# प्रश्न-पत्र की योजना 2024

कक्षा — 12<sup>th</sup> विषय —अंग्रेजी अनिवार्य अवधि — 3 घण्टे 15 मिनट

पूर्णांक – 80

# 1. उद्देश्य हेतु अंकभार –

क्र.सं.	उद्देश्य	अंकभार	प्रतिशत
1.	ज्ञान	18	22.5%
2.	अवबोध	21	26.25%
3.	अभिव्यक्ति	22	27.5%
4.	मौलिकता	19	23.75%
	योग	80	100

### 2. प्रश्नों के प्रकारवार अंकभार –

豖.	प्रश्नों का प्रकार	प्रश्नों की	अंक प्रति	कुल	प्रतिशत	प्रतिशत	संभावित
सं.		संख्या	प्रश्न	कुल अंक	अंको	प्रश्नों का	समय
					का		
1.	वस्तुनिष्ट	12	01	12	15	26.08%	25m
2.	रिक्त स्थान	04	01	04	5	8.69%	08m
3.	अतिलघूत्तरात्मक	15	01	15	18.75	32.61%	32m
4.	लघूत्तरात्मक	08	02	16	20	17.3%	25m
5.	दीर्घउत्तरीय प्रश्न	04	04	16	20	8.69%	42m
6.	निबंधात्मक- <b>।</b>	01	05	05	6.25	2.17%	23m
	निबंधात्मक-॥	02	06	12	15	4.34%	40m
	योग	46		80	100	100	195

विकल्प योजना :

# 3. विषय वस्तु का अंकभार –

क्र.सं.	विषय वस्तु	अंकभार	प्रतिशत
1	Flamingo	28	35
2.	Vistas	14	17.5
3.	Grammar	08	10
4.	Short Composition	04	05
5.	Report- Paragraph	05	6.25
6.	Letter	06	7.5
7.	Comprehension-I Factual/Discursive/Literary	09	11.25
	Comprehension-II Factual/Discursive/Literary	06	7.5
	Total	80	100

प्रश्न-पत्र ब्ल्यू प्रिन्ट अंगेजी अनिवार्य

विषय :--पूर्णाक कक्षा – **–** 80 12

<u>क्र</u> .	उद्देश्य इकाई/उप इकाई	ज्ञान अवबोध ज्ञानोपयोग / अभिव्यक्ति				ज्ञान				कौशल / मौलिकता योग															
सं.		वस्तुनिष्ठ	रिक्त स्थान	अति.लघु	लघु उत्तरात्मक	दीर्घउत्तरीय	निबन्धत्मक	वस्तुष्टि	रिक्त स्थान	अति.लघु	लघु उत्तरात्मक	दीर्घउत्तरीय	निबन्धत्मक	वस्तुष्टि	रिक्त स्थान	अति.लघु	लघु यन्तरात्मक दीर्घउत्तरीय	निबन्धत्मक	वस्तुष्टि	रिक्त स्थान	अति.लघू	লঘু	दीर्घउत्तरीय	निबन्धत्मक	
1	Flamingo (Text Book)	2(2)						4(4)			8(4)						4(1)						4(1)	6(1) 2	8(13)
2.	Vistas (Text Book)	6(6)									4(2)						4(1)								14(9)
3.	Grammar														4(4)		4(2)								8(6)
4.	Short Composition																						4(1)		4(1)
5.	Report- Paragraph																							5(1)	5(1)
6.	Letter																	6(1)							6(1)
7.	Comprehension-I Factual/Discursive/Literary			6(6)						3(3)															9(9)
	Comprehension-II Factual/Discursive/Literary			4(4)						2(2)															6(6)
		8(8)		10(10)			2	4(4)		5(5)	12(6)				4(4)		4(2) 8(2)	6(1)					8(2)	11(2)	80 (46)
				18(1	8)					21(	<b>15</b> )					22	2(9)				19	9(4)			

विकल्पों की योजना :— प्र.सं. 3, 4, 5, 11,13,14,16 में एक आंतरिक विकल्प है। नोटः— कोष्ठक में बाहर की संख्या अंकों की तथा भीतर प्रश्नों की द्योतक है। निर्देश:— प्रश्न पत्र में मूल प्रश्न 18 हैं जो प्रकारान्तर से कुल 46 हैं।

## **MODEL QUESTION PAPER-2024**

### <u>CLASS - 12</u>

### **ENGLISH COMPULSORY**

#### **Time 3 Hours 15 minutes**

Maximum Marks- 80

#### **General Instructions:-**

- 1. Candidates must write their Roll No. first on the question paper compulsorily.
- 2. All the questions are compulsory.
- 3. Write the answer to each question in the given answer-book only.
- 4. For questions having more than one part the answers to those parts are to be written together in continuity.
- 5. Write down the serial number of each question before attempting it.

#### Section A

## 1. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow.

 $(9 \times 1=9)$ 

(1)

Rabindranath Thakur was born in Calcutta on May 07, 1861. His father Devendranath Thakur was a well known social and religious leader.

