

COMPUTER BASED TEST (CBT) Memory Based Questions & Solutions

Date: 27 July, 2022 (SHIFT-1) | TIME: (9.00 a.m. to 12.00 p.m) Duration: 3 Hours | Max. Marks: 300

SUBJECT: PHYSICS

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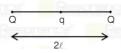
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PART: PHYSICS

A charge q is slightly displaced along the line joining both the fixed charges Q. Find time period of oscillations of charge q.



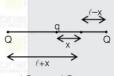
(2)
$$\sqrt{\frac{8\pi^3 \in_0 \ell^3 m}{2\pi}}$$

(3)
$$\sqrt{\frac{2\pi^3 \in_0 \ell^3 m}{Qq}}$$

$$(4) \sqrt{\frac{\pi^2 \in_0 \ell^3 m}{Qq}}$$

Ans. (1)

Net force one q on displaced position Sol.



$$F = \frac{kQq}{(\ell + x)^2} - \frac{kQq}{(\ell - x)^2}$$

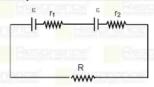
$$\begin{split} &= - kQq \Bigg[\frac{\ell^2 + x^2 + 2\ell x - \ell^2 - x^2 + 2\ell x}{\left(\ell^2 - x^2\right)^2} \Bigg] \\ &= - kQq \Bigg[\frac{4\ell x}{\left(\ell^2 - x^2\right)^2} \Bigg] = \frac{Qq}{4\pi \in_0} \frac{4\ell x}{\ell^4} \{x << \ell\} \end{split}$$

$$\Rightarrow F = -\left(\frac{Qq}{\pi \in_0 \ell^3}\right) x \qquad \text{So,} \qquad T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{m}{k}}$$

$$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{m\pi \in_0 \ell^3}{Qq}} \qquad T = \sqrt{\frac{4\pi^3 \in_0 \ell^3 m}{Qq}}$$

$$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{m\pi \in_0 \ell^3}{Qq}} \qquad T = \sqrt{\frac{4\pi^3 \in_0 \ell^3}{Qq}}$$

If potential difference across battery of internal resistance r1 is zero then find value of R



(1)
$$R = r_1 - r_2$$

(2)
$$R = r_1 + r_2$$

(3)
$$R = \frac{r_1 r_2}{r_1 + r_2}$$

(4)
$$R = \frac{r_1^2}{r_1 + r_2}$$

Ans. (1)

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Let current in circuit is i

so according to question $\varepsilon - 2r_1 = 0$

$$\Rightarrow \qquad i = \frac{\varepsilon}{r_1}$$

Now for circuit current is $i = \frac{2\epsilon}{R + r_1 + r_2}$

$$\frac{\varepsilon}{r_1} = \frac{2\varepsilon}{R + r_1 + r_2} \Rightarrow 2r_1 = R + r_1 + r_2$$

$$\Rightarrow R = 2r_1 - r_1 - r_2$$

$$\Rightarrow R = r_1 - r_2$$

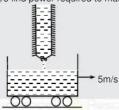
- 3. Two bodies of masses 4m and 3m are moving around a planet in radius 3r and 4r find ratio of their total mechanical energy.
 - $(1) \frac{9}{16}$
- (3) $\frac{16}{4}$

Ans. (2)

Sol.
$$E_1 = -\frac{GM - 4m}{6 \times r}$$

$$E_2 = -\frac{GM - 3m}{8 \times r}$$
 $E_1 = 4/3 = 16$

Sand is falling at constant rate 0.5 kg/s find power required to maintain uniform velocity 5 m/s :



- (1) 12.5
- (2) 14.5
- (3) 16.75
- (4) 18.25

- Ans. (1)
- $F_{ext} + u_{rel.} \frac{dv}{dt} = m. \frac{dv}{dt}$ Sol.
 - $F_{\text{ext}} + (-5) \times 0.5 = m \times 0$ $F_{\text{ext}} = 2.5$

 - $P = F_{ext} v = 2.5 \times 5$
 - P = 12.5

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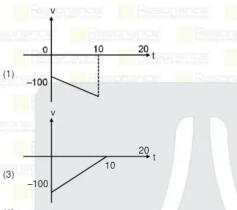
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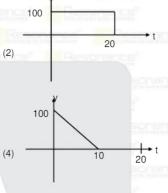
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A bullet is projected vertically downwards with initial velocity 100 m/s from a tower. It reaches on ground after 10 sec. bullet sticks to the ground after collision. Choose correct option for graph between velocity and time for first 20 sec. of motion of bullet.



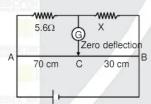


Ans. (1) Sol.

- Av = u + at
- V = -100 10t

which is a straight line with negative slope and negative intercept.

