

# **COMPUTER BASED TEST (CBT) Memory Based Questions & Solutions**

Date: 26 July, 2022 (SHIFT-2) | TIME: (3.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m) Duration: 3 Hours | Max. Marks: 300

#### SUBJECT: CHEMISTRY

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PAGE#1

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\Delta I_f = K_f \times m}{\frac{3}{6} = \frac{K_b}{K_f} \times \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\frac{K_b}{K_f} = \frac{1}{1}$$
So,  $X = 1$ 

In the following reaction sequence.

$$PCl_3 + C_2H_5OH \longrightarrow A$$

o II

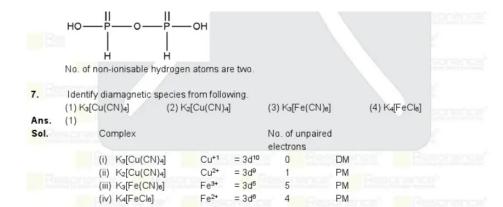
 $A + PCl_3 \longrightarrow B$ 

How many non-ionisable H atom are present in B.

Ans. (2)

Sol.  $3C_2H_5OH + PCl_3 \longrightarrow 3C_2H_6CI + H_3PO_3$  $H_3PO_3 + PCl_3 \longrightarrow H_4P_2O_5$ 

Pyrophosphorous acid



8. We have to prepare a buffer solution of NH3 and NH4Cl which have pH = 8.26. For this initially we have 1 litre 0.2 M ammonia solution, then how much amount of NH4Cl in gram is added for this [pk6 = 4.74 & GMM of NH4Cl = 53.5 g]

Ans. (107)

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Sol.  $p^n = 8.26$   $p^{\circ n} = 5.74$   $p^{\circ H} = p^{kb} + log \frac{[NH_4C]}{[NH_3]}$  Basic buffer solution.

$$5.74 = 4.74 + \log \frac{[NH_4CI]}{[NH_3]}$$

$$\frac{[NH_4C]}{[NH_3]} = 10$$

$$n_{NH_4CI} = n_{NH_3} = 2 \text{ mole}$$

- A compound AB<sub>2</sub> dissociate with half-life 200 sec and half-life is independent of concentration of AB<sub>2</sub>, find time taken for 80% dissociation of AB<sub>2</sub>.
  - (1) 467 sec
- (2) 100 sec
- (3) 326 sec
- (4) 587 sec

Ans. (1)

**Sol.** As  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  is independent an initial concentration so reaction is 1st order.

$$t = \frac{2.303}{k} log \left( \frac{100}{100 - x\%} \right)$$

$$t = \frac{2.303}{0.693} \times 200 \log \left( \frac{100}{20} \right)$$

$$= \frac{2.303 \times 200}{0.693} \times \log 5$$

 $=664.65 \times 0.7 = 466.66 \approx 467 \text{ sec}$ 

Find correct order of covalent character in

CaF<sub>2</sub>, CaCl<sub>2</sub>, CaBr<sub>2</sub>, Cal<sub>2</sub>

Ans. (1)

Sol. As per Fazan rule as the size of anion increases covalent character increase So order of covalent character is

11. Assertion: LiF is less soluble in water

Reason: Li\* has small size, thus it has very low hydration enthalpy.

(1) Assertion is true. Reason is true and Reason is correct evolunation of Assertion

(2) Assertion is true, Reason is true and Reason is not correct explanation of Assertion.

(3) Assertion is true and Reason is false

(4) Assertion is false and Reason is true

Ans.

LiF is less soluble due to high value of lattice energy. Sol.

Li+ has small size and has very high hydration enthalpy.

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Assertion: Boric acid is a weak acid.

Reason: Boric acid does not release its own H+, but it accepts OH-from water and release H+ from water.

(1) Assertion is true. Reason is true and Reason is correct explanation of Assertion

(2) Assertion is true, Reason is true and Reason is not correct explanation of Assertion.

(3) Assertion is true and Reason is false

(4) Assertion is false and Reason is true

Ans. (1)

Sol. It is a weak monobasic acid, soluble in water and in aqueous solution the boron atom completes its octet by accepting OH- from water molecules:

> $B(OH)_3(aq) + 2H_2O(\ell) \Longrightarrow [B(OH)_4]^-(aq) + H_3O^+(aq).$ pK = 9.25

It, therefore, functions as a Lewis acid and not as a proton donor like most acids.

Since B(OH)3 only partially reacts with water to form H3O+ and [B(OH)4]-, it behaves as a weak acid.

For three compounds of Mn MnF<sub>2</sub>, MnF<sub>3</sub>, MnF<sub>4</sub>

Find magnetic moment (Spin only) for the compound which has highest oxidising tendency. [Report your answer to nearest integer]

Ans.

13.

the change from Mn2+ to Mn3+ results in the half-filled (d5) configuration which has extra stability. So, MnF<sub>3</sub> has most oxidising tendency.

 $MnF_3 \Rightarrow Mn^{3+} \Rightarrow 3d^4 \quad n = 4$ 

 $\mu = \sqrt{4(4+2)} = \sqrt{24} \, \text{BM} = 4.89 \, \text{BM} \approx 5 \, \text{BM}$ 

Assertion: Finely divided gold particles are red in colour as concentration increase colour changes from purple to blue and finally Golden.

Reason: The colour particle depends on wave length of light scattered.

- (1) Assertion is true, Reason is true and Reason is correct explanation of Assertion
- (2) Assertion is true, Reason is true and Reason is not correct explanation of Assertion.
- (3) Assertion is true and Reason is false
- (4) Assertion is false and Reason is true

Ans.

