

Answer (1)

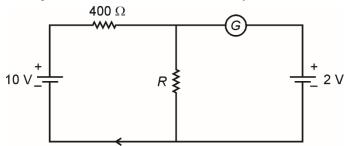
PHYSICS

		SEC	ΓΙΟΝ	I-A			
1.	A bullet is fired from a gun at the speed of 280 m s ⁻¹ in the direction 30° above the horizontal. The maximum height attained by the bullet is ($g = 9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2}$, $\sin 30^\circ = 0.5$)						
	(1)	2800 m	(2)	2000 m			
	(3)	1000 m	(4)	3000 m			
	Ans	swer (3)					
2.	A metal wire has mass (0.4 \pm 0.002) g, radius (0.3 \pm 0.001) mm and length (5 \pm 0.02) cm. The maximum possible percentage error in the measurement of density will nearly be						
	(1)	1.2%	(2)	1.3%			
	` '	1.6%	(4)	1.4%			
_		swer (3)					
3.	Given below are two statements:						
	Stat	Statement I: Photovoltaic devices can convert optical radiation into electricity.					
	Stat	Statement II: Zener diode is designed to operate under reverse bias in breakdown region.					
	In th	In the light of the above statements, choose the <i>most appropriate</i> answer from the options given below.					
	(1)	Both Statement I and Statement II are correct					
	(2)	Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect					
	(3)	Statement I is correct but Statement II is incorrect					
	(4)	l) Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is correct					
	Answer (1)						
4.	The magnetic energy stored in an inductor of inductance 4 µH carrying a current of 2 A is						
	(1)	4 μJ	(2)	4 mJ			
	(3)	8 mJ	(4)	8 μJ			
	Ans	swer (4)					
5.	If $\oint_{S} \vec{E} \cdot \vec{dS} = 0$ over a surface, then						
	(1)	The number of flux lines entering the surface mu	ıst be	e equal to the number of flux lines leaving it			
	(2)) The magnitude of electric field on the surface is constant					
	(3)) All the charges must necessarily be inside the surface					
	(4)	The electric field inside the surface is necessarily uniform					
	Answer (1)						
6.	The net magnetic flux through any closed surface is						
	(1)	Zero	(2)	Positive			
	(3)	Infinity	(4)	Negative			

NEET (UG)-2023 (Code-E6)



7. If the galvanometer G does not show any deflection in the circuit shown, the value of R is given by



(1) 200Ω

(2) 50Ω

(3) 100Ω

(4) 400Ω

Answer (3)

- 8. In a series *LCR* circuit, the inductance *L* is 10 mH, capacitance *C* is 1 μ F and resistance *R* is 100 Ω . The frequency at which resonance occurs is
 - (1) 15.9 rad/s

(2) 15.9 kHz

(3) 1.59 rad/s

(4) 1.59 kHz

Answer (4)

- 9. The temperature of a gas is -50°C. To what temperature the gas should be heated so that the rms speed is increased by 3 times?
 - (1) 669°C

(2) 3295°C

(3) 3097 K

(4) 223 K

Answer (2)

- 10. Let a wire be suspended from the ceiling (rigid support) and stretched by a weight *W* attached at its free end. The longitudinal stress at any point of cross-sectional area *A* of the wire is
 - (1) 2W/A

(2) W/A

(3) W/2A

(4) Zero

Answer (2)

- 11. A Carnot engine has an efficiency of 50% when its source is at a temperature 327°C. The temperature of the sink is
 - (1) 27°C

(2) 15°C

(3) 100°C

(4) 200°C

Answer (1)

- 12. Resistance of a carbon resistor determined from colour codes is (22000 \pm 5%) Ω . The colour of third band must be
 - (1) Red

(2) Green

(3) Orange

(4) Yellow

Answer (3)

- 13. The minimum wavelength of *X*-rays produced by an electron accelerated through a potential difference of *V* volts is proportional to
 - (1) \sqrt{V}

(2) $\frac{1}{V}$

(3) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{V}}$

 $(4) V^2$

Answer (2)



14. For Young's double slit experiment, two statements are given below:

Statement I : If screen is moved away from the plane of slits, angular separation of the fringes remains constant.

Statement II: If the monochromatic source is replaced by another monochromatic source of larger wavelength, the angular separation of fringes decreases.

In the light of the above statements, choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both Statement I and Statement II are true.
- (2) Both Statement I and Statement II are false.
- (3) Statement I is true but Statement II is false.
- (4) Statement I is false but Statement II is true.

