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# JEE (Main) PAPER-1 (B.E./B. TECH.)

## 2023

### COMPUTER BASED TEST (CBT) Memory Based Questions & Solutions

Date: 24 January, 2023 (SHIFT-1) | TIME : (9.00 a.m. to 12.00 p.m)  
Duration: 3 Hours | Max. Marks: 300

**SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS**

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1. The value of  $\int_0^{\pi} \frac{1}{(\sin x)^{2023} + (\cos x)^{2023}} dx$  is equal to

- (1) 1 (2) 2 (3) 3 (4) 4

Ans. (2)

Sol.  $I = \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{(\cos x)^{2023}}{(\cos x)^{2023} + (\sin x)^{2023}} dx \dots (i)$

Applying  $\int_a^b f(x) dx = \int_a^b f(a+b-x) dx$ , we get

$I = \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{(\sin x)^{2023}}{(\sin x)^{2023} + (\cos x)^{2023}} dx \dots (ii)$

add (i) and (ii), we get

$2I = \int_0^{\pi/2} (1) dx = \frac{8}{\pi} \left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$

$\therefore I = 2$

2.  $\int_0^3 |x^2 - 3x + 2| dx$  is equal to

- (1)  $\frac{11}{6}$  (2)  $\frac{24}{2}$  (3)  $\frac{15}{8}$  (4)  $\frac{10}{2}$

Ans. (1)

Sol.  $I = \int_0^1 (x^2 - 3x + 2) dx + \int_1^2 (-x^2 + 3x - 2) dx + \int_2^3 (x^2 - 3x + 2) dx$   
 $= \left[ \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{3x^2}{2} + 2x \right]_0^1 - \left[ \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{3x^2}{2} + 2x \right]_1^2 + \left[ \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{3x^2}{2} + 2x \right]_2^3$   
 $= 2 \left( \frac{1}{3} - \frac{3}{2} + 2 \right) - 2 \left( \frac{8}{3} - \frac{12}{2} + 4 \right) + \left( \frac{27}{3} - \frac{27}{2} + 6 \right)$   
 $= \frac{2}{3} - \frac{6}{2} + 4 - \frac{16}{3} + \frac{24}{2} - 8 + \frac{27}{3} - \frac{27}{2} + 6$   
 $= \frac{13}{3} - \frac{9}{2} + 2$   
 $= \frac{26 - 27}{6} + 2 = \frac{11}{6}$

3. Number of real values of  $x$  satisfying  $x^2 - 4x + [x] + 3 = x[x]$ , is (where  $[t]$  is the greatest integer less than or equal to  $t$ )

- (1) 2 (2) 3 (3) 1 (4) 4

Ans. (3)

Sol.  $x^2 - x[x] - (x - [x]) - 3(x - 1) = 0$   
 $x(x - [x]) - 1(x - [x]) - 3(x - 1) = 0$   
 $(x - 1)(x - [x]) - 3(x - 1) = 0$   
 $(x - 1)(x - [x] - 3) = 0$   
 $\Rightarrow x = 1$  as  $\{x\} \neq 3$

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4. Let  $L_1 : \frac{x-2}{3} = \frac{y-1}{3} = \frac{z-0}{2}$  and  $L_2 : \frac{x-1}{3} = \frac{y-2}{2} = \frac{z-1}{3}$  are two straight lines, then shortest distance between them is

- (1)  $\frac{5}{\sqrt{43}}$  (2)  $\frac{6}{\sqrt{43}}$  (3)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{43}}$  (4)  $\frac{11}{\sqrt{43}}$

Ans. (4)

Sol.

