

FINAL JEE-MAIN EXAMINATION - JUNE, 2022

(Held On Friday 24th June, 2022)

TEST PAPER WITH SOLUTION

TIME: 3:00 PM to 6:00 PM

CHEMISTRY

SECTION-A

- 120 of an organic compound that contains only 1. carbon and hydrogen gives 330g of CO₂ and 270g of water on complete combustion. The percentage of carbon and hydrogen, respectively are.
 - (A) 25 and 75
- (B) 40 and 60
- (C) 60 and 40
- (D) 75 and 25

Official Ans. by NTA (D)

Allen Ans. (D)

Sol. Given mass of organic compound = 120

mass of $CO_2(g) = 330 g$

mass of H₂O (ℓ) = 270 g

mass of carbon = $n_{CO_2} \times 12$

$$=\frac{330}{44}\times12=90g$$

% of carbon = $\frac{90}{120} \times 100 = 75\%$

mass of hydrogen = $n_{H_{AO}} \times 2$

$$=\frac{270}{18}\times2=30g$$

% of hydrogen = $\frac{30}{120} \times 100 = 25\%$

2. The energy of one mole of photons of radiation of wavelength 300 nm is

> (Given : $h = 6.63 \times 10^{-34} \text{ Js}, N_A = 6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{mol}^{-1},$ $c = 3 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1}$

- (A) 235 kJ mol⁻¹
- (B) 325 kJ mol⁻¹
- (C) 399 kJ mol⁻¹
- (D) 435 kJ mol⁻¹

Official Ans. by NTA (C)

Allen Ans. (C)

Sol. Energy of one mole of photons = $\frac{\text{nc}}{\lambda} \times N_A$

 $=\frac{6.63\times10^{-34}\times3\times10^8}{300\times10^{-9}}\times6.02\times10^{23}$

 $= 399.13 \times 10^3$ Joule/mole

= 399 kJ / mole

- The correct order of bound orders of C_2^{2-} , N_2^{2-} and 3. O_2^{2-} is, respectively.

 - (A) $C_2^{2-} < N_2^{2-} < C_2^{2-}$ (B) $C_2^{2-} < N_2^{2-} < C_2^{2-}$
 - (C) $C_2^{2-} < O_2^{2-} < N_2^{2-}$ (D) $N_2^{2-} < C_2^{2-} < O_2^{2-}$

Official Ans. by NTA (B)

Allen Ans. (B)

Sol. Species Bond order

 C_2^{2-}

3

 N_{2}^{2-}

2

 O_2^{2-}

1

At 25°C and 1 atm pressure, the enthalpies of 4. combustion are as given below:

Substance	H_2	C(graphite)	$C_2H_6(g)$
$\frac{\Delta_{\rm C} {\rm H}^{\Theta}}{{\rm kJmol}^{-1}}$	-286.0	-394.0	-1560.0

The enthalpy of formation of ethane is

- $(A) +54.0 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$
- (B) $-68.0 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$
- $(C) -86.0 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$
- (D) $+97.0 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$

Official Ans. by NTA (C)

Allen Ans. (C)

Sol. $C_2H_6(g) + \frac{7}{2}O_2(g) \rightarrow 2CO_2(g) + 3H_2O(\ell)$

 $\Delta_{\rm C}H({\rm C_2H_6}) = 2\Delta_{\rm f}H~{\rm CO_2}({\rm g}) + 3\Delta_{\rm f}H({\rm H_2O},\ell)$

 $-\Delta_f H(C_2 H_6,g)$

 $-1560 = 2(-394) + 3(-286) - \Delta_{\rm f}H(C_2H_6,g)$

 $\Delta_f H(C_2 H_6, g) = -86 \text{ kJ/mole}$

For a first order reaction, the time required for 5. completion of 90% reaction is 'x' times the half life of the reaction. The value of 'x' is

(Given: $\ln 10 = 2.303$ and $\log 2 = 0.3010$)

