Andhra Pradesh State Council of Higher Education

Notations:

Change Theme:

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1.Options shown in green color and with ✓ icon are correct.

2.Options shown in red color and with **x** icon are incorrect.

| Question Paper Name : | Metallurgy 30th May 2023 Shift 1 |
|---|----------------------------------|
| Duration : | 120 |
| Total Marks : | 120 |
| Display Marks: | No |
| Share Answer Key With Delivery Engine : | Yes |
| Calculator : | None |
| Magnifying Glass Required?: | No |
| Ruler Required?: | No |
| Eraser Required?: | No |
| Scratch Pad Required? : | No |
| Rough Sketch/Notepad Required?: | No |
| Protractor Required? : | No |
| Show Watermark on Console? : | Yes |
| Highlighter : | No |
| Auto Save on Console? | Yes |
| Change Font Color : | No |
| Change Background Color : | No |

No

No

No

Show Progress Bar: No

Is this Group for Examiner? : No

Examiner permission : Cant View

Show Progress Bar?: No

Metallurgy

Section Id: 78773227

Section Number:

Mandatory or Optional: Mandatory

Number of Questions: 120

Section Marks: 120

Enable Mark as Answered Mark for Review and

Yes Clear Response:

Maximum Instruction Time: 0

Is Section Default?: null

Question Number : 1 Question Id : 7877323121 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question

Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

Which of the following is not considered as Coal?

- 1. * Anthracite
- 2. * Lignite
- 3. Cassiterite

Bituminous

Question Number: 2 Question Id: 7877323122 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

In a mineral processing operation, the concentrate grade and recovery is generally having the following relation

Options:

- Directly proportional
- 2. Inversely proportional
- 3. * Equal
- Grade is always greater than recovery

Question Number : 3 Question Id : 7877323123 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question

Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction

Time : 0

Which is not a unit step in mineral processing operation

- Liberation
- Transportation

- 3. * Separation
- 4. * Sieving

Question Number: 4 Question Id: 7877323124 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question

Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

An iron ore flotation plant treats 600 tph of iron ore with feed grade 52% to upgrade it to 61% with a concentrate yield of 420 tph. Calculate the recovery (in %) of the process.

Options:

- 1. * 70
- 2. * 66.8
- 3. 🗸 82.1
- 4. * 76.8

Question Number : 5 Question Id : 7877323125 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question

Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction

Time : 0

In a ball mill of diameter 1200 mm, 60 mm diameter steel bars are being used for grinding at a speed of 20 rpm. Calculate the critical speed of the ball mill (in rpm).

Options:

1. * 41.85

2. ***** 11.25
3. ***** 56.02

Question Number : 6 Question Id : 7877323126 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

Pine oil is a common example of

Options:

- Collector
- 2. * Activator
- 3. Frother
- Depressant

Question Number : 7 Question Id : 7877323127 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question

Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction

Time : 0

Coal quality increases in the following order

Options:

- Anthracite \rightarrow Bituminous \rightarrow Lignite \rightarrow Peat
- Anthracite \rightarrow Lignite \rightarrow Bituminous \rightarrow Peat
- 3 ✓ Peat → Lignite → Bituminous → Anthracite
- Lignite → Bituminous → Peat → Anthracite

Question Number : 8 Question Id : 7877323128 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

The process of shutting down the furnace is called as

Options:

- 1. Blow down
- 2. * Hanging
- 3. Cold shut
- 4. * Back drafting

Question Number: 9 Question Id: 7877323129 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

| Nea | ar the Tuyere (inside the race way), the gas atmosphere is | | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Optio | ons: | | |
| 1. 🕊 | Reducing | | |
| 2. 🗸 | Oxidising | | |
| 3. 💥 | Neutral | | |
| 4. 💥 | First reducing & then oxidizing | | |
| | tion Number : 10 Question Id : 7877323130 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question latory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction : 0 | | |
| High top pressure in blast furnace | | | |
| Optio | ons: | | |
| 1. 🗸 | Decreases solution loss reaction | | |
| 2. 🗶 | Increases the water shift reaction | | |
| 3. 🗱 | First decreases the solution loss reaction and then increases | | |
| 4. 🗶 | First increases the water shift reaction and then decreases | | |

Time: 0

Question Number: 11 Question Id: 7877323131 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

Sequence of removal of impurities in blast furnace steel making

Options:

- Si, Mn, C, P
- 2. V Si, Mn, P, C
- 3. **≈** Si, C, P, Mn
- 4. × Si, C, Mn, P

Question Number : 12 Question Id : 7877323132 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

The nozzle used in the lance of LD steel making is

- 1. Convergent
- 2. * Divergent
- 3. Convergent-Divergent
- Divergent-Convergent

Question Number: 13 Question Id: 7877323133 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

Which purpose is not solved by calcium treatment in steel melt?

Options:

- Inclusion modification
- Deep deoxidation
- Deep desulphurisation
- 4. ✓ Deep dephosphorisation

Question Number: 14 Question Id: 7877323134 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

Which is not a function of electromagnetic stirring in continuous casting

- Promote an equiaxed grain at centre
- Reduce slag entrapment
- Reduce pin hole on the surface

Reduce mould powder entrapment

Question Number : 15 Question Id : 7877323135 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction

Killing of liquid steel is essential to control

Options:

Time: 0

1. V Soluble O

2. Soluble C

3. * Soluble N

4. * Soluble S

Question Number : 16 Question Id : 7877323136 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

Thickness of solid shell is related to time (t) of solidification in this way

Options:

1. **x** t²

2. 🗱 🧻



4. * t³

Question Number: 17 Question Id: 7877323137 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

Vacuum Degassing depends upon the

Options:

1. Sieverts' Law

2. * Roult's Law

3. # Henry Law

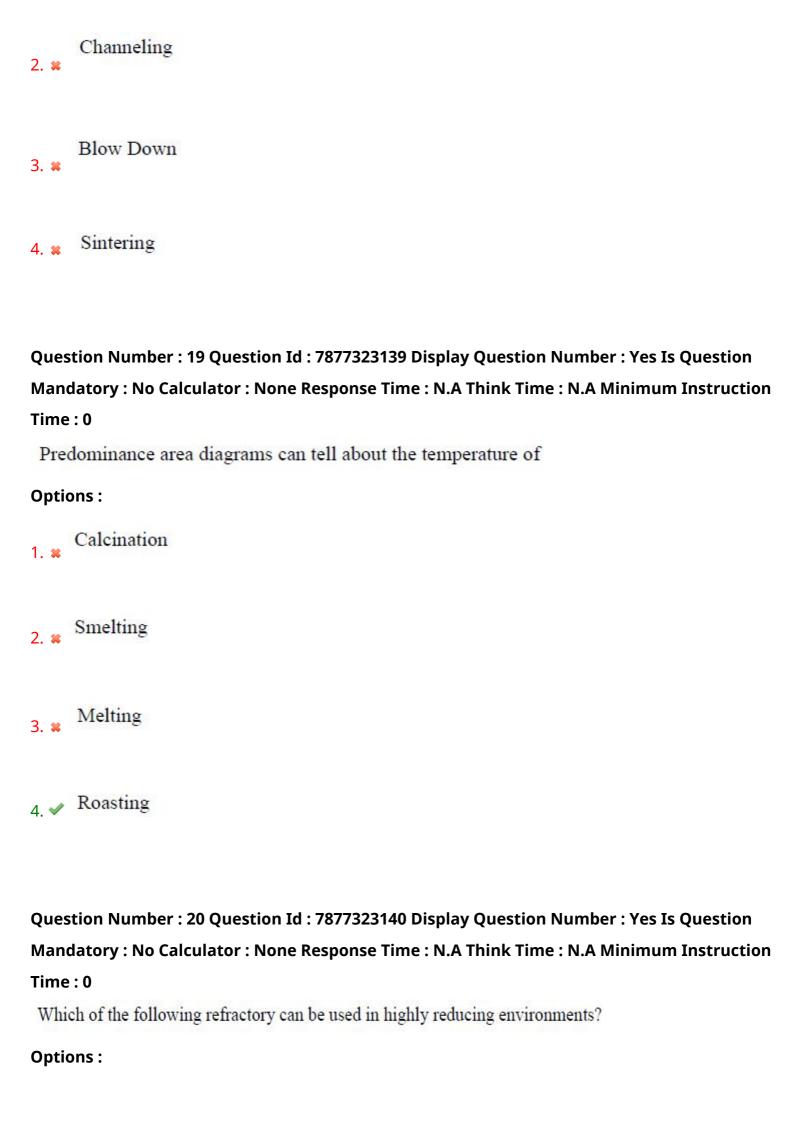
4. Biot's Law

Question Number: 18 Question Id: 7877323138 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

