General Awareness

- 1. Who amongst the following was the candidate of the Democratic party in latest election held for the President of the USA?
 - (A) Hillary Clinton
 - (B) Michelle Robinson
 - (C) John McCain
 - (D) Barack Hussain Obama
 - (E) None of these
- 2. Who amongst the following cricketers recently joined the Club of 300 Wicket takers in test crickets?
 - (A) Harbhajan Singh (B) Anil Kumble
 - (C) Ishant Sharma (D) Rahul Dravid
- - (E) None of these
- 3. Which of the following reflects the importance of 8th November 2008 in the history of India?
 - (A) Chandrayaan 1 was launched this day
 - (B) Chandrayaan 1 was put into the orbits of the moon on this day.
 - (C) This was the day on which ISRO completed 50 years of its existence
 - (D) This was the day on which Chandrayaan - 1 entered the lunar orbit
 - (E) None of these
- 4. Who amongst the following is the author of the novel 'The White Tiger'?
 - (A) Jhumpa Lahiri
- (B) Steve Waugh
- (C) Aravind Adiga (D) Paul Krugman
- (E) None of these
- 5. The Assembly Elections took place in which of the following States in November-December 2008?
 - (A) Uttar Pradesh
- (B) West Bengal
- (C) Rajasthan
- (D) Gujarat
- (E) All the above

- 6. The Prime Minister of India recently flagged off the first ever train in the Kashmir valley. The train will cover which of the following pairs of stations on its final completion?
 - (A) Anantnag Qazigund
 - (B) Anantnag Katra
 - (C) Udhampur Katra
 - (D) Katra Qazigund
 - (E) None of these
- 7. Which of the following is the correct description of the Capital Market? Capital Market comprises of—
 - (A) Stock Markets and Bond Markets
 - (B) Banks and Insurance Companies
 - (C) RBI and Nationalized Banks
 - (D) Stock Markets and Banks
 - (E) None of these
- 8. Which of the following organizations has provided a US \$ 150 million loan to overhaul the Khadi & Village Industry in India?
 - (A) World Bank
 - (B) International Monetary Fund
 - (C) Asian Development Bank
 - (D) European Union
 - (E) None of these
- 9. Which of the following countries is NOT the member of IBSA?
 - (A) India
- (B) Bangladesh
- (C) South Africa
 - (D) Brazil
- (E) All are members
- 10. The election of the UN General Assembly took place on October 17th 2008 in which five countries were elected non-permanent members of the UN Security Council. Which of the following is NOT one of them?
 - (A) Mexico
- (B) Turkey
- (C) Austria
- (D) India
- (E) Japan

- 11. The Govt. of India is planning to introduce which of the following Acts to ensure that foreign investment are not a threat to national security?
 - (A) POTA
 - (B) National Security Exception Act
 - (C) Foreign Exchange Management Act
 - (D) Anti Terrorism Law
 - (E) All these
- 12. Kosi and some other rivers created severe problems in some parts of the country recently. What is/are the major causes of flood in a river?
 - (a) Snowmelt
 - (b) High peak discharge of water
 - (c) Storm Surge
 - (A) Only (a)
- (B) Only (b)
- (C) Only (c)
- (D) All (a), (b) & (c)
- (E) None of these
- 13. Since Iran-India gas pipeline is yet to get final approval, the energy hungry India has decided to join another pipeline project 'MED-STREME'. Medstreme will transport oil/gas from which of the following nations at one of its terminal ends?
 - (A) Turkey
- (B) Russia
- (C) France
- (D) Japan
- (E) USA
- 14. Which of the following countries is NOT the member of the Nuclear Supplier Group (NSG) ?
 - (A) Russia
- (B) USA
- (C) France
- (D) Italy
- (E) Iran
- 15. Which of the following countries won maximum medals in Beijing Olympics 2008?
 - (A) Japan
- (B) India
- (C) Russia
- (D) USA
- (E) China
- 16. Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty (CTBT) is associated with the ban on which of the following?
 - (A) Ban on certain organizations under UN
 - (B) Ban on money laundering activities

- (C) Ban on nuclear tests for developing arsenals
- (D) Ban on terrorism
- (E) None of these
- 17. Who amongst the following is the first Prime Minister of Nepal after it got the status of the democratic republic nation recently?
 - (A) Rambaran Yadav
 - (B) Subhash Nembang
 - (C) G. P. Koirala
 - (D) Pushpa Kamal Dahal (Prachanda)
 - (E) None of these
- 18. After a consistent persuasion for several years India finally got success in a Free Trade Agreement with which of the following? (The meeting for this took place in Singapore in August 2008)
 - (A) European Union
 - (B) NATO
 - (C) SAARC
 - (D) ASEAN
 - (E) None of these
- 19. As per the agreement with Iraq. USA has now decided to withdraw its forces from there. This will start by—
 - (A) June 2009
- (B) December 2009
- (C) January 2010
- (D) June 2010
- (E) 2012 end
- 20. Russia recently signed a peace pact with which of the following nations so that it can bring an end to the war between them?
 - (A) Georgia
- (B) Iran
- (C) China
- (D) Turkey
- (E) None of these
- 21. Usain Bolt who was adjudged as the fastest man on the earth (Olympic 2008) is from which of the following countries?
 - (A) Belgium
- (B) South Korea
- (C) Sourth Africa
- (D) USA
- (E) Jamaica
- 22. Who amongst the following is the Governor of the Reserve Bank of India at present?
 - (A) Y. V. Reddy
- (B) D. Subbarao
- (C) Rakesh Mohan (D) C. Rangarajan
- (E) None of these

23.	farmer gain from 'being run by Depar Cooperation. Govt. o (a) Methods and pra and crop manage (b) How to get bank	actices for soil, fertilizer ment		official entry for the (A) Fashion (B) Taare Zameen P (C) Jodha Akbar (D) Dostana (E) None of these As per the figures re the following cities hincome?	leased recently which of has the highest per capita
	(C) Only (c)(D) Both (a) & (c) on(E) All (a), (b) & (c)	•		(A) Delhi(C) Chandigarh(E) Jaipur	(B) Mumbai(D) Bangalore
24.	Which of the follow	wing organizations was d to operate in Gramin ?	31.	India has purchased I which of the followin (A) Italy (C) France (E) USA	Harpoon II Missiles from ag countries? (B) China (D) Russia
	(C) Private Banks(D) Regional Rural I(E) None of these		32.	Millennium Goals set (A) Achieve University	sal Primary Education
25.	Who amongst the for the book (novel) 'Inf. (A) Quentin Bryce (B) Arvind Adiga	ollowing is the author of inite Jest'?		(B) Improve Compu(C) Combat HIV/AI(D) Environmental s(E) Global partnersh	DS sustainability
	(C) Paul Newman(D) David Foster Wa(E) None of these	allace	33.		which of the following ed Rs. 100 crore for a Farming in State?
26.	the Prime Minister of			(B) Rajasthan(C) Madhya Pradesh	1
	(A) South Korea(C) Japan	(B) North Korea(D) Thailand		(D) Punjab(E) Andhra Pradesh	
27.	(E) None of these Martti Ahtisaari's na the winner of Nobel l	me was in news as he is Prize in the area of—	34.		ing States has introduced Rupee One' scheme, the country?
	(A) Physics(C) Peace	(B) Chemistry(D) Literature		(A) West Bengal(C) Bihar	(B) Orissa (D) Kerala
	(E) Medicine	(D) Eliciature		(E) Tamil Nadu	(D) Keraia
28.	Who amongst the fol championship Tennis	lowing won the Fed Cup 2008?	35.	Which of the follow neat of Darfur Human	ing nations is facing the nitarian Crisis?
	(A) Russia	(B) Spain		(A) Iraq	(B) Sudan
	(C) Italy(E) France	(D) USA		(C) Iran(E) U.S.A.	(D) Japan

- 36. Who amongst the following Cricket Skipper recently announced his retirement from the game?
 - (A) Anil Kumble
- (B) M. S. Dhoni
- (C) Rahul Dravid
- (D) Irfan Pathan
- (E) Sachin Tendulkar
- 37. Who amongst the following was awarded Bharat Ratna recently?
 - (A) Asha Bhosale
- (B) Bhimsen Joshi
- (C) Jagjit Singh
- (D) Mani Ratnam
- (E) None of these
- 38. Which of the following terms is used in the game of Lawn Tennis?