$\vec{p} = 3\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$   
 $\vec{q} = 3\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$   
 A(2,1,0)  
 B(1,2,1)

Required Shortest Distance =  $\frac{|\vec{AB} \cdot (\vec{p} \times \vec{q})|}{|\vec{p} \times \vec{q}|}$

Required shortest distance =  $|\vec{p} \times \vec{q}|$

$$\therefore \vec{p} \times \vec{q} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 3 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 & 3 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \hat{i}(5) - \hat{j}(3) + \hat{k}(-3)$$

$$= 5\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} - 3\hat{k}$$

$$\therefore \vec{AB} = -\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k}$$

$$\therefore \text{distance} = \frac{|-5 - 3 - 3|}{\sqrt{25 + 9 + 9}} = \frac{11}{\sqrt{43}} \text{ Ans.}$$

5. The value of  $\sum_{r=0}^{22} {}^{22}C_r {}^{23}C_r$  is equal to

(1)  ${}^{45}C_{22}$

(2)  ${}^{44}C_{22}$

(3)  ${}^{45}C_{21}$

(4)  ${}^{44}C_{22}$

Ans. (1)

Sol.  $\sum_{r=0}^{22} {}^{22}C_{22-r} {}^{23}C_r$   
 ${}^{22+23}C_{22} = {}^{45}C_{22}$

6. If  $y^2 + \log_e(\cos^2 x) = y$ ,  $x \in \left(\frac{-\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$ , then

(1)  $y''(0) = 0$

(2)  $|y'(0)| + |y''(0)| = 3$

(3)  $|y''(0)| = 2$

(4)  $|y'(0)| + |y''(0)| = 3$

Ans. (3)

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Sol.  $x = 0 \Rightarrow y^2 + \log(1) = y \Rightarrow y^2 = y$

$$= y = 0 \text{ or } 1$$

$$y^2 + \log_e(\cos^2 x) = y$$

$$\Rightarrow 2yy' + \frac{2\cos x(-\sin x)}{\cos^2 x} = y'$$

$$y' = \frac{2\tan x}{2y-1}$$

$$x = 0 \Rightarrow y'(0) = 0$$

$$\text{Again } 2yy' = 2\tan x + y'$$

$$\Rightarrow 2yy'' + 2(y')^2 = 2\sec^2 x + y''$$

$$y''(2y-1) + 2(y')^2 = 2\sec^2 x$$

$$y'' = \frac{2\sec^2 x - 2(y')^2}{2y-1} \Rightarrow y''(0) = 2 \text{ or } -2$$

7. Area bounded between the curves  $y^2 + 4x = 4$  and  $2x = y + 2$  is

(1)  $\frac{16}{3}$  sq. unit

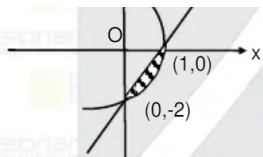
(2)  $\frac{4}{3}$  sq. unit

(3)  $\frac{8}{3}$  sq. unit

(4)  $\frac{1}{3}$  sq. unit

Ans. (4)





Sol.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Required area} &= \frac{1}{4} \int_{-2}^0 (4 - y^2) dy - \frac{1}{2} (1)(2) \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \left( 4y - \frac{y^3}{3} \right)_{-2}^0 - 1 \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{16}{3} \right) - 1 \\ &= \frac{4}{3} - 1 = \frac{1}{3} \text{ sq. unit} \end{aligned}$$

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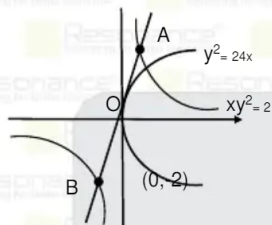
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8. A tangent to the parabola  $y^2 = 24x$  intersects the hyperbola  $xy = 2$  at points A and B, then locus of mid-point of AB is

- (1)  $y^2 = 3x$       (2)  $y^2 = -3x$       (3)  $y^2 = 6x$       (4)  $y^2 = -6x$

Ans. (2)

Sol.



$$\begin{aligned} y^2 &= 24x \dots\dots\dots (1) \\ xy &= 2 \dots\dots\dots (2) \\ \text{let mid-point of chord AB of } xy &= 2 \\ \text{be } m(x_1, y_1) \\ \therefore \text{equation of AB be } T &= S_1 \\ \frac{x(y_1 + y(x_1))}{2} - 2 &= x_1 y_1 - 2 \\ \Rightarrow x(y_1 + y(x_1)) + y(x_1) &= 2x_1 y_1 \Rightarrow y(x_1) = -x(y_1) + 2x_1 y_1 \\ \Rightarrow y &= x \left( \frac{-y_1}{x_1} \right) + 2y_1 \dots (3) \\ \therefore (3) \text{ is tangent to } (2) \\ \therefore c &= \frac{a}{m} \Rightarrow 2y_1 = \frac{6x_1}{y_1} \\ \therefore y_1^2 &= -3x \\ \therefore \text{locus of mid-point } m(x_1, y_1) & \text{ is} \\ y^2 &= -3x \end{aligned}$$

