

# List of Algebra Topics in TS EAMCET 2025

**Functions:** Ordered pairs, Types of functions - Definitions - Inverse functions and Theorems - Domain, Range, Inverse of real valued functions.

**Mathematical Induction:** Principle of Mathematical Induction & Theorems - Applications of Mathematical Induction - Problems on divisibility

**Matrices:** Types of matrices - Scalar multiple of a matrix and multiplication of matrices - Transpose of a matrix - Determinants - Adjoint and Inverse of a matrix - Consistency and Inconsistency system of Simultaneous equations- Rank of a matrix - Solution of simultaneous linear equations

**Complex Numbers:** Complex number as an ordered pair of real numbers Fundamental operations - Representation of complex numbers in the form  $a+ib$  - Modulus and amplitude of complex numbers - Illustrations - Geometrical and Polar Representation of complex numbers in Argand plane- Argand diagram

**De Moivre's Theorem:** De Moivre's theorem- Integral and Rational indices -  $n$ th roots of unity- Geometrical Interpretations – Illustrations.

**Quadratic Expressions:** Quadratic expressions, equations in one variable - Sign of quadratic expressions - Change in signs - Maximum and minimum values - Quadratic in equations.

**Theory of Equations:** The relation between the roots and coefficients in an equation - Solving the equations when two or more of its roots are connected by certain relation - Equations with real coefficients, occurrence of complex roots in conjugate pairs and its consequences - Transformation of equations - Reciprocal Equations.

**Permutations and Combinations:** Fundamental Principle of counting - Linear and Circular permutations- Permutations of ' $n$ ' dissimilar things taken ' $r$ ' at a time - Permutations when repetitions allowed - Circular permutations - Permutations with constraint repetitions - Combinations - Definitions, certain theorems.

**Binomial Theorem:** Binomial theorem for positive integral index - Binomial theorem for rational Index - Approximations using Binomial theorem.

**Partial Fractions:** Rational fraction - Partial fractions of  $f(x)/g(x)$  when  $g(x)$  contains non-repeated linear factors - Partial fractions of  $f(x)/g(x)$  when  $g(x)$  contains repeated and/or non-repeated linear factors - Partial fractions of  $f(x)/g(x)$  when  $g(x)$  contains repeated and non-repeated irreducible factors only.