

Section 1 - Paper1-English Language

1) Which of the following is the appropriate meaning of the idiom "In Abraham's bosom"?

- A) In the world
 - B) In the heaven
 - C) In the hell
 - D) In the nature
-

Passage questions (2-6)

Read the passage and answer the questions that follow:

Hobbits are an unobtrusive but very ancient people, more numerous formerly than they are today; for they love peace and quiet and good tilled earth: a well-ordered and well-farmed countryside was their favourite haunt. They do not and did not understand or like machines more complicated than a forge-bellows, a water-mill, or a hand-loom, though they were skilful with tools. Even in ancient days they were, as a rule, shy of 'the Big Folk', as they call us, and now they avoid us with dismay and are becoming hard to find. They are quick of hearing and sharp-eyed, and though they are inclined to be fat and do not hurry unnecessarily, they are nonetheless nimble and deft in their movements.

2) Who is hard to find?

- A) The big folk.
 - B) Hobbits.
 - C) Complicated machines.
 - D) Simple tools.
-

3) What does the word 'unobtrusive' mean?

- A) Small.
 - B) Non-interfering.
 - C) Ancient.
 - D) Nimble.
-

4) Which of the following is a characteristic of the hobbits?

- A) They are obtrusive.
 - B) They are nimble and deft.
 - C) They hurry and run when in danger.
 - D) They handle complex machines quite well.
-

5) Which of following do hobbits dislike?

- A) Complicated machines.
 - B) Good tilled earth.
 - C) Peace and quiet.
 - D) Well-ordered countryside.
-

6) The favourite haunt of the hobbits is

- A) the countryside
 - B) anywhere near to the big folk
 - C) near the wind mill.
 - D) near the village well
-

7) Fill in the blank with the correct option:

The rich man adopted the boy who used to like the story of a _____ and a tortoise and made him his _____.

- A) hair, heir
 - B) hare, heir
 - C) hair, hare
 - D) heir, hare
-

8) Which of the following is the appropriate meaning of the idiom "At the eleventh hour"?

- A) the least possible moment.
 - B) the lost possible moment.
 - C) the late possible moment.
 - D) the latest possible moment.
-

9) Fill in the blank with correct prefix or suffix:

Compass is used to ___sect a line

- A) dis
 - B) en
 - C) mis
 - D) co
-

10) Which of the following words is correctly spelt?

- A) omnisent
- B) omniscient
- C) omniscent
- D) omnisciant

Section 2 - Paper I-Education and General Awareness

11) Atal Tinkering Labs derives its essence from India's ancient Gurukul system and the

- A) American education system
 - B) Finnish education system
 - C) Singaporean education system
 - D) Danish education system
-

12) "Living organisms respond to different kind of stimuli." Which of the following options is an example of a living organism responding to a stimulus?

- A) A cockroach running towards a dark corner when light is switched on
 - B) A chick hatching from an egg and growing into a hen
 - C) A bean seed germinating and growing to become a plant
 - D) A fish breathing dissolved oxygen from the water through gills
-

13) Which of the powers of the Governor is more extensive than that of the President of India?

- A) Judicial powers
 - B) Financial powers
 - C) Discretionary powers
 - D) Emergency powers
-

14) The National Institute of Open Schooling (NIOS) is an option taken by children who -

- A) fail to attend regular schools
 - B) have learning difficulties
 - C) attend alternate schools
 - D) fail in private schools
-

15) The Wood's Dispatch, for the first time recommended the creation of

- A) Department of Public Instruction
- B) National Council for Teacher Education
- C) Regional Institute for English Education
- D) Central Board of Secondary Education

Section 3 - PaperI-Reasoning

16) Shyam sundar starts from point 'A' and walks 20 m towards East. Then he turns right and walks 10 m and again turns right and walks 9 m. Then he turns left and walks 5 m and again turns left and walks 12 m. Then he again turns left and walks 5 m and reaches point B. In which direction he is facing now?

- A) North
- B) West
- C) South
- D) East

17) Pointing to a photo of a boy, Ramesh said, "He is the son of the only son of my mother". How is Ramesh related to that boy?