- (A) 1.12
- (B) 2.43
- (C) 3.32
- (D) 33.31

Official Ans. by NTA (C)

Allen Ans. (C)



Sol. Given $t_{0.90} = t_{0.90} = xt_{1/2}$

First order rate constant

$$K = \frac{\ln 2}{t_{1/2}} = \frac{1}{xt_{1/2}} \ln \frac{A_0}{A_0 - A_0 \times \frac{90}{100}}$$

$$\frac{\ln 2}{t_{1/2}} = \frac{\ln 10}{xt_{1/2}}$$

$$x = \frac{\ln 10}{\ln 2} = \frac{2.303}{2.303 \times 0.3010} = 3.32$$

- 6. Metals generally melt at very high temperature.

 Amongst the following, the metal with the highest melting point will be
 - (A) Hg
- (B) Ag
- (C) Ga
- (D) Cs

Official Ans. by NTA (B)

Allen Ans. (B)

- **Sol.** Hg, Ga, Cs are liquid near room temperature But Ag(silver) is solid.
- 7. Which of the following chemical reactions represents Hall-Heroult Process?

(A)
$$Cr_2O_3 + 2Al \rightarrow Al_2O_3 + 2Cr$$

(B)
$$2Al_2O_3 + 3C \rightarrow 4Al + 3CO_2$$

(C) FeO + CO
$$\rightarrow$$
 Fe + CO₂

(D)
$$2[Au(CN)_2]_{(20)}^- + Zn(s) \rightarrow 2Au(s) + [Zn(CN_4)]^{2-}$$

Official Ans. by NTA (B)

Allen Ans. (B)

- **Sol.** Hall Heroult process is the major industrial process for extraction of aluminium.
- **8.** In the industrial production of which of the following, molecular hydrogen is obtained as a byproduct?
 - (A) NaOH
- (B) NaCl
- (C)Na metal
- (D) Na₂CO₃

Official Ans. by NTA (A)

Allen Ans. (A)

Sol. Sodium hydroxide is generally prepared commercially by electrolysis of sodium chloride in castner Kellner cell.

at cathode : $Na + e^{-} \xrightarrow{Hg} Na - amalgum$

Anode:
$$Cl^- \longrightarrow \frac{1}{2}Cl_2 + e^-$$

The Na-amalgam is treated with water to give sodium hydroxide and hydrogen gas :

2Na (amalgam) + $H_2O \rightarrow 2NaOH + H_2 + 2Hg$

- **9.** Which one of the following compounds is used as a chemical in certain type of fire extinguishers?
 - (A) Baking Soda
- (B) Soda ash
- (C) Washing Soda
- (D) Caustic Soda

Official Ans. by NTA (A)

Allen Ans. (A)

- **Sol.** Sodium hydrogencarbonate (Baking soda), NaHCO₃ is used in the fire extinguishers.
- **10.** PCl₅ is well known. but NCl₅ is not. Because.
 - (A) nitrogen is less reactive than phosphorous.
 - (B) nitrogen doesn't have d-orbitals in its valence shell.
 - (C) catenation tendency is weaker in nitrogen than phosphorous.
 - (D) size of phosphorous is larger than nitrogen.

Official Ans. by NTA (B)

Allen Ans. (B)

Sol. PCl₅ forms five bonds by using the d-orbitals to "expand the octet". But NCl₅ does not exist because there are no d-orbitals in the valence shell (2nd shell). Therefore there is no way to expand the octet.

