

SYLLABUS

ECONOMICS – II

SECOND YEAR

S. No.	TOPIC	
Chapter 1: Economic Growth and Development		
	1.0	Introduction
	1.1	Economic growth
	1.2	Economic Development
	1.3	Differences Between Economic Growth and Development
	1.4	Classification of the World Countries
	1.5	Indicators of Economic development
	1.6	Determinants of Economic Development
	1.7	Characteristic features of Developer Countries
	1.8	Characteristic features of Developing countries with special reference to India
Chapter 2: Population and Human Resources Development		
	2.0	Introduction
	2.1	Theory of Demographic Transition
	2.2	World Population
	2.3	Causes of rapid Growth of population in India
	2.4	Occupational distribution of population of India
	2.5	Meaning of Human Resources Development
	2.6	Role of Education and Health in Economic Development
	2.7	Human Development Index(HDI)
Chapter 3: National Income		
	3.0	Introduction
	3.1	Trends in the growth of India's National Income
	3.2	Trends in distribution of national income by industry Origin
	3.3	Share of Public Sector and Private Sector in Gross Domestic product
	3.4	Share of Organised and Un-organised Sector in Net Domestic product
	3.5	Income Inequalities
	3.6	Causes of Income Inequalities
	3.7	Measures to control income inequalities
	3.8	Unemployment of India
	3.9	Poverty

	3.10	Micro Finance- Eradication of Poverty
Chapter 4: Agriculture Sector		
	4.0	Introduction
	4.1	Importance of agriculture in India
	4.2	Features of Indian agriculture
	4.3	Agriculture Labour in India
	4.4	Land Utilization pattern in India
	4.5	Cropping pattern in India
	4.6	Organic Farming
	4.7	Irrigation facilities in India
	4.8	Productivity of agriculture
	4.9	Land holdings in India
	4.10	Land reforms in India
	4.11	Green Revolution in India
	4.12	Rural credit in India
	4.13	Rural Indebtedness in India
	4.14	Agricultural Marketing
Chapter5: Industrial Sector		
	5.0	Introduction
	5.1	Significance of the Indian Industrial Sector in Post- Reform Period
	5.2	Industrial Policy Resolution 1948
	5.3	Industrial Policy Resolution 1956
	5.4	Industrial Policy Resolution 1991
	5.5	National Manufacturing Policy
	5.6	Disinvestment
	5.7	National Investment Fund(NIF)
	5.8	Foreign Direct Investment
	5.9	Special Economic Zones(SEZs)
	5.10	Causes of industrial backwardness in India
	5.11	Small Scale Enterprises(MSMEs)
	5.12	Industrial Estates
	5.13	Industrial Finance in India
	5.14	The Industrial Development under the Five Year Plans in India
Chapter 6: Tertiary Sector		

	6.0	Introduction
	6.1	Importance of Services Sector
	6.2	India's Services Sector
	6.3	State-wise Comparison of Services
	6.4	Infrastructure Development
	6.5	Tourism
	6.6	Banking and Insurance
	6.7	Communication
	6.8	Science and Technology
	6.9	Software Industry in India
Chapter7: Planning and Economic Reforms		
	7.1	Meaning of Planning
	7.2	NITI Ayog
	7.3	Five Year Plans in India
	7.4	XII Five Year Plan
	7.5	Regional Imbalances
	7.6	Role of Trade in Economic Development
	7.7	Economic Reforms in India
	7.8	GATT
	7.9	WTO
Chapter8: Environment and Sustainable Economic Development		
	8.1	Environment
	8.2	Economic Development
	8.3	Environment and Economic Linkages
	8.4	Harmony between Environment & Economy
Chapter 9:Economy of Andhra Pradesh		
	9.1	History of Andhra Pradesh
	9.2	Characteristic features of A.P.Economy
	9.3	Demographic features
	9.4	Occupational distribution of labour
	9.5	Health Sector
	9.6	Education
	9.7	Environment
	9.8	Agricultural Sector

	9.9	Industrial Sector
	9.10	Service and Infrastructure sector
	9.11	Information and Technology
	9.12	Tourism
	9.13	Andhra Pradesh and Welfare Programmes/ Schemes
Chapter 10: Economic Statistics		
	10.1	Measures of Dispersion
	10.2	Definitions of Dispersion
	10.3	Importance of Measuring Variation
	10.4	Properties of a good measure of variation
	10.5	Methods of studying variation
	10.6	Measures of Dispersion for average
	10.7	Lorenz Curve
	10.8	Correlation
	10.9	Index Numbers
	10.10	Weighted Aggregation Method