## BOARD QUESTION PAPER : MARCH 2019 BOOK-KEEPING \& ACCOUNTANCY

Time: 3 Hours
Max. Marks: 80
Q.1. Attempt any THREE of the following sub-questions:
(A) Answer the following questions in only 'one' sentence each:
(1) What is Balance Sheet?
(2) What is gain ratio or benefit ratio?
(3) What is authorised capital?
(4) Who is a drawer?
(5) What is Statement of Affairs?
(B) Write a word / term / phrase as a substitute for each of the following statements:
(1) An association of two or more persons to carry on business.
(2) Payment of the bill before due date.
(3) The acknowledgement of debt under common seal of company.
(4) A bill which is drawn in India and payable in other country.
(5) Critical evaluation of financial statement to measure profitability.
(C) Select the most appropriate alternative from those given below and rewrite the statements:
(1) The interest on drawings is transferred to $\qquad$ side of the Profit and Loss Account.
(A) debit
(B) credit
(C) assets
(D) liability
(2) If any asset is taken over by a partner from the firm, $\qquad$ account will be debited.
(A) capital
(B) revaluation
(C) assets
(D) profit and Loss adjustment
(3) If goodwill is raised to the extent of retiring partner's share, $\qquad$ account is to be debited.
(A) cash
(B) goodwill
(C) all partners' capital
(D) retiring partners' capital
(4) $\qquad$ extra days are allowed over and above the period of the bill.
(A) Two
(B) Three
(C) Five
(D) Ten
(5) In the statement of Profit or Loss, interest on capital is $\qquad$ .
(A) shown as addition
(B) shown as subtraction
(C) igonred
(D) multiplied
(D) State whether the following statements are True or False:
(1) 'Not for profit' concerns concentrate their efforts on maximizing their profit.
(2) On dissolution of a firm, Cash or Bank account is closed automatically.
(3) A bill can't be deposited into a bank for collection.
(4) A person to whom or as per his order, amount of bill is payable is a payee.
(5) Analysis of financial statement is a tool but not a remedy.
(E) Prepare a format of Bill of Exchange from the following information:

Shri Manohar Ramchandra Patil, 208, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Mumbai, 400018 draws a four months' bill for ₹ 12,995 on Shri Ravindra K. Sankpal, Main Road, Sawantwadi, Dist. Sindhudurg payable to Sonali S. Pandit, Ratnagiri on $10^{\text {th }}$ January, 2017.
Shree Ravindra K. Sankpal accepted it on $13^{\text {th }}$ January, 2017 for ₹ 12,900 only.
Q.2. Shri Pramod keeps his books by single entry method. Following are the details of his business:

| Particulars | 01.04.2015 <br> Amount (₹) | $\mathbf{3 1 . 0 3 . 2 0 1 6}$ <br> Amount (₹) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Cash in hand | 40,000 | 64,000 |
| Cash at bank | 80,000 | $1,44,000$ |
| Stock in trade | 64,000 | 96,000 |
| Furniture | 72,000 | 72,000 |
| Plant and machinery | $2,40,000$ | $3,60,000$ |
| Creditors | 60,000 | 72,000 |
| Debtors | 96,000 | $1,20,000$ |

During the year, Shri Pramod has withdrawn ₹ 40,000 for his private purpose and taken goods of ₹ 8,000 for household use.
On $1^{\text {st }}$ October, 2015, he sold his household furniture for ${ }^{`} 8,000$ and deposited the same amount in the business bank account.
Provide depreciation on plant and machinery @ 10\% p.a. (assuming additions were made on $1^{\text {st }}$ October, 2015) and furniture @ 5\% p.a.

## Prepare:

Opening and Closing Statement of Affairs and Statement of Profit or Loss for the year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2016.

## OR

(A) What are the investing activities of cash flow?
(B) State the limitations of analysis of financial statements.
Q.3. Following is the Balance Sheet of Harsha and Varsha's firm on $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2016. They share profit and losses in the ratio of $3: 2$.