In school, Rabindranath found the teaching too elementary. It did not take his teacher long to recognise his high intelligence. He was given 'Macbeth' to translate and to everyone's surprise Rabindranath made a very good translation into Bengali. However his limitless curiosity to know more and newer things could not be satisfied in school. It was therefore, decided to withdraw him from there. For four years, from the age of thirteen to seventeen, he studied a wide variety of subjects at home. About the same time he was drawn to nature and arts.

From 1881 onwards his talent as a writer expressed itself in the form of countless compositions in poetry, drama, music, fiction, philosophy and painting. He wrote nearly 50 plays, 100 books of verse and 40 volumes of fiction and philosophical writings.

In 1901, he founded a school at Shantiniketan near Bolpur in Bengal. In1922 it was changed into an international university called Vishvabharti.

The work which brought him universal recognition was a collection of poems named 'Gitanjali'. This won him Nobel Prize in literature in 1913 and made him internationally famous.

Rabindranath was a great nationalist and patriot. He felt so bitter about the Jallianwala Bagh tragedy in 1919 that as protest, he gave up knighthood which the British had awarded him earlier.

### **Questions-**

(i)

(ii)	Why was Rabindranath withdrawn from school?	(1)
(iii)	How did he express himself as a writer?	(1)
(iv)	Which book of him won him Nobel Prize in literature?	(1)
(v)	Write down the name of university founded by him.	(1)
(vi)	Why did Rabindranath give up the title of knighthood?	(1)
Find out the	e word from the passage which means.	
(vii)	A person who loves his country	(1)
(viii)	Easy, Not complicated	(1)
(ix)	A piece of poetry	(1)

When and where was Rabindranath Thakur born?

## 2. Read the following passage carefully and answer the question that follows.

 $(6 \times 1 = 6)$ 

Selfie is the latest trend in teenagers and hundreds of people are risking their lives to take a selfie which will fetch them more 'Likes' on social media. Famous social networking platforms encourage users to take selfies. Selfie trend is used in political and government campaigns too.

When people take selfie and post it on social media, they get "likes" and "shares". It makes them feel good about themselves. People who generally don't express themselves can show their emotions through it.

Though selfies in themselves are harmless, people's behaviour around them add negative connotations to them. There are hundreds of reported deaths because of selfies. People go to dangerous places such as railways lines, cliffs, building tops, dam sites etc. to take a selfie. Sometimes an accident happens in such places, causing the death of person taking a selfie. However, peer pressure makes teenagers and youth take risky actions.

Is a selfie good or bad? It depends on us, how crazy we are for a selfie, how much importance we are giving to it. There is nothing bad in taking selfies but one should not allow this addiction to take control over our senses.

#### **Ouestions:-**

- (i) What is the latest trend on social media? (1)
- (ii) How can people, who generally can't express themselves, show their emotions? (1)
- (iii) Can taking selfies sometimes prove to be harmful? (1)
- (iv) Which habit shouldn't be allowed to take control over our senses? (1)
- (v) Write the word from the passage which means:

  'Friends of same age, interest and job

  (1)
- (vi) Write the Opposite word of "Discourage" from the passage. (1)

## **Section-B**

3. You are Mr. Verma. You have been invited to attend the birthday party of your daughter on 02 February 2023, on Monday at 7:00 P.M. at his residence but you	
	(4)
OR	
You want to let out a small portion of your house. Write an advertisement to be put in the "To Let" classified column of the Rajasthan Patrika.	ıblished
4. Your School organized a seminar on "Ozone layer and its effects" on the occa international ozone layer day on 16 <sup>th</sup> September. Prepare a report to be sent to newspaper, in about 100 words  OR	
Write a paragraph in about 100 words on "A House On Fire" based on the clue below:	es given
(A house fire people crying throwing water brigade to hospital control fire)	fire-
5. Write a letter to the editor of the Times of India complaining about air and water pollution in your city.	(6)
OR	
Write a letter on behalf of M/S Gupta and sons, 15 Mukharji nagar, Delhi to M/S publication 18 Mahesh Nagar, Jaipur making necessary enquiries about bulk su S.P. English work books for XII class.	
Section-C	
<ul><li>6. Join the following sentences using the words given in brackets-</li><li>(i) The boy needs help. His father died last year. (whose)</li><li>(ii) The man was a shopkeeper. I helped the man. (Whom)</li></ul>	(2)
7. Combine each set of sentences into one sentence as directed:  (i) The burglar took out a knife. His intention was to frighten me.(Use "Infinitive (ii) He is poor. He is honest. (Compound sentence)	(2) ve")
8. Fill in the blanks by choosing correct conjunction from those given in brackets: $(2x1=2)$	)
(i) he is very old, he enjoys good health. (Although/While)	1
(ii) Get meCoffee Tea. (eitheror/tooto)	1
9. Fill in the blanks by choosing appropriate phrasal verb from those given in brack	ets.