Answer (3)

- 15. The work functions of Caesium (Cs), Potassium (K) and Sodium (Na) are 2.14 eV, 2.30 eV and 2.75 eV respectively. If incident electromagnetic radiation has an incident energy of 2.20 eV, which of these photosensitive surfaces may emit photoelectrons?
 - (1) Cs only

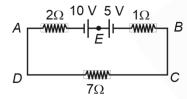
(2) Both Na and K

(3) Konly

(4) Na only

Answer (1)

16. The magnitude and direction of the current in the following circuit is



- (1) 0.2 A from B to A through E
- (2) 0.5 A from A to B through E
- (3) $\frac{5}{9}$ A from A to B through E
- (4) 1.5 A from B to A through E

Answer (2)

- 17. In hydrogen spectrum, the shortest wavelength in the Balmer series is λ . The shortest wavelength in the Bracket series is
 - (1) 2\(\lambda\)

(2) 4λ

(3) 9λ

(4) 16λ

Answer (2)

- 18. An electric dipole is placed at an angle of 30° with an electric field of intensity 2 × 10⁵ N C⁻¹. It experiences a torque equal to 4 N m. Calculate the magnitude of charge on the dipole, if the dipole length is 2 cm.
 - (1) 8 mC

(2) 6 mC

(3) 4 mC

(4) 2 mC

Answer (4)



NEE	T (UC	G)-2023 (Code-E6)		Aakash			
19.	The half life of a radioactive substance is 20 minutes. In how much time, the activity of substance drops to $\left(\frac{1}{16}\right)^{th}$ of its initial value?						
	(1)	20 minutes					
	(2)	40 minutes					
	(3)	60 minutes					
	(4) A no	80 minutes					
		swer (4)					
20.		venturi-meter works on	(0)	Damas dilla maio sinta			
	(1)	Huygen's principle	(2) (4)	Bernoulli's principle The principle of perpendicular axes			
	` '	The principle of parallel axes	(4)	The principle of perpendicular axes			
21.		An ac source is connected to a capacitor <i>C</i> . Due to decrease in its operating frequency					
	(1)	Capacitive reactance decreases	(2)	Displacement current increases			
	(3)	Displacement current decreases	(4)	Capacitive reactance remains constant			
	` ,	wer (3)	()	·			
22.	A football player is moving southward and suddenly turns eastward with the same speed to avoid an opponent. The force that acts on the player while turning is						
	(1)	Along eastward	(2)	Along northward			
	(3)	Along north-east	(4)	Along south-west			
	Ans	swer (3)	K	1.5			
23.	A full wave rectifier circuit consists of two p-n junction diodes, a centre-tapped transformer, capacitor and a load resistance. Which of these components remove the ac ripple from the rectified output?						
	(1)	A centre-tapped transformer	3)				
	(2)	p-n junction diodes					
	(3)	Capacitor					
	(4)	Load resistance					
	Ans	wer (3)					
24.	The potential energy of a long spring when stretched by 2 cm is <i>U</i> . If the spring is stretched by 8 cm, potential energy stored in it will be						
	(1)	2 <i>U</i>	(2)	4 <i>U</i>			
	(3)	8 <i>U</i>	(4)	16 <i>U</i>			

Answer (4)

In a plane electromagnetic wave travelling in free space, the electric field component oscillates sinusoidally at 25. a frequency of 2.0×10^{10} Hz and amplitude 48 V m⁻¹. Then the amplitude of oscillating magnetic field is (Speed of light in free space = $3 \times 10^8 \text{ m s}^{-1}$)

(1) $1.6 \times 10^{-9} \text{ T}$

(2) $1.6 \times 10^{-8} \text{ T}$

(3) $1.6 \times 10^{-7} \text{ T}$

(4) $1.6 \times 10^{-6} \text{ T}$

Answer (3)



- 26. Light travels a distance x in time t_1 in air and t_2 in another denser medium. What is the critical angle for this medium?
 - $(1) \quad \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{t_2}{t_1}\right)$
 - $(2) \quad \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{10t_2}{t_1}\right)$
 - $(3) \quad \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{t_1}{10 t_2}\right)$
 - $(4) \quad \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{10 t_1}{t_2}\right)$

Answer (4)