- A) Father
- B) Brother
- C) Uncle
- D) Son

18) In a certain code language, if $7*4$ is coded as X, $5*6$ is coded as III, then how will $9*5$ be coded in that language?

- A) VIII
- B) XI
- C) IX
- D) IV

19) In the following questions, mark:

- 1, if statement I alone is sufficient to answer the problem.
- 2, if statement II alone is sufficient to answer the problem.
- 3, if statements I and II both taken together are sufficient to answer the problem.
- 4, if statements I and II taken together are NOT sufficient to answer the problem.

Does P belong to the set of integers?

- I. P^3 is an integer.
- II. $3P$ is an integer.

- A) 1
- B) 3
- C) 2
- D) 4

20) In the following questions, mark:

- 1, if statement I alone is sufficient to answer the problem.
- 2, if statement II alone is sufficient to answer the problem.
- 3, if statements I and II both taken together are sufficient to answer the problem.
- 4, if statements I and II taken together are NOT sufficient to answer the problem.

If x is a real number, then is $|x| > x$?

I. $x^2 < x$

II. $(x^2) > (2/x)$

- A) 1
- B) 4
- C) 3
- D) 2

Section 4 - Paper I-Teaching Aptitude

21) Which of the following functions is a driving force to gain knowledge and change the behaviour of the learner?

- A) Intelligence
 - B) Motive
 - C) PeEconomic Status
 - D) Creativity
-

22) Who said that the very essence of education is concentration of mind rather than collecting of fact?

- A) Mahatma Gandhi
 - B) Swami Vivekananda
 - C) Shri Aurbindo
 - D) Rabindranth Tagore
-

23) Children feel hungry when they hear the mid-day meal bell. Such a feeling is an example of

- A) Operant Conditioning
 - B) Classical Conditioning
 - C) Cognitive Construction
 - D) Social Construction
-

24) Which of the following action can be classified as a change occurring due to Learning?

- A) identifying the difference between the concept of fruits and vegetables
 - B) blink our eyes on bright light
 - C) removing the leg on being hurt by an object
 - D) removing the hand on touching a hot object
-

25) Who amongst the following while referring to ultimate aim of education linked it to – “Body, mind and spirit.”

- A) Shri Aurbindo
 - B) Swami Vivekananda
 - C) Swami Dayanand
 - D) Rabindranth Tagore
-

26) Which of the following methods comes under Inductive method?

- A) Story telling method
- B) Note taking method
- C) Lecture method
- D) Inquiry based learning

27) What does NCERT stand for?

- A) National Committee of Educational Research and Training
- B) National Council of Educational Review and Training
- C) National Council of Educational Research and Training
- D) Natural Council of Educational Research and Training

28) Which of the following is the most appropriate method of teaching in a class with students from different regional backgrounds?

- A) Using single language while explaining the content
- B) Using complex language that demands high language proficiency
- C) Using simple language with multilingual methods of explanation
- D) Using a local dialect for explaining

29) The relationship between the zone of proximal development and the more knowledgeable other is the relationship between the _____.

- A) learners in difficult circumstances and their teachers
- B) potential of the child and the facilitator who supports the learning
- C) teacher and the child who has learning difficulties
- D) average student and the intelligent student.

30) Which of the following is the app launched by the HRD Ministry that will be of immense help to the District Institutes of Education and Training ?

- A) Pratibimba
- B) Parivartan
- C) Prashikshak
- D) Paryavaran

Section 5 - PaperII-General English

31) Choose correct word from those given below to fill in the sentence.

He was _____ from the kingdom for murder and mayhem.

- A) warned
- B) relegated
- C) banished
- D) repatriated

32) Which of the following words in bold is the opposite of 'Fragrant'.

- A) The **ambrosial** pathway was full of people who shrunk with distaste
- B) The **malodorous** pathway was full of people who shrunk with distaste.
- C) The **aromatic** pathway was full of people who shrunk with distaste.
- D) The **delightful** pathway was full of people who shrunk with distaste

33) Select the word which is antonym of 'Luminous'.

