Bachelor of Science (B.Sc.) Semester-III Examination

CHEMISTRY (Inorganic Chemistry) (New & Old)

Compulsory Paper-I

(New)

Time: Three Hours] [Maxi	mum Marks : 50	
N.B. :- (1) FIVE questions are compulsory and carry equal marks.		
(2) Write equations and draw diagrams wherever necessary.		
 (A) What are interhalogen compounds? How are they classified R Discuss CIF₃. (B) Draw and explain MO diagram of B₂ and O₂ molecule. Write their MO calculate bond order. 	s the structure of 5 configuration and 5	
OR		
(C) Explain the shape of SF ₄ molecule using VSEPR theory.	21/2	
(D) What are Polyhalides? Discuss the structure of I ₃ .	21/2	
(E) Distinguish between bonding and antibonding molecular orbitals.	21/2	
(F) Draw MO diagram of HF molecule. Explain its polar nature on the ba	sis of MO theory. 21/2	
2. (A) What are transition elements? Discuss the first transition series elements:	ments with respect	
(i) Electronic configuration	5	
(ii) Complex formation tendency.	tes.	
(B) (i) Discuss 3d series elements with respect to variable oxidation state(ii) Give a comparative account of the elements Cr, MO and W w		
magnetic properties	5	
OR		
(C) Discuss the colour of first transition series elements.	2½	
(D) Calculate spin magnetic moment of Mn2+ and Cu+ ions.	2½	
(E) Discuss atomic and ionic radii of 3d series elements.	21/2	
(F) Write electronic configuration of 4d series elements.	21/2	
(A) Define error. Discuss systematic and random errors. Calculate average a of the given set of results obtained by analyst. 32.22, 32.64, 32.52	and 32.40.	
(B) (i) Discuss with example acid-base reactions in Liq.NII, and Liq.S	SO ₂ .	
(ii) Give various steps for rejection of data according to Q-test.	5	
OR		

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	(C)	Explain the terms:	
		(i) Accuracy, and	
		(ii) Precision.	21/2
	(D)	Find out the significant figures in the following:	
	(1)	(i) 1.602×10^{-19}	
		(ii) 4.00298	
		(iii) 4.6500	
		(iv) 0.00705	
		(v) 6.023×10^{23}	21/2
	(E)	Define absolute and relative error.	21/2
	(F)	Discuss classification of solvents on the basis of like dissolves like.	21/2
4.	(A)	The state of the contraction of Evenisin its causes and give any two consequences	nces of
τ.	(11)	Lanthanide contraction.	5
	(B)	(i) Discuss the position of Actinides in the periodic table.	
		(ii) Discuss solvent extraction method for separation of Lanthanides.	5
		OR	214
	(C)	Explain complex formation tendency of Lanthanides.	21/2
	(D)	Discuss Lanthanides with reference to their electronic configuration.	21/2
	(E)	(i) Give names of any two ores of Lanthanides.	21/2
		(ii) Explain La(OH), is more basic than Lu(OH) ₃ .	
	(F)	Discuss actinides with respect to their oxidation states.	21/2
5.	Atte	empt any TEN questions of the following:	
	(i)	Explain why He ₂ molecule does not exist in terms of MOT.	
		Draw the structure of ICI, ion.	
•	(iii)	Write MO configuration of O ₂ molecule.	
	(iv)	Give reason, why Zn does not show variable oxidation states.	
		Define ferromagnetism.	
	(vi)	Write electronic configuration of MO	
ú	(vii)	Define median for odd and even set of values.	
	-(viii)	Define personal error.	
	(ix)	Name any two compounds acting as acid in liquid NH ₃ .	
		What is Gadolinium break?	
	(xi)	What is actinide contraction?	1×10=10
	(xii) What are fainimum and maximum oxidation states shown by Lanthanides?	[\ [0 - 1 0