(1) Co	orona epidemic	thre	e years ago. (broke out/broke v	with) l
(ii) T	he fireman	the	fire after two hours. (put out/p	ut up) 1
		Se	ction-D	
10. Read	the following passage	e carefully and	answer the questions that follow	ow
		•	•	(6x1=6)
Bu	it now it was all so s	still! I had co	unted on the commotion to g	get to my desk
without	being seen, but of co	ourse, that day	veverything had to be as qu	niet as Sunday
morning.	Through the window	I saw my class	smates, already in their places,	and M. Hamel
walking	up and down with his	terrible iron ru	ler under his arm. I had to ope	en the door and
go in bet	fore everybody. You o	can imagine ho	ow I blushed and how frighte	ned I was. But
nothing l	nappened. M. Hamel sa	aw me and said	l very kindly "Go to your plac	e quickly, little
Franz. W	e were beginning with	out you".		
Ιj	umped over the bench	and sat down	at my desk, Not till then, wh	nen I had got a
little ove	r my fright, did I see	that our teach	er had on his beautiful green	coat, his frilled
shirt, and	I the little black silk ca	p, all embroid	ered, that he never wore excep	ot on inspection
and prize	days. Besides the who	ole school seer	ned so strange and solemn.	
Question	18-			
(i)		at the school w	as so still and quiet as:	1
. ,	(A) Sunday morning	(B) Sat	urday morning	
	(C) Holiday	(D) Co	untryside	
(ii)	M. Hamel was walkir	o with a		1
(11)	(A) Walking stick in 1	•	(B) Beautiful pen in his pock	
	. ,		•	
	(C)Terrible iron ruler	under his arm	(D) None of these	
(iii)	What was the teacher	wearing?		1
	(A) A beautiful green	coat (B) A f	rilled shirt	
	•	` ′		
	(C) An embroidered of	ар (D) An	of these	
(iv)	The teacher used to d	lress up like th	at only on-	1
,	(A) Inspection	(B) Prize day	•	
	(C) Both A and B	(D) None of t		
	(C) Doin 11 and B	(D) None of t	nese	
(v)	Which of these words	from the pass	age means serious?	1
	(A) Strange	(B) Solemn		
	(C) Fright	(D) former		

(2x1=2)1 1

Which of these words from the passage is opposite to "Ugly"? 1 (vi) (A) Beautiful (B) Sad (C) Fright (D) Quietly 11. Answer the following questions in about 60 words. (1x4=4)Justify the title of the lesson "Lost Spring" (Lost Spring) Who was Edla? How did she change peddler's behavior? (The Rattrap) (2x2=4)12. Answer the following questions in 20-30 words. (i) Why did Gandhi agree to a settlement of 25 percent refund to the farmers? (Indigo) (ii) What is the example of national integration that the author refers to? (Poets and Pancakes) 13. Explain any one of the following stanzas with reference to context-(1x6=6)(i) Perhaps the Earth can teach us As when everything seems dead And later proves to be alive. Now I will count up to twelve And you keep quiet and I will go. (ii) Aunt Jennifer's fingers fluttering through her wool Find even the ivory needle hard to pull the massive weight of uncle's wedding band Sits heavily upon Aunt Jennifer's hands. 14. Answer the following questions in about 60 words. (1x4=4)Write down the central idea of the poem "A Roadside Stand" OR In the poem "A Thing Of Beauty" The poet describes some beautiful things of nature. What are they? Elaborate. 15. Answer the following questions in 20-30 words (2x2=4)(i) What do the parting words of the poet and her smile signify? (My mother at sixty six)

(i	i) Why do some	e car ow	ners stop at t	he roadside stand? (A	Roadside stand)
16.	Answer the follo	wing qu	uestions in ab	out 60 words.	(1x4=4)
	Give a character	sketch		` *	
	XX71	1		OR	C 1 '1 11 1)
			•	itkala-Sa? (Memories	,
17.	Answer the follo	wing qu	iestions in 20	0-30 words	(2x2=4)
(i	) Why is the a earth).	average	global tempe	erature increasing? (J	ourney to the end of
(i	i) Who is Mr. L	amb? H	low does Der	ry get into his garden's	? (On the face of it)
18.	Choose the corre	ect alteri	native.		(6x1=6)
	(i) Sam was a:				
	• •		(B) Engine		
	• •	_	(D) Psychia		0
		•	_	ja killed within ten ye	ars?
	(A) 60 (B	5) 80	(C) 70	(D) 90	
(ii	i) "Students on Ice	e" progr	amme was he	eaded by:	
	(A) Elbright		(B) Johnson	1	
	(C) Alexander fl	aming	(D) Geoff C	Green	
(iv	The street-kids o	call Mr.	Lamb:		
	(A) Cruel-Lamb		(B) Sweet-I	Lamb	
	(C) Lamey-Lamb	b	(D) Uncle-I	Lamb	
(v	The story "The	Tiger Ki	ng" is about	the king of:	
	(A) Anand purar	m	(B) Pratibar	ndhpuram	
	(C) Tikak Nagar	am	(D) None of	f these	
(v:	i) The name of Dr.	. Sadao`	s wife was:		
	(A) Hana	(B) S	ana		
	(C) Mary	(D) J	enny		
	•				

the