

PART-B: CHEMISTRY

- 41. If the edge length of a body centred unit cell is 400pm, what will be the approximate radius of the atom present in it? (in pm)
 - (A) 173
- (B) 141
- (C) 200
- (D) 924

Answer (A)

Sol. a = 400pm

For Body centered unit cell;

$$\sqrt{3}a = 4r$$

$$\therefore \frac{\sqrt{3}(400)}{4} = r$$
 $r = 173.2 \text{ pm}$

- 42. Which of the following is Ferromagnetic?
 - (A) MnO
- (B) CrO₂

(C) O₂

(D) Fe₃O₄

Answer (B)

- Sol. Fe, Co, Ni and CrO₂ are ferromagnetic in nature
- 43. What is the normality of aqueous solution of H_2SO_4 having pH = 1.
 - (A) 0.1 N
- (B) 0.05 N
- (C) 1 N
- (D) 0.5 N

Answer (A)

$$\textbf{SoI.} \ \ \textbf{H}_{2}\textbf{SO}_{4} \ \rightarrow \ 2\textbf{H}_{(aq)}^{\scriptscriptstyle{+}} + \textbf{SO}_{4(aq)}^{2\scriptscriptstyle{-}}$$

For $[H^+] = 0.1M$; the $p^H = 1$

Molarity of $H_2SO_4 = 0.05 M$

- \therefore Normality of H₂SO₄ = M_{H₂SO₄} x n_f
 - $= 0.05 \times 2$
 - = 0.1 N
- 44. Which of the following mixture is non-ideal solution?
 - (A) Chlorobenzene and bromobenzene
 - (B) Benzene and toluene
 - (C) Chloroform and acetone
 - (D) Bromoethane and chloroethane

Answer (C)

Sol. (CHCl₃ + H₃C – C – CH₃) forms a non-ideal solution showing negative deviation

- 45. Which solution is isotonic with 6% w/v aqueous solution of urea? [Mole mass of Urea = 60 gm. mol⁻¹]
 - (A) 0.1 M NaCl
- (B) 0.5 M NaCl
- (C) 0.25 M NaCl
- (D) 1 M NaCl

Answer (B)

Sol. Isotonic solution means $(\pi_1 = \pi_2)$

Isotonic presure for 6% w/v aqueous soltuion of area (π_1) = icRT

6 gms of area is present in 100ml solution

$$\therefore C = \frac{6}{60} \times \frac{1000}{100} = 1$$

$$\therefore$$
 $\pi_1 = (1) (1) RT (\because i \text{ of area} = 1)$

$$\pi_1 = RT$$

∴ For 0.5 M NaCl solution, i = 2

so
$$\pi_2$$
 = (2) (0.5 RT)

$$\pi_2 = RT$$

46. In which metal container, the aqueous solution of CuSO₄ can be stored?

$$E_{Cu^{3+}/Cu}^{0} = 0.34V$$

$$E^0_{Fe/Fe^{2+}} = 0.44V, E^0_{AI/AI^{3+}} = 1.66V$$

$$E_{Ni/Ni^{2+}}^{0} = 0.25V, E_{Aa^{+}/Aa}^{0} = 0.80V$$

- (A) Fe
- (B) Ni
- (C) Ag
- (D) AI

Answer (C)

- **Sol.** Since the SRP value of Ag⁺/Ag = 0.80 V
 - : aq solution of CuSO4 can be stored in Ag as

$$E^0_{Cu^{2^+}/Cu} = 0.34V$$

- 47. For how much time, 10 ampere electric current should be passed through a dilute aqueous NiSO₄ solution during electrolysis using inert electrode, in order to get 5.85 gm Nickel? [At. mass of Ni = 58.5gm]
 - (A) 1930 sec.
- (B) 3860 sec.
- (C) 965 sec.
- (D) 9650 sec.

Answer (A)

Sol. By Faraday's 1st law of electrolysis m = zit

$$5.85 = \frac{\mathsf{E}}{\mathsf{F}}(\mathsf{i})(\mathsf{t})$$

(· · E = Equivalent mass of Ni)

$$E = \frac{58.5}{2} \quad 5.85 = \frac{58.5}{2} \frac{(10)}{(96500)}(t)$$

∴ t = 1930 sec.

