2022 XI 25		0230	Seat No.			
Time : 2 Hours		FIRST TERM	GEOG	RAPH	Y AN	ND
			ECO	NOM	ICS (	( <b>E</b> )
		(For Children With Special Needs)				
		Subject Code				
		S 1 0 1 7				
Total No. of Questions : 40		(Printed Pages : 16	3) Maxin	num M	arks :	: 40
<b>INSTRUCTIONS</b> : (i)	All qu	estions are compulsory.				
(ii)	Each question carries one mark.					
(iii)	The paper consists of 40 multiple choice questions (MCQs).					
(• )			• • • • •			.1

(iv) Answer to each question is to be indicated by darkening the correct alternative in the OMR sheet provided with the question paper.

#### **Choose the most suitable answer :**

1. The conversion of land into bad lands and ravines is caused due to .....



- (A) Floods
- (B) Landslides
- (C) Overgrazing
- (D) Gully erosion

2. The method of soil conservation seen in the picture below is .....



- (A) Shelter belts
- (B) Contour ploughing
- (C) Strip cropping
- (D) Afforestation
- 3. The soil formed by the weathering of granite and gneisses is called .....



- (A) Laterite soil
- (B) Red and yellow soil
- (C) Black soil
- (D) Alluvial soil

4. Plantation crops like rubber, coffee and tea are best grown in ...... soil.



- (A) Red and yellow
- (B) Mountain
- (C) Laterite
- (D) Desert
- 5. Resources accessible to all members of a community are called .....resources.
  - (A) Individual
  - (B) Community owned
  - (C) National
  - (D) International
- 6. Ladakh is rich in .....
  - (A) Minerals
  - (B) Water
  - (C) Cultural heritage
  - (D) Solar energy

- 7. Newly formed alluvial soils are known as .....
  - (A) Bhangar
  - (B) Khadar
  - (C) Laterite
  - (D) Black

8. One of the main causes of soil erosion is .....

- (A) Waterlogging
- (B) Afforestation
- (C) Shelter belts
- (D) Controlled irrigation
- 9. The problem of forest destruction in the tribal areas of North-east India is due to .....



- (A) Shifting agriculture
- (B) Deforestation
- (C) Floods
- (D) Earthquake

10. The movement in which people embraced the trees from being cut by a logging company is the .....



- (A) Bedthi campaign
- (B) Chipko Andolan
- (C) Mitti Bachao Abhiyan
- (D) Beej Bachao Andolan
- 11. An example of an endangered species of animal is the .....



- (A) Asiatic cheetah
- (B) Desert fox
- (C) Lion
- (D) Black buck

12. Project ..... was launched in 1973 to conserve this animal.



- (A) Crocodile
- (B) Tiger
- (C) Lion
- (D) Rhino

13. The state with the largest forest cover is .....

- (A) Karnataka
- (B) Madhya Pradesh
- (C) Kerala
- (D) Gujarat
- 14. Forests under the direct supervision of the government are ...... forests.
  - (A) Protected
  - (B) Rain
  - (C) Reserved
  - (D) Unclassified

- 15. The species that are on the verge of extinction are categorised as ...... species.
  - (A) Extinct
  - (B) Vulnerable
  - (C) Endangered
  - (D) Normal
- 16. The ongoing dolomite mining is a serious threat to the ...... Tiger reserve.
  - (A) Bandipura
  - (B) Buxa
  - (C) Manas
  - (D) Periyar
- 17. Shortage of potable water to meet minimum demand of the people is known

as .....

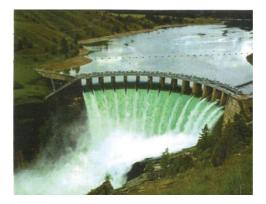


- (A) Flood
- (B) Water scarcity
- (C) Drought
- (D) Wastage

18. The circular holes made in the ground for rainwater collection in Bikaner are called .....

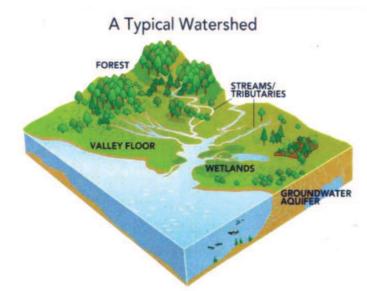


- (A) Khadin
- (B) Tankas
- (C) Johad
- (D) Bandhara
- 19. The water stored in the dam which forms a lake is called a .....