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- 11. Transition metal complex with highest value of crystal field splitting (Δ_0) will be

 - (A) $\left[\operatorname{Cr}\left(\operatorname{H}_{2}\operatorname{O}\right)_{6}\right]^{3+}$ (B) $\left[\operatorname{Mo}\left(\operatorname{H}_{2}\operatorname{O}\right)_{6}\right]^{3+}$
 - (C) $\left[\text{Fe} \left(\text{H}_2 \text{O} \right)_6 \right]^{3+}$ (D) $\left[\text{Os} \left(\text{H}_2 \text{O} \right)_6 \right]^{3+}$

Official Ans. by NTA (D)

Allen Ans. (D)

- Sol. CFSE of octahedral complexes with water is greater for 5d series metal centre ion as compared to 3d and 4d series metal centre.
- **12.** Some gases are responsible for heating of atmosphere (green house effect). Identify from the following the gaseous species which does not cause it.
 - $(A) CH_4$
- (B) O₃
- (C) H₂O
- (D)N₂

Official Ans. by NTA (D)

Allen Ans. (D)

Sol. CH₄, O₃ and H₂O causes global warming in Tropospheric level.

N₂ does not cause global warming.

13. Arrange the following carbocations in decreasing order of stability.





В



- (A) A > C > B
- (B) A > B > C
- (C) C > B > A
- (D) C > A > B

Official Ans. by NTA (B)

Allen Ans. (Bonus)

Sol. Carbocation is stabilised by resonance with lone pairs on oxygen atom and +H effect of 2a

B > A > C

14. Given below are two statements.

> Statement I : The presence of weaker π - bonds make alkenes less stable than alkanes.

> Statement II: The strength of the double bond is greater than that of carbon-carbon single bond.

> In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below.

- (A) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct.
- (B) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect.
- (C) Statement I is correct but Statement II is incorrect.
- (D) Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is correct.

Official Ans. by NTA (A)

Allen Ans. (A)

15. Which of the following reagents/ reactions will convert 'A' to 'B'?

$$H_3C$$
 (A)
 (B)
 CH_2
 CHO

- (A) PCC oxidation
- (B) Ozonolysis
- (C) BH₃,H₂O₂/ OH followed by PCC oxidation
- (D)HBr, hydrolysis followed by oxidation by $K_2Cr_2O_7$.

Official Ans. by NTA (C)

Allen Ans. (C)



Sol. BH₃, H₂O₂/OH followed by PCC oxidation.

- 16. Hex-4-ene-2-ol on treatment with PCC gives 'A'.
 'A' on reaction with sodium hypoiodite gives 'B', which on further heating with soda lime gives 'C'. The compound 'C' is
 - (A) 2- pentene
- (B) proponaldehyde
- (C) 2-butene
- (D) 4-methylpent-2-ene

Official Ans. by NTA (C)

Allen Ans. (C)

Sol. $\begin{array}{c|c} CH_3-CH=CH-CH_2-CH-CH_3\\ \hline PCC & OH\\ \hline CH_3-CH=CH-CH_2-CH-CH_3\\ \hline NaOI & O\\ \hline CH_3-CH=CH-CH_2-COOH+CHI_3\\ \hline NaOH+CaO & -CO_2\\ \hline CH_3-CH=CH-CH_3\\ \hline (C)\\ \hline But-2-ene\\ \end{array}$

- 17. The conversion of propan-1-ol to n-butylamine involves the sequential addition of reagents. The correct sequential order of reagents is.
 - (A)(i) SOCl₂ (ii) KCN (iii) H₂/Ni,Na(Hg)/C₂H₅OH
 - (B) (i) HCl (ii) H₂/Ni, Na(Hg)/C₂H₅OH
 - (C) (i) SOCl₂ (ii) KCN (iii) CH₃NH₂
 - (D) (i) HCl (ii) CH₃NH₂

Official Ans. by NTA (A)

Allen Ans. (A)

Sol.