Bridging and Wedging Takes Place in

Options:

1. Scaffolding



- 1. ✓ Carbon Graphite
- 2. × Silica
- 3. * Zirconia
- 4. * Alumina

Question Number : 21 Question Id : 7877323141 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction

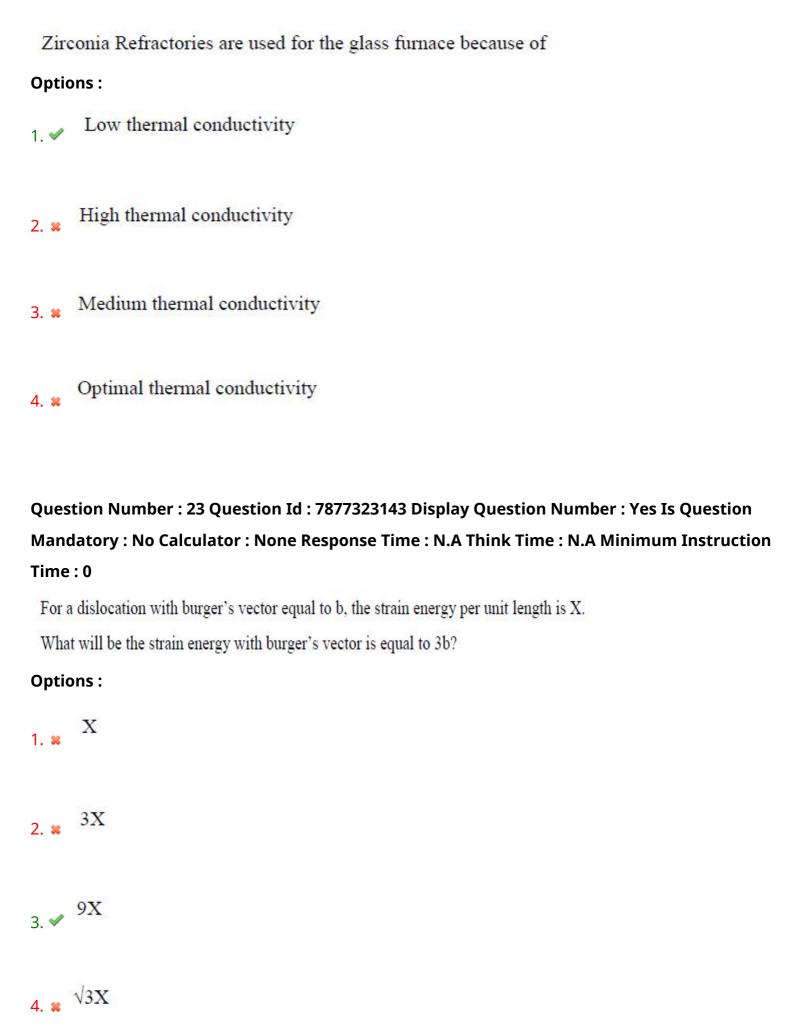
Super refractories have a fusion Temperature (in °C) of

Options:

Time: 0

- 1. * < 2000
- 2. > 2000
- 3. * 1500
- 4. * 1780

Question Number : 22 Question Id : 7877323142 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0



| Question Number : 24 Question Id : 7877323144 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0 |
|--|
| In case of screw dislocation, the stresses around dislocation are |
| Options : |
| 1. * tensile in nature for right-hand screw dislocation |
| tensile in nature for left-hand screw dislocation 2. ** |
| 3. * compressive in nature for right-hand screw dislocation |
| 4. 	✓ there are no tensile or compressive normal stresses |
| Question Number : 25 Question Id : 7877323145 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0 |
| If the surface crack causing fracture in a brittle material is made twice as deep, the fracture strength will |
| Options : |
| 1. 	✓ decrease by a factor of √2 |
| decrease by a factor of 2 |
| 3. * decrease by a factor of 22 |

4. * not change

Question Number : 26 Question Id : 7877323146 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

The minimum thickness of the material to achieve the condition of plane strain is given by

Options:

$$B = 2.5 (KIC/\sigma_0)$$

$$B = 2.5 (KIC/\sigma_0)^2$$

3. *
$$B = 2.5 (KIC/\sigma_0)^{1/2}$$

4. *
$$B = 2.5 (KIC/\sigma_0)^{-1/2}$$

Question Number: 27 Question Id: 7877323147 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

Which of the following strengthening mechanism is most effective in increasing the creep resistance of the material?

Options:

Precipitation hardening

| 2. * Strain hardening |
|--|
| Dispersion strengthening 3. ✓ |
| 4. * Solid solution strengthening |
| Question Number: 28 Question Id: 7877323148 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0 Which of the following is not a high-temperature application precipitate? |
| Options: |
| 1. * VC |
| 2. * TiC |
| 3. * Cr23C6 |
| 4. 	✓ Cu ₃ Al |
| Question Number : 29 Question Id : 7877323149 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0 |
| Which of the following phenomena is not associated with dislocation? |
| Options: |

1.

Stacking fault Lomer-Cottrell barrier Pourbix curve Frank-reed source Question Number: 30 Question Id: 7877323150 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0 During a cycling loading of the stress, which of the following value cannot be equal to zero? **Options:** Mean pressure Minimum stress Maximum stress Range of stress

Question Number : 31 Question Id : 7877323151 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

If the stress ratio is given by R, and the amplitude ratio is given by A, the relationship between R and A is given as

Options:

$$A = R$$

$$A = (1-R)/(1+R)$$

$$A = (1+R)/(1-R)$$

Question Number: 32 Question Id: 7877323152 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

A uniform cylinder of length L is elongated to twice of its original length. Calculate true strain and engineering strain for the cylinder in percentage?

- Engineering strain = 100%, True strain = 69.31%
- 2. Engineering strain = 69.31%, True strain = 100%
- Engineering strain = 50%, True strain = 50%

Engineering strain = 50%, True strain = 100%

Question Number: 33 Question Id: 7877323153 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

Which of the following is correct?

Options:

- Trans granular crack: crack propagates through the grain
- Intergranular crack: crack propagates through the grain
- Trans granular crack: crack propagates along the grain boundary
- Intergranular crack: crack propagates along the surface of the sample

Question Number: 34 Question Id: 7877323154 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

Work hardening strengthens an alloy by

- Removing internal defects in the crystal structure
- Increasing the dislocation density

Decreasing the grain size of alloy Increasing the lattice resistance to dislocation motion Question Number: 35 Question Id: 7877323155 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0 The material property which is not desired for shock load applications? **Options:** 1. ✓ Low toughness High damping Low hardness 4. High toughness Question Number: 36 Question Id: 7877323156 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0 A dislocation gliding on a given slip plane moves to another slip plane inclined to the first plane

Options:

It is a screw dislocation undergoing cross-slip.

| It is an edge dislocation undergoing cross-slip. |
|---|
| 2. * |
| It is a screw dislocation undergoing climb. |
| 3. * |
| It is an edge dislocation undergoing climb. |
| |
| Question Number : 37 Question Id : 7877323157 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question |
| Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction |
| Time: 0 |
| In the design of a fan-blade for household application, which mechanical property is least important? |
| |
| Options : |
| Elastic modulus of the material |
| 1. * |
| 2. Density of the material |
| 2. • |
| 3. Creep strength of the material |
| 3. ▼ |
| Recyclability of the material |
| 4. * |
| |
| Question Number : 38 Question Id : 7877323158 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question |
| Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction |
| Time: 0 |

| The ductile to brittle transition temperature in metal is around $__$ of melting point (T_m) ? |
|--|
| Options : |
| 1. 2 0.1 |
| 2. * 0.5 |
| 3. ** |
| 4. * 0.0001 |
| Question Number : 39 Question Id : 7877323159 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction |
| Time: 0 |
| Which of the following phenomena is responsible for the formation of sessile dislocation? |
| Options : |
| Lomer-Cottrell barriers 1. |
| Frank read source |
| 3. * Age hardening |
| Dislocation jog and kink 4. * |
| |

Question Number : 40 Question Id : 7877323160 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

What is the temperature over which ductile material converts into a brittle material?