Balance Sheet as on 31 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ March 2016

| Liabilities | Amount <br> (₹) | Assets | Amount <br> (₹) | Amount <br> (₹) |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Capital A/Cs: |  | Land and building |  | $2,00,000$ |
| Harsha | $2,80,000$ | Furniture |  | 76,000 |
| Varsha | $2,80,000$ | Sundry debtors |  | $3,00,000$ |
| Sundry creditors | $4,00,000$ | Stock |  | $1,60,000$ |
|  |  | Cash at bank |  | $2,24,000$ |
|  | $\mathbf{9 , 6 0 , 0 0 0}$ |  |  | $\mathbf{9 , 6 0 , 0 0 0}$ |

They decided to admit Asha on $1^{\text {st }}$ April, 2016, into partnership on the following terms:
(1) Asha should bring ₹ 80,000 as her share of goodwill, which is to be retained in the business.
(2) She should bring ₹ $1,00,000$ as her capital for $1 / 4^{\text {th }}$ share in future profits.
(3) Land and building to be valued at ₹ $2,40,000$ and furniture be reduced by $10 \%$.
(4) A provision of $5 \%$ on debtors to be made for doubtful debts.
(5) The stock is to be taken at a value of ₹ $2,00,000$.
(6) The excess of capital of Harsha and Varsha over their due proportion of sharing profits in the firm is to be transferred to their respective loan acoounts.

## Prepare:

Profit and Loss Adjustment Account, Partners' Capital Accounts and new Balance Sheet of the firm.

## OR

Following is the Balance Sheet of Dhirshree, Sonam and Simran who were sharing profit and losses in the proportion of their capitals:

Balance Sheet as on 31 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ March, 2016

| Liabilities | Amount (₹) | Assets |  | Amount (₹) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capital accounts: |  | Plant and machinery |  | 60,000 |
| Dhirshree | 1,50,000 | Land and building |  | 1,65,000 |
| Sonam | 60,000 | Stock |  | 36,000 |
| Simran | 90,000 | Debtors | 36,000 |  |
| Sundry creditors | 45,000 | Less : R.D.D. Bank balance | 3,000 | 33,000 |
|  |  |  |  | 51,000 |
|  | 3,45,000 |  |  | 3,45,000 |

Simran retired from the business on $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2016 and the following adjustments were agreed to:
(1) The stock is to be valued at $92 \%$ of its book value.
(2) R.D.D. is to be maintained at $10 \%$ on Sundry Debtors.
(3) The value of land and building be appreciated by $20 \%$.
(4) The goodwill of the firm be fixed at ₹ 36,000 and Simran's share in the same be adjusted in the accounts of continuing partners in the gain ratio.
(5) The entire capital of the new firm be fixed at ₹ $4,80,000$ between Dhirshree and Soman in the proportion to their new profit sharing ratio which is fixed as $3: 1$ by making adjustment for difference in cash.

## Prepare:

(1) Profit and Loss Adjustment Account.
(2) Partners' Capital Accounts.
(3) Balance Sheet after retirement of Simran.
Q.4. Pooja owes Sunil ₹ 50,000 . Sunil draws a bill for $₹ 42,000$ on Pooja for 3 months' period and received the cheque for the balance. The bill is duly accepted and returned to Sunil. On the same date, Sunil endorsed Pooja's acceptance to Prema.
On the due date, Prema informed Sunil that Pooja dishonoured her acceptance and paid ₹ 350 as noting charges. Sunil then drew new bill for one month on Pooja including noting charges and interest ₹ 1,200. On the due date Pooja honoured the bill by cheque.

## Prepare:

Pass Journal Entries in the books of Sunil and prepare Sunil's account in the books of Pooja.
Q.5. Ram, Laxman and Bharat were partners sharing profit and losses in the ratio of $2: 2: 1$. Following is the Balance Sheet as on $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2016:

Balance Sheet as on 31 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ March, 2016

| Liabilities | Amount <br> (₹) | Assets | Amount <br> (₹) |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Capital A/Cs: |  | Machinery |  | $2,00,000$ |
| $\quad$ Ram | $2,40,000$ | Stock | 80,000 |  |
| Laxman | 80,000 | Debtors | $2,20,000$ |  |
| Bharat | 80,000 | Less : R.D.D. | 12,000 | $2,08,000$ |
| General reserve | 24,000 | lnvestments |  | 96,000 |
| Creditors | $1,92,000$ | Profit and Loss A/c. |  | 72,000 |
| Bills payable | 56,000 | Bank balance | 16,000 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{6 , 7 2 , 0 0 0}$ |  | $\mathbf{6 , 7 2 , 0 0 0}$ |  |

## On the above date the partners decided to dissolve the firm:

(1) Assets were realised as under --

Machinery ₹ 1,80,000, Stock ₹ 72,000, Investments ₹ 84,000, Debtors ₹ 1,80,000.
(2) Dissolution expenses were 12,000 .
(3) Goodwill of the firm realised 96,000 .