- **18.** Which of the following is **not** an example of a condensation polymer?
 - (A) Nylon 6,6
- (B) Decron
- (C) Buna-N
- (D) Silicone

Official Ans. by NTA (C)

Allen Ans. (C)

Sol. Buna-N is an addition copolymer of 1,3-butadiene and acrylonitrile.

$$CH_2=CH-CH=CH_2+CH_2=CH\\ CN\\ [-CH_3-CH=CH-CH_2-CH_2-CH_-]_n\\ Buna-N\\ CN$$

19. The structure shown below is of which well-known drug molecule?

$$\begin{array}{c|c} H & & & CN \\ \hline \\ N & & & N \\ \hline \\ N & & N \\ N & & NHCH_3 \end{array}$$

- (A) Ranitidine
- (B) Seldane
- (C) Cimetidine
- (D) Codeine

Official Ans. by NTA (C)

Allen Ans. (C)

- **20.** In the flame test of a mixture of salts, a green flame with blue centre was observed. Which one of the following cations may be present?
 - $(A) Cu^{2+}$
- (B) Sr^{2+}
- (C) Ba^{2+}
- (D) Ca²⁺

Official Ans. by NTA (A)

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Allen Ans. (A)

Sol. Ion Colour of the flame

(A) Cu⁺² green flame with blue centre

(B) Sr²⁺ Crimson Red

(C) Ba²⁺ Apple green

SECTION-B

1. At 300 K, a sample of 3.0 g of gas A occupies the same volume as 0.2 g of hydrogen at 200 K at the same pressure. The molar mass of gas A is____ g mol⁻¹ (nearest integer) Assume that the behaviour of gases as ideal. (Given: The molar mass of hydrogen (H₂) gas is 2.0 g mol⁻¹)

Official Ans. by NTA (45)

Allen Ans. (45)

Sol. Given: Ideal gas A and H_2 gas at same pressure and volume.

From ideal gas equation pv = nRT

$$n_1 T_1 = n_2 T_2$$

$$\frac{3}{\text{GMM of A}} \times 300 = \frac{0.2}{2} \times 200$$

GMM of A = 45 g/mole

2. A company dissolves 'X' amount of CO₂ at 298 K in 1 litre of water to prepare soda water

$$X = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times 10^{-3}$$
g. (nearest integer)

(Given: partial pressure of CO_2 at 298 K= 0.835 bar.

Henry's law constant for CO_2 at 298 K = 1.67 kbar.

Atomic mass of H,C and O is 1, 12 and 6 g mol⁻¹, respectively)

Official Ans. by NTA (1221 OR 1222)

Allen Ans. (1222 & 1223)

Sol. From Henry law

$$P = K_H X_{CO_2}$$

$$0.835 = 1.67 \times 10^{3} \times 1.67 \times 10^{3} \times \frac{W_{CO_{2}} / 44}{\frac{W_{CO_{2}}}{44} + \frac{1000}{18}}$$

$$W_{CO_2} = 1.2228g = 1222.8 \times 10^{-3} g$$

Or

$$P = K_H X_{CO_2}$$

$$0.835 = 1.67 \times 10^3 \times \frac{n_{CO_2}}{n_{CO_2} + n_{H_2O}}$$

$$0.835 = 1.67 \times 10^{3} \times \frac{W_{CO_{2}} / 44}{\frac{1000}{18}}$$

$$W_{CO_2} = 1.2222g = 1222.2 \times 10^{-3}g$$

3. PCl₅ dissociates as

$$PCl_5(g) \Longrightarrow PCl_3(g) + Cl_2(g)$$

5 moles of PCl_5 are placed in a 200 litre vessel which contains 2 moles of N_2 and is maintained at 600 K. The equilibrium pressure is 2.46 atm. The equilibrium constant K_p for the dissociation of PCl_5 is ____ × 10^{-3} . (nearest integer)

(Given: $R = 0.082 L atm K^{-1} mol^{-1}$: Assume ideal gas behaviour)

Official Ans. by NTA (1107)

Allen Ans. (1107)

Sol. Given: 2 mole of N_2 gas was present as inert gas.