- 27. The amount of energy required to form a soap bubble of radius 2 cm from a soap solution is nearly (surface tension of soap solution = 0.03 N m^{-1})
 - (1) $30.16 \times 10^{-4} \text{ J}$

(2) 5.06 × 10⁻⁴ J

(3) $3.01 \times 10^{-4} \text{ J}$

(4) 50.1 × 10⁻⁴ J

Answer (3)

- 28. A 12 V, 60 W lamp is connected to the secondary of a step-down transformer, whose primary is connected to ac mains of 220 V. Assuming the transformer to be ideal, what is the current in the primary winding?
 - (1) 0.27 A

(2) 2.7 A

(3) 3.7 A

(4) 0.37 A

Answer (1)

- 29. The angular acceleration of a body, moving along the circumference of a circle, is
 - (1) Along the radius, away from centre
- (2) Along the radius towards the centre
- (3) Along the tangent to its position
- (4) Along the axis of rotation

Answer (4)

- 30. A vehicle travels half the distance with speed v and the remaining distance with speed 2v. Its average speed is
 - (1) $\frac{v}{3}$
 - (2) $\frac{2v}{3}$
 - $(3) \quad \frac{4v}{3}$
 - $(4) \quad \frac{3v}{4}$

Answer (3)

- 31. The errors in the measurement which arise due to unpredictable fluctuations in temperature and voltage supply are
 - (1) Instrumental errors

(2) Personal errors

(3) Least count errors

(4) Random errors

Answer (4)

- 32. The ratio of radius of gyration of a solid sphere of mass M and radius R about its own axis to the radius of gyration of the thin hollow sphere of same mass and radius about its axis is
 - (1) 3:5

(2) 5:3

(3) 2:5

(4) 5:2

Answer (1*)

Sol. Radius of gyration of solid sphere about its own axis = $\sqrt{\frac{2}{5}}R$

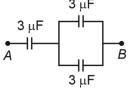
Radius of gyration of hollow sphere about its own axis = $\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}R$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 Required ratio = $\sqrt{\frac{2}{5}} \times \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{3}{5}}$

- * None of the option is correct (correct answer is $\sqrt{\frac{3}{5}}$)
- Two bodies of mass m and 9m are placed at a distance R. The gravitational potential on the line joining the bodies where the gravitational field equals zero, will be (G = gravitational constant)
 - $(1) \quad -\frac{8Gm}{R}$
 - $(2) \quad -\frac{12Gm}{R}$
 - $(3) \quad -\frac{16\,Gm}{R}$
 - $(4) \quad -\frac{20\,Gm}{R}$

Answer (3)

34. The equivalent capacitance of the system shown in the following circuit is



- (1) 2 μF
- (2) 3 μF
- (3) $6 \mu F$
- (4) $9 \mu F$

Answer (1)

- 35. The ratio of frequencies of fundamental harmonic produced by an open pipe to that of closed pipe having the same length is
 - (1) 1:2
 - (2) 2:1
 - (3) 1:3
 - (4) 3:1

Answer (2)



SECTION-B

- 36. Calculate the maximum acceleration of a moving car so that a body lying on the floor of the car remains stationary. The coefficient of static friction between the body and the floor is 0.15 ($g = 10 \text{ m s}^{-2}$).
 - (1) 1.2 m s⁻²

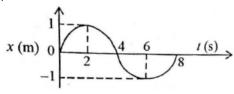
(2) 150 m s^{-2}

(3) 1.5 m s^{-2}

(4) 50 m s^{-2}

Answer (3)

37. The x-t graph of a particle performing simple harmonic motion is shown in the figure. The acceleration of the particle at t = 2 s is



(1) $\frac{\pi^2}{8}$ m s⁻²

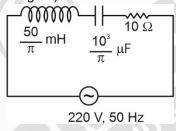
(2) $-\frac{\pi^2}{8} \text{ m s}^{-2}$

(3) $\frac{\pi^2}{16}$ m s⁻²

(4) $-\frac{\pi^2}{16}$ m s⁻²

Answer (4)

38. The net impedance of circuit (as shown in figure) will be



(1) $10\sqrt{2} \Omega$

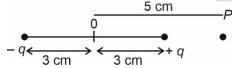
(2) 15 Ω

(3) $5\sqrt{5} \Omega$

(4) 25 Ω

Answer (3)

39. An electric dipole is placed as shown in the figure.



The electric potential (in 10² V) at point *P* due to the dipole is (ϵ_0 = permittivity of free space and $\frac{1}{4\pi \epsilon_0} = K$)

