PHYSICS:

1. A body of mass 1000 kg has a velocity of $6 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. If an extra 2000 kg mass is embedded in it, then what will be the velocity of the combined mass?

Answer. 5m/s
2. If the electron revolves in the 3rd Bohr's orbit of the Hydrogen sphere and has a radius R, then what will be its radius in the 4th orbit in terms of $R$ ?

Answer. 16R/9
3. A wire of length $L$ and resistance $R$ is cut into 5 equal parts and those parts are connected in parallel, then $\mathrm{R}_{\text {eq }}$ across it will be will be equivalent to?

Answer. R/25
4. 4 objects of mass 1 kg are kept on vertices of a square of side 2 metres and an axis is passing perpendicular to the plane through one of the vertices, then calculate the Moment of Inertia about this axis.

Answer. $16 \mathrm{Kg}-\mathrm{m}^{2}$
5. Two infinite current-carrying wires having current I in opposite directions are present 20 cm away from each other. Find the magnetic field in S.I units at the midpoint P.

Answer. $\left(10 \mu_{0} \mathrm{I}\right) / \pi$
6. If the diameter of the earth becomes half while keeping mass constant, then the acceleration due to gravity at the surface of the earth becomes?

Answer. Twice
7. Two masses $m_{1}=4 \mathrm{gm}$ and $m_{2}=25 \mathrm{gm}$ have the same kinetic energy, then find the ratio of linear momentum.

Answer. 2:5
8. A charge $Q=10^{-6} \mathrm{C}$ is placed at the origin. Find the potential difference between two points $A$ and $B$ whose position vectors are $(\sqrt{ } 3 i+\sqrt{ } 3 j) m$ and $\sqrt{ } 6 j$ respectively.

Answer. Zero