9. If  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 \cdot \sin(1/x) & , x \neq 0 \\ 0 & , x = 0 \end{cases}$ , then

- (1)  $f(x)$  is not differentiable at  $x = 0$   
 (2)  $f(x)$  Continuous but not differentiable at  $x = 0$   
 (3)  $f(x)$  is differentiable and  $f'(x)$  is continuous at  $x = 0$

- (3)  $f(x)$  is differentiable and  $f'(x)$  is continuous at  $x = 0$   
 (4)  $f(x)$  is differentiable and  $f'(x)$  is discontinuous at  $x = 0$

**Ans.** (4)

**Sol.** = LHD =  $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{f(0-h) - f(0)}{-h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{-h^2 \sin(1/h)}{-h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\sin(1/h)}{(1/h)} = 0$

RHD =  $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{f(0+h) - f(0)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{h^2 \sin(1/h)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\sin(1/h)}{1/h} = 0$

$\Rightarrow f(x)$  is continuous and differential at  $x = 0$

Now  $f'(x) = \begin{cases} 2x \sin(1/x) - \cos(1/x) & , x \neq 0 \\ 0 & , x = 0 \end{cases}$

clearly  $f'(x)$  is discontinuous at  $x = 0$

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10. If  $R = \{(a,b) : \gcd(a,b) = 1 ; a,b \in \mathbb{Z}\}$  then the relation R is  
 (1) Symmetric (2) Reflexive (3) Transitive (4) None of these

**Ans.** (1)

**Sol.** (1) Reflexive

Let  $a \in \mathbb{Z}$

$aRa \Rightarrow \gcd(a,a) = a$

$\Rightarrow R$  is not reflexive

(2) Let  $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}$  and  $aRb$

So,  $aRb \Rightarrow \gcd(a,b) = 1$

$\Rightarrow \gcd(b,a) = 1, \forall a, b \in \mathbb{Z} \Rightarrow bRa, \forall a, b \in \mathbb{Z} \Rightarrow R$  is symmetric Relation on  $\mathbb{Z}$

11. If tangent to the curve  $16y^2 + 9x^2 = 144$ , intersects the axes at A and B, then the minimum length of the segment AB.

- (1) 5 (2) 8 (3) 7 (4) 4

**Ans.** (3)

**Sol.**  $\frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$

Equation of tangent  $\frac{x}{4} \cos \theta + \frac{y}{3} \sin \theta = 1$

A  $(4 \sec \theta, 0)$  B  $(0, 3 \operatorname{cosec} \theta)$

$AB = \sqrt{16 \sec^2 \theta + 9 \operatorname{cosec}^2 \theta} = \sqrt{25 + (4 \tan \theta - 3 \cot \theta)^2 + 24} \geq \sqrt{49} \geq 7$

$AB_{\min} = 7$

12. If  $\sum_{r=0}^{2023} r \cdot {}^{2022}C_r = 2023 \times \alpha \times 2^{2023}$  then  $\alpha$  is equal to

- (1)  $\frac{1011}{4}$  (2)  $\frac{1011}{2}$  (3) 2022 (4) 2020

**Ans.** (1)

**Sol.**  $\sum_{r=0}^{2022} r \cdot {}^{2022}C_r = \sum_{r=0}^{2022} r \cdot (2022) {}^{2021}C_{r-1}$

$= 2022 \sum_{r=1}^{2022} (r-1+1) \cdot {}^{2021}C_{r-1}$

$= 2022 \left( \sum_{r=2}^{2022} {}^{2021}C_{r-2} + {}^{2021}C_{2021} \right)$

$= 2022 \left( (2021) \sum_{r=2}^{2022} {}^{2020}C_{r-2} + 2^{2021} \right) = 2022 \cdot 2021 \cdot (2^{2020}) + 2^{2021}$