- (A) Double Fault
- (B) Half Nelson
- (C) Cox
- (D) Crease
- (E) Ruff
- 39. 'Agha Khan Cup' is associated with the game
 - (A) Cricket
- (B) Football
- (C) Lawn Tennis
- (D) Golf
- (E) Hockey
- 40. Who amongst the following is the author of the book 'Straight from the Heart'?
 - (A) Ravi Shastri
- (B) Sachin Tendulkar
- (C) Kapil Dev
- (D) M. S. Dhoni
- (E) None of these

General English

Directions—(Q. 41–52) Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words have been printed in **bold** to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

Govind's father was a rich landlord, who was loved and respected by all his tenants. When he died, he left large tracts of land to Govind. But Govind did not spend a single day looking after his land. He had a funny idea, that there existed a magic potion which, if it was poured on any object would turn it into gold. He spent all his time trying to learn more about this potion. People took advantage of him and cheated him. His wife grew anxious. Given the amount of money Govind was spending, she was sure that they would soon be

One day, a widely respected sage who had been to the Himalayas came to their town. Govind asked him about the potion. To his surprise the sage answered. "I have learnt how to brew such a potion. But it is a difficult process." "Tell me!" insisted Govind, hardly able to believe his luck. "You have to collect the dew which settles on the leaves of a banana tree every morning during winter. There is a condition though. The tree should be planted and watered regularly with your own hands. Store the collected dew in an earthen vessel and when you have five litres, bring it to me. I will recite a sacred mantra to transform the dew into the potion. A drop of the potion will be sufficient to change any object into gold."

Govind was worried "Winter is only for a few months in the year. It will take me years to collect the dew." "You can plant as many trees as you want" replied the sage. Govind went home and after talking to his wife, began clearing the large fields which had been lying vacant for years. He planted rows of banana saplings. He **tended** them with great care. His wife helped him too. She would take the banana crop to market and get a good price. Over the years the plantation grew and finally after six years Govind had five litres of dew. He went to the sage who smiled, uttered a mantra and sprinkled a few drops of dew on a copper vessel. To Govind's dismay, nothing happened. "You have cheated me!" he shouted at the sage.

The sage however smiled. Govind's wife then came forward with a box. The sage opened it and revealed stack of gold coins inside. Turning to Govind he said. "You worked hard on your land and created a planation. Your wife sold the produce in the market. It was your hard work which created this wealth, not magic. If I had told you this earlier, you would not have listened." Govind understood the wisdom behind the sage's words and worked even harder from that day on.

- 41. Why did Govind's father give him large plots of land?
 - (A) It was his way of instilling a sense of responsibility in his son
 - (B) Govind was his only son and sole heir

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- (C) To provide Govind with sufficient funds to pursue his interest of discovering magic potion
- (D) He wanted Govind to continue to lookafter the tenants
- (E) None of these
- 42. Which of the following can be said about the sage?
 - (A) He was cunning and plotted with Govind's wife to cheat him
 - (B) He had no magical powers as such and used to swindle people
 - (C) He was a good judge of people
 - (D) He did not deserve his good reputation
 - (E) He was dishonest because he had cheated Govind out of his gold
- 43. Why was Govind's wife worried?
 - (A) Govind had no knowledge of farming and could not cultivate the land he had inherited from his father
 - (B) Govind had no friends because he was obsessed with finding a potion which would turn any thing into gold
 - (C) Govind was only interested in studying under different sages and neglected his family duties
 - (D) Since Govind had devoted all his time and wealth to finding a magic potion they would soon be poor
 - (E) Govind's experiments to find a magic potion were dangerous
- 44. Why did Govind's wife help him in the fields?
 - 1. To support her husband in his endeavour to find a magic potion
 - The sage had advised her to help her husband succeed
 - He needed someone to help him collect the dew
 - (A) None
- (B) Only 1
- (C) Both 1 and 2

(E) None of these

- (D) All 1, 2 and 3
- 45. Why did Govind decide to cultivate a banana crop?
 - (A) The soil of his land was suitable only for cultivating bananas

- (B) It was the most highly priced commodity in the region
- (C) It could be grown at any time of the year including winter
- (D) His wife pressurised him to do so
- (E) The ingredient for the magic potion could only be obtained from a banana tree
- 46. What made Govind angry with the sage?
 - (A) The sage had conspired with Govind's wife against him
 - (B) He had forgotten the magic spell and all Govind's hard work was in vain
 - (C) He had lost a good deal of money in cultivating bananas
 - (D) The sage had made a fool of him in front of other villagers
 - (E) None of these
- 47. How did Govind acquire his dream of gold finally?
 - (A) The sage gave him gold as a reward for his hard work
 - (B) His wife diligently saved the gold he had received from his father
 - (C) By selling the banana plantation
 - (D) His wife sold bananas at a higher price than others did
 - (E) None of these
- 48. Which of the following is **TRUE** in the context of the passage?
 - 1. Govind was easily fooled by people
 - 2. Govind was peresevering by nature
 - 3. The sage had never actually been to the Himalayas
 - (A) Only 1
- (B) Both 1 and 2
- (C) Only 3
- (D) Both 1 and 3
- (E) None of these

Directions—(Q. 49–50) Choose the word which is **MOST SIMILAR** in meaning to the word printed in **bold** as used in the passage.

- 49. spend
 - (A) pay
- (B) bought
- (C) devote
- (D) settle
- (E) empty

(D) will be invested above

(E) No Correction Required

50. lying				al of our project			
(A) slee	ping	(B) dishonest	the equ	uipment we ord	lered was de	livered	late.
(C) rela	xing	(D) remaining	(A) ha	ave been delaye	ed when		
(E) untr	uthful		(B) de	elayed because	of		
		52) Choose the word	(C) an	re delayed since	e		
		TE in meaning to the d in the passage.	(D) w	vere delayed wit	th		
51. dismay	iii bolu as usc	d in the passage.	(E) N	No Correction R	equired		
(A) joy		(B) interest	57 The c	committee has	ruled out	the nos	sible
(C) desi	re	(D) humour		g taxes for this			51610
(E) luck	[(A) po	ossibly raised			
52. tended			(B) po	ossible rise of			
(A) neg	ligible	(B) watched	(C) po	ossibility to rais	se		
(C) incl		(D) ignored	(D) po	ossibility of risi	ing		
(E) spo	1			No Correction R	•		
Directions—(Q. 53–57) Which of the phrases (A), (B), (C) and (D) given below each sentence should replace the phrase printed in bold in the sentence to make it grammatically correct? If the sentence is correct as it is given and 'No Correction is Required mark (E) as the answer. 53. Starting out my own business at this time would affect the financial stability of my family. (A) Starting up my (B) For starting with (C) To start out mine (D) By starting my		Directions—(Q. 58–62) In each question below a sentence with four words printed in bold type is given. These are lettered as (A), (B), (C) and (D). One of these four words printed in bold may be either wrongly spelt or inappropriate in the context of the sentence. Find out the word which is wrongly spelt or inappropriate if any. The letter of the words is your answer. If all the words printed in bold are correctly spelt and also appropriate in the context of the sentence, mark (E) <i>i.e.</i> , 'All Correct' as your answer.				bold bold ate in word The vords also mark	
	Correction Re	g the inferior with good	permi	(A) itted to owe mo	ore than a fo	orty per	cent
		est and you will lose	(B			J 1	
your lice		•	share	of the family b	usiness.	All Cor	rect
(A) Usi	ng tactics as		(D)			(E)	
	ng a tactic like		59. In case	e of any land di s	spute panch	ayat off i	icials
` '	ise tactics				(A)	((B)
	d to tactics lik		will (determine how	v the prope	rty is to	o be
	Correction Re	•		(C)			
		vest more six hundred ve years to expand its	divide			All Con	rect
	ns in Britain.	c jours to expune its	(D	^		(E)	4.
•	further invest		ou. The W	Vorld Bank has			
(B) has	invested more	than	the ne	ecessary financ	(A) e for the pro		B)
(C) have	e invested ove	r	and me	(C) (D)	I I I I II PIC	,,,,,,,	