GUJCET-2018 (Physics & Chemistry)



48. What will be the oxidation potential for the following hydrogen half cell at 1 bar pressure and 25°C temperature?

$$Pt \left| H_{2(g)} \right| HCI_{(aq)} pH = 3$$

- (A) 0.177 V
- (B) 0.188 V
- (C) 0.059 V
- (D) 0.000 V

Answer (A)

Sol. For the half cell; $Pt |H_{2(g)}|HCl_{(aq)}pH = 3$

 $H_{2(q)} \rightarrow 2H^{+}_{(aq)} + 2e^{-}$ by Nernst equation

$$E_{cell} = E_{Cell}^{\circ} - \frac{0.0591}{n} log \frac{[H^{+}]^{2}}{p_{H_{2}}}$$

$$E_{cell} = 0 - \frac{0.0591}{2} log \frac{(10^{-3})^2}{1} \left[: [H^+] = 10^{-3} M \right]$$

$$E_{cell} = -\frac{0.0591}{2}(-6)$$

$$E_{cell} = 0.177 V$$

- 49. Which ore does not contain carbonate?
 - (A) Malachite
- (B) Ciderite
- (C) Calamine
- (D) Zincite

Answer (D)

- Sol. Zincite is ZnO, so does not contain carbonate
- 50. Which is the correct order of metallurgy for the extraction of copper metal?
 - (A) Concentration \rightarrow roasting \rightarrow smelting \rightarrow bessimerisation
 - (B) Concentration \rightarrow smelting \rightarrow roasting \rightarrow bessimerisation
 - (C) Concentration \rightarrow smelting \rightarrow bessimerisation \rightarrow roasting
 - (D) Concentration \rightarrow roasting \rightarrow bessimerisation \rightarrow smelting

Answer (A)

Sol. In the extraction of copper metal; the correct order is

51. How many grams of Cl₂ gas will be obtained by the complete reaction of 31.6 gm of potassium permanganate with hydrochloric acid?

[Mole mass of $KMnO_4 = 316 \text{ gm/mol}$]

- (A) 35.5
- (B) 17.75

(C) 71

(D) 142

Answer (B)

- **Sol.** 2KMnO_4 + $16\text{HCl} \rightarrow 2\text{MnCl}_2$ + 5Cl_2 + 2KCl + $8\text{H}_2\text{O}$ 2 moles KMnO_4 produces 5 moles of Cl_2
 - 1 mole of $KMnO_4$ will produce $\frac{5}{2}$ molles of Cl_2
 - $\therefore \frac{31.6}{316}$ moles of KMnO4 will produce $\frac{1}{4}$ moles of Cl_2
 - \therefore Mass of Cl₂ gas = $\frac{71}{4}$ = 17.75 gms.
- 52. What is the structure of XeOF₄?
 - (A) Pyramidal
- (B) Trigonal bipyramidal
- (C) Square pyramidal
- (D) Square bipyramidal

Answer (C)

Sol. XeOF₄

Hybridisation of Xe =
$$5 + \frac{1}{2}[8 - 6]$$

= $5 + 1$
= sp^3d^2

Hence by the VSEPR theory, due to 5 bond pair & 1 lone pair of e⁻ The shape of XeOF₄ is square pyramidal

- 53. Which one is not an allylic halide?
 - (A) 1 Chloro but 2 ene
 - (B) 1 Chloro but 1 ene
 - (C) 3 Chloro cyclo hex 1 ene
 - (D) 3 Chloro prop 1 ene.

Answer (B)

Sol. 1 – Chloro but – 1 – ene
$$\Rightarrow$$
 HC = CH – CH₂ – CH₃

Hence the above is not an allylic halide but vinylic halide

- 54. Which is the main organic product obtained by the reaction of 2, 2, 2 trichloro ethanal with calcium hydroxide?
 - (A) Chloroform
 - (B) Carbon tetrachloride
 - (C) Methylene chloride
 - (D) Trichloro ethane

Answer (A)

Sol. On reaction of 2,2,2 - trichloro ethanal (Chloral) with Ca(OH)₂; chloroform (CHCl₃) is the main organic product obtained.



