Bachelor of Science (B.Sc.) Semester-IV (CBS) Examination

ELECTRONICS

(Analogue & Digital Techniques)

Paper-I

Time: Three Hours] [Maximum Marks: 50

N.B.: (1) All questions are compulsory and carry equal marks.

(2) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.

1. **EITHER**

(a) What is feedback? Explain the positive and negative feedback. Explain the concept of feedback amplifier.

In a negative feedback amplifier open loop gain is 100, β = 0.04 and input voltage V_i = 50 mV, calculate,

- (i) Gain with feedback (A)
- (ii) Output voltage (V₀).

7+3

OR

(b) What is oscillator? Give the classifications of oscillators.

Explain the construction and working of colpitt's oscillator.

1+3+6

3+5+2

2. **EITHER**

(a) With neat circuit diagram explain the construction and working of symmetric astable multivibrator using OP-AMP. Derive the expression for frequency of output of astable multivibrator. 6+4

OR

(b) What is Sample and Hold circuit? Explain the working of S/H circuit using OP-AMP.Explain the construction and working of instrumentation amplifier.

3. EITHER

(a) What is DAC? Explain need of DAC with neat circuit diagram, the construction and working of binary weighted 4-bit DAC.

State its limitations. 1+2+5+2

OR

- (b) Define the following Parameters of DAC:
 - (i) Resolution
 - (ii) Accuracy
 - (iii) Linearity.

Describe the construction and working or R-2R ladder type DAC.

State its advantages.

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4. **EITHER**

What is ADC? Explain the construction and working of dual slope A/D converter state its advantages and disadvantages. 1+6+3

OR

(b) Describe the construction and working of counter type A/D converter.

State its advantages and disadvantages.

7 + 3

5. Attempt any ten:

- State any two differences between oscillator and amplifier.
- What are the advantages of negative feedback?
- write the purpose of OP-AMP used in weighted resister DAC
 What is binary ladder?

 Vate the Shannon Nyquist sampling theorem.

 ive the advantages of Flash type AF

 fine sampling rate of
- (f)
- (g)
- (h)
- (i)
- (j)
- (k)

(l)

 1×10



