. LIST OF EQUIPMENT AND MATERIAL

#### \*CAMERA\*

- 1. One DSLR minimum 18 mega pixels, output 18-55mm and 70-300mm lens with external microphone connectivity.
- 2. One HD handycam video camera with external microphone connectivity. Video format MOV or MPEG4. OR One smart phone with external microphone connectivity.
- 3. One tripod.

#### \*MICROPHONE\*

- 1. One gun microphone with RCA output.
- 2. One lapel microphone with RCA output.
- 3 One mic for Radio studio multidirectional or unidirectional.

(If school is not able to arrange microphone try to put subject closer to camera and in silence area for their byte and record dialogue and must off fan and air conditioner during without microphone shoot. These steps will help students to shoot without specific equipment.)

#### \*LIGHTS\*

To create basic three-point lighting in any studio or classroom required lights are mentioned below-

- a. Two LED soft lights
- b. Two Baby spot lights
- c. Two flood Cool lights
- d. Multi 10 and multi 20 Reflectors silver and Gold or thermocol sheets.
- e. Light Cutter stands with black clothes.

(If school is not capable for arranging lighting equipment so shoot is preferred in natural sunlight.)

#### \*EDITING SYSTEM\*

1. One computer system windows or Mac . Software required FCP (final cut pro) or Adobe premiere pro, Adobe Photoshop, Adobe After effects, capture card, Graphics card sound card.

#### \*SCHOOL STUDIO SETUP\*

- 1. Green Chroma wall.
- 2. Teleprompter.
- 3. Monitor.

These are the basic requirements for any Television or Radio production.

A screening room equipped with a television set or projector and speakers for playback of video or screening images through a computer.