## Prepare :

(1) Realisation Account
(2) Partners' Capital Accounts
(3) Bank Account

## OR

Bandekar Industries Co. Ltd. Issued 60,000 equity shares of ₹ 100 each, payable as follows:
On application ₹ 20

On allotment ₹ 30
On first call ₹ 25
On second call and Final call ₹ 25
The company received applications for 48,000 equity shares. All the applications were accepted and shares were alloted. The company made both the calls.
One shareholder Mr. Ramesh holding 1,600 shares failed to pay the final call. His shares were forfeited.
Pass Journal Entries in the bookds of Bandekar Industries Co. Ltd.
Q. 6. Given below is the balance sheet as on $1^{\text {st }}$ April, 2015 and Receipts and Payments Account for the year ending $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2016 of Decent Sports Club, Kudal.
From the given information prepare Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2016 and the Balance Sheet as on that date:

Balance Sheet as on $1^{\text {st }}$ April, 2015
Dr.

| Liabilities | Amount (₹) | Assets | Amount (₹) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capital fund | 9,25,000 | Play-ground | 8,00,000 |
| Building fund | 5,00,000 | Furniture | 36,000 |
| Subscription received in |  | Stock of sports material | 44,000 |
| advance for the year |  | Building fund investment | 5,00,000 |
| 2015-2016 | 9,000 | Cash at bank | 20,000 |
|  |  | Outstanding subscriptions | 34,000 |
|  | 14,34,000 |  | 14,34,000 |

## Receipts and Payments Account for the year ending 31 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ March, 2016

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| Receipts | Amount <br> (₹) | Payments | Amount <br> (₹) |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| To Balance b/d |  | By sports material purchased |  |
| Cash in bank | 20,000 | By salaries and wages | 82,000 |
| To Subscription | $2,01,800$ | By Office expenses |  |
| To Donations | 56,000 | By Telephone charges |  |
| To Admission fees | 13,000 | By Balanced c/d | $1,26,000$ |
| To Sundry receipts | 2,700 | Cash at bank | 12,400 |
| To Interest on | 18,000 |  | 34,100 |
| Invenstment in building fund | $\mathbf{3 , 1 1 , 5 0 0}$ |  | $\mathbf{3 , 1 1 , 5 0 0}$ |

Adjustments:
(1) Stock of sports material in hand on $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2016 was ₹ 48,000.
(2) Admission fees and donations are to be capitalised.
(3) Subscription received during the year included ₹ 34,000 for previous year and ₹ 10,000 for the next year. Current year's subscription ₹ 29,000 is to be received.
Q.7. Ashok and Sangmesh are in partnership sharing profit and losses in the ratio of $2: 1$. From the following trial balance and adjustments given below, you are required to prepare Trading and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended on $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2016 and Balance Sheet as on that date:

Trial Balance as on $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2016

| Paritculars | Debit Amount (₹) | Credit Amount (₹) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prepaid insurance | 3,200 |  |
| Insurance | 8,000 |  |
| R.D.D |  | 4,000 |
| Discount | 3,200 |  |
| Postage and telephone | 12,800 |  |
| Debtors and creditors | 2,64,000 | 2,72,000 |
| Salaries | 2,24,000 |  |
| Wages | 96,000 |  |
| Opening stock | 1,92,200 |  |
| Carriage | 4,000 |  |
| Purchases and sales | 7,72,800 | 12,06,400 |
| Return inwards/outwards | 22,400 | 36,800 |
| Bank overdraft |  | 4,83,200 |
| Plant and machinery | 96,000 |  |
| Land and building | 7,04,000 |  |
| Partners' capital accounts : |  |  |
| Ashok |  | 2,08,000 |
| Sangmesh |  | 1,92,000 |
|  | 24,02,400 | 24,02,400 |

Adjustments :
(1) Write off ₹ 8,000 for bad debts and provide R.D.D. @ $5 \%$ on debtors.
(2) Goods worth ₹ 16,000 were distributed as free samples.
(3) Closing stock on $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2016 was valued at the cost of ₹ $2,24,000$ while its market price was ₹ $2,40,000$.
(4) Salaries were outstanding ₹ 8,000.
(5) Depreciate : Land and Building @ 5\% p.a. and Plant and Machinery @ 10\% p.a.