- 55. Which of the following compound is optically inactive?
 - (A) 2 Hydroxy propanoic acid
 - (B) 2, 3 Dichloro butane
 - (C) 3 Chloro but 1 ene
 - (D) 2, 2 Dichloro pentane

Answer (D)

Sol. 2, 2 – Dichloropentane \Rightarrow $H_3C-C-CH_2-CH_2-CH_3$

- .. The above compound is optically inactive
- 56. Which of the organic products of the following reactions has the least boiling point?

(A)
$$CH_3 - CH_2 - CHO \xrightarrow{NaBH_4}$$

(B)
$$CH_3 - C - CH_3 \xrightarrow{\text{NaBH}_4}$$

O

(C)
$$CH_3 - CH_2 - COOH \frac{LiAIH_4}{H_2O}$$

(D)
$$CH_3 - CH = CH_2 - \frac{(BH_3)_2}{H_2O_2, OH^-}$$

Answer (B)

Sol. In the reaction A,C,D the product formed is propan–1-ol. whereas in the reaction – B

$$H_3C-C-CH_3 \xrightarrow{NaBH_4} H_3C-CH-CH_3$$
O
OH

- .. Due to weaker force of attraction in Propan-2-ol; it has least boiling point.
- 57. Which is the final product obtained by the reaction of a grignard reagent ethyl Magnesium bromide with propanone?
 - (A) Pentane -2 ol
 - (B) 2 Methyl butane 2 ol
 - (C) Pentane -1- ol
 - (D) 3 Methyl butane 2 ol

Answer (B)

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{Sol. C}_2\text{H}_5\text{MgBr} + \text{H}_3\text{C} - \text{C} - \text{CH}_3 & \rightarrow \\ \text{H}_3\text{C} \stackrel{2}{-} \text{C} - \text{OH} \\ \text{1 CH}_3 & \\ \end{array}$ (Final Product)

+ Mg(OH)Br

∴ Final product formed is 2–Methyl - butan-2-ol

58. Which is the correct structural formula of Aspirin?

Answer (A)

O

O

C

COOH

Sol. Aspirin:

- 59. The units for the rate constant and the rate of reaction are same for a reaction. What will be the order of the reaction?
 - (A) First
- (B) Zero
- (C) Second
- (D) Third

Answer (B)

Sol. Unit of rate constant (k) = $(conc)^{1-n}$ (s)⁻¹

n = order of the reaction

The rate law of the reaction is

Rate = K [Reactant]ⁿ

For unit of Rate = Rate constant (k); n should be equal to 0

- .. Order is zero
- 60. At 27° C temperature, time required for 75% completion of a first order reaction is 20 seconds. What will be its rate constant?
 - (A) 0.693 sec^{-1}
- (B) 0.0693 sec^{-1}
- (C) 0.693 sec⁻¹ mole⁻¹ It (D) 0.0693 sec⁻¹ mole⁻¹ It

Answer (B)

Sol. For 1st order reaction;

$$Kt = \ln \left(\frac{A_o}{A_t} \right)$$

$$K (20) = In \left(\frac{A_o}{0.25A_o} \right)$$

$$K(20) = In(4)$$

$$K = \frac{2\ln 2}{20} = \frac{0.693}{10} = 0.0693 \,\mathrm{s}^{-1}$$

GUJCET-2018 (Physics & Chemistry)

Aakash
Medical|IIT-JEE|Foundation
Distance of Askan Educative Boress Pol. Lts)

- 61. Which statement is incorrect for a catalyst?
 - (A) It decreases the activation energy of a reaction
 - (B) It increases the proportion of products in less time
 - (C) It does not affect the equilibrium constant
 - (D) It increases the free energy change for the reaction

Answer (D)

Sol. A Catalyst can,

- (i) Increase the rate of reaction by decreasing the activation energy
- (ii) Also increase the proportion of products per unit time.
- (iii) Does not alter equilibrium established reaction. Hence does not alter equilibrium constant.
- (iv) Does not alters the valueof $\Delta\, G$ and $\Delta\, H$ Hence the correct answer is (D)
- 62. During electrophoresis of colloidal sol of Fe(OH)_{3'} the colloidal particles
 - (A) Move towards anode
 - (B) Move towards cathode
 - (C) Move towards anode and cathode both
 - (D) Do not move

Answer (B)

- **Sol.** Fe(OH)₃ is a positively charged colloid. Hence under the influence of electricity these particles can migrate towards cathode.
- 63. In manufacturing of sulphuric acid in presence of platinum catalyst, which metal impurity acts as catalytic poison?
 - (A) Cu