The colour of colloidal solution depends on the wavelength of light scattered by the dispersed particles. The wavelength of light further depends on the size and nature of the particles. The colour of colloidal solution also changes with the manner in which the observer receives the light. For example, a mixture of milk and water appears blue when viewed by the reflected light and red when viewed by the transmitted light. Finest gold sol is red in colour; as the size of particles increases, it appears purple, then blue and finally golden

Assertion: Phenolphthalein is a pH dependent indicator which is colourless in acidic medium and change its colour to pink in basic medium.

Reason: Phenolphthalein is weak acid that does not dissociate in basic medium.

- (1) Assertion is true, Reason is true and Reason is correct explanation of Assertion
- (2) Assertion is true, Reason is true and Reason is not correct explanation of Assertion.
- (3) Assertion is true and Reason is false
- (4) Assertion is false and Reason is true

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PAGE#3

(Basic medium)

10 ml of CuSO4 solution is treated with excess of KI solution, thus the liberated I2 required 20 ml, 0.02 M 16. hypo solution find the molarity of CuSO4 solution using following reactions.

Cu<sub>2</sub>l<sub>2</sub> + l<sub>2</sub>  $l_2 + 2S_2O_3^{2-} \longrightarrow 2l^- + S_4O_6^{2-}$ 

(acidic medium)

Then molarity of CuSO<sub>4</sub> solution is \_ × 10-2M

Ans.

Sol. Mili eq. of  $Cu^{2+}$  = mili eq. of  $I_2$  = mili eq. of Hypo  $1[M \times 10] = 1[0.02 \times 20]$  $M = 4 \times 10^{-2}$ 

H<sub>2</sub>O

Ans.

Match the following

(1) Plant Nutrient (A) Domestic sewage

(2) Heavy toxic metals (B) Chemical fertilizers (3) Microbes (C) Chemical factory

(4) Sediments (D) Strip mining

(1) (1) - (B), (2) - (C), (3) - (A), (4) - (D) (2) (1) - (C), (2) - (B), (3) - (A), (4) - (D)

(4) (1) - (D), (2) - (C), (3) - (A), (4) - (B) (3) (1) - (B), (2) - (C), (3) - (D), (4) - (A) (1)

Ans. Sol. From NCERT

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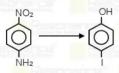
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PAGE # 5

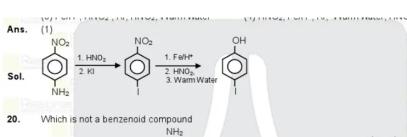
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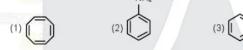
19. The reagents required for the following conversions is



(1) HNO2, KI, Fe/H+, HNO2, Warm water (3) Fe/H+ HNO<sub>2</sub> KI HNO<sub>2</sub> Warm water (4) HNO<sub>2</sub> Fe/H+ KI Warm water HNO<sub>2</sub>

(2) KI, HNO2, Fe/H+, HNO2, Warm water





- Ans. (1)
- Sol. is not a benzenoid compound
- 21. \_\_\_\_\_ on hydrolyses produce carbolic acid
- (1) Cumene (3) Benzyl chloride

- (2) Benzene diazonium chloride
- (4) Ethyl ketal

Ans. (2)

ol. 
$$\bigoplus_{N_2 \in \mathbb{N}} \mathbb{N}_2 \subset \mathbb{N}$$
  $\bigoplus_{N_2 \in \mathbb{N}} \mathbb{N}_2 \subset \mathbb{N}$ 

- 22. Methylcyclohexane on mono-chlorination gives how many product (including stereoisomers).
- Ans. (12)

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- 23. Ethylmagnesium bromide with methanol gives 2.24 ml gas at STP. Weight of the gas in mg.
- Ans. (3
- Sol.  $C_2H_6MgBr + CH_3OH \longrightarrow C_2H_6(g) + CH_3OMgBr$

Volume of ethane = 2.24 ml

Mole of ethane = 
$$\frac{2.24}{22400} = \frac{2.24}{2.24 \times 10^4}$$

Weight of ethane = 
$$\frac{2.24}{2.24} \times \frac{30}{10^4} = 3 \times 10^{-3} \text{ gm} = 3 \text{ mg}$$

- 24. How many of the given is a broad spectrum antibiotic.
  Peniciline G, Ofloxacin, Terpinol, Salvarsan
- Ans. (1
- Sol. Ofloxacin is a broad spectrum antibiotic.
- 25. Which of the following is animal starch:
  - (1) Glycogen
- (2) Amylose
- (3) Amylopectin
- (4) Cellobiose

- Ans. (1)
- Sol. Glycogen is an animal starch:
- 26. Which is correct order of priority of functional groups as per IUPAC
  - (1) RSO<sub>3</sub>H > RCOOR > RCOCI > RCONH<sub>2</sub>
- (2) RCOOR > RCONH<sub>2</sub> > RSO<sub>3</sub>H > RCOCI
- (3) RCOOH > RCOCI > NH<sub>2</sub> > C=O
- (4) RCOOR > RSO<sub>3</sub>H > RCOCI > RCONH<sub>2</sub>

Ans. (1)
 Sol. The correct order of priority of functional groups as per IUPAC is RSO₃H > RCOOR > RCOCI > RCONH₂
 Which process takes place in vulcanisation of rubber

(1) Neoprene is heated with sulphur (2) Isoprene is heated with sulphur

(4) Neoprene is heated with Styrene

Ans. (2)  $CH_3$   $CH_3$   $CH_4$   $CH_5$   $CH_5$ 

(3) Isoprene is heated with styrene

CH,

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