- (A) Catchment area
- (B) Command area
- (C) Reservoir
- (D) Reserved area

20. Water shed management can serve the purpose of .....



- (A) Providing drinking water
- (B) Decreasing groundwater recharge
- (C) Increasing urban flooding
- (D) Blocking irrigation water
- 21. The place in India that receives barely 150 mm of rain is .....
  - (A) Udaipur
  - (B) Māwsynrām
  - (C) Jaisalmer
  - (D) Jodhpur
- 22. A traditional water harvesting system called Bhandaras is found in the state of .....
  - (A) Rajasthan
  - (B) Maharashtra
  - (C) Kerala
  - (D) Karnataka

23. A social movement against the multi-purpose project on a river is the .....

- (A) Silent valley
- (B) Beej Bachao Andolan
- (C) Chipko movement
- (D) Narmada Bachao Andolan
- 24. The light reflected by the oceans back into space is ..... in colour.
  - (A) Red
  - (B) Blue
  - (C) Green
  - (D) Brown
- 25. Agricultural tools such as hoe, dao and digging sticks are used in ...... type of farming.

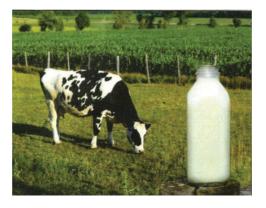


- (A) Primitive subsistence
- (B) Commercial
- (C) Intensive subsistence
- (D) Plantation

26. An equatorial crop that grows up to an altitude of 500 mts. is .....



- (A) Cotton
- (B) Rubber
- (C) Jute
- (D) Wheat
- 27. The production and distribution of milk and milk products are undertaken in .....



- (A) Farming
- (B) Genetic engineering
- (C) Green revolution
- (D) White revolution

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28. The production of soap, cosmetics and ointments uses the raw material of .....



- (A) Bajra
- (B) Cotton
- (C) Oil-seeds
- (D) Khandsari

29. The major Kharif crop of India is .....

- (A) Rice
- (B) Wheat
- (C) Maize
- (D) Cotton

30. Gur, Khandsari and molasses are produced from .....

- (A) Pulses
- (B) Millets
- (C) Sugarcane
- (D) Oil-seeds

- 31. The crop produced in the hilly tracts of the states of Kerala, Karnataka and Tamil Nadu is .....
  - (A) Cotton
  - (B) Tea
  - (C) Coffee
  - (D) Spice
- 32. The crop popularly known as the 'golden fibre' is .....
  - (A) Hemp
  - (B) Cotton
  - (C) Rubber
  - (D) Jute
- 33. The system of banking that requires a cellular device to carry out transactions is termed as .....



- (A) Internet Banking
- (B) Mobile Banking
- (C) Automated Teller Machine (ATM)
- (D) National Electronic Fund Transfer (NEFT)

34. The financial instrument used to withdraw money from an ATM is the .....

- (A) Cheque book
- (B) Credit card
- (C) Debit card
- (D) Pay-in-slip book
- 35. The mangrove swamp which is a bird-watchers' paradise in Goa is .....

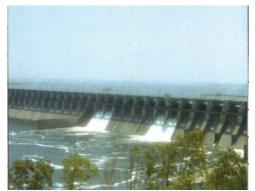


- (A) People's Nursery
- (B) Salim Ali Bird Sanctuary
- (C) Cotigao Wildlife Sanctuary
- (D) Bhagwan Mahavir Wildlife Sanctuary
- 36. A famous natural lake in Goa which releases some form of gas that causes bubbles is the ...... lake.



- (A) Arambol
- (B) Curtorim
- (C) Buddbudem
- (D) Carambolim

37. The irrigation project which is a joint venture of the governments of Goa and Maharashtra is .....



- (A) Mandovi
- (B) Salaulim
- (C) Tillari
- (D) Anjunem

38. The type of land in Goa used to practice pisciculture is .....

- (A) Ker land
- (B) Khazan land
- (C) Morod land
- (D) Island
- 39. The state animal of Goa is the .....
  - (A) Tiger
  - (B) Elephant
  - (C) Indian Bison (Gaur)
  - (D) Lion

40. Mancurade, Mussarade and Afonso are some varieties of ...... grown in Goa.

- (A) Coconuts
- (B) Mangoes
- (C) Cashews
- (D) Rice