Options:

- 1. × 100°
- 2. **×** 10°
- 3. **×** 50°
- 4. **✓** 2°

Question Number : 41 Question Id : 7877323161 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

What is the stress required to move a dislocation when the width of dislocation is equal to the Burger's vector of the dislocation?

- 1. **x** G
- G/1027
- 3. **✓** G/400

| | | G/2 |
|----|---|-----|
| 4. | × | |

Question Number: 42 Question Id: 7877323162 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

The nature of fracture in Charpy test is not determined by _____

Options:

- distance hammer travelled after impact
- appearance of the fracture surface
- the amount of energy absorbed
- 4.

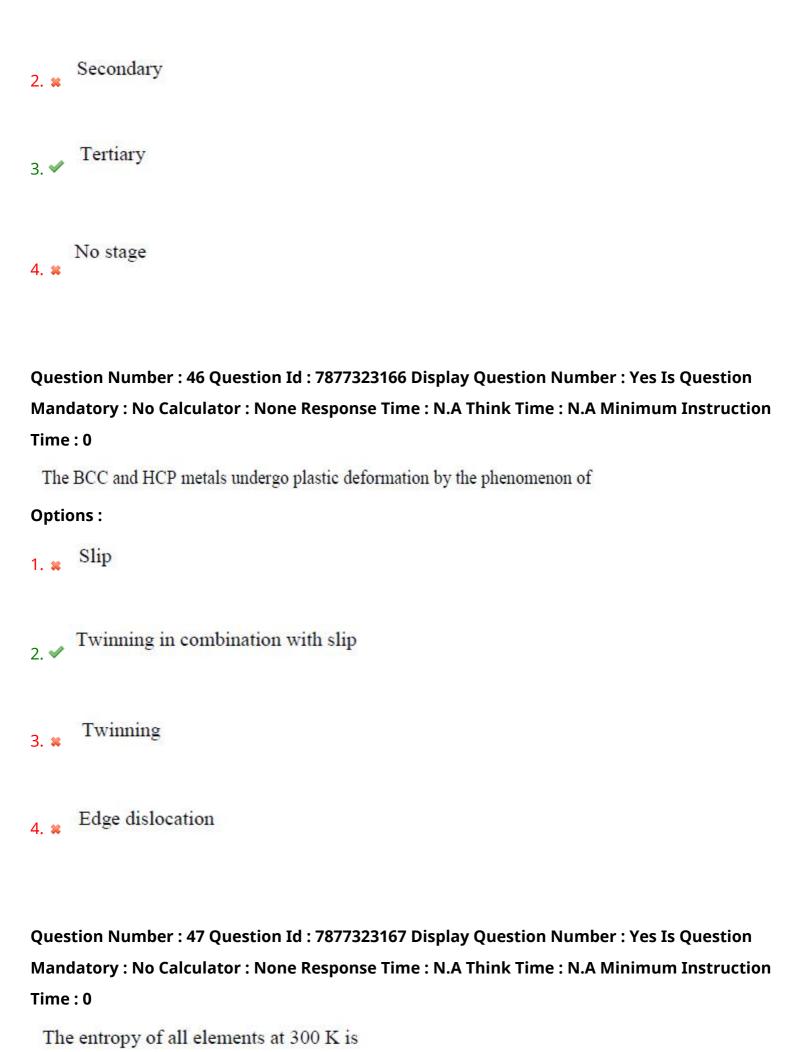
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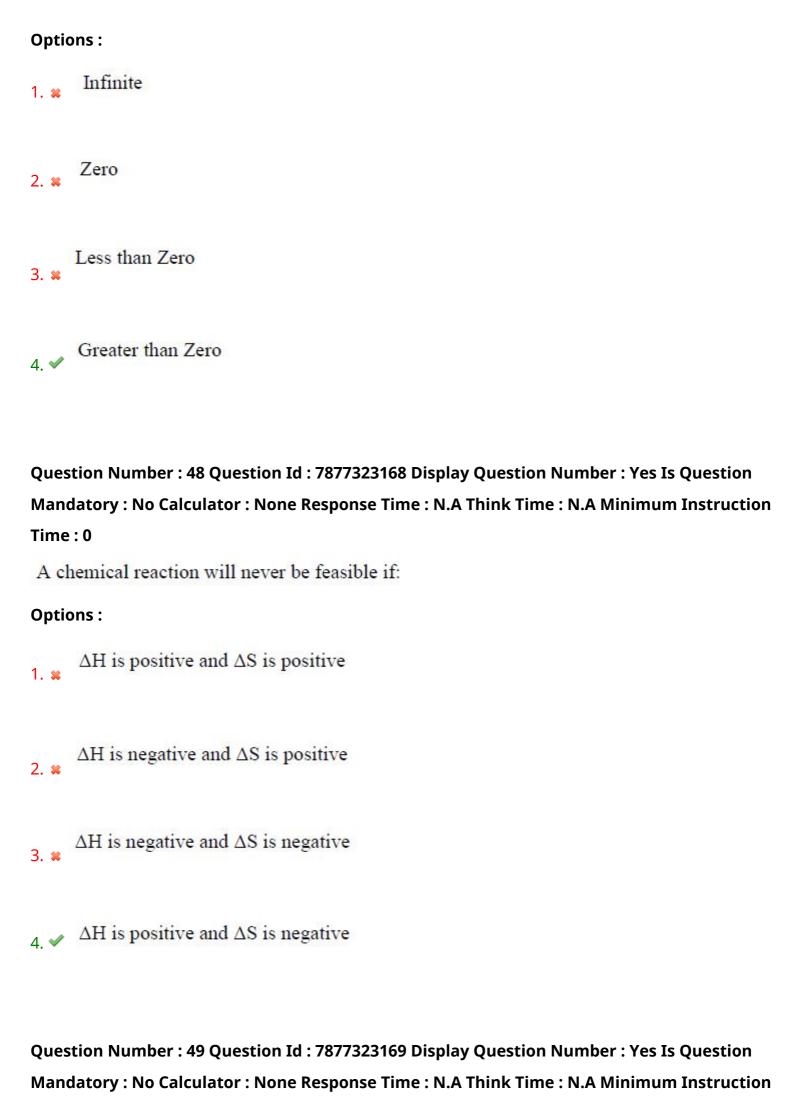
Question Number: 43 Question Id: 7877323163 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

Which of the following material has highest tendency for ductile to brittle transition?

- FCC
- 2. ✓ BCC

3. ***** HCP DBTT does depends on crystal structure 4. * Question Number: 44 Question Id: 7877323164 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0 The creep becomes significant above _____ of the homologous temperature. **Options:** 1. × 0.2 2. * 0.1 3. 🗸 0.5 4. * 0.9 Question Number: 45 Question Id: 7877323165 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0 Which state of the creep curve state is associated with the metallurgical changes in the material? **Options:** Primary





Time: 0

"Enthalpy change for a reaction is independent of the number of ways a product can be obtained, if the initial and final conditions are the same," This is stated by

Options:

- Second law of thermodynamics
- 2. Hess Law
- 3. * Kirchhoff's Law
- Third law of thermodynamics

Question Number : 50 Question Id : 7877323170 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction

The following relation is true for entropy

Options:

Time: 0

- Gas < Liquid < Solid
- 2. ✓ Solid < Liquid < Gas
- Solid < Gas < Liquid
 3.