All Correct

(E)

61.	To obtain a refund y	you will have to fill a (B)	65.	Which of the sentence after		uld be the THIRD at ?
	claim with the approp	* *		(A) (1)	(B)	(2)
	(C) (D	•		(C) (3)	(D)	(4)
		All Correct		(E) (5)		
62.		(E) re will be shortage of	66.	Which of the sentence after		ould be the FIFTH nt?
	(A)	(B)		(A) (2)	(B)	(3)
	investment in the infi			(C) (4)	(D)	(5)
	(C)	(D)		(E) (6)		
		All Correct (E)	67.	Which of the (SIXTH) sent		ould be the LAST rrangement?
	Directions —(Q. 63	-67) Rearrange the		(A) (1)	(B)	(2)
		(1), (2), (3), (4), (5) and		(C) (3)	(D)	(4)
		e to form a meaningful		(E) (5)		
the	n—	e questions given below with children, teachers,	to f			ead each sentence grammatical error
(1)		pers and those who were	one	e part of the ser	ntence. The le	r, if any, will be in etter of that part is
(2)	important people like	nonies are attended by industrialists, politicians	(Igi	nore errors of p	ounctuation, if	-
	and VIPs.		68.			d to / the President
(3)	What I saw when I amazed me.	stepped into the hall		(A)	(B)	(C) proval. No error
(4)		e feeling that it was a		of the compan	(D)	(E)
(4)		ing ceremony with only	69.		` '	risited / the farmers (B)
(5)	When he was elected	President, he invited me		,	` '	eeting / to discuss
	•	eremony in the Central			(C)	(D)
(6)	Hall of Parliament.			the problems	` ′	No error
(6)		everyone who attended		-	-	(E)
63.	-	to know him personally. In a should be the FIRST In a seement?	70.		(A)	` /
	(A) (1)	(B) (2)		only a / few		ive been / selected
	(C) (3)	(D) (4)		for training.	(C)	No error
	(E) (5)			(D)		(E)
64.		owing should be the eter rearrangement?	71.	During the ir	A)	panel asked me/(B)
	(A) (2)	(B) (3)			•	and I answered all
	(C) (4)	(D) (5)		of it.	<i>.</i>)	(D) No error
	(E) (6)			or it.		(E)

- 72. He decided to work for / an NGO, but most
 - of his / classmates opted for high paid / jobs in

multinational companies.

(D)

No error

(E)

Directions—(Q. 73–80) In the following passage there are blanks, each of which has been numbered. These numbers are printed below the passage and against each, five words are suggested, one of which fits the blank appropriately. Find out the appropriate word in each case.

When we \dots (73) \dots started thirty years ago in 1977, we did not know anything about how to run a bank for the poor. We therefore looked at how others ran their operations and ...(74)... from their mistakes. In Bangladesh, conventional banks and credit co-operatives always ...(75)... lump sum repayments. This created ...(76)... problems because repaying in a lump sum was a mental hundle for borrowers. They tended to delay repayment and get further into debt in the \dots (77).... In the end they usually \dots (78)... totally on the loan, which was a loss to the bank. In structuring our own loans, I decided to ask for a daily payment. Monitoring repayment was \dots (79)... and it filled people with \dots (80)... that they could repay their loans.

- 73. (A) firstly
- (B) freshly
- (C) foremost
- (D) initially
- (E) recently
- 74. (A) copied
- (B) observed
- (C) learned
- (D) understood
- (E) improving
- 75. (A) asked
- (B) insisted
- (C) demanded
- (D) settled
- (E) lend
- 76. (A) severe
- (B) no
- (C) additionally
- (D) variety
- (E) plenty
- 77. (A) time
- (B) process
- (C) return
- (D) event
- (E) action
- 78. (A) neglected
- (B) abandoned (D) depended
- (C) defaulted
- (E) disappointed
- 79. (A) benefit (C) reckless
- (D) disorganised
- (E) secure
- 80. (A) sense
- (B) confidence
- (C) challenge
- (D) doubt

(B) easier

(E) believe

Quantitative Aptitude

Directions—(O. 81 to 90) What should come in place of the question mark (?) in the following questions?

- 81. $(84)^2 (67)^2 + \sqrt{?} = 2588$
 - (A) 361
- (B) 529
- (C) 441
- (D) 625
- (E) None of these
- 82. $668 \div 167 \times 284 = ?$
 - (A) 1156
- (B) 1136
- (C) 1096
- (D) 1116
- (E) None of these

- 83. $\sqrt[3]{10648} \times \sqrt[3]{5832} = ?$
 - (A) 396
- (B) 216
- (C) 432
- (D) 576
- (E) None of these
- 84. 60% of 25% of $\frac{5}{6}$ th of ? = 630
 - (A) 5060
- (B) 5200
- (C) 4880
- (D) 4500
- (E) None of these
- 85. $(85410 + 36885 + 24705) \div 1600 = ?$
 - (A) 90·25
 - (B) 94·386

	(C) 95·50		95.	31, 35, 44, 60, 85, ?		
	(D) 91·875			(A) 121	(B) 111	
	(E) None of these			(C) 109	(D) 97	
86	4.5 + 23.50 + 14.58 -	$17.68 \times 0.5 = ?$		(E) None of these		
00.	(A) 33·74	(B) 21·29	96	The average of five	positive numbers is 308.	
	(C) 35·06	(D) 24·48	,		wo numbers is 482.5 and	
	(E) None of these			the average of last	two numbers is 258.5.	
87.	$(3675 \div 75) \times (7480 -$	÷ 80) = ?		What is the third num	ıber '?	
	` '	(B) 4301		(A) 224		
	(C) 4581·5	(D) 4114		(B) 58		
	(E) None of these			(C) 121		
88.	$\frac{\sqrt{7744} \times 66}{203 + 140} = ?$			(D) Cannot be determ	nined	
00.	203 + 149			(E) None of these		
	(A) 15	(B) 18·5	97.	Sophia invests 25%	of her monthly salary in	
	(C) 20(E) None of these	(D) 16·5			She spends 15% of her	
					an a	
89.	87146 – 66425 – 156			•	of Rs. 9,050. What is	
	(A) 5038	(B) 5028		Sophia's annual incom		
	(C) 5040(E) None of these	(D) 5015		(A) Rs. 84,500	(B) Rs. 5,30,000	
00		7.5		(C) Rs. 3,25,200	(D) Rs. 4,34,400	
90.	$(786 \times 74) \div ? = 1211$			(E) None of these		
	(A) 42 (C) 56	(B) 36 (D) 54	98.	The ratio of roses a	nd lillies in a garden is	
	(E) None of these	(D) 34		3 : 2 respectively. The average number of		
	` '	o 95) What should come			0. What is the number of	
in p		rk (?) in the following		lillies in the garden?	(D) 192	
_	iber series?			(A) 144	(B) 182	
91.	36, 20, ?, 8, 6, 5			(C) 216(E) None of these	(D) 360	
	(A) 10	(B) 12	00	` '	A. D.	
	(C) 14	(D) 16	99.	-	byees in Companies A, B f 3: 2: 4 respectively. If	
	(E) None of these				yees in the three Compa-	
92.	668, 656, 632, 584, ?			nies is increased b	y 20%, 30% and 15%	
	(A) 392	(B) 438			vill be the new ratio of	
	(C) 488	(D) 536		respectively?	n Companies A, B and C	
	(E) None of these			(A) 18:13:24	(B) 13:18:23	
93.	1, 121, 441, 961, 168			(C) 17:13:23	(D) 18:11:23	
	(A) 2701	(B) 2511			(D) 10.11.23	
	(C) 2611	(D) 2801		(E) None of these		
	(E) None of these		100.		nt ways can the letters of	
94.	9, 49, 201, 1009, ?, 20			the word 'HAPPY' b	=	
	(A) 4054	(B) 4049		(A) 120	(B) 140	
	(C) 4050	(D) 4041		(C) 60	(D) 70	
	(E) None of these			(E) None of these		

Directions—(Q. 101 to 105) Study the following table carefully and answer the questions given below it.

