

JEE Main 31 January 2024 Shift 2 Answer Key Mathematics

Q.1:
$$[1/(1-3(1)^2+1^4)]+[2/(2-3(2)^2+2^4)]+[3/(3-3(3)^2+3^4)]+...$$
 (up to n = 10) = ?

A.1: - (55/109)

Q.2: If one of the diameters of the circle $x^2 + y^2 - 10x + 4y + 13 = 0$ is a chord of another circle and whose centre is the point of intersection of the lines 2x + 3y = 12 and 3x - 2y = 5. then the radius of the circle is?

A.2: 6

Q.3: An urn contains 15 red, 10 white, 60 orange, and 15 green balls. If 2 balls are taken with replacement, find the probability 1 ball is red and the other ball is white.

A.3: 1/33

Q.4:
$$\lim (x \to 0) [(e^{|2\sin x|} - 2|\sin x| - 1) / x^2] = ?$$

A.4: 2

Q.5: If three vectors are:

$$a = 3i + j - 2k$$

$$b = 4i + j + 7k$$

$$c = i - 3i + 4k$$

If p is a vector such that p x b = c x b and p \cdot a = 0, then find p \cdot (i - j - k).

A.5: 32



Q.6: Find the solution of the differential equation $y \, dy/dx = x \, (\log_e x - \log_e y + 1)$, x > 0, y > 0 and passes through (e, 1).

A.6:
$$|log_e\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)| = x$$

Q.7:
$$f(x) = \frac{(4x+3)}{(6x-4)}$$
 and $g(x) = f(f(x))$, then find $g\left(g\left(g(x)\right)\right)$.

A.7: x

Q.8: $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$, $R = \{(1, 2), (2, 3), (2, 4)\}$, $R \subseteq S$ and S is an equivalence relation, then the minimum number of elements to be added to R is n. Find the value of n

A.8: 13

Q.9: ABCD is a parallelogram where A(α , β), B(1,0), C(γ , δ), and D(3,2) and AB = $\sqrt{10}$. Find the value of 2($\alpha + \beta + \gamma + \delta$).

A.9: 12

Q.10: The distance of the point Q(0,2,-2) from the line passing through the point P(5,-4,3) and perpendicular to the line $r = (-3i + 2k) + \lambda(2i + 3j + 5k)$, $\lambda \in R$ and $r = (i - 2j + k) + \mu$ (- i + 3j + 2k), $\mu \in R$ is?

A.10: $\sqrt{74}$

Q.11: Let S be the set of positive integral value of a for which $[(ax^2 + 2 (a + 1) x + 9a + 4) / (x^2 + 8x + 32)] < 0 \forall x \in \mathbb{R}$. Find the number of elements in S.

A.11: 0

Q.12: For α , β , $\gamma \neq 0$, if $\sin^{-1}\alpha + \sin^{-1}\beta + \sin^{-1}\gamma = \pi$ and $(\alpha + \beta + \gamma)^*(\alpha - \gamma + \beta) = 3\alpha\beta$, then find the value of γ .

A.12: $\sqrt{3}/2$



Q.13: If |a| = 1, |b| = 4 and $a \cdot b = 2$. Also, $c = (3a \times b) - b$ and α is the angle between b and c, then what is the value of $192 \sin^2 \alpha$?

A.13: 167

Q.14: If the system of linear equation x - 2y + z = -4, $2x + \alpha y + 32 = 5$ & $3x - y + \beta z = 3$ has infinitely many solutions then find the value of $12\alpha + 13\beta$.

A.14: 58

Q.15:
$$f(x) = \begin{vmatrix} x^3 & 2x^2 + 1 & 1 + 3x \\ 3x^2 + 2 & 2x & x^3 + 6 \\ x^3 - x & 4 & x^2 - 2 \end{vmatrix}$$
 Find $2f(0) + f'(0)$.

A.15: 42

Q.16: Find the sum of the coefficients of x^3 and x^{-13} in the following expansion:

$$(1+x)(1-x^2)\left(1+\frac{3}{x}+\frac{3}{x^2}+\frac{1}{x^3}\right)^5$$

A.16: 118