 ■
- Liquid ≤ Solid ≤ Gas

Question Number : 51 Question Id : 7877323171 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

If 'a' is initial molar concentration of the substance and (a - x) is the molar concentration after time t. Then the rate constant for 2nd order reaction is proportional to:

Options:

1.
$$\checkmark$$
 $\frac{x}{a(a-x)}$

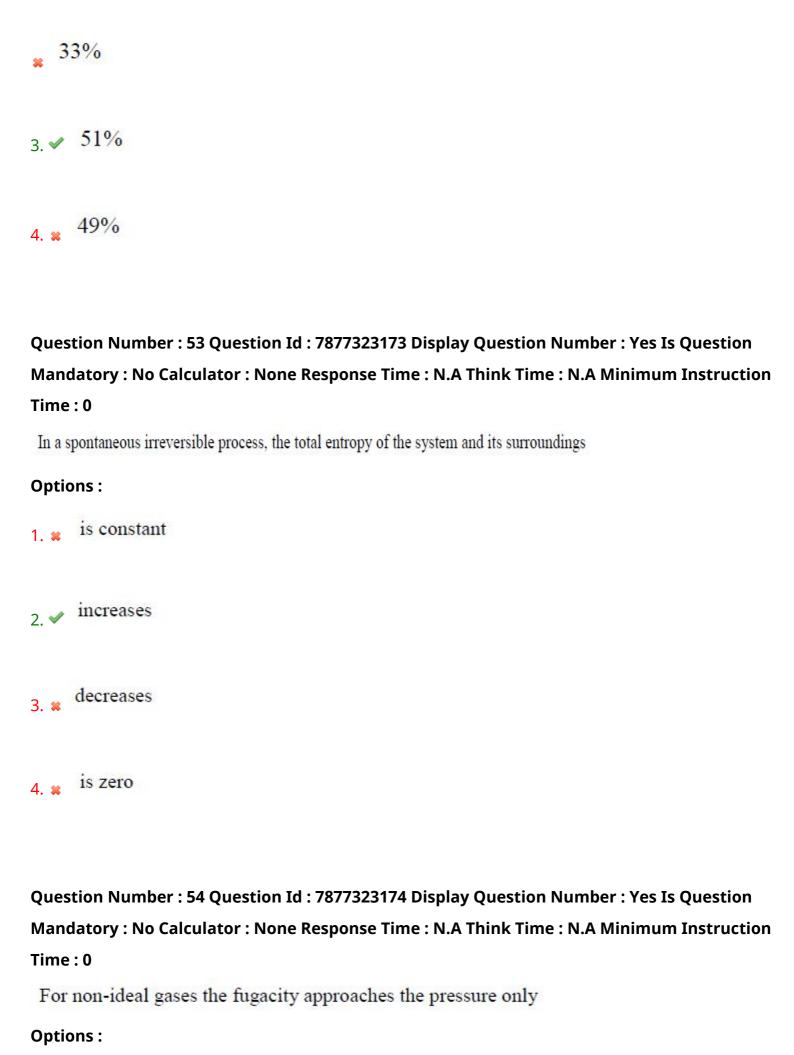
$$\ln(\frac{x}{a(a-x)})$$

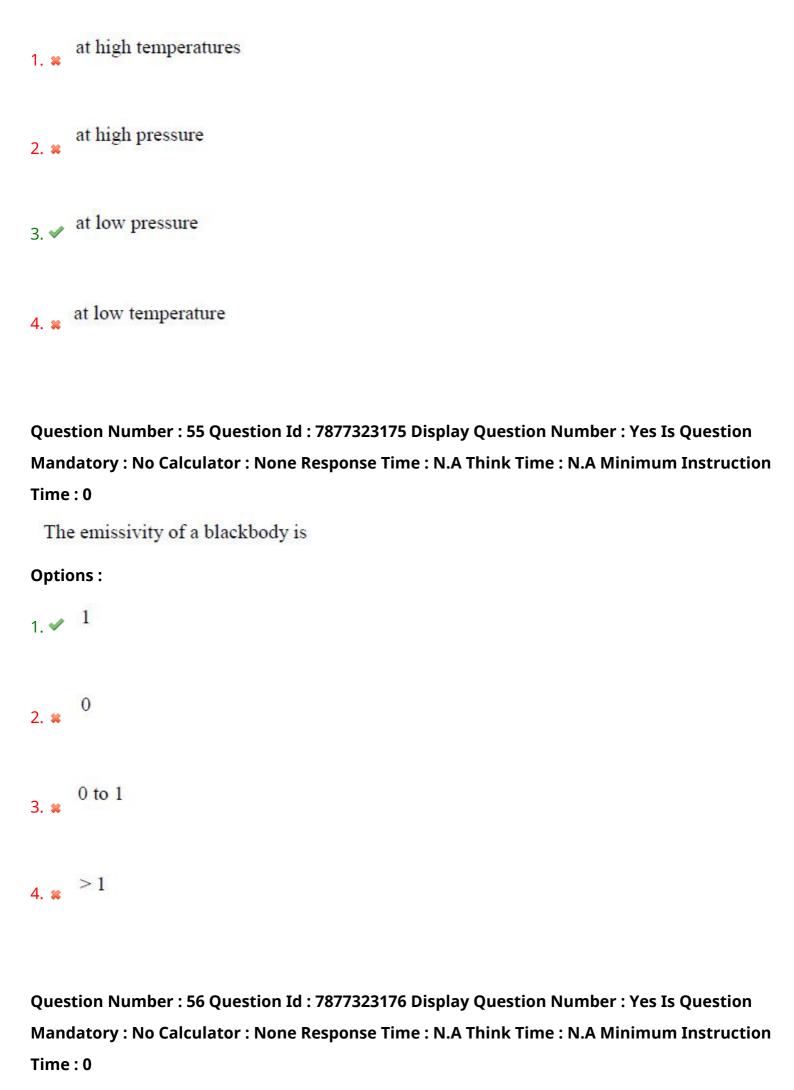
$$\frac{a}{x(a-x)}$$

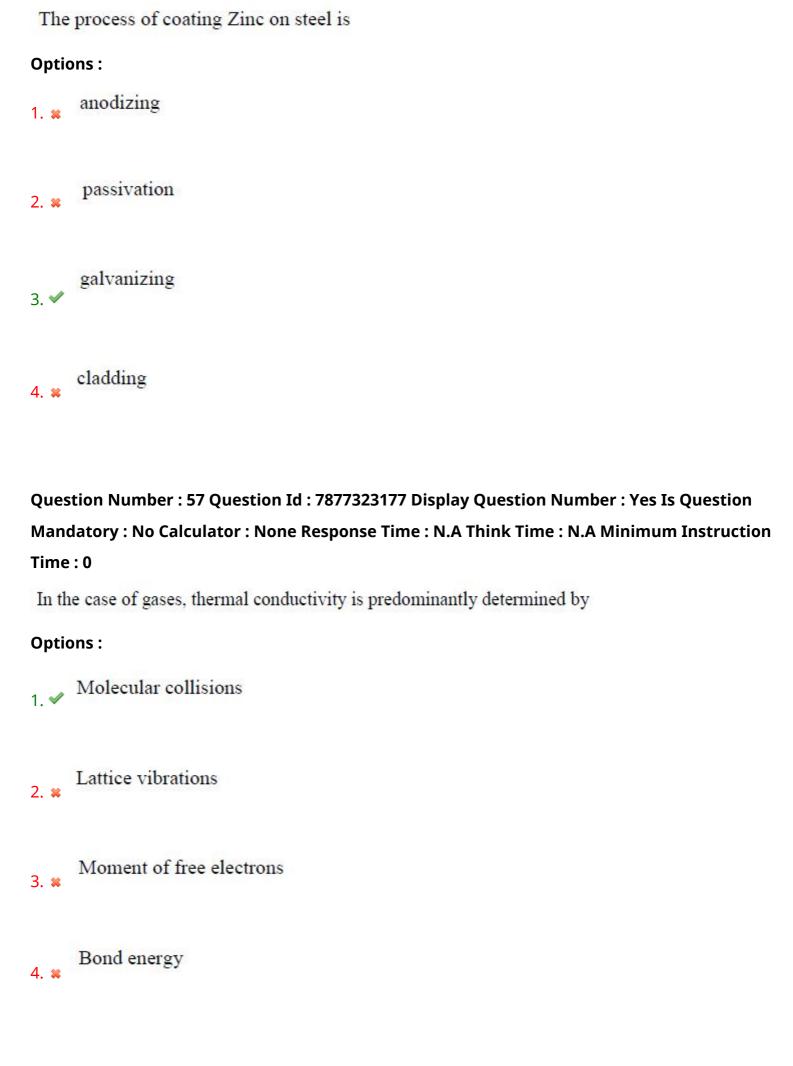
$$\ln(\frac{a}{x(a-x)})$$

Question Number : 52 Question Id : 7877323172 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