Total Residents and Percentage of Women out of those Living in Various Societies Over the Years

Residents										
		A B			C	D		E		
Years	% of women	Total Residents	% of women	Total Residents	% of women	Total Residents	% of women	Total Residents	% of women	Total Residents
2002	45	300	60	240	36	150	30	200	38	300
2003	30	250	75	280	40	200	60	260	40	280
2004	40	320	50	220	40	210	45	240	45	320
2005	45	340	60	250	50	230	50	250	40	300
2006	35	320	65	260	45	240	35	220	45	340
2007	50	350	60	300	45	260	40	240	40	330

- 101. What is the respective ratio of the number of women to the total residents in society C over the years?
 - (A) 47:108
- (B) 91 :: 215
- (C) 93:215
- (D) 47:109
- (E) None of these
- 102. What is the approximate average number of women living in all the societies together in the year 2002?
 - (A) 98
- (B) 105
- (C) 107
- (D) 101
- (E) 111
- 103. What is the difference between the total residents living in all the societies together in the year 2003 and the total residents living in all the societies together in the year 2004?
 - (A) 60
- (B) 45
- (C) 30
- (D) 50
- (E) None of these
- 104. What is the respective ratio of men living in Society E in the year 2006 to the year 2007?
 - (A) 17:18
- (B) 18:17
- (C) 16:17
- (D) 17:16
- (E) None of these
- 105. What is the total number of men living in all the societies together in the year 2004?
 - (A) 710
 - (B) 736

- (C) 680
- (D) 742
- (E) None of these
- 106. What amount of compound interest can be obtained on an amount of Rs. 8,840 at the rate of 5 p.c.p.a. at the end of 3 years?
 - (A) Rs. 1,393·405
- (B) Rs. 1,326
- (C) Rs. 1,384·50
- (D) Rs. 1,340
- (E) None of these
- 107. A trader sells 150 metres of cloth for Rs.6,600 and he sells 300 metres of cloth for Rs.12,750. How much concession does the trader give per metre of cloth, when he sells 300 metres of cloth?
 - (A) Rs. 3
- (B) Rs. 2·5
- (C) Rs. 1.5
- (D) Rs. 2
- (E) None of these
- 108. When 3888 is divided by the square of a number and the answer so obtained in multiplied by 21, the final answer obtained is 252. What is the number?
 - (A) 324
- (B) 16
- (C) 256
- (D) 144
- (E) None of these
- 109. The sum of the two digits of a two digit number is 14, the difference between the first digit and the second digit of the two digit number is 4. What is the two digit number?
 - (A) 86
 - (B) 95

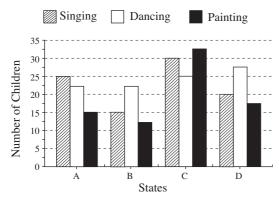
- (C) 59
- (D) Cannot be determined
- (E) None of these
- 110. A car runs at the speed of 40 kms per hour when not serviced and runs at 65 kms/hr. a certain distance in 5 hours. How much approximate time will the car take to cover the same distance when not serviced?
 - (A) 10
- (B) 7
- (C) 12
- (D) 8

(E) 6

ing graph and answer the questions given below it.

Number of Children pursuing various Hobby **Classes in various States**

(Number in thousands)



- 111. What is the average number of children pursuing painting classes from all the States together?
 - (A) 19735
- (B) 17395
- (C) 19725
- (D) 18385
- (E) None of these
- 112. The children pursuing singing classes in State 119. $(3986 + 2416 + 3897) \div 754 = ?$ A are what per cent of the total number of children pursuing all the three classes from the same State?
 - (A) 30
- (B) 35
- (C) 40
- (D) 45
- (E) None of these
- 113. What is the difference between the total number of children pursuing dancing and the

- total number of children pursuing painting from all the State together?
- (A) 20000
- (B) 15000
- (C) 25000
- (D) 10000
- (E) None of these
- when serviced. After servicing the car covers 114. What is the respective ratio of the number of children pursuing dancing from State B to the number of children pursuing dancing from State D?
 - (A) 7:9
- (B) 11:9
- (C) 11:7
- (D) 9:11
- (E) None of these
- Directions—(Q.111 to 115) Study the follow- 115. What is the average number of children pursuing singing, dancing and painting from State C ? (Rounded off to the nearest integer)
 - (A) 28859
- (B) 29167
- (C) 291216
- (D) 28765
- (E) None of these

Directions—(Q. 116 to 120) What approximate value should come in place of the question mark (?) in the following questions ? (You are not expected to calculate the exact value)

- 116. $[(1.3)^2 \times (4.2)^2] \div 2.7 = ?$
 - (A) 7
- (B) 21
- (C) 18
- (D) 11
- (E) 16
- 117. $746 \div 32 \times 15 = ?$
 - (A) 350
- (B) 345
- (C) 355
- (D) 340
- (E) 335
- 118. $\sqrt{834} \times \sqrt{349} = ?$
 - (A) 525
- (B) 556
- (C) 534
- (D) 550
- (E) 540
- - (A) 18
- (B) 14
- (C) 11
- (D) 9
- (E) 21
- 120. $41.25 + 11.085 \times 2.75 = ?$
 - (A) 63
- (B) 67
- (C) 76
- (D) 72
- (E) 80

Reasoning Test

121.	called 'basketball', 'b minton' 'badminton 'volleyball' is called	is called 'cricket', 'cricket' is tball', 'basketball' is called 'bad- dminton' is called 'volleyball', s called 'hockey' and 'hockey' is which of the following games is sing a ball?		wor usin (A) (C)	ds can be forme	ful three letter English d with the letter WNO, once in each word? (B) One (D) Three
	(A) Volleyball(C) Hockey(E) None of these	(B) Basketball(D) Cricket	127.	Fou	r of the following ain way and so fo	ing five are alike in a rm a group. Which is the ong to that group?
122.	If it is possible to ma	ake only one meaningful		(A)	Clutch	(B) Wheel
		Second, Third and Fifth		(C)	Break	(D) Car
		ECHNOLOGY, which of		(E)	Gear	
	as your answer and if more than one such word can be formed, give your answer as		128.	wor lette	d SENDING, each	rs of letters are there in the of which has as many two letters as there are English alphabets?
	'Y'- (A) C	(B) T			None	(B) One
	(C) N	(D) X			Two	(D) Three
	(E) Y	(2) 11		(E)	More than three	
123.	are arranged in ascenthe difference between	in the number 92581473 dding order, what will be ten the digits which are and third from the left in ?	129.	subs alph subs mar	stituted with the nabetical series, stituted with the	word GLADIOLUS is next letter of the English and each consonant is letter preceding it. How present in the new
	(A) One	(B) Two		(A)	None	(B) One
	(C) Three	(D) Four		(C)	Two	(D) Three
	(E) None			(E)	None of these	
124.	frog's leap', 'mo la k	a ki mo pe' mean 'at a ti so' means 'take a leap	130.		certain code TH v is WORD writte	
		na' means 'insects are of the following is the		(A)	UQPF	(B) YMTB
	code for 'at' in that la				YMVB	(D) VQFP
	(A) ja	(B) pe		(E)	None of these	
	(C) bo	(D) re				-135) In each of these
	(E) None of these					ers is given followed by ber/symbol lettered (A),
125.	If in a certain language WEAK is coded as 9%2\$ and SKIT is coded as #\$7@, then how will WAIT be coded in the same language?		(B)	, (C) eme	and (D). Letters a and conditions gi	are to be coded as per the ven below. You have to per of the combination,
	(A) 9267	(B) 9276	whi	ch re	presents the lette	r group. So letter of that
	(C) 92@6	(D) 9@67				nswer. If none of the your answer is 'None of
	(E) None of these		thes		mons is confect,	your answer is India of

