

BOARD QUESTION PAPER: FEBRUARY 2020

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Time	ime: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 80							
Note	::							
(1) (2) (3)	All i	ures to	ons are compulsory. o the right indicate full i swers to every new que		v pages.			
Q.1.		A) Complete the following statements using the correct words/figures given in the brackets: (5) [1] There are maximum members in the Lok sabha. [250, 500, 552, 545]						
	2.	Before introducing the money bill in the Parliament, prior consent of the is mandatory. [President, Vice-President, Prime Minister, Chief Minister]						
	3.	Age of retirement of the Hight Court Judges is years. [58, 60, 62, 65]						
	4.	is the example of one-party system. [China, India, U.S.A., Oman]						
	5.		first Backward Class C saheb Kalekar.	Backward Class Commission was appointed in under the chairmanship of Kalekar.			of	
						[1958, 1953, 1962, 196	5]	
	(B) Match the words from group 'A' with the correct words in group 'B':							(5)
			Group 'A'		Group 'B'			
		(a) (b) (c) (d) (e)	Vice-President Vidhan Sabha Lok Adalat State level party Gorkhaland	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7)	Speedy clearance of case West Bengal Ex-officio Chairman of F Karnataka Lower House Bharatiya Janata Party Dravida Munnetra Kazh	Rajya Sabha		
	(C) Correct the underlined words in the following statements and rewrite the statements:							(4)
	 1. 2. 3. 4. 							
	(D) 1.	Select the appropriate reasons and complete the following statements: The President nominates 12 members in the Rajya Sabha, because — (a) the legislature is benefitted by their expertise. (b) the entire society gets representation. (c) Rajya Sabha is all inclusive.						(2)
	2.	(a) ((b) (rag out the terrorists fro Operation Red Star was Operation Black Star was Operation Blue Star was	conducted. as conducted	d.			
Q.2.	(A) 1. 2. 3.	Who Whic	was the President of th	ne Constitue nced the de	claration of human rights		(6)	[10]



- 4. Who acts as a link between the President and the Council of Ministers?
- 5. Which law governs the Juvenile Courts?
- 6. Who was selected as the Prime Minister after the assassination of Indira Gandhi?
- 7. Who gave the slogan "Jai Jawan Jai Kisan"?
- 8. Who established the Bahujan Samaj Party?

(B) Complete the following table:

(4)

Sr. No.	Movement	Year	Leader
1.	Trade Union Movement		Narayan Meghaji Lokhande
2.		1978	Sharad Joshi
3.	Chipko Movement	1973	
4.	Bharatiya Kisan Union	1986	

Q.3. State whether the following statements are 'True' or 'False' with reasons (Any FOUR):

[8]

- 1. Five states of the Indian Union have bicameral legislature.
- 2. We can approach the court against violation of fundamental rights.
- 3. The President presides over the joint session of the Parliament.
- 4. Judges should be paid attractive salary.
- 5. Multi Party system may lead to instability of the government.
- 6. Savitribai Phule was the first woman teacher in Maharashtra.
- 7. Demand for Telangana was made from the State of Kerala.

Q.4. Write brief answers of the following questions (Any FOUR):

[8]

- 1. Write two features of the Indian federation.
- 2. Explain the right to equality.
- 3. Write two qualifications of the members of Rajya Sabha.
- 4. State two powers of the Vice-President of India.
- 5. Explain two types of alliances.
- 6. Write two demands of Tribal movement.
- 7. Explain the theory of 'Sons of Soil'.

Q.5. (A) Distinguish between the following on the basis of the points given below (Any TWO): (6) [10]

- 1. President and Prime Minister
 - (a) Position / Status
- (b) Minimum age
- (c) Tenure

Jurisdiction

- 2. High Court and Subordinate Courts -
 - (a) Appointment of Judges
- (b) Area of Jurisdiction (c)
- 3. Linguism and Communalism
 - (a) Meaning

- (b) Nature
- (c) Effects

(B) Answer any ONE of the following questions:

(4)

- 1. What are the fundamental duties of Indian citizens given in the Constitution?
- 2. Explain the features of Socio-Political movements.
- 3. Explain one party dominance in India.

Q.6. Answer the following questions (Any TWO):

[10]

- 1. Write any five features of the Indian Constitution.
- 2. Explain the Right to Constitutional remedies in Indian Constitution.
- 3. Explain the powers and functions of the Speaker of Lok Sabha.

Q.7. Answer the following questions:

[8]

- 1. Elaborate importance of the preamble to the Constitution of India.
- 2. 'Lok Sabha is powerful than the Rajya Sabha.' Gove your opinion.

Q.8. Answer the following questions in detail (Any ONE):

[10]

- 1. Explain the powers and functions of the President of India.
- 2. Explain the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court.