The efficiency of the heat engine if the temperature decreases from 900°C to 300°C after the work done:







| Question Number : 58 Question Id : 7877323178 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question |
|--|
| Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction |
| Time: 0 |
| Austenitic stainless steels are corrosion resistant because of |
| Options: |
| Austenitic structure 1. ** |
| high carbon and high chromium content 2. ** |
| high nickel content 3. ** |
| low carbon and high chromium content 4. ✓ |
| Question Number : 59 Question Id : 7877323179 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0 |
| Example for steady-state diffusion |
| Options: |
| 1. 	✓ Hydrogen purification by palladium sheet |
| Doping semi-conductors 2. ** |
| Corrosion resistance of duralumin |
| |

Decarburization of steel

Question Number : 60 Question Id : 7877323180 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

The fastest diffusing species in Fe is

Options:

- 1. Ni
- 2. ✔ H
- 3. *****
- 4. * C

Question Number : 61 Question Id : 7877323181 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction

If Pt and Co are electrically connected, which one gets corroded

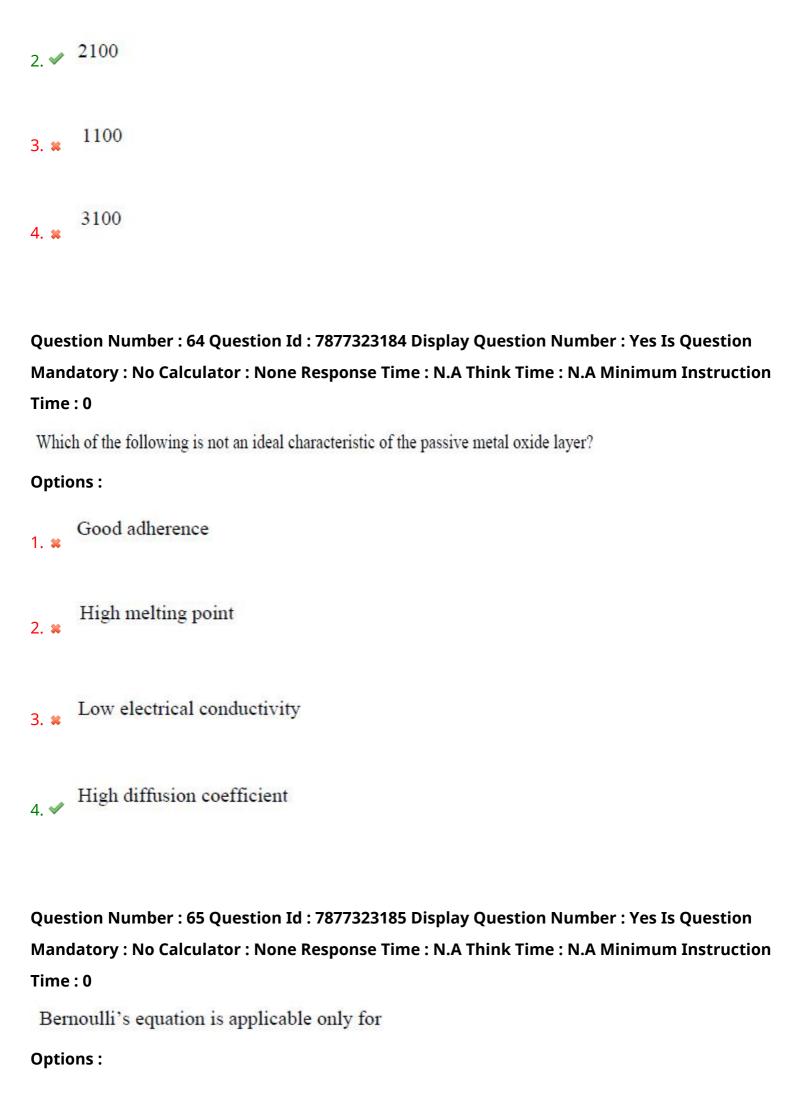
Options:

Time: 0

- 1. * Pt
- 2. **C**o

Both Pt and Co Cannot decide 4. * Question Number: 62 Question Id: 7877323182 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0 Diffusion is faster in **Options:** High melting temperature materials large diffusing atoms 3. V low density materials covalent bonded materials 4. ** Question Number: 63 Question Id: 7877323183 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0 Laminar flow of a Newtonion fluid ceases to exist, when the Reynolds number exceeds Options:

1. * 4100



| 1. 🗶 | Irrotational flow | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| 2. 💥 | Viscous flow | | |
| 3. 🗸 | Incompressible flow | | |
| 4. 🗶 | Compressible flow | | |
| Question Number : 66 Question Id : 7877323186 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instructio Time : 0 | | | |
| Whic | ch of the following is/are the characteristics of a metal oxide if the Pilling and Bed | | |
| wortl | n ratio is less than 1? | | |
| Optio | ons: | | |
| 1. 🗷 | Protective oxide layer | | |
| 2. 🗸 | Unprotective and insufficient oxide | | |
| 3. * | Unprotective oxide | | |
| 4. 🗶 | Unprotective and sufficient oxide | | |
| | | | |

Question Number : 67 Question Id : 7877323187 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question

| Mandato | ory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction | |
|--|---|--|
| Time: 0 | | |
| A body | y obeying Kirchoffs law is known as | |
| Options | : | |
| 1. * | ack body | |
| 2. ✓ gre | ey body | |
| 3. * wl | hite body | |
| 4. * tra | ansparent body | |
| Question Number : 68 Question Id : 7877323188 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction | | |
| Time: 0 | | |
| Which | of the following inhibitor is used for steel in the water? | |
| Options | : | |
| 1. * | odium silicate | |
| Al 2. * | lkali metal nitrates | |
| 3. ✓ Be | enzoic acid | |
| 4. * Bo | oron trifluoride | |

Question Number : 69 Question Id : 7877323189 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

Specific conductance is expressed in terms of

Options:

- Ohm cm⁻¹
- 2. ✓ Ohm⁻¹ cm⁻¹
- 3. **★** Ohm⁻¹ cm
- Ohm cm

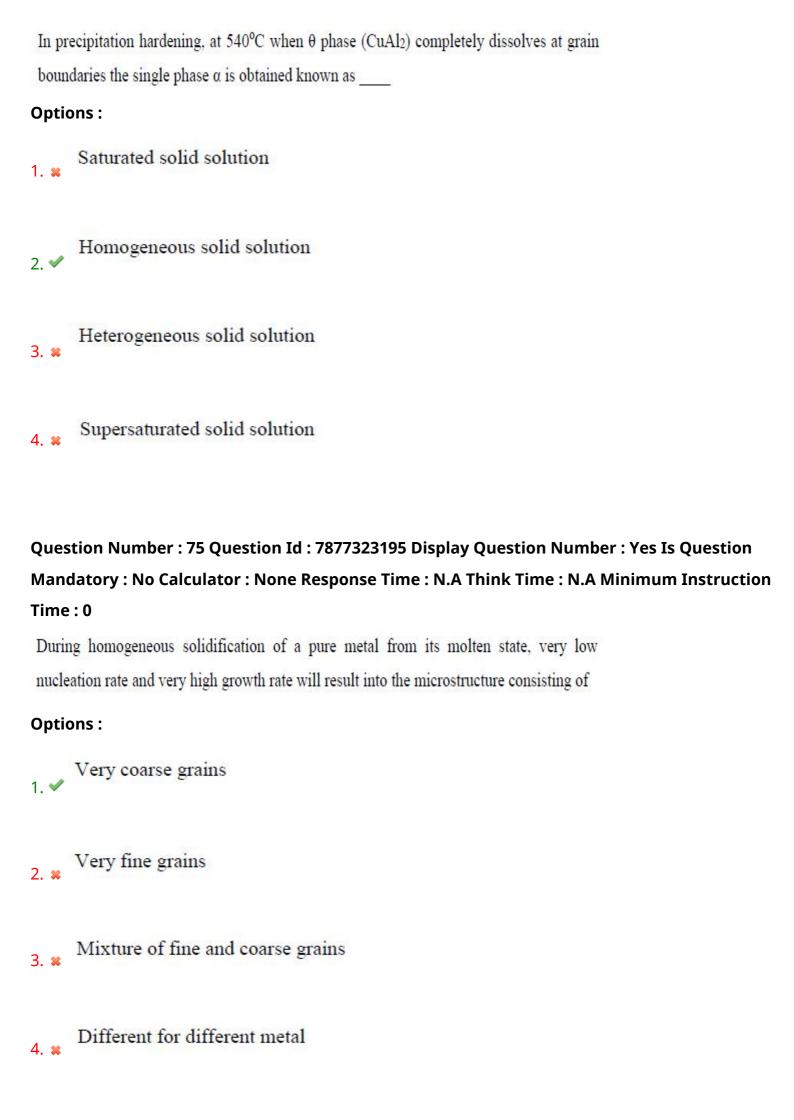
Question Number: 70 Question Id: 7877323190 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