Letters : M B D K Q L I R J S N P A E G 137. Which of the following means S is son-in-law of P? Number/ : @ 3 7 % * 4 # 1 2 £ 8 5 9 \$ 6 Symbol (A) $P + R \times S$ (B) $P \div R \times S$ **Conditions:** (C) $P + R \div S$ (D) $P \div R + S$ (i) If the first letter is a vowel and the last a (E) None of these consonant, both are to be coded as the code 138. In the expression 'P - Q + S' how is S related for the consonant. to P? (ii) If the first letter is a consonant and the last a (A) Mother vowel, the codes for the first and the last are to be interchanged. (B) Father (iii) If no vowel is present in the group of letters, (C) Brother the first and the last letters are be coded as © (D) Can't be determined 131. GQRDBN (E) None of these (A) ©★173© (B) 6**★**1738 139. How is P related to S in the expression 'P \times Q (D) 8**★**1738 (C) 6★1736 ÷ S'? (E) None of these (A) Brother (B) Wife 132. IPEBQS (D) Sister (C) Son (A) #5\$3**★**£ (B) #53\$★# (E) None of these (C) £5\$3★£ (D) £5\$3★# 140. How is S related to P in the expression P + R(E) None of these ÷ S'? 133. RMAPSI (A) Son (A) 1@95£# (B) 1@95£1 (B) Daughter (C) #@95£# (D) #@95£1 (C) Daughter-in-law (E) None of these (D) Sister 134. AREMON (E) None of these (A) 91\$@★8 (B) 81\$@★8 **Directions**—(Q. 141–145) Study the sets of (C) 81\$@★9 (D) 91\$@★9 numbers given below and answer the questions, (E) None of these which follow:-135. KJBPRD 972, 682, 189, 298, 751 (A) 923517 (B) 723517 141. If one is added to the lowest number and two (C) %23519 (D) ©2915© is added to the highest number, what will be (E) None of these the difference between the second digit of the smallest number and third digit of the highest **Directions**—(Q. 136–140) Read the following information carefully and answer the quesnumber? tions, which follow:-(A) 5 (B) 7 'A - B' means 'A is daughter of B'. (C) 9 (D) 8 'A + B' means 'A is wife of B'. (E) None of these 'A \div B' means 'A is father of B'. 'A \times B' means 'A is son of B'. 142. If in each number, first and the last digits are interchanged, which of the following will be 136. In the expression 'P \times R – S' how is P related the third highest number? to S? (A) 972 (B) 682 (B) Grandfather (A) Father

(C) 189

(E) 751

(D) Sister

(C) Grandson(E) None of these

(D) 298

- 143. If in each number, all the three digits are arranged in descending order, which of the following will be the third highest number?
 - (A) 972
- (B) 682
- (C) 189
- (D) 298
- (E) 751
- 144. If in each number, second and the third digits are interchanged, what will be the sum of first digit of the smallest number and last digit of highest number?
 - (A) 7
- (B) 6
- (C) 9
- (D) 8
- (E) None of these
- 145. If one is added to the smallest odd number and one is subtracted from the highest odd number, which of the following will be obtained if the second digit of the highest number is subtracted from the second digit of 149. Statements the lowest number so formed?
 - (A) 6
- (C) -4
- (D) 3
- (E) 2

Directions—(Q. 146–150) In each of the questions below are given three statements 150. Statements followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts. Read both of the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements disregarding commonly known facts.

Read the statements and the conclusions which follow it and

Give answer—

- (A) if only conclusion I is true.
- (B) if only conclusion II is true.
- (C) if either conclusion I or conclusion II is true.
- (D) if neither conclusion I nor conclusion II is
- (E) if both conclusions I and II are true.
- 146. **Statements** : No pen is a mobile.

Some mobiles are bottles.

All bottles are papers.

Conclusions:

- Some papers are pens.
- All bottles are pens.
- : All computers are radios. 147. Statements

All radios are televisions.

Some televisions are watches.

Conclusions:

- I. Some watches are computers.
- II. Some televisions are computers.
- 148. Statements : Some desks are chairs.

Some chairs are doors.

Some doors are walls.

Conclusions:

- Some walls are chairs.
- II. No chair is a wall.
- : All stars are fishes.

Some fishes are moons.

All moons are birds.

Conclusions:

- Some birds are fishes.
- Some stars are moons.
- : All leaves are roots.

All stems are roots.

All roots are flowers.

Conclusions:

- Some flowers are stems.
- Some flowers are leaves.

Directions—(Q. 151-155) Study the following information carefully to answer these questions-

A group of people has six family members and an advocate. These are L, M, N, O, P, Q and R and having different professions. Each one of them is a journalist, businessman, architect, doctor and pilot but not necessarily in this order. There are three males and three females in the family out of which there are two married couples. M is a businessman and is the father of P, Q is a doctor and grandfather of P. N is a housewie and is daughter-in-law of O. L is neither a pilot nor a journalist. R is an advocate. N is not the mother of P and O is not married to M. No lady is a journalist.

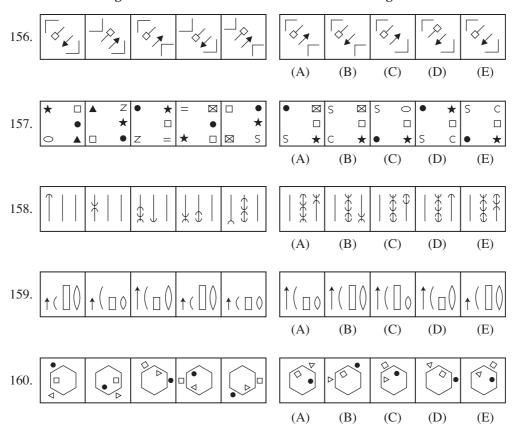
- 151. Which of the following groups represents the three ladies in the group?
 - (A) N, P, L
- (B) P, L, N
- (C) L, N, O
- (D) O, P, L
- (E) None of these
- 152. Who is married to Q?
 - (A) N
 - (B) O
 - (C) L
 - (D) Can't be determined
 - (E) None of these
- 153. Who among the following family members is an architect?
 - (A) L

- (B) O
- (C) P
- (D) Can't be determined
- (E) None of these
- 154. Which of the following is the profession of P?
 - (A) Architect
 - (B) Pilot
 - (C) Architect or pilot
 - (D) Journalist
 - (E) None of these
- 155. How is Q related to O?
 - (A) Father
- (B) Mother
- (C) Mother-in-law
- (D) Son-in-law
- (E) None of these

Directions—(Q. 156–160) In each of the questions given below which one of the five answer figures on the right should come after the problem figures on the left, if the sequence were continued?

