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Bachelor of Science (B.Sc.) Semester—IV (C.B.S.) Examination

PHYSICS (SOLID STATE ELECTRONICS AND MOLECULAR PHYSICS)

Paper—II

Time: Three Hours] [Maximum Marks: 50

N.B. :— (1) **ALL** questions are compulsory.

(2) Draw neat and labelled diagrams wherever necessary.

EITHER

- 1. (A) Define h parameter. Draw h parameter equivalent circuit of transistor in CE mode. Obtain h parameters equation using two port network for CE mode.
 - (B) (i) Explain construction and working of light emitting diode.
 - (ii) An LED is made up of Gallium Arsenide Phosphide for which the band gap energy Eg = 1.6 V at 300 K. Calculate the wavelength of light emitted by it, when it is in forward biased.

(Given
$$h = 6.63 \times 10^{-34}$$
 JS, $q = 1.6 \times 10^{-19}$ C, $C = 3 \times 10^8$ m/s)

OR

(C) Explain working of npn transistor.

 $2\frac{1}{2}$

(D) Explain construction and working of solar cell.

 $2\frac{1}{2}$

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- (E) Draw circuit diagram to study transistor characteristics in CB mode and explain its input, output characteristics.
- (F) A transistor is connected in CE mode. The voltage drop across 5 $k\Omega$ resistor which is connected in the collector circuit is 5 V. Find the base current. The current gain α of the transistor is 0.998.

EITHER

- 2. (A) Explain with neat diagram the working of JFET as a common source amplifier. Derive an expression for the input and output impedance and voltage gain of an amplifier. 5
 - (B) (i) Explain the static drain characteristics and transfer characteristics of enhancement MOSFET.
 - (ii) Calculate the voltage gain of JFET voltage amplifier having transconductance 4000 μ mho and the load resistance of 10 k Ω .

OR

- (C) Define the parameters of JFET and obtain the relation between them. 2½
- (D) State the advantages of JFET and MUSFET over Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT). 21/2
- (E) Describe construction of N-channel depletion MOSFET. 2½
- (F) The following readings were obtained experimentally for a JFET:

Calculate:

- (i) ac drain resistance
- (ii) transconductance
- (iii) amplification factor.

 $2\frac{1}{2}$

EITHER

- (A) Obtain an expression for rotational energy of a diatonic molecule. 5 (B) (i) Draw and explain energy level diagram in vibrational-rotational spectra. 3
 - - (ii) The force constant of the CO band is 187 N/m. Find the frequency of vibration of CO molecule. (Mass of C^{12} atom = 1.99×10^{-26} kg and mass of O^{16} atom = 2.66×10^{-26} kg)

OR

- (C) With suitable example, give the classification of molecule on the basis of moment of inertia.
- (D) What is the difference between zero point energy of a harmonic and anharmonic oscillator ? $2\frac{1}{2}$
- (E) Obtain an expression for the moment of inertia of two nuclei about their centre of mass HCl molecule. $2\frac{1}{2}$
- (F) The wave number of the lines in a band are given by $\bar{v} = 1000 (2n 1)$ for n positive and by $\overline{v} = -1000$ (2n + 1) for n negative. Calculate the moment of inertia of the emitter molecule of the spectrum. $2\frac{1}{2}$

- EITHER

 (A) What is Raman effect? Discuss experimental arrangement to study Raman effect and obtain the expression for Provided P obtain the expression for Raman shift.

 (B) (i) Discuss the quantum mechanical explanation of Raman effect. 5
 - 3
 - (ii) While exciting line 2536 Å a Raman line for a sample is observed at 2612 Å, Calculate the Raman shift in cm⁻¹.

OR

- (C) Explain with block diagram, the working of NMR spectrometer. $2\frac{1}{2}$
- (D) What are the applications of ESR spectroscopy? $2\frac{1}{2}$
- (E) Describe the existence of Stokes and Antistokes lines on the basis of quantum theory. $2\frac{1}{2}$
- (F) The small (rotational) Raman displacement for HCl molecule is 41.6 cm⁻¹. Find the internuclear distance between the atoms forming the molecule.

 $h=6.63\times10^{-34}$ Js, $C=3.0\times10^{-34}$ m/sec and $N_A=6.023\times10^{23}$ mol⁻¹. mpt any ten: $2\frac{1}{2}$

Attempt any ten: 5.

- (i) Define stability factor, (ii)
- (ii) State applications of LED.
- (iii) Calculate the current amplification factor in CE mode in $\Delta I_{C} = 10$ mA and $\Delta I_{B} = 0.5$ mA.
- (iv) Draw symbol of N-channel and P-channel depletion MOSFET.
- (v) Explain why a depletion region in JFET is wedge shaped.
- (vi) Calculate the resistance between gate and source if reverse gate voltage of 15 V which produce gate current 10^{-3} µA in a given JFET.
- (vii) Why homo nuclear molecule do not show rotational spectra?
- (viii) State the Born-Oppenheimer approximation.
- (ix) Calculate the spacing between vibrational energy level for frequency of vibration 2.04×10^{13} Hz.
- (x) What is meant by heat of dissociation?
- (xi) State Franck-Condon principle.
- (xii) Calculate the wave number of Raman line of wavelength 4358 Å. 1×10