- A) bright
- B) lambent
- C) dim
- D) brilliant

34) Choose the correct spelling of the missing word.

I wonder if he will _____ the team after the scandal.

- A) lead
- B) leed
- C) led
- D) lid

35) Fill in the blanks with the correct choice of words.

After a while her voice started _____ on me and I threw the love letter into the flames of the iron _____

- A) great, grate
- B) greating, grate
- C) grating, grate
- D) grate, grating

36) Select the correct option to combine the sentence into a simple sentence.

We were speaking to the gentleman. He was wearing a blue suit.

- A) We were speaking to the gentleman who was wearing the blue suit.
 - B) We were speaking to the gentleman with the blue suit.
 - C) We were speaking to the gentleman of the blue suit.
 - D) We were speaking to the gentleman wearing a blue suit.
-

37) Fill in the blanks with the correct option.

The train for Dehradun _____ at four a.m. tomorrow.

- A) leave
 - B) leaving
 - C) leaves
 - D) was leaving
-

38) Fill in the blanks with the correct spelling of the word.

His _____ always gave an impression of poverty, but he was quite well-to-do.

- A) appearance
 - B) apearence
 - C) appearence
 - D) apearance
-

39) Identify the part of speech of the word in bold.

I saw many dogs sleeping **on** the platform.

- A) adverb
 - B) preposition
 - C) noun
 - D) verb
-

Passage questions (40-44)

Read the following passage and answer the questions given below:

Most dolphins are social animals and, like great apes and humans, derive more advantages than disadvantages from living in a group. They also have diverse repertoire of foraging behaviours which emphasizes the ability of these animals to capitalize on their own aptitudes and adopt either solitary or group strategies for hunting, depending on a variety of factors including the availability and type of food sources and the surrounding environment. If we think for a moment about accomplishing any of these tasks and the diverse levels of communication, organization, innovation and learning capacity that these strategies require, we begin to gain an appreciation for the level of intelligence inherent in a dolphin society. The complexity of these societies, coupled with the difficulties of studying animals at sea, present quite a challenge for scientists bent on understanding these cosmopolitan animals.

40) The word 'cosmopolitan' in the passage means

- A) having intelligence and organisation
 - B) having different sizes and types
 - C) having birds with different experiences
 - D) having birds living in different areas
-

41) It is difficult for scientists to study foraging habits of dolphin societies because dolphins _____

- A) capitalise on their aptitudes of foraging strategies
 - B) strategies of foraging depend on different factors
 - C) have diverse types of foraging behaviours
 - D) are social animals which live in different foraging groups
-

42) Dolphins are very intelligent creatures because

- A) they show a lot of cooperation
 - B) they organise, innovate and learn
 - C) like human beings they move in groups
 - D) they use diverse foraging behaviours
-

43) According to passage, foraging means

- A) hunting for food
 - B) organising societies
 - C) communicating with each other
 - D) group strategies
-

44) According to the passage, the different types of foraging behaviours are

- A) group and solitary strategies
 - B) unique strategies by each bird
 - C) different methods of foraging
 - D) simple and complex behaviours
-

45) Fill in the blanks with the correct option.

I _____ to exercise for an hour every morning tomorrow onwards.

- A) go
- B) goes
- C) am going
- D) going

Section 6 - PaperII-Odia Language

46) 'ଶୈଶବ' କେଉଁ ପ୍ରକାର ବିଶେଷ୍ୟ ?

- A) ଗୁଣବାଚକ
- B) ଜାତିବାଚକ
- C) ସଂଜ୍ଞାବାଚକ
- D) କ୍ରିୟାବାଚକ

47) ବର୍ଣ୍ୟ 'ବ' ଓ ଅବର୍ଣ୍ୟ 'ବ' ମଧ୍ୟରେ ଉଚ୍ଚାରଣଗତ ପାର୍ଥକ୍ୟ ଅଛି। ମାତ୍ର ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଭାଷାରେ ଏହି ପାର୍ଥକ୍ୟ କ୍ଷତି ହେଉ ନାହିଁ। ଏହା ମଧ୍ୟରେ ଥିବା ପାର୍ଥକ୍ୟକୁ ଦର୍ଶାଇବା ପାଇଁ ଅବର୍ଣ୍ୟ 'ବ' କୁ କେଉଁ ପ୍ରକାରରେ ଲେଖାଯାଇଥାଏ ?