Activation energy of a chemical reaction, homogeneous or heterogeneous, is graphically estimated from a plot (where, k is the rate constant and T is the absolute temperature) between

- k versus T
- 1/k versus T

1/k versus ln T 4. ✓ ln k versus 1/T Question Number: 71 Question Id: 7877323191 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0 Which of the following types of polymers is least likely to crystallize? **Options:** Syndiotactic polymers 1. ** Isotactic polymers 3. Block copolymers Alternating copolymers Question Number: 72 Question Id: 7877323192 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0 Identify the wrong statement. **Options:** β -brass is an intermediate solid solution

| 2. * | Ordered β-brass is a substitutional solid solution |
|---------------|---|
| 3. 🗸 D | Disordered β-brass is an interstitial solid solution |
| 4. * T | he lattice of ordered β-brass is cubic-P |
| _ | on Number : 73 Question Id : 7877323193 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question tory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction |
| Which | n of the following statement is correct? |
| Options | s: |
| 1. x B | Below the critical nucleation rate, rapid nucleation takes place. |
| 2. * | Nucleation rate always increases with increase in undercooling. |
| 3. * | Barrier to nucleation increases with increase in undercooling. |
| | Indercooling required for homogeneous nucleation is larger than that for eterogeneous nucleation under the similar condition. |
| | on Number : 74 Question Id : 7877323194 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question tory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction |



Question Number : 76 Question Id : 7877323196 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

For same critical size of nucleus (r*), which of the following statement is correct for free energy barrier to nucleation and nucleation rate for homogeneous and heterogeneous nucleation? [Assume contact angle $\theta < 180^{\circ}$]

Options:

- (ΔG^*) homo = (ΔG^*) hetero and Ihomo = Ihetero always
- (ΔG^*) homo $< (\Delta G^*)$ hetero and Ihomo > Ihetero
- 3. \checkmark (ΔG^*)homo > (ΔG^*)hetero and Ihomo < Ihetero
- (ΔG^*) homo and Ihomo can be greater than or less than (ΔG^*) hetero and Ihetero

Question Number: 77 Question Id: 7877323197 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

If a hypereutectoid steel sample is heated to 1000°C in a furnace and then continuously cooled in air to room temperature then the microstructure obtained will be

- Pearlite + Bainite
- Pearlite + Martensite

- 3. * Pearlite +Ferrite
- 4. ✓ Pearlite + Cementite

Question Number: 78 Question Id: 7877323198 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

For some arbitrary reaction, the change in free energy is negative ($\Delta G < 0$). Then, which one of the following statements is correct

Options:

- The reaction is spontaneous but it may or may not happen of its own.
- The reaction is spontaneous and will happen of its own.
- The reaction is non-spontaneous and will happen of its own.
- The reaction is non-spontaneous and will not happen of its own

Question Number : 79 Question Id : 7877323199 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

During interface-controlled growth, with increase in the degree of undercooling the growth rate

Options:

1.

| * Always increases | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| 2. * Always decreases | | | |
| 3. ✓ First increases then decreases | | | |
| 4. * First decreases then increases | | | |
| Question Number : 80 Question Id : 7877323200 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0 | | | |
| At the peak aged condition, the alloy will have | | | |
| Options: | | | |
| 1. Large number of fine precipitates | | | |
| 2. * Large number of coarse precipitates | | | |
| 3. * Small number of fine precipitates | | | |
| 4. * Small number of coarse precipitates | | | |
| | | | |
| Question Number : 81 Question Id : 7877323201 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question | | | |
| Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction | | | |
| Time: 0 | | | |

Interstitial diffusion is faster than the vacancy diffusion in solid state diffusion due to **Options:** Small probability of finding a free interstitial site around interstitial atom in case of interstitial diffusion 1. 🛭 High probability of finding a free interstitial site around interstitial atom in case of 2. v interstitial diffusion Small activation energy required for vacancy diffusion Large activation energy required for interstitial diffusion Question Number: 82 Question Id: 7877323202 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0 Choose the correct statement related to the heat treatment practices **Options:** Pearlite is a phase similar to the other phases of steel. 1. 38 Martensite forms due to air cooling of low carbon steel 2. **

Pearlite becomes finer with increase in cooling rate.

The crystal structure of austenite is BCT.

Question Number: 83 Question Id: 7877323203 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

Which of the following is incorrect for diffusion-controlled growth?

Options:

- Parabolic growth
- Growth is proportional to supersaturation
- 3. * Velocity is inversely proportional to time
- Growth rate is constant for a given undercooling

Question Number: 84 Question Id: 7877323204 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

Which of the following property of the material is required for the residual stress measurement from XRD?

- 1. X-ray elastic constant
- Hardness of the material
- 3. * Bragg angle

4. * Atomic number

Question Number: 85 Question Id: 7877323205 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

Scanning electron microscope is operated in Secondary electron mode to get better

Options:

- Elemental contrast
- Crystallographic details
- Topographical contrast
- Image quality

Question Number : 86 Question Id : 7877323206 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

Which of the following is the correct pathway of electrons in the TEM?

- anode → electromagnetic lens system → sample → fluorescent screen
 - anode \rightarrow electromagnetic lens system \rightarrow sample \rightarrow electromagnetic lens system \rightarrow
- 2.
 fluorescent screen

cathode \rightarrow electromagnetic lens system \rightarrow sample \rightarrow electromagnetic lens system \rightarrow

fluorescent screen

cathode → electromagnetic lens system → sample → fluorescent screen

Question Number: 87 Question Id: 7877323207 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

Which one of the following is false for the matrix phase in a composite?

Options:

Bind fibers together

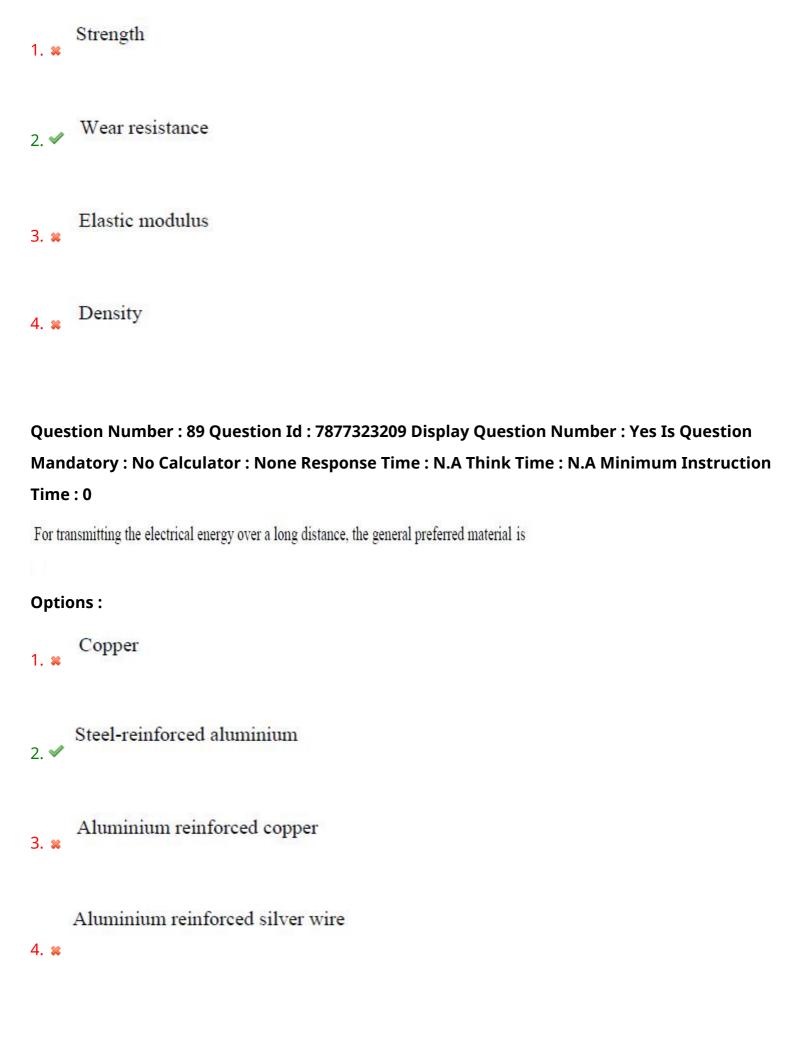
2. Serves as a barrier to crack propagation