(B) Cr

(C) Fe

(D) V

Answer (A)

- **Sol.** In production of sulphuric acid, in the presence of platinum catalyst, the impurity of copper decreases the efficiency of the catalyst. It is called catalytic poison.
- 64. Which ion has the least value of theoretical magnetic moment?
 - (A) Ti³⁺
- (B) Co3+
- (C) Cr3+
- (D) V³⁺

Answer (A)

Sol. Magnatic moment $\mu = \sqrt{n(n+2)}$ BM

where n = no. of unpaired electrons

As the number of unpaired electrons increases, magnetic moment also increases.

In the given options.

 $Ti^{+3} = [Ar]3d^{1}4s^{0}; n=1$

 $Co^{+3}= [Ar]3d^64s^o; n=4$

 $Cr^{+3} = [Ar]3d^34s^o; n=3$

 $V^{+3}= [Ar]3d^2 4s^o; n=2$

Hence the correct answer is (A)

- 65. Which of the following mixture can form an alloy?
 - (A) Fe, Mn, Mg
 - (B) Cr, Co, Na
 - (C) Fe, Ni, Cr
 - (D) Ni, Mg, Na

Answer (C)

Sol. Alloy is the combination of two or more metals.

According to Hume-Rothery ratio, metals which have

- (i) Similar electronic structure in the valence shell
- (ii) Similar crystal structure and
- (iii) Difference in the radius should be less than 15% can form alloy.

Hence Fe, Ni, Cr – belongs to 3d – series can form alloy.

- 66. Which of the following statements is incorrect?
 - (A) K₄ [Ni(CN)₄] is square planar while K₂[Ni(CN)₄] is paramagnetic.
 - (B) K_2 [Ni(CN)₄] is diamagnetic while K_2 [NiCl₄] is paramagnetic.
 - (C) K₄ [Ni(CN)₄] and K₂[Ni(CN)₄] both have same magnetic moment
 - (D) K₂ [NiCl₄] and K₄ [Ni(CN)₄] both have same geometrical shapes

Answer (A)

Sol. Incorrect option is (A) where

 $K_{A}[Ni(CN)_{A}]$ sp³ Tetrahedran (Diamagnetic)

K₂[Ni(CN)₄] dsp² square planar (Diamagnetic)

K₂[NiCl₄] sp³ Tetrahedran (Paramagnetic)

- 67. The aqueous solution of which of the following complex has the leaste conductivity under identical conditions.
 - (A) Hexa aqua chromium (III) chloride
 - (B) Tetra aqua dichlorido chromium (III) chloride
 - (C) Penta aqua chlorido chromium (III) chloride
 - (D) Tri aqua trichlorido chromium (III)

Answer (D)

- **Sol.** The complex which produce least number of ions in aqueous solution will show least conductivity.
 - (A) $[Cr(H_2O)_6]Cl_3$; 4 ions
 - (B) $[Cr(H_2O)_4Cl_2]Cl$; 2 ions
 - (C) [Cr(H₂O)₅Cl]Cl₂; 3 ions
 - (D) $[Cr(H_2O)_3Cl_3]$; No ions.



- 68. Which complex possess facial isomer?
 - (A) [Co(NH₃)₄CO₃]Cl
 - (B) $[Co(NH_3)_3(NO_2)_3]$
 - (C) $K[Fe(NH_3)_2(CN)_4]$
 - (D) $[Ni(H_2O)_4(NH_3)_2]SO_4$

Answer (B)

Sol. Facial and Meridional isomersm shown by the complex

[MA₃B₃] type

Ex:- $[Co(NH_3)_3(NO_2)_3]$

- 69. Which of the following is not a final product obtained by cross aldol condensation of ethanal and propanal?
 - (A) But-2-enal
 - (B) 2-Methyl-pent-2-enal
 - (C) 3-Methyl-but-2-enal
 - (D) Pent-2-enal

Answer (C)

on crossed aldol condensation gives.

$$\begin{array}{c} O \\ O \\ \parallel \\ 2 \ H_3C-CH_2-C-H \xrightarrow{OH^-} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} H_3C-CH_2-CH=C-C-H \\ CH_3 \\ 2-methylpent-2-enal \end{array}$$