- A) ବ
- B> ଷ
- C) ଙ
- D) ଯ

48) କ୍ରିୟା ନ ଥାଇ ଉଲ୍ଲିଖିତ ଶବ୍ଦକୁ କ'ଣ କୁହାଯାଏ ?

- A) ପ୍ରାତିପାଦକ
- B) ସର୍ବନାମ
- C) ସମ୍ପର୍କ ପଦ
- D) ଅବ୍ୟୟ

49) 'କଲିଙ୍ଗ' - ଶବ୍ଦଟି କେଉଁ ବୈଦେଶିକ ଶବ୍ଦ ବଳୀରୁ ଆସିଛି?

- A) ତୁର୍କୀ
- B) ଫରାସୀ
- C) ପାର୍ସୀ
- D) ଆରବୀ

50) ସ୍ଵରଧ୍ଵନି ଗୁଡ଼ିକ ମଧ୍ୟରେ ଅ, ଇ, ଊ, ଋ କୁ କେଉଁ ସ୍ଵରଧ୍ଵନି କୁହାଯାଏ ?

- A) ସ୍ଵର୍ଣ୍ଣସ୍ଵର
- B) ଦୀର୍ଘସ୍ଵର
- C) ହ୍ରସ୍ଵସ୍ଵର
- D) କଷ୍ୟବ୍ୟଂଜନ ଧ୍ଵନି

51) ଶ, ଷ, ସ, ହ, ଏହି ଚାରିଟି ବର୍ଣ୍ଣକୁ କ'ଣ କୁହାଯାଏ ?

- A) ଅଯୋଗବାହ ବର୍ଣ୍ଣ
- B) ଓଷ୍ଠ୍ୟ ବର୍ଣ୍ଣ
- C) ଉଷ୍ମ ବର୍ଣ୍ଣ
- D) ଅନ୍ତଃସ୍ଥ ବର୍ଣ୍ଣ

52) 'କ' ବ୍ୟଞ୍ଜନର ଉଚ୍ଚାରଣ ସ୍ଥାନ ଏମାନଙ୍କଠାରେ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟି ?

- A) କଣ୍ଠ
- B) ଡାଳୁ
- C) ମୂର୍ଦ୍ଧା
- D) ଏ ଗୁଡ଼ିକ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କୌଣସିଟି ନୁହେଁ

53) 'ର' ବ୍ୟଞ୍ଜନ ବର୍ଣ୍ଣ ପୂର୍ବରୁ ଯୁକ୍ତ ହେଲେ କେଉଁଠିରେ ପରିଣତ ହୁଏ ?

- A) 'ର' ଫଳାରେ ପରିଣତ ହୁଏ
- B) କୌଣସିଟି ନୁହେଁ
- C) 'ତ' ଫଳାରେ ପରିଣତ ହୁଏ
- D) 'ର' ରେଫ୍ ରେ ପରିଣତ ହୁଏ

54) 'ବଳାହକ' ପଦର ସଠିକ୍ ବ୍ୟାସବାକ୍ୟ ନିର୍ଣ୍ଣୟ କର ।

- A) ବାରିର ବାହକ
- B) ବଳର ବାହକ
- C) ବଳ ପାଇଁ ବାହକ
- D) ବାରି ପାଇଁ ବାହକ

55) କେଉଁଟି ଠିକ୍ ଶବ୍ଦ ଚିହ୍ନାଏ ?