Transmit and distribute externally applied stress to fibers

4. Higher elastic modulus than fiber

Question Number : 88 Question Id : 7877323208 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

Al-alloys for automobile parts are reinforced to increase



Question Number: 90 Question Id: 7877323210 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question

| Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction |
|---|
| Time: 0 |
| During electron-specimen interaction which of the following signals are not being used in TEM? |
| Options : |
| Elastically scattered electrons |
| Inelastically scattered electrons 2. ** |
| 3. ✓ Secondary electrons |
| 4. ** Transmitted electrons |
| Question Number : 91 Question Id : 7877323211 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instructio Time : 0 |
| Which of the following is used for making cavities and hollow projections in casting? |
| Options: |
| 1. ✓ Core |
| 2. * Core print |
| 3. * Muller |
| 4. * Padding |

Question Number: 92 Question Id: 7877323212 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

In casting, gating ratio is defined as the ratio of

Options:

- Sprue area : total runner area : total gate area
- Total gate area : sprue area : total runner area 2. *
- Total runner area : sprue area : total gate area
- Total runner area : total gate area : sprue area

Question Number : 93 Question Id : 7877323213 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

The directional solidification in casting can be improved by using

- Chills and chaplets
- Chaplets and padding
- Chills and padding

Chills, chaplets and padding

Question Number: 94 Question Id: 7877323214 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

Which of the following defects are likely to be caused because of improper ramming of moulding material?

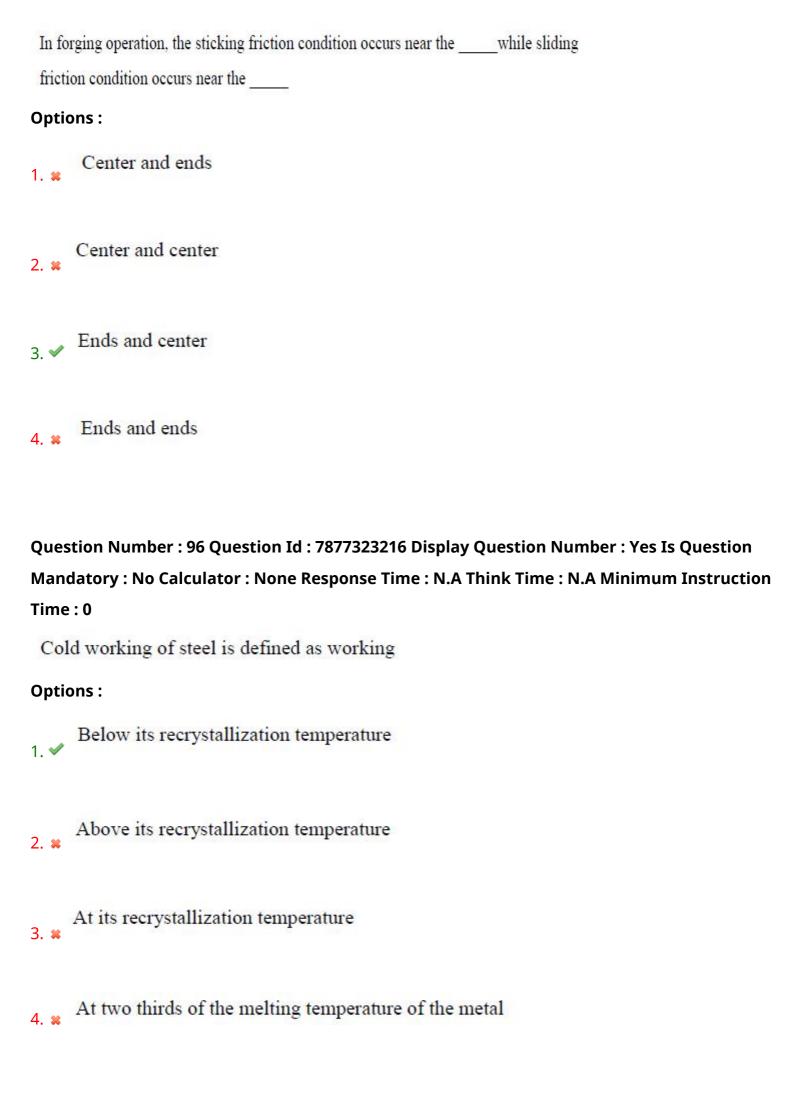
- (i) Cold shut
- (ii) Misrun
- (iii) Swell
- (iv) Drop
- (v) Metal penetration
- (vi) Shift

Options:

- i, iii and vi only
- 2. * ii, iv and vi only
- 3. ✓ iii, iv and v only
- 4. * ii, v and vi only

Question Number : 95 Question Id : 7877323215 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0



Question Number: 97 Question Id: 7877323217 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question

Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

With respect to metal working, match the following

Q: Defect in rolling II: Scab

R: Product of skew rolling III: Fish tail

S: Product of rolling through cluster mill IV: Seamless tube

V: Thin sheet with tight tolerance

VI: Semi-finished balls of ball bearing

Options:

P-II, Q-III, R-VI, S-V

2. P-III, Q-I, R-VI, S-V

P-III, Q-I, R-IV, S-VI

4. **★** P-I, Q-II, R-V, S-VI

Question Number : 98 Question Id : 7877323218 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question

Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

The value of true strain produced in compressing a cylinder to half its original length is

Options:

1. * 0.5

- 2. * -0.5
- 3. * 0.69
- 4. -0.69

Question Number: 99 Question Id: 7877323219 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

In a two-stage wire drawing operation, the fractional reduction (ratio of change in cross sectional area to initial cross-sectional area) In the first stage is 0.4. The fractional reduction in the second stage is 0.3. The overall fractional reduction is

Options:

- 1. 🗸 0.58
- 2. * 0.24
- 0.60
- 4. * 1.00

Question Number: 100 Question Id: 7877323220 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

A test specimen is stressed slightly beyond the yield point and then unloaded. Its yield strength

| Options : | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| 1. 🗶 | Decreases | | | |
| 2. 🗸 | Increases | | | |
| 3. 🗶 | Remains same | | | |
| 4. 🕊 | Becomes equal to UTS | | | |
| Question Number : 101 Question Id : 7877323221 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0 | | | | |
| In ro | olling of a flat strip, the relative velocity of strip with respect to the roller is | | | |
| Optio | ons : | | | |
| 1. 🕊 | Positive throughout from entry to exit plane | | | |
| 2. 🗶 | Positive at entry plane, negative at exit plane | | | |
| 3. 🗱 | Negative throughout from entry to exit plane | | | |
| 4. 🗸 | Negative at entry plane, positive at exit plane | | | |

| Question Number : 102 Question Id : 7877323222 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question |
|--|
| Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction |
| Time: 0 |
| Argon is preferred as shielding gas over helium during most inert gas welding processes due to |
| |
| P. Argon has higher ionization potential over helium |
| Q. Argon is heavier than helium |
| Options: |
| 1. * P |
| 2. • Q |
| 3. * P and Q |
| 4. * Neither P nor Q |
| Question Number : 103 Question Id : 7877323223 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question |
| Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction |
| Time: 0 |
| Spatter is a welding defect associated with the following type of metal transfer |
| Options: |
| 1. * Spray transfer |
| Globular transfer |
| Short circuit transfer 3. ** |

Pulse current mode of transfer

4. 🛚

Question Number: 104 Question Id: 7877323224 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question

 ${\bf Mandatory: No\ Calculator: None\ Response\ Time: N.A\ Think\ Time: N.A\ Minimum\ Instruction}$

Time: 0

What is the Creq/ Nieq ratio required for solving hot cracking in the Austenitic stainless steels welding?

