

OR				
12 (b)	What is the need of Entrepreneurship Development Programme and discuss their objectives along with its course contents and curriculum.	13	CO2	L4
13 (a)	What is meant by Project formulation and describe its sequential stages?	13	CO3	L3
OR				
13 (b)	Explain the various steps involved in the Project appraisal?	13	CO3	L3
14 (a)	State the various determinants of the Capital Structure and discuss the Net Income Approach theory.	13	CO4	L4
OR				
14 (b)	What is accounting process and discuss the various steps involved in the accounting process?	13	CO4	L4
15 (a)	What are the institutions supporting Small scale industries and explain any five institutions with their functions?	13	CO5	L3
OR				
15 (b)	Explain about Income tax benefits under Income tax act 1961.	13	CO5	L3

PART- C (1 x 15 = 15 Marks)
(Q.No.16 is compulsory)

Q. No	Questions	Marks	CO	BL
16. (a)	Describe the various dimensions of Project identification.	7	CO3	L5
(b)	<p>Year by year the population of world is increasing but resources are not increasing with the same proportion. India is the second most populated country in the world and most of its population are settled in villages or the rural part you can say. The gap between urban and rural sectors is increasing exponentially. Success of new economic trends such as microfinance and increasing number of companies in the rural sectors that there exists a large untapped market at the bottom of the economic pyramid. In the current scenario, rural markets and self-help groups have gained never before significance. Many institutes both profit and non-profit are focusing on rural entrepreneurship.</p> <p>Danapur is village near Patna, with a population of 250 families. It is far from all the amenities of an urban area be it good transportation facility or 24-hour electricity because of which infrastructure, education and employment opportunities are inadequate. The main source of income in the village is agriculture which is around 1000 INR per month. As agriculture related activities are seasonal the women in the village do knitting, sewing and allied activities when they are not engaged in agricultural activities. The knitting work done by these women are exceptional and can compete with high end designers</p> <p>Questions Q1. Do this rural people need an entrepreneur who can help them to reach to right buyer. Justify your answer Q2. What are the other business options available which villagers can do when they are not doing activities related to agriculture?</p>	8	CO1	L6