- A) ଜ୍ୟେଷ୍ଠ
- B) କୃଷ୍ଣ
- C) କୃତ
- D) ଜେଷ୍ଠ

Section 7 - PaperII-History and Political Science

56) This question has two facts about Ishwar Chandra Vidyasagar. Read the statements and choose the conclusion that logically follows:

- I. Vidyasagar protested against polygamy
- II. Vidyasagar organized thirty-five girls' schools

- A) Vidyasagar supported gender equality
 - B) Vidyasagar opposed zamindari system
 - C) Vidyasagar opposed Islamic customs
 - D) Vidyasagar supported social equality
-

57) Who issues Writs for the enforcement of Fundamental Rights?

- A) Parliament
 - B) President
 - C) Supreme Court and High Court
 - D) Prime Minister
-

58) Dayananda Saraswati published a paper in 1875 that meant The Light of Truth. What was the Indian name of that paper?

- A) Satyarth Prakash
 - B) Satya Jyoti
 - C) Sachchai Ujala
 - D) Satya Prakash
-

59) Which of the following scholars DID NOT inspire the French revolution?

- A) Adam Smith
 - B) Voltaire
 - C) Montesquieu
 - D) Jean-Jacques Rousseau
-

60) Who decides the salary and allowances of the Speaker of the Legislative Assembly?

- A) Governor
- B) Chief Minister
- C) Deputy Speaker
- D) Legislature of State

61) Which of the following items did the East India company purchase from the Malabar coast?

- A) Gunpowder and canons
- B) Ivory and pearls
- C) Pepper and cardamom
- D) Gold and silver

62) How was the Peshwa treated after the Third Anglo-Maratha War of 1817-19?

- A) Imprisoned and tortured
- B) Sent away to Bithur with a pension
- C) Position of Peshwa was dissolved
- D) Publicly executed

63) When was Indian National Congress founded?

- A) 1885
- B) 1887
- C) 1888
- D) 1886

64) In which of the following books, the song "Bande Mātaram" is featured?

- A) Kapalkuṇḍala
- B) Anandamaṭh
- C) Chandrasekhar
- D) Yugalanguriya

65) How did Tipu Sultan control the East India company to spread its influence in Mysore?

- A) Stopped the export of items through the ports of his kingdom
- B) Arrested east India company officials if they were found in Mysore
- C) Allowed only 100 local merchants from trading with the Company
- D) Established a close relationship with the Dutch army

66) Why did Viceroy Lord Lytton remove most of the import duties on British textiles?

- A) To increase British import in India
- B) To decrease Indian export to Britain
- C) To keep a balance between import and export
- D) To please the textile manufacturers of Britain

67) Indian Constitution is _____ in nature?

- A) Unitary
- B) Federal
- C) Presidential
- D) Quasi Federal

68) The Parliament of India consists of?

- A) President, Lok Sabha, Rajya Sabha
- B) Prime Minister, Lok Sabha, Rajya Sabha
- C) Speaker, Chief Minister, Lok Sabha
- D) Vice President, Vidhan Sabha

69) According to Dadabhai Naoroji, the basic cause of India's poverty lay in the British exploitation of India due to the

- A) misuse of its resources by the merchants
- B) corruption of the British officers
- C) competition from the machine made goods
- D) drain of its wealth by the British

70) Who were called the "nabobs"?

- A) English officers who were appointed in Indian Courts
- B) English children with one parent of Indian origin
- C) English children born in India
- D) English officials who returned to England with wealth

71) What was "blank check" in context of the First World War?

- A) Austria-Hungary's unlimited financial support to Germany
- B) Russia's financial support to Serbia
- C) Britain's secret financial aid to France
- D) Kaiser Wilhelm's pledge to support Austria-Hungary

72) Why did Ram Mohan Roy endorse the British rule?

- A) Modernizing administrative system in India
- B) Combating the feudal system in India
- C) Introducing English language in India
- D) Introducing Civil courts in India

73) On what principle the Presidential form of Government operates?

- A) Balance of Powers
- B) Centralisation of Powers
- C) Separation of Powers
- D) Division of Powers between Centre and States.

74) Which of the following conflict was called the "war to end all wars"?