Problem Figures

Answer Figures



Marketing Aptitude/Computer Knowledge

161.	system of rules for co	• •	169.	(A) I (C) I	re is the disk put In the modem Into the CPU None of these	in a computer ? (B) In the hard drive (D) In the disk drive	
	(B) A programming(C) An assemble		170.		rd copy of a docu printed on the pr	ament is	
	(D) Syntax			_	stored on a flopp		
	(E) None of these				stored on a CD	,	
162.	A printer is this kind	of device		(D) s	stored in the hard	l disk	
	(A) input	(B) word processing		(E) I	None of these		
	(C) processing(E) None of these	(D) output	171.		name that the use	er gives to a document	is
163.	This can be another-w	vord for program		(A) (document-name		
	(A) software	(B) disk		(B) f	filename		
	(C) floppy	(D) hardware		(C) 1	name-given		
	(E) None of these			(D) (document-identit	ty	
164.		puter's brain is		(E) I	None of these		
	(A) monitor(C) CPU	(B) hardware(D) byte	172.		arting a comput red to as	er that is already on.	is
	(E) None of these			(A) s	shut down	(B) cold booting	
165.		evice that electronically		(C) v	warm booting	(D) logging off	
	=	erting it to information.		(E) 1	None of these		
	(A) algorithm	(B) computer	173.	E-ma	il (electronic ma	il) is	
	(C) software(E) None of these	(D) program			an Internet stand upload and down	lard that allows users aload files	to
166.	Which of the follow can be carried around	ving are computers that leasily?			a real-time typed place on a compt	l conversation that take	es
	(A) Minicomputers(C) PCs(E) None of these	(B) Supercomputers(D) Laptops		,		n which users condu ons about a particul	
167.	` ′	restricts entry to some			the transmission via a computer n	of messages and file etwork	es
	(A) password	(B) passport		(E) 1	None of these		
	(C) entry-code (E) None of these	(D) access-code	174.		person who writerams is called a .	ites and tests comput	er
168.	The basic goal of convert data into	computer process is to		_	programmer computer scienti	st	
	(A) files	(B) tables		(C) s	software enginee	r	
	(C) information	(D) graphs		(D) I	project develope	r	
	(E) None of these			(E) 1	None of these		

175.		information you ed	put into the computer is		(C) Mouse, Keyboard, Plotter
		facts	(B) data		(D) Mouse, Keyboard, Scanner
	` ′	files	(D) directory		(E) None of these
		None of these	(D) directory	181.	Marketing is required in banks due to
176	` ′				(A) globalisation
1/6.		output devices	make it possible to		(B) computerisation
		view or print data	3		(C) increase in population
		store data	1		(D) government dictates(E) None of these
		scan data		100	
	` '	input data		182.	Marketing is
		None of these			(A) a day to day function
	` ′				(B) a one-off affair
177.		hat is			(C) a one-man show
	(A)	an Internet stand upload and down	lard that allows users to load files		(D) a collective process(E) a means to earn extra income
	(B)	a typed conversar computer	tion that takes place on a	183.	Qualities needed by a good marketing staff are
	(C)		n which users conduct		(A) Aggressiveness (B) Pushy
			ussions about a particular		(C) Perseverance (D) Politeness
	(D)	subject	of massages and files		(E) Only (C) & (D)
	(D)	via a computer ne	of messages and files etwork	184.	Marketing should be resorted
	(E)	None of these			(A) only among rich persons
178.	Har	dware includes			(B) only among the poor
			d to input data into a		(C) only in crowded areas
		computer			(D) depends on the product
	(B)	B) sets of instructions that a computer runs or executes		105	(E) depends on the banks HNI means
	(C)		and all the devices	105.	(A) High Income Individual
	(-)		t that are used to input and		(B) Honest Marketing Staff
		output data			(C) High Networth Individual
	(D)		ved in processing infor-		(D) Honest Neutral Individual
		mation including unit, memory and	g the central processing		(E) None of these
	(E)	None of these	i storage	186.	Marketing Strategies mean
170	` ′		nethod of entering text		(A) plan for effective marketing
1/).			to a computer system is		(B) type of Marketing style
		ugh the use of a			(C) market Demands
	(A)	keyboard	(B) scanner		(D) All of these
	(C)	printer	(D) plotter		(E) None of these
	(E)	None of these		405	
180.	Whi	ich of the followir	ng groups consist of only	187.	Market Plan is
	-	it devices?	•		(A) an action plan for day-to-day marketing
		Mouse, Keyboard			(B) effective Selling steps
	(B)	Mouse, Keyboard	d, Printer		(C) effective Buying steps

	(D) a comprehensive document for marketing strateiges	195.	Motivation means
	(E) All of these		(B) keeping the staff happy
188.	Digital marketing means		(C) more enthusiasm
	(A) selling digital goods		(D) more team-work
	(B) selling calculators		(E) All of these
	(C) selling through internet	196.	Effective communication is
	(D) All of these		(A) not required if demand exceeds supply
	(E) None of these		(B) a sine-qua-non for marketing
189	Target group means		(C) good vocabulary
10).	(A) all employees		(D) all of these
	(B) short-listed group		(E) None of these
	(C) all the marketing staff	107	Customisation means
	(D) sales Representatives	177.	(A) products for specific customers
	(E) group of people likely to buy the iden-		
	tified product		(B) good customer service
190.	The target group for Home Loans are		(C) bad customer service
	(A) individuals (B) salaried persons		(D) after-sales service
	(C) businessmen (D) professionals		(E) None of these
	(E) All of these	198.	Marketing can be attractive if
191.	Customer Service		(A) salesmen are attractive
	(A) is an integral part of marketing		(B) customers are attractive
	(B) has no role in marketing		(C) more customers are attracted
	(C) is required only by salemen		(D) All of these
	(D) is not required by salesmen		(E) None of these
	(E) None of these	199.	Buyer Resistance means
192.	Public Relations is		(A) buyers fighting with the salesmen
	(A) part of Customer Service		(B) reluctant salesmen
	(B) part of Marketing		(C) indifferent salesmen
	(C) part of Image Building		(D) hesitant buyers
	(D) All of these		(E) None of these
	(E) None of these	200	Closing the Sale means
193.	Bancassurance means	200.	(A) close down marketing functions
	(A) assuring to repay bank loans		(B) stop selling
	(B) assuring to repay credit card dues		(C) successful completion of a call
	(C) assuring to repay home loan dues		(D) All of these
	(D) insurance of banks		(E) None of these
	(E) All of these		
194.	Relationship Marketing means		Answers with Explanations
	(A) selling to relatives	1.	(D)
	(B) selling by relatives	2.	(A) Harbhajan Singh became the third India
	(C) after sales service		and 22nd cricketer in the world to claim 300
	(D) cross-selling		wickets in test cricket on 7th November
	(E) All of these		2008.

- 3. (D)
- 4. (C) Aravind Adiga is a Journalist and author, who holds dual Indian and Australian citizenship. His debat novel. The white Tiger' won the 2008 Man Booker Prize. The Novel studies the contrast between India is rise as a Modern global economy and the main character who comes from crushing rural poverty.
- 5. (C)
- 6. (E) The Prime Minister of India Hagged off the first ever train from Nowgam to Budgam 11th October, 2008 in the Kashmir Valley. The train will cover Baramulla (North Kashmir)—Qazigund (South Kashmir) pairs of stations on its final completion.
- 7. (A) 8. (C)
- 9. (B) IBSA is a trilateral, developmental initiative between India, Brazil and South Africa to promote South. South co-operation and exchange. In the aftermath of discussions between the heads of state and/or Government of the IBSA coutries at the G-8 meeting that took place in Evian in 2003, and following ongoing trilateral consultations, the foreign ministers of the Respective countries meb in Brasilia on 6 June, 2003. At this meeting between ministers N. Kosazana Dlamini Zuma from South Africa, Celso Amorin from Brazil and Yashwant Sinha from India, the launching of the IBSA Dialogue forum was formalized through the adoption of the 'Brasiliade Claration'.
- 10. (D) The General Assembly elected Austria, Japan, Mexico, Turkey and Uganda to serve as non-permanent members of the security council for two-year terms starting on 1 January 2009. The newly elected countries will replace Belgium, Indonesia, Italy, Panama and South Africa.
- 11. (C) 12. (D) 13. (A) 14. (E) 15. (E)
- 16. (C) 17. (D) 18. (D) 19. (A) 20. (A)
- 21. (E)
- 22. (B) Duvvuri Subbarao is the twenty-second Governor of Reserve Bank of India (RBI). Subbarao took over from Y. Venugopal Reddy, the previous governor on 5th September, 2008. His term as governor will end in September 2011.