Equilibrium pressure = 2.46 atm

$$PCl_5(g) \Longrightarrow PCl_3(g) + C\ell_2(g)$$

$$t = 0$$
 5 0 0
 $t = Eq^{m}$ 5 - x x x

PV = nRT

$$2.46 \times 200 = (5 - x + x + x + 2) \times 0.082 \times 600$$

x = 3

$$K_{\mathrm{P}} = \frac{n_{\mathrm{PCl}_{3}} \times n_{\mathrm{Cl}_{2}}}{n_{\mathrm{PCl}_{5}}} \times \left[\frac{P_{total}}{n_{total}}\right]$$

$$\frac{3\times3}{2}\times\frac{2.46}{10}=1.107=1107\times10^{-3}$$

4. The resistance of conductivity cell containing 0.01 M KCl solution at 298 K is 1750 Ω. If the conductively of 0.01 M KCl solution at 298 K is 0.152×10^{-3} S cm⁻¹, then the cell constant of the conductivity cell is $\times 10^{-3}$ cm⁻¹.

Official Ans. by NTA (266)

Allen Ans. (266)



Sol.
$$K = \frac{1}{R} \times \text{cell constant}$$

$$0.152 \times 10^{-3} = \frac{1}{1750}$$
 cell constant

cell constant = 266×10^{-3}

5. When 200 mL of 0.2 M acetic acid is shaken with 0.6 g of wood charcoal, the final concentration of acetic after adsorption is 0.1 M. The mass of acetic acid adsorbed per garm of carbon is _____ g.

Official Ans. by NTA (2)

Allen Ans. (2)

Sol. weight of wood charcoal = 0.6 g

Mass of acetic acid adsorbed =
$$\frac{M_1V_1 - M_2V_2}{1000} \times 60$$

$$=\frac{0.2\times200-0.1\times200}{1000}\times60$$

$$= 1.2 g$$

Mass of acetic acid adsorbed per gram of

carbon =
$$\frac{1.2}{0.6}$$
 = 2

6. (a) Baryte, (b) Galena, (c) Zinc blende and

(d) Copper pyrites. How many of these minerals are sulphide based?

Official Ans. by NTA (3)

Allen Ans. (3)

Sol.

(1) Baryte: BaSO₄

(2) Galena: PbS

(3) Zinc blende : ZnS

sulphide (S²⁻) ores

(4) Copper pyrite : CuFeS₂

7. Manganese (VI) has ability to disproportionate in acidic solution. The difference in oxidation states of two ions it forms in acidic solution is_____

Official Ans. by NTA (3)

Allen Ans. (3)

Sol. MnO_4^{2-} disproportionates in a neutral or acidic solution to give MnO_4^{-} and Mn^{+4}

$$3MnO_4^{2-} + 3H^+ \longrightarrow 2MnO_4^- + MnO_2 + 2H_2O$$

O.S. of Mn in $MnO_4^- = +7$

O.S. of Mn in $MnO_2 = +4$

difference = 3

8. 0.2 g of an organic compound was subjected to estimation of nitrogen by Dumas method in which volume of N₂ evolved (at STP) was found to be 22.400 mL. The percentage of nitrogen in the compound is ____.[nearest integer]

(Given: Molar mass of N_2 is 28 mol⁻¹. Molar volume of N_2 at STP : 22.4 L)

Official Ans. by NTA (14)

Allen Ans. (14)

Sol. weight of organic compound = 0.2g

mass of N₂(g) evolved =
$$\frac{22.4 \times 10^{-3}}{22.4} \times 28$$

$$=28 \times 10^{-3}$$
g

% of N =
$$\frac{28 \times 10^{-3}}{0.2} \times 100 = 14$$

9.
$$NaOH \rightarrow P$$
 $H_2O \quad (Major Product)$

Consider the above reaction. The number of π electrons present in the product 'P' is____.

Official Ans. by NTA (2)

Allen Ans. (2)

Sol. Number of π electron = 2

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{Cl} & \text{OH} \\
\hline
 & \text{NaOH} \\
\hline
 & \text{H}_2\text{O}
\end{array}$$

10. In alanylglycylleucylalanylvaline, the number of peptide linkages is_____.

Official Ans. by NTA (4)

Allen Ans. (4)

Sol. There are Five amino acids and four peptide linkages.