- A) World War I
- B) World War II
- C) American War of Independence
- D) French Revolution

75) Which programme was first launched by Government of India to implement Art.47 of DPSP?

- A) Community Development Programme
- B) Drought Prone Areas Programme
- C) Integrated Rural Development
- D) Natural Rural Employment Programme

Section 8 - PaperII-Geography

76) Largest exported agriculture product of India is _____.

- A) Papaya
 - B) Wheat
 - C) Non-Basmati rice
 - D) Basmati Rice
-

77) Which city is known as the coal capital of India?

- A) Kolkatta
 - B) Dhanbad
 - C) Patna
 - D) Jharkhand
-

78) Read the following statements and indicate whether they are true or false.

- I) Punjab is most agriculturally developed state in India.
- II) Its prosperity is due to the presence of alluvium soil and extensive irrigation methods adopted for agriculture.

- A) Only I is True
 - B) Both are False
 - C) Both are True
 - D) Only II is True
-

79) What is the percentage of forest cover in India in 2019?

- A) 24.56
 - B) 22.31
 - C) 21.02
 - D) 23.42
-

80) Which state among the following is the largest producer of gold?

- A) Tamil Nadu
 - B) Karnataka
 - C) Assam
 - D) Jammu & Kashmir
-

81) Which is the largest plateau in India?

- A) The Chotanagpur Plateau
 - B) The Central Highland
 - C) The Deccan Plateau
 - D) The Malwa Plateau
-

82) Which of the following is a renewable natural resource?

- A) Mineral
 - B) Soil
 - C) Biomass Energy
 - D) Fossil Fuel
-

83) What causes Alkalinity of soil?

- A) aeolean erosion
 - B) excessive use of fertilizers
 - C) salts blown by wind
 - D) capillary action
-

84) Zero shadow day occurs at what latitudes?

- A) 90 N and 90 S degrees of latitude
 - B) 60 N and 60 S degrees of latitude
 - C) 0 degree latitude or equator
 - D) 23.5 N and 23.5 S degrees of latitude
-

85) Which type of forest cover is mostly found in India?

- A) Tropical Rain Forest
 - B) Montane Forest
 - C) Littoral Forest
 - D) Tropical Deciduous Forest
-

86) The economic resources are also defined as :

- A) profit
 - B) all elements of production
 - C) technology
 - D) cost of production
-

87) Why is Tarapur famous?

- A) It is a census town.
 - B) It has an industrial estate.
 - C) It has a "Common Effluent Treatment Plant" (CETP)
 - D) It has India's first commercial nuclear power plant.
-

88) What is the Distance Between Degrees of Longitude at the Equator?

- A) 30.69 miles
 - B) 65.172 miles
 - C) 69.172 miles
 - D) 60.179 miles
-

89) What divides the earth into eastern hemisphere and western hemisphere?

- A) Anti meridian
 - B) Equator
 - C) Prime meridian
 - D) Tropic of Capricorn
-

90) Which is the highest point in eastern ghats of India?

- A) Anai Peak
- B) Barejolla Peak
- C) Jindhagada Peak
- D) Anamudi Peak

Question Paper No:

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Answer Key

1	B	31	C	61	C
2	B	32	B	62	B
3	B	33	C	63	A
4	B	34	A	64	B
5	A	35	C	65	A
6	A	36	D	66	D
7	D	37	C	67	D
8	D	38	A	68	A
9	A	39	B	69	D
10	B	40	D	70	D
11	B	41	B	71	D
12	A	42	B	72	B
13	C	43	A	73	C
14	A	44	A	74	A
15	A	45	C	75	A
16	A	46	A	76	D
17	A	47	B	77	B
18	C	48	A	78	C
19	B	49	D	79	A
20	A	50	C	80	B
21	B	51	C	81	C
22	B	52	A	82	C
23	B	53	D	83	B
24	A	54	A	84	D
25	A	55	A	85	D
26	D	56	D	86	B
27	C	57	C	87	D
28	C	58	A	88	C
29	B	59	A	89	C
30	C	60	D	90	C