$= 2^{2020} \cdot 2022 \cdot (2021+2) = 2^{2021} (1011) (2023) = 2^{2023} \cdot (2023) \left( \frac{1011}{4} \right)$

13. The value of  $\tan^{-1} \frac{1+\sqrt{3}}{3+\sqrt{3}} + \sec^{-1} \left( \frac{8+4\sqrt{3}}{6+3\sqrt{3}} \right)^{1/2}$  is

- (1)  $\frac{\pi}{4}$  (2)  $\frac{\pi}{6}$  (3)  $\frac{\pi}{5}$  (4)  $\frac{\pi}{3}$

**Ans.** (4)

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Sol.  $E = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}+1)}\right) + \sec^{-1}\left(\frac{16+8\sqrt{3}}{12+6\sqrt{3}}\right)^{1/2}$

$$\therefore \frac{16+8\sqrt{3}}{12+6\sqrt{3}} = \frac{4(\sqrt{3}+1)^2}{(3+\sqrt{3})^2}$$

$$\therefore \left(\frac{16+8\sqrt{3}}{12+6\sqrt{3}}\right)^{1/2} = \frac{2(\sqrt{3}+1)}{3+\sqrt{3}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$E = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + \sec^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}\right) = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$$

$$E = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{6} + \frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

14. From the digits of 224411133. How many 9 digits numbers can be formed so that even digits are at even places.

Ans. (60)

Sol. Four even digits at four places in  $\frac{4!}{2!2!} = 6$  ways

Five odd digits at odd places =  $\frac{5!}{3!2!} = 10$  ways

Required number of numbers = 60 ways.

15. If  $(1-\sqrt{3}i)^{200} = 2^{199}(p+iq)$  then the quadratic equation having roots  $(p-q+q^2)$  &  $(p+q+q^2)$  is

(1)  $x^2-4x+1=0$

(2)  $x^2+4x-1=0$

(3)  $x^2+4x+1=0$

(4) None of these

Ans. (1)

Sol.  $2^{200}\left(\cos\frac{\pi}{3}-i\sin\frac{\pi}{3}\right)^{200} = 2^{200}\left(\cos\frac{200\pi}{3}-i\left(\sin\frac{200\pi}{3}\right)\right)$

$$= 2^{200}\left(\cos\frac{2\pi}{3}-i\sin\frac{2\pi}{3}\right)$$

$$= 2^{200}\left(\frac{-1}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{3}i}{2}\right)$$

$$= 2^{199}(-1-\sqrt{3}i) \Rightarrow p = -1, q = -\sqrt{3}$$

roots are  $(p-q+q^2, p+q+q^2) = (2+\sqrt{3}, 2-\sqrt{3})$

equation is  $x^2-4x+1=0$

16.  $\sim(\sim p \wedge q) \Rightarrow (\sim p \vee q)$  is equivalent to

(1)  $\sim p \wedge q$

(2)  $\sim p \vee q$

(3)  $p \vee q$

(4)  $p \wedge q$

Ans. (2)

Sol.  $(\sim p \wedge q) \vee (\sim p \vee q)$

$\Rightarrow ((\sim p \wedge q) \vee \sim p) \vee q$

$\Rightarrow \sim p \vee q$

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17. There are 12 courses available, in which 5 courses are of language, find the number of ways to select any 5 courses so that at most 2 language courses are always these

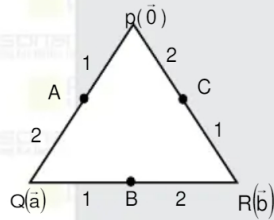
Ans. 546

Sol. Required number of ways to select =  ${}^7C_5 \cdot {}^5C_0 + {}^7C_4 \cdot {}^5C_1 + {}^7C_3 \cdot {}^5C_2$   
 $= 21 + 175 + 350$   
 $= 546$