Options:

1. 🗸

2. * 0.8

3. * 2.2

4. 🗱 0.5

Question Number: 105 Question Id: 7877323225 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

How do you resolve low HAZ toughness issue associated with carbon and low alloy steels?

Options:

Keep proper Mn/S ratio

1 😠

- 2. Use carbide and nitride formers
- Add deoxidizers in filler metal
- Post heating treatment

Question Number: 106 Question Id: 7877323226 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

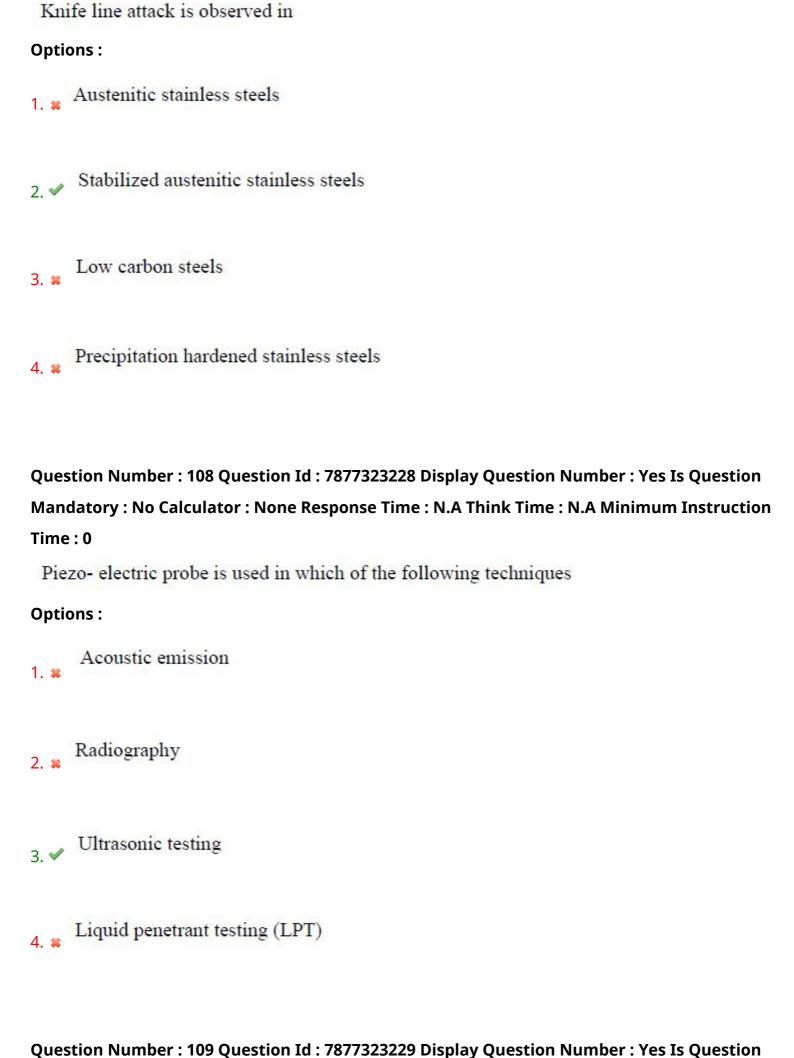
Find the incorrect statement about Cold cracking associated with steels.

Options:

It occurs due to presence of residual stresses in the material during cooling which can decrease the strength of the base material and can lead to catastrophic failure

- It occurs in the heat-affected zone of the base material.
- It is associated with the weld region of the base material as it solidifies
- It also occurs due to the presence of hydrogen in the material

Question Number: 107 Question Id: 7877323227 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0



| ${\bf Mandatory: No\ Calculator: None\ Response\ Time: N.A\ Think\ Time: N.A\ Minimum\ Instruction}$ | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Time: 0 | | | |
| Liquid penetrant testing can be used to detect | | | |
| Options: | | | |
| internal porosity in the casting 1. ** | | | |
| corrosion wall thinning in pipes and tubes 2. ** | | | |
| residual stresses in steels 3. ** | | | |
| fatigue cracks in magnesium alloy components | | | |
| Question Number : 110 Question Id : 7877323230 Display Question Number : Yes Is Question | | | |
| Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction | | | |
| Time: 0 | | | |
| What criteria should be followed for choosing a right filler wire to solve hot cracking | | | |
| problem in Al alloys? | | | |
| Options : | | | |
| Filler wire must have low hydrogen content | | | |
| Filler wire must be stronger than the base material 2. ** | | | |
| Filler wire must produce back filling effect | | | |
| | | | |

4. **

Question Number: 111 Question Id: 7877323231 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

Sum of the series
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{3}{n(n+1)} + \frac{1}{2^n} \right)$$
 is

Options:

Question Number: 112 Question Id: 7877323232 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

The value of $\iint_S F \cdot ds$, where $F(x, y, z) = 3xy^2 i + xe^z j + z^3 k$ and S is the surface of solid bounded by the cylinder $y^2 + z^2 = 1$ and the planes x = -1 and x = 2 is

$$2\pi$$

$$\frac{3\pi}{4}$$

$$\frac{9\pi}{2}$$

Question Number: 113 Question Id: 7877323233 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

The shortest distance from the point (1,0,-2) to the plane x+2y+z=4 is

$$\frac{5}{6}\sqrt{6}$$

$$\frac{15}{\sqrt{6}}$$

Question Number: 114 Question Id: 7877323234 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

The solution of the differential equation $\left(1 + e^{\frac{x}{y}}\right) dx + e^{\frac{x}{y}} \left(1 - \frac{x}{y}\right) dy = 0$ is

Options:

$$y + x e^{\frac{x}{y}} = C$$

$$x + y e^{\frac{x}{y}} = C$$

$$y - x e^{\frac{x}{y}} = C$$

$$x + y e^{-\frac{x}{y}} = C$$

Question Number: 115 Question Id: 7877323235 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

The solution of the initial value problem

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2\frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0$$
; $y(0) = 1$, $\frac{dy}{dx}(0) = 0$ at $x = 1$ is

Options:

$$\frac{2}{e}-1$$

$$\frac{2}{e} + 1$$

$$\frac{2}{e^2}$$

Question Number: 116 Question Id: 7877323236 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

If the mean and variance of binomial variate X are 2 and 1 respectively, then the probability that

X takes a value at least one is

Question Number: 117 Question Id: 7877323237 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

Let X be normal with mean 50 and variance 9. The value of C such that P(X > C) = 0.01 is $(use \varphi(2.32) = 0.9898, \varphi(2.33) = 0.9901)$

Options:

Question Number: 118 Question Id: 7877323238 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

Let
$$f(x) = \begin{vmatrix} \cos x & x & 1 \\ 2\sin x & x^2 & 2x \\ \tan x & x & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$
. Then $\frac{Lt}{x \to 0} \frac{\frac{df}{dx}}{x}$ is

Options:

1 **

2 🐸

3. ✓ −2

4. * 0

Question Number: 119 Question Id: 7877323239 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

The largest eigen value of A^3 , where $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & -4 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$ is

Options:

1. * 0

64

3. **

Question Number: 120 Question Id: 7877323240 Display Question Number: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

The quadrature formula $\int_{-1}^{1} f(x) dx = C_0 f(-1) + C_1 f(0) + C_2 f(1)$ is exact for all polynomials of degree less than or equal to 2. Then the values of C_0 , C_1 , and C_2 are

$$\frac{1}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}$$