- 23. (E) 24. (D)
- 25. (D) Infinite Jest is a 1996 novel written by David Foster Wallace. The lengthy and complex work takes place in a semi-parodic future version of North America. The Novel touches on the topics of tennis, substance addiction and recovery programs, depression, child Abuse, family relationships, advertising and popular entertainment, family theory and Quebec Saratism.

Time Magazine included the Novel in its time 100 Best English language Novels from 1923 to 2005 list.

- 26. (C) 27. (C)
- 28. (A) The 2008 Fed Cup was the 46th edition of the most important tournament between National teams in women's tennis. 8 teams contested the world group, and 85 teams competed in total. The final took place in Madrid, Spain, on 13-4 September, with Russia defeating Spain, 4-0 to retain the title.
- 29. (B) 30. (C) 31. (C) 32. (B) 33. (E)
- 34. (E) 35. (B) 36. (A)
- 37. (B) Pandit Bhimsen Joshi is one of India's renowned vocalists in the Hindustani classical tradition. A member of the Kirana Gharana (School) he is renowned for the Khayal form of singing as well as for his popular reuditions of devotional music. He was awarded the Bharat Ratna, India's highest civilian honour.
- 38. (A) 39. (E) 40. (C) 41. (B) 42. (C)
- 43. (D) 44. (B) 45. (E) 46. (E) 47. (C)
- 48. (B) 49. (C) 50. (D) 51. (A) 52. (D)
- 53. (A) Change 'Starting out my', to 'Starting up my'.
- 54. (B) Change 'Use a tactic for' to 'Using a tactive like'.
- 55. (A) Change 'will invest more' to 'will further invest'.
- 56. (B) Change 'Have delayed because' to 'delayed because of'.
- 57. (C) Possibility to raise.
- 58. (D) Change 'Share' to 'Shares'.
- 59. (D) Change 'Dividend' to 'Divided'.
- 60. (E)
- 61. (B) Change 'fill' to 'file'.
- 62. (B) Add 'a' before shortage.

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81. (C) :
$$(84)^2 - (67)^2 + \sqrt{?} = 2588$$

$$\Rightarrow 7056 - 4489 + \sqrt{?} = 2588$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{?} = 2588 - 7056 + 4489$$

$$= 21$$

$$\therefore ? = (21)^2 = 441$$

82. (B)
$$? = 668 \div 167 \times 284$$

= $\frac{668}{167} \times 284$
= 1136

83. (A)
$$? = \sqrt[3]{10648} \times \sqrt[3]{5832}$$

= 22×18
= 396

84. (E)
$$\frac{60}{100}$$
 of $\frac{25}{100}$ of $\frac{5}{6}$ of ? = 630

$$\therefore ? = \frac{630 \times 6 \times 100 \times 100}{5 \times 25 \times 60}$$

$$= 5040$$

85. (D) ? =
$$(85410 + 36885 + 24705) \div 1600$$

= $\frac{147000}{1600}$
= 91.875

86. (A)
$$? = 4.5 + 23.50 + 14.58 - 17.68 \times 0.5$$

= $42.58 - 8.84$
= 33.74

87. (C) ? =
$$(3675 \div 75) \times (7480 \div 80)$$

= 49×93.5
= 4581.5

88. (D) ? =
$$\frac{\sqrt{7744 \times 66}}{(203 + 149)}$$

= $\frac{88 \times 66}{(203 + 149)}$

$$=\frac{5808}{352}$$

$$= 16.5$$

89. (B)
$$? = 87146 - 66425 - 15693$$

= 5028

90. (E)
$$\div$$
 (786 × 74) \div ? = 1211.75

$$\Rightarrow \frac{58164}{?} = 1211.75$$

$$\therefore ? = \frac{58164}{1211.75}$$

93. (E) 1 121 441 961 1681 2601
$$\downarrow$$
 \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow (1)² (11)² (21)² (31)² (41)² (51)²

95. (A) 31 35 44 60 85 121
$$+(2)^2 + (3)^2 + (4)^2 + (5)^2 + (6)^2$$

$$= 5 \times 308 - (482.5 \times 2 + 258.5 \times 2)$$
$$= 1540 - (965 + 517)$$
$$= 1540 - 1482$$
$$= 58$$

97. (D) Total expenditure =
$$25 + 15 + 35$$

$$\therefore \quad \text{Saving} = 100 - 75 \\ = 25\%$$

$$\therefore \text{ Her annual income } = \frac{9050 \times 100}{25} \times 12$$

$$= Rs. 434400$$

98. (A) No. of lillies =
$$\frac{180 \times 2 \times 2}{3 + 2}$$

= 144

99. (E)
$$\therefore$$
 A:B:C = 3:2:4

As per question,

$$A = \frac{3 \times 120}{100} = 3.6$$

$$B = \frac{2 \times 130}{100} = 2.6$$

and

$$C = \frac{4 \times 115}{100} = 4.6$$

100. (C) Total No. of different ways =
$$\frac{5}{2}$$
= 60

101. (C) Reqd. ratio

$$36\% \text{ of } 150 + 40\% \text{ of } 200 + 40\% \text{ of } 210$$

$$= \frac{+50\% \text{ of } 230 + 45\% \text{ of } 240 + 45\% \text{ of } 260}{(150 + 200 + 210 + 230 + 240 + 260)}$$

$$=\frac{54 + 80 + 84 + 115 + 108 + 117}{1290}$$

= 558 : 1290

= 93:215

$$= \frac{1}{5} [45\% \text{ of } 300 + 60\% \text{ of } 240 + 36\% \text{ of } 150$$

$$+ 30\% \text{ of } 200 + 36\% \text{ of } 300]$$

$$= \frac{1}{5} [135 + 144 + 54 + 60 + 114]$$

$$= \frac{507}{5} = 101.4$$

$$\approx 101$$

103. (E) Reqd. difference

$$= (320 + 220 + 210 + 240 + 320)$$
$$- (250 + 280 + 200 + 260 + 280)$$
$$= 1310 - 1270$$
$$= 40$$

104. (A) Reqd. ratio

$$= (100 - 45)\% \text{ of } 340 : (100 - 40)\% \text{ of } 330$$
$$= (55\% \text{ of } 340) : (60\% \text{ of } 330)$$

= 187 : 198

= 17:18

$$= \frac{3}{5} \times 320 + \frac{1}{2} \times 220 + \frac{3}{5} \times 210 + \frac{11}{20} \times 240 + \frac{11}{20} \times 320$$

$$= 192 + 110 + 126 + 132 + 176$$
$$= 736$$

106. (A) C.I. =
$$8840 \left[\left(1 + \frac{5}{100} \right)^3 - 1 \right]$$

= $8840 \left(\frac{21}{20} \times \frac{21}{20} \times \frac{21}{20} - 1 \right)$
= $8840 \left(\frac{9261 - 8000}{8000} \right)$
= $\frac{8840 \times 1261}{8000}$
= Rs. 1393·405

107. (C) : Price of 150 m. of cloth

= Rs. 6600

$$\therefore$$
 Price of 300 m of cloth = $\frac{6600 \times 300}{150}$
= Rs. 13200

$$\therefore Total concession = 13200 - 12750$$

$$= Rs. 450$$

$$\therefore Concession per metre = \frac{450}{2}$$

$$\therefore \quad \text{Concession per metre} = \frac{450}{300}$$
$$= \text{Rs. 1} \cdot$$

108. (E) Let the reqd. number be x.

$$\therefore \frac{3888}{x^2} \times 21 = 252$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 = \frac{3888 \times 21}{252}$$

$$= 324$$

$$\therefore x = \sqrt{324}$$

$$= 18$$

109. (D) Digit number cannot be determined.