(1) $\left(\frac{3}{8}\right)qK$

 $(2) \quad \left(\frac{5}{8}\right) qK$

(3) $\left(\frac{8}{5}\right)qK$

(4) $\left(\frac{8}{3}\right)qK$

Answer (1)

- 40. A wire carrying a current I along the positive x-axis has length L. It is kept in a magnetic field $\vec{B} = (2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} 4\hat{k}) \text{ T}$. The magnitude of the magnetic force acting on the wire is
 - (1) 3 *IL*

(2) $\sqrt{5}$ IL

(3) 5 *IL*

(4) $\sqrt{3}$ IL

Answer (3)

NEET (UG)-2023 (Code-E6)



- A bullet from a gun is fired on a rectangular wooden block with velocity u. When bullet travels 24 cm through 41. the block along its length horizontally, velocity of bullet becomes $\frac{u}{3}$. Then it further penetrates into the block in the same direction before coming to rest exactly at the other end of the block. The total length of the block
 - (1) 27 cm

(2) 24 cm

(3) 28 cm

30 cm

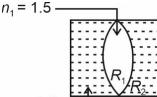
Answer (1)

- 42. Two thin lenses are of same focal lengths (f), but one is convex and the other one is concave. When they are placed in contact with each other, the equivalent focal length of the combination will be
 - (1) Zero

(4) Infinite

Answer (4)

43. In the figure shown here, what is the equivalent focal length of the combination of lenses (Assume that all layers are thin)?



$$R_1 = R_2 = 20 \text{ cm}$$

 $n_2 = 1.6$

(1) 40 cm

-40 cm (2)

(3) -100 cm

(4) -50 cm

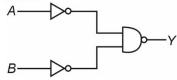
Answer (3)

- A satellite is orbiting just above the surface of the earth with period T. If d is the density of the earth and G is 44. the universal constant of gravitation, the quantity $\frac{3\pi}{Gd}$
 - (1) T

(3) T^3

Answer (2)

For the following logic circuit, the truth table is 45.



В Y

0 0

(1) 0 1

(2)1

0

1

В Y В Y

0 0 1 0 0

(3) 1

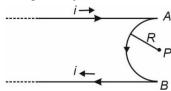
0 1 0

0 0 1 1

Answer (2)



46. A very long conducting wire is bent in a semi-circular shape from *A* to *B* as shown in figure. The magnetic field at point *P* for steady current configuration is given by



- (1) $\frac{\mu_0 i}{4R}$ pointed into the page
- (2) $\frac{\mu_0 i}{4R}$ pointed away from the page
- (3) $\frac{\mu_0 i}{4R} \left[1 \frac{2}{\pi} \right]$ pointed away from page
- (4) $\frac{\mu_0 i}{4R} \left[1 \frac{2}{\pi} \right]$ pointed into the page

Answer (3)

- 47. The resistance of platinum wire at 0°C is 2 Ω and 6.8 Ω at 80°C. The temperature coefficient of resistance of the wire is
 - (1) $3 \times 10^{-4} \, ^{\circ}\text{C}^{-1}$
 - (2) $3 \times 10^{-3} \, ^{\circ}\text{C}^{-1}$
 - (3) $3 \times 10^{-2} \, ^{\circ}\text{C}^{-1}$
 - (4) $3 \times 10^{-1} \,^{\circ}\text{C}^{-1}$

Answer (3)

- 48. 10 resistors, each of resistance R are connected in series to a battery of emf E and negligible internal resistance. Then those are connected in parallel to the same battery, the current is increased n times. The value of n is
 - (1) 10
 - (2) 100
 - (3) 1
 - (4) 1000

Answer (2)

- 49. The radius of inner most orbit of hydrogen atom is 5.3×10^{-11} m. What is the radius of third allowed orbit of hydrogen atom?
 - (1) 0.53 Å
 - (2) 1.06 Å
 - (3) 1.59 Å
 - (4) 4.77 Å

Answer (4)

- 50. A horizontal bridge is built across a river. A student standing on the bridge throws a small ball vertically upwards with a velocity 4 m s⁻¹. The ball strikes the water surface after 4 s. The height of bridge above water surface is (Take $q = 10 \text{ m s}^{-2}$)
 - (1) 56 m

(2) 60 m

(3) 64 m

(4) 68 m

Answer (3)