## Vedantu

### JEE-Main-30-01-2024 (Memory Based) [MORNING SHIFT]

### Chemistry

**Question: Statement I:**  $CH_2 = CH_2 - CH_2 - Cl$  is an allyl halide **Statement II:** Allyl halides have halogen attached to  $sp_2$  carbon **Options:** 

(a) Both statement I and statement II are false

(b) Statement I is true but statement II is false

(c) Statement I is false but statement II is true

(d) Both statement I and statement II are true

#### Answer: (b)

Solution: Statement I correct and II and is wrong

Question: Find the correct structure of 4-methylpent-2-enal Options:



(b)





(d) Ho

Answer: (a) Solution:





Question: Which of the following lanthanides ions are diamagnetic? Options: (a) Ce<sup>+4</sup> & La<sup>+3</sup> (b) Ce<sup>+4</sup> & Sm<sup>+2</sup> (c) Ce<sup>+2</sup> & Yb<sup>+4</sup> (d) Ce<sup>+2</sup> & Yb<sup>+2</sup>

Answer: (a)

**Question:** Find out the maximum number of hybrid orbitals formed when 2s and 2p orbitals are mixed.



Question: IUPAC name Unununium element lies in which group in the periodic table? Options:

(a) 7th period., 11 group
(b) 5th group
(c) 6th Group
(d) 4th group
Answer: (a)
Solution:



Periodic table with atomic number, symbol, and electron configuration



**Question:** Diazonium salt reacts with X compound to give the scarlet red colour. What is X? **Options:** 









Orange-Red. dye

**Question: Statement I:** Same energy level orbitals are called degenerate orbitals **Statement II:** In hydrogen the 3p and 3d orbitals are not degenerate orbitals **Options:** 

(a) Both statement I and statement II are false

(b) Statement I is true but statement II is false

(c) Statement I is false but statement II is true

(d) Both statement I and statement II are true

#### Answer: (b)

Solution: Statement: 1 is true and

Statement: 2 is false as there are no electrons in the third orbit and thus 3s and 3p and 3d are of equal energy.

#### **Question:**



**Options:** 

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(a) H<sub>2</sub> / Pd - BaSO<sub>4</sub>
(b) LiAIH<sub>4</sub>
(c) NH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> / KOH / CH<sub>2</sub>OH - CH<sub>2</sub>OH
(d) Zn - Hg/HCl
Answer: (a)
Solution:
Pb BaSO<sub>4</sub> + H<sub>2</sub>
lindlar's catalyst its rosenmund reaction.
Rosenmund Reduction
```



**Question:** Which of the following will not give Fehling test **Options:** (a) Acetone

(b) Propanal

(c) Ethanal

(d) Butanal

Answer: (a)

**Question: Assertion:** Maltose and lactose are examples of reducing sugars. **Reason:** Maltose and lactose reducing Fehling's solution and Tollen's reagent

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#### **Options:**

(a) Both Assertion and Reason are correct and Reason is the correct explanation for Assertion(b) Both Assertion and Reason are correct but Reason is not the correct explanation for Assertion

(c) Assertion is correct but Reason is incorrect

(d) Both Assertion and Reason are incorrect

#### Answer: (a)

**Solution:** Lactose and Maltose are also reducing sugars and give a positive Benedict test **Maltose:** 



Lactose:



Sucrose is a non-reducing sugar



The structure lacks any hemiacetal functional groups and is therefore "locked" in its cyclic form

**Question:** What is mass of sodium acetate so as to create. A 250 ml of 0.35 M solution. Molar mass was given 82.02 gn

Solution:

 $\begin{array}{l} 0.35 \times 82 \times 0.25 \Rightarrow \text{ Mass} \\ \Rightarrow 7.175 \end{array}$ 

**Question:** If ethanol is reacted with semicarbazide. How many nitrogen atom In product **Solution:** 

3 Nitrogen in product

$$CH_{3}$$

$$| CH_{3}-C = O + H_{2}N-NHCONH_{2} \xrightarrow{H^{+}}$$
Semicarbazide

 $CH_{3}$  |  $CH_{3}-C = N-NHCONH_{2} + H_{2}O$ Semicarbazone derivative

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**Question:** Which of the following compound or ion is most stable ? **Options:** 



Answer: (c) Solution: Due to aromaticity

Question: What is the geometry of Aluminium chloride in aqueous solution Options: (a) Square planar (b) Octahedral

- (c) Tetrahedral
- (d) Square pyramidal
- Answer: (b)

#### Solution:

 $\mathsf{AICI}_{3} \xrightarrow{\operatorname{Acidfied aq. sol.}} \left[ \mathsf{AI}(\mathsf{H}_{2}\mathsf{O})_{6} \right]^{3+}$ 

 $\ln \left[ AI(H_2O)_6 \right]^{3+}$ 

Oxidation state of  $Al^{+3}$  :  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6$ 

=[Ne]

Hybridisation  $= sp^{3}d^{2}$ 



hybridisation - sp'd<sup>2</sup>

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Molecule	Shape
<b>(a)</b> BrF <sub>5</sub>	(i) Sea-saw
<b>(b)</b> H <sub>2</sub> O	(ii) T-shape
(c) CIF <sub>3</sub>	(iii) Bent
( <b>d</b> ) SF <sub>4</sub>	(iv) Square Pyramid

**Question:** Choose the correct option

#### **Options:**

(a) (A) -iv; (B) - iii; (C) - ii; (D) - i (b) (A) -iv; (B) - iii; (C) - i; (D) - ii (c) (A) -iii; (B) - iv; (C) - ii; (D) - i (d) (A) -iii; (B) - iv; (C) - i; (D) - ii Answer: (a) Solution:



See-saw shape

# **Question:** What will happen to freezing point if we add naphthalene in benzene **Options:**

- (a) Increases
- (b) Decreases
- (c) First Increases then decreases
- (d) Remains same

Answer: (b)

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**Question:** Find out the maximum number of molecular orbitals formed when 2s and 2p orbitals are mixed in diamagnetic molecule **Solution:** 



**Question:** Find out sum of the coefficients of all the species involved in the balanced equation :

 $2MnO_4 + I^{-} \xrightarrow{Alkaline} medium$ Solution:  $2MnO_4^{-} + H_2O + I^{-} \rightarrow 2MnO_2 + 2OH^{-} + IO_3^{-}$