6.



Cross section area of wire AB is uniform. Zero deflection in galvanometer is found at point C. Find X: $(1) 8.6 \Omega$ (2) 6.4Ω

- Ans.

- X Sol. 5.6 70
 - $X = \frac{3}{7} \times 5.6$

- . Two magnetic pars oscillate in a uniform magnetic field with time periods 3 sec. & 4 sec. if moment or inertia of both the bars are 2 kgm² & 3 kg m² respectively then find ratio of their magnetic moments.
 - $(1) \frac{32}{27}$
- $(2) \frac{16}{25}$
- $(3) \frac{9}{16}$
- $(4) \frac{64}{27}$

Ans. (1)

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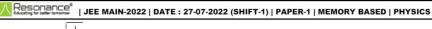
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Sol.
$$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{1}{MB}}$$

$$\Rightarrow T^2 = 4\pi^2 \frac{I}{MB}$$

$$\Rightarrow M = \frac{4\pi^2 I}{T^2 B}$$

$$M \propto \frac{1}{T^2}$$

So
$$\frac{M_1}{M_2} = \frac{I_1}{I_2} \times \frac{T_2^2}{T_1^2} = \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{4^2}{3^2} = \frac{32}{27}$$

- 8. Intensities of two waves are $I_1 = I \& I_2 = 4I$
 - In case A both the wave superimposed with phase difference $\pi/2$ & in case B both the waves superimposed with phase diff. $\pi/3$, find ratio of resultant intensities in both the cases.
 - (1) 5
- (2) 5/7
- (3) 4/5
- (4) 3/5

Ans. (2)

Sol.
$$I_A = I_1 + I_2 + 2\sqrt{I_1I_2} \cos \phi$$

$$I_A = I + 4I + 0 = 5I$$

$$I_B = I + 4I + 2\sqrt{14I}\cos\frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow I_B = 5I + 4I \times 1/2 = 5I + 2I = 7I.$$

So,
$$\frac{I_A}{I_B} = \frac{5I}{7I} = \frac{5}{7}$$

- 9. In a conductor current flowing is 1 A and its length is 1 m, resistivity is $1.7 \times 10^{-8} \Omega m$ and area cross section is 2 mm². Find force on one electron
- Ans. $(1) 136 \times 10^{-23} \text{ N}$
- (2) 126 × 10⁻²³ N
- (3) 116 × 10⁻²³ N
- (4) 106 × 10⁻²³ N

Sol.
$$F = \frac{eV}{\ell}$$
$$= e\frac{IR}{\ell}$$
$$= e\frac{1}{\ell}\frac{\rho\ell}{A}$$
$$F = \frac{eI\rho}{A}$$

$$= \frac{1.6 \times 10^{-19} \times 1 \times 1.7 \times 10^{-8}}{2 \times 10^{-6}}$$

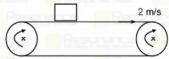
$$= \frac{1.6 \times 1.7}{2} \times 10^{-21} \text{N}$$
$$= 1.36 \times 10^{-21} \text{ N}$$
$$= 136 \times 10^{-23} \text{ N}$$

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A conveyor belt is moving with constant velocity 2 m/s. The coefficient of friction between a block and 10. belt is $\mu = 1/4$. If the block is released on it, find distance travelled till it stops on belt



- (1) 0.2 m
 - (4)
- (2) 0.4 m
- (3) 0.6 m
- (4) 0.8 m

Ans. Sol.



- $v^2 u^2 = 2as$ $2^2 0 = 2 \times 1/4 \times 10 \times 5$
- S = 16/20 = 0.8 m
- In 30 hr, activity of sample reduces to 1/16 of its initial value find the half-life of the substance 11. (2) 6.75 hr (3) 7.5 hr (4) 8.5 hr
- Ans.
- $A = Aoe^{T^{\frac{1}{2}}}$

$$\frac{1}{16} = e^{\frac{-\ln 2}{T^2}}$$

$$\ln 16 = \frac{\ln 2}{T_1}$$

$$4 = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}} \times 30$$

$$T_{\frac{1}{2}} = 7.5 \text{ hr}$$

- A conductor of resistance 3Ω given D.C. current of 4A another conductor of resistance 2Ω is given an 12. A.C. current of peak value 4A find the ratio of heat produced in two conductors in same time. (2) 3 : 1(3)2:3(4) 1 : 1
- Ans.
- (1) 1 : 2 (2) $H_1 = i_1^2 R_1 t$ Sol.

$$H_2 = i_{rms}^2 \times R_2 t$$

$$\frac{H_1}{H_2} = \frac{4^2 \times 3}{\left(\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2 \times 2} = \frac{3}{1}$$