110. (D) Reqd. time =
$$\frac{65 \times 5}{40} = 8.125$$

 $\approx 8 \text{ hrs (App.)}$

111. (E) Average number

$$= \frac{(15000 + 12500 + 32500 + 17500)}{4}$$
$$= \frac{77500}{4} = 19375$$

112. (C) Reqd. % =
$$\frac{25000 \times 100}{(25000 + 22500 + 15000)}$$
%
= $\frac{25000 \times 100}{62500}$ %
= 40%

113. (A) Total number of children pursuing dancing from all states

$$= 22500 + 22500 + 25000 + 27500$$
$$= 97500$$

Total number of children pursuing painting from all states

=77500

∴ Reqd. difference

$$= 97500 - 77500 = 20000$$

115. (B) Average number

$$= \frac{(30000 + 25000 + 32500)}{3}$$

$$= \frac{(87500)}{3}$$

$$= 29166 \frac{2}{3} = 29167.667$$

$$\approx 29167 \text{ (Approx.)}$$

116. (D) ? =
$$[(1\cdot3)^2 \times (4\cdot2)^2] \div 2\cdot7$$

= $[1\cdot69 \times 17\cdot64] \div 2\cdot7$
= $\frac{29\cdot8116}{2\cdot7}$
= $11\cdot04$
 $\approx 11 \text{ (App.)}$

117. (A) ? =
$$746 \div 32 \times 15$$

= $\frac{746}{32} \times 15$

=
$$23.3125 \times 15$$

= 349.6875
 $\approx 350 \text{ (App.)}$

118. (D) ? =
$$\sqrt{834} \times \sqrt{349}$$

= 28.87 × 18.68
 $\approx 29 \times 19 = 551$
 $\approx 550 \text{ (App.)}$

119. (B) ? =
$$(3986 + 2416 + 3897) \div 754$$

= $\frac{10299}{754} = 13.66$
 $\approx 14 \text{ (App.)}$

120. (D) ? =
$$41.25 + 11.085 \times 2.75$$

= $41.25 + 30.48 = 71.73$
 $\approx 72 \text{ (App.)}$

- 121. (A) Badminton is not played using a ball and Badminton is called Volleyball. Hence, required game is Volleyball.
- 122. (C) I, II, III and IV letters of the word TECHNOLOGY are T, E, C and N and with these letters the meaningful word made is CENT whose third letter is 'N'.
- 123. (B) The digits in ascending form are : 1 2 3 4 5 7 8 9.
 - ... In new arrangement 4th from the right is 5 and 3rd from the left is 3. Hence, required difference is 2.
- 124. (B) ja ki mo pe \rightarrow at a frog's leap ...(1) mo la ki so \rightarrow take a leap ahead ...(2) and re bo ja na \rightarrow insects are frog's diet ...(3)
 - .. From (1) and (2) mo ki \Rightarrow a, leap and from (1) and (3)

ja → frog's

$$\therefore$$
 at \rightarrow pe

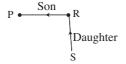
125. (E) WEAK \rightarrow 9%2\$ and SKIT \rightarrow #\$7@ \therefore WAIT \rightarrow 927@

- 126. (D) Words formed are: OWN, NOW and WON.
- 127. (D) All the rest are parts of car.

130. (B) As, Similarly, $T \xrightarrow{+2} V \quad W \xrightarrow{+2} Y$ $H \xrightarrow{-2} F \quad O \xrightarrow{-2} M$ $E \xrightarrow{+2} G \quad R \xrightarrow{+2} T$ $N \xrightarrow{-2} L \quad D \xrightarrow{-2} B$

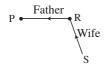
131. (A) 132. (C) 133. (D) 134. (B) 135. (E)

136. (C) $P \times R \rightarrow P$ is the son of R, and $R - S \rightarrow R$ is the daughter of S



 \therefore P is the grandson of S.

137. (D) $P \div R \rightarrow P$ is the father of R and $R + S \rightarrow R$ is the wife of S.



 \therefore S is the son-in-law of P.

138. (B) $P-Q \rightarrow P$ is the daughter of R and $Q+S \rightarrow Q$ is the wife of S.

P Daughter Q Wife S

 \therefore S is the father of P.

139. (A) $P \times Q \rightarrow P$ is the son of Q. and $Q \div S \rightarrow Q$ is the father of S.

 \therefore P is the brother of S.

140. (E) $P + R \rightarrow P$ is the wife of R and $R \div S \rightarrow R$ is the father of S.

.. S is either son or daughter of P.

141. (A)
$$189 + 1 = 190$$
$$972 + 2 = 974$$

 $\therefore \text{ Reqd. difference} = 9 - 4$ = 5

142. (B) 972 682 189 298 751 279 286 981 892 157

:. The third highest number is 286.

143. (A) 972 682 189 298 751 972 862 981 982 751 ∴ Reqd. number is 972.

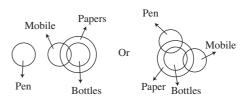
144. (D) 972 682 189 298 751 927 628 198 289 715

$$\therefore \qquad \text{Reqd. sum} = 1 + 7$$
$$= 8$$

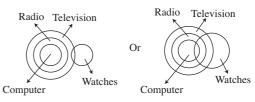
145. (C)
$$189 + 1 = 190$$

and $751 - 1 = 750$
 $5 - 9 = -4$

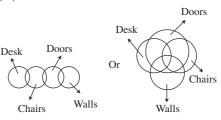
146. (D)



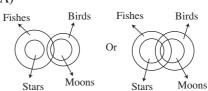
147. (B)

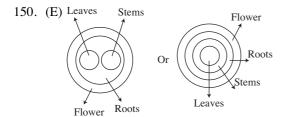


148. (A)



149. (A)





For solution from question 151–155:

Members	Profession	Sex	Relation
L	Architect	Female	Wife of M
M	Businessman	Male	Father of P, son of Q, Husband of L
N	Housewife	Female	Daughter-in-law of O
О	Pilot	Female	Wife of Q
P	Journalist	Male	
Q	Doctor	Male	Grand father of P, Father of M, Husband of O
R	Advocate		

- 151. (C) 152. (B) 153. (A) 154. (D) 155. (E)
- 156. (B) In each subsequent figure, starting from the lowermost element, one element remains constant while the other three elements reverse on their respective places.
- 157. (E) In each subsequent figure, in the following manner the elements shift and a new element 166. (D) 167. (A) 168. (C) appears in place of 'N'.



From (1) to (2) From (3) to (4) From (5) to (6)



From (2) to (3) From (4) to (5)

- 158. (C) In each subsequent figure the arcs increase by 1, 2 and 0 from top to bottom on the left-hand line, from bottom to top on the middle line and from top to bottom on the right-hand line.
- 159. (D) In each subsequent figure, the elements change in the following manner—
 - '\'\'\' two times small and one time big.
 - '(' two times big and two times small.
 - one time big and two times small.
 - () two times big and one time small.
 - So, the answer figure will be (D).
- 160. (A) In each subsequent figure, the designs inside and outside the periphery of hexagon shift in the following manner:
 - 'n' shifts 3 sides, 2 sides and 1 side of the hexagon in the anticlockwise direction. Two times it remains inside & three times it comes outside the hexagon.
 - '•' shifts 2 sides of the hexagon in the anticlockwise direction. In alternate steps to remains inside and outside the hexagon.
 - 'a' shifts 1 side, 2 sides & 3 sides of the hexagon in the anticlockwise direction. Two times it remains inside and three times it remains outside the hexagon.
- 161. (B) 162. (D) 163. (A) 164. (C) 165. (C)
- 169. (C) 170. (A)
- 171. (B) 172. (D) 173. (D) 174. (C) 175. (B)
- 176. (A) 177. (D) 178. (D) 179. (A) 180. (D)
- 181. (A) 182. (D) 183. (E) 184. (D) 185. (C)
- 186. (A) 187. (E) 188. (C) 189. (E) 190. (E)
- 191. (A) 192. (B) 193. (E) 194. (D) 195. (E)
- 196. (B) 197. (A) 198. (A) 199. (D) 200. (A)