- 70. Which is the main functional group in Acrolein?
 - (A) Nitrile
- (B) Alkene
- (C) Aldehyde
- (D) Ester

Answer (C)

- **Sol.** Acrolein $H_2C=C-C-H$ Hence the main functional group is aldehyde
- 71. Which of the following compound upon oxidation gives isophthalic acid?
 - (A) o-Xylene
- (B) m-Xylene
- (C) p-Xylene
- (D) m-Cresol

Answer (B)

Sol. Isophthalic acid is

$$CH_3$$
 alk. $KMnO_4$ CH_3 CH_3

Note:

- 72. Which is the oxidized product obtained when benzene diazonium chloride reacts with phosphonic acid in presence of water?
 - (A) Benzene
- (B) Phenol
- (C) Chloro benzene
- (D) Phosphorus acid

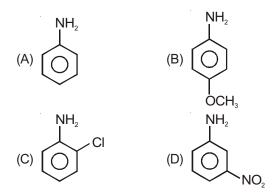
Answer (D)

Sol.

GUJCET-2018 (Physics & Chemistry)



73. Which of the following compound is the most basic?



Answer (B)

Sol.

$$: NH_2$$

$$: O \longrightarrow CH_3$$
is most basic among the following

because of more pronounced + R effect of $- O - CH_3$ group.

- * Basic strength α EDG.
- 74. The number of σ and π bonds in orange azo dye is ____ and ___ respectively.
 - (A) 26 and 7
- (B) 24 and 7
- (C) 27 and 7
- (D) 26 and 6

Answer (A)

Sol. Orange dye is

It is obtained by the reaction between B.D.C and phenol.

$$H \longrightarrow H \longrightarrow H \longrightarrow H$$

Total σ bonds = 26

Total π bonds = 7

- 75. Which one is a purine base?
 - (A) Cytosine
- (B) Thymine
- (C) Uracil
- (D) Guanine

Answer (D)

- **Sol.** [Guanine and adenine] are purine bases Cytosine, Uracil, Thymine are pyrimidine bases.
- 76. Which of the following amino acid has pH greater than 7?
 - (A) Glycine
 - (B) Lysine
 - (C) Glutamic acid
 - (D) Alanine

Answer (B)

Sol. pH should be more for basic amino acids.

Lysine is basic amino acid.

Hence, its pH > 7.

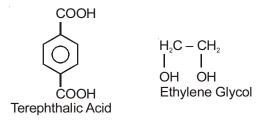
Lysine

77. Which is the correct structural formula for terylene?

$$(C) \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\$$

Answer (A)

Sol. Terylene is the co-polymer of terephthalic acid and Ethylene glycol





- 78. Which are the monomers of Buna N?
 - (A) Buta 1, 3-diene and prop -2-ene-1-nitrile
 - (B) Buta 1, 2-diene and acrylonitrile
 - (C) Buta 1, 3-diene and prop-1-ene-1-nitrile
 - (D) Buta 1, 2-diene and prop-2-ene-1-nitrile

Answer (A)

Sol. Buna - N

$$H_2C = CH - CH = CH_2 + H_2C = CH - C = N$$

79. Choose the correct option for the suitable match between Column I and Column II

Column - I

Column - II

- (P) Artificial Sweetner
- (L) Caramel
- (Q) Food Preservative
- (M) Ascorbic acid
- (R) Anti Oxidants
- (N) Alitame
- (S) Food colours

- (A) $P \rightarrow N$, $Q \rightarrow O$, $R \rightarrow M$, $S \rightarrow L$
- (B) $P \rightarrow N$, $Q \rightarrow M$, $R \rightarrow O$, $S \rightarrow L$
- (C) $P \rightarrow N$, $Q \rightarrow O$, $R \rightarrow L$, $S \rightarrow M$
- (D) $P \rightarrow L$, $Q \rightarrow O$, $R \rightarrow M$, $S \rightarrow N$

Answer (A)

Sol. Artificial sweetner - Alitame

Food Preservative - Sorbic acid

Anti oxidant - Ascorbic acid

Food Colour - Caramel.

- 80. Which of the following drugs gives releif from anxiety and stress?
 - (A) Luminal
- (B) Aspirin
- (C) Ofloxacin
- (D) Mestranol

Answer (A)

Sol. Barbiturates can release from stress and anxiety.