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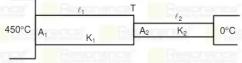
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Two rods are connected in series between 450° and 0°C. Their thermal conductivities, area of cross-sections and lengths are in ration 1/2, 1/9 and 1/2. Find the temperature of common junction



- (1) 15°C
- (2) 30°C
- (3) 45°C
- (4) 60°C

Sol.
$$\frac{450-T}{\frac{\ell_1}{K_1A_1}} = \frac{T-0}{\frac{\ell_2}{K_2A_2}}$$

$$K_1A_1$$
 K_2A_2
 $450 - T = 9T$; $T = 45^{\circ}C$

Resolving power of a microscope in air is P. If it is submerged in a oil of refractive index 2 then its resolving 14. power becomes nP. Find value of n.

(1) Ans.

Sol. R.P
$$\alpha \frac{\mu}{2}$$

$$\frac{(R.P.)_{air}}{(R.P.)_{oil}} = \frac{\mu_{air}}{\mu_{oil}} \times \frac{\lambda_{oil}}{\lambda_{air}}$$

but
$$\frac{\lambda_{oil}}{\lambda_{air}} = \frac{\mu_{air}}{\mu_{oil}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

so
$$\frac{(R.P.)_{air}}{(R.P.)_{oil}} = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4} \Rightarrow (R.P.)_{oil} = 4P \text{ Ans.}$$

- A particle is projected vertically upwards from ground another particle is projected from ground with different velocity at angle θ with horizontal. Find ratio of maximum height attend by both the particles. It is given that time of flights of both the particles is same :
 - (1)2

Ans. (2)

Sol. For first particles $H_1 = u^2/2g$

For second particle
$$H_2 = \frac{v^2 \sin^2 \theta}{2g}$$

So,
$$H_1/H_2 = \frac{u^2}{v^2 \sin^2}$$

Now,
$$T_1 = T_2 \Rightarrow \frac{2u}{g} = \frac{2v \sin\theta}{g}$$

$$\Rightarrow \qquad \begin{array}{c} g & g \\ u = v \sin \theta & \Rightarrow \end{array}$$

$$u/v = \sin \theta f$$

So,
$$H_1/H_2 = 1$$

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- The main scale of a vernier callipers reads 10 mm in 10 divisions. 10 divisions of Vernier scale coincide with 9 divisions of the main scale. When the two jaws of the callipers touch each other, the fifth division of the vernier coincides with some main scale divisions and the zero of the vernier is to the right of zero of main scale. When a sphere is tightly placed between the two jaws, the zero of vernier scale lies slightly behind 3.2 cm and the fourth vernier division coincides with a main scale division. The diameter of the

- (1) 2.07 cm (2) 3.09 cm (3) 4.05 cm (4) 5.03 cm

(2) Ans.

Zero error = 0.5 mm = 0.05 cm. Sol.

Observed reading of sphere diameter = 3.1 cm + (4) (0.01 cm) = 3.14 cm

Actual thickness of sphere = (3.14) - (0.05) = 3.09 cm

- 17. Two identical containers are filled with same gas at same temperature. Ratio of number of molecules is 1 · 4
 - (a) Ratio of their r.m.s. speed is 1:1
- (b) Ratio of their pressure is 1:4
- (c) Ratio of their pressure is 1:4
- (d) Ratio of their r.m.s. speed is 1:4
- (1) (a) & (b) are correct
- (2) (a) & (c) are correct
- (3) (a) correct & (b) incorrect
- (4) (a) incorrect & (b) correct

Ans.

Sol.
$$V_{rms} = \sqrt{\frac{3RT}{M}}$$
, So V_{rms} are same

PV = NKT

$$\frac{P_1}{P_2} = \frac{IN_1}{N_2} = \frac{I}{4}$$

- 18. Two cylindrical vessels have same area and are filled upto 1m and 1.5m height. If the two vessels are connected using a thin pipe of negligible volume. Find the total work done by gravity till the two levels equalizes, if area of each is 1m2:
 - (1) 635J
- (2) 625J
- (3) 626J
- (4) 627J

(2) Ans. Sol.



$$m_1 = A\rho h_1$$
 $m_2 = A\rho h_2$

$$u_i = m_1 g \frac{1.5}{2} + m_2 g \frac{1}{2}$$

$$u_f = mg \frac{1.25}{2} + mg \frac{1.25}{2} = mg \times 1.25$$

$$= A \times 1.25 \rho g(1.25)$$

$$W_{gravity} = u_i - u_f = A\rho \left[\frac{(1.5)^2}{2} + \frac{1^2}{2} - (1.25)^2 \right] g = 625J$$

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- If M, L and T are measured with accuracy of 0.5% find accuracy in measurement of torque (1) 2.5%
- Ans.
- (2) 5%
- (3) 7.5%
- (4) 10%

Sol.

$$\frac{\Delta \tau}{\tau} = \frac{\Delta M}{M} + 2\frac{\Delta L}{L} + 2\frac{\Delta T}{T} = 5 + 10 + 10 = 25\%$$

20. A block of mass m1 oscillate, with amplitude A1 another mass m2 is gently placed over it when it crosses mean position and new system oscillates with amplitude A2.