18. Let PQR be a triangle and A,B,C are three points on sides PQ, QR & PR respectively such that

$$\frac{PA}{AQ} = \frac{QB}{BR} = \frac{RC}{CP} = \frac{1}{2} \text{ then the ratio of the area of } \Delta PQR \text{ to the area of } \Delta ABC \text{ is}$$

Ans. (3)



Let position vector of P, Q, R be  $\vec{o}, \vec{a}$  &  $\vec{b}$  respectively

$$\Rightarrow \text{P.V of A} = \frac{\vec{a}}{3}, \text{ P.V of B} = \frac{2\vec{a} + \vec{b}}{3} \text{ and P.V of C} = \frac{2\vec{b}}{3}$$

$$\therefore \vec{AB} = \frac{\vec{a} + \vec{b}}{3} \text{ \& } \vec{BC} = \frac{\vec{b} - 2\vec{a}}{3}$$

$$\Delta PQR = \frac{1}{2} |\vec{PQ} \times \vec{PR}| = \frac{1}{2} |\vec{a} \times \vec{b}|$$

$$\Delta ABC = \frac{1}{2} |\vec{AB} \times \vec{BC}| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \left( \frac{\vec{a} + \vec{b}}{3} \right) \times \left( \frac{\vec{b} - 2\vec{a}}{3} \right) \right| = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{\vec{a} \times \vec{b}}{3} \right|$$

$$= \frac{\Delta PQR}{\Delta ABC} = 3$$

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8 WEEKS COMPAC COURSE

OFFLINE / ONLINE

CLASS  
STARTS

6<sup>th</sup> FEBRUARY  
2023

### COURSE FEATURES

- Complete Course Coverage
- 25 Chapter wise Test
- Regular Practice through 33 Daily Online Practice Test
- 5 Full Syllabus Test
- 3 Joint Preparatory Test
- Approx 2500 practice Que.
- 113 Teaching hours
- 99 Testing Hours
- Regular Test discussion classes for concept clearance
- Back up support of recorded lectures



AIR **37**  
VERDAN VERMA  
JEE (Main) 2022

Resonance® Resonance® Resonance® Resonance®



JEE (ADVANCED) 2022  
RESULT

## RESONites ने फिर लहराया सफलता का परचम

STUDENTS FROM CLASSROOM PROGRAM (OFFLINE/ ONLINE)

AIR

**6**



AIR

**0**





**0**  
**KARTHIKEYA POLISETTY**  
 Roll No.: 21925115

**AIR-1**  
 GEN-EWS



**0**  
**DHEERAJ KURUKUNDA**  
 Roll No.: 21925114



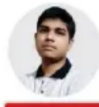
**Students in TOP-100 All India Ranks (AIRs)**



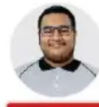
**AIR-11**  
**DEEVANSHU MALU**  
 Roll No.: 21219044



**AIR-15**  
**ABHIJEET ANAND**  
 Roll No.: 21925116



**AIR-35**  
**SANSKAR SHOURYA**  
 Roll No.: 21925113



**AIR-50**  
**ANIRUDH BARGE**  
 Roll No.: 21220102




**AIR-54**  
**SOUMITRA D. NAYAK**  
 Roll No.: 21220054




**AIR-58**  
**KANKSH SHARMA**  
 Roll No.: 21220454

**ADMISSIONS OPEN FOR ACADEMIC SESSION 2023-24**

**TARGET: JEE (Adv.) 2024**  
 for Class XII Passed Student  
**VISHESH COURSE**  
 MODE: OFFLINE / ONLINE  
 CLASS STARTS  
**10<sup>th</sup> & 17<sup>th</sup> April**



**TARGET: JEE (Main) 2024**  
 for Class XII Passed Student  
**ABHYAAS COURSE**  
 MODE: OFFLINE / ONLINE  
 CLASS STARTS  
**10<sup>th</sup> & 24<sup>th</sup> April**



**SCHOLARSHIP ON THE BASIS OF JEE (MAIN) 2023 %ILE / AIR**

**Resonance Eduventures Limited**  
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