Find
$$\frac{A_1}{A_2}$$

(1)
$$\sqrt{\frac{m_1 + m_1}{m_2}}$$
 (2) $\sqrt{\frac{m_1 + m_2}{m_1}}$

(2)
$$\sqrt{\frac{m_1 + m_2}{m_1}}$$

(3)
$$\sqrt{\frac{m_1 - m_2}{m_1}}$$

(4)
$$\sqrt{\frac{2m_1 + m_2}{m_1}}$$

Ans. (2)

Sol.
$$m_1A_1\omega_1 = (m_1 + m_2) A_2\omega_2$$

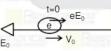
$$\begin{split} m_1 A_1 \omega_1 &= (m_1 + m_2) \ A_2 \omega_2 \\ m_1 A_1 \sqrt{\frac{k}{m_1}} &= (m_1 + m_2) A_2 \sqrt{\frac{k}{(m_1 + m_2)}} \end{split}$$

$$A_1 \times \sqrt{m_1} = A_2 \times \sqrt{m_1 + m_2}$$

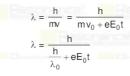
$$\frac{A_1}{A_2} = \sqrt{\frac{m_1 + m_2}{m_1}}$$

- An electron has velocity $V_0\hat{i}$ in an electric field $-E_0\hat{i}$. Initial De-broglie wavelength is $\lambda_0 = \frac{h}{mv_0}$ find 21. De-broglie wavelength as a function of time.
 - h____ h - eE₀t λ_0
- $(2) \frac{h}{\frac{h}{\lambda_0} + eE_0t} \qquad (3) \frac{h}{\frac{h}{\lambda_0} + 2eE_0t}$
- $(4) \frac{h}{\frac{h}{\lambda_0} + eE_0t}$

Ans. Sol.



at
$$t = t$$
 $V = V_0 + \frac{eE_0t}{m}$



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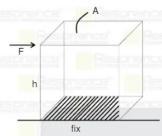
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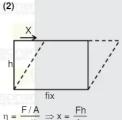
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A block of face area A and height h is acted upon by a force F (tangential). Find the lateral shift of top surface if modulus of rigidity is η .

- $(1) \frac{Ah}{F\eta}$
- (2) $\frac{Fh}{A\eta}$
- (3) $\frac{F\eta}{Ah}$
- $(4) \frac{1}{2} \frac{\text{Fh}}{\text{An}}$

Ans. Sol.



- 23. Equation of EM wave is $E = E_0 \sin{(\omega t kx + \phi)}$ what is the ratio of electric and magnetic force on a charge moving with velocity $v = 3 \times 10^7$ m/s
 - (1) 10
- (2) 20
- (3) 30
- (4) 40

Ans. (1)

Sol. $E_0 = cB_0$

$$\frac{F_E}{F_m} = \frac{qE_0}{qvB_0} = \frac{c}{v} = \frac{3 \times 10^8}{3 \times 10^7} = 10$$

24. A tower of height 100 m on earth can send signal on earth to particular range. If range is to be increased to 3 times find the new height of tower required.



(1) 300

(2) 500

(3) 900

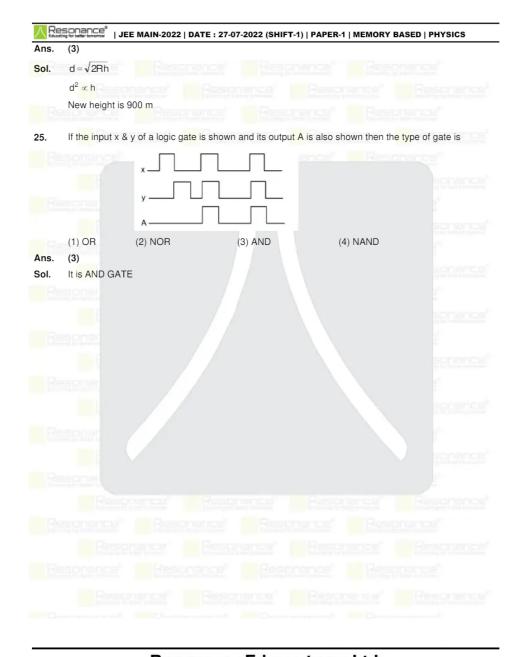
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PAGE # 10



