

2024

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Full Marks : 100

Pass Marks : 33

Time : Three hours

All the questions are compulsory.

The figures in the right margin indicate full marks for the questions.

For Question Nos. 1 to 8, select the most appropriate one from the given alternatives A,B,C and D and rewrite the same.

1. The first part of India to hold an election based on universal adult franchise was –

1

(A) Uttar Pradesh

(B) Manipur

(C) Punjab

(D) Maharashtra

P.T.O.

2. In which year was Mizo Peace Accord signed? 1
- (A) 1986
 - (B) 1980
 - (C) 1985
 - (D) 1996
3. Ceylon is the old name of— 1
- (A) Myanmar
 - (B) Bhutan
 - (C) Sri Lanka
 - (D) Bangladesh
4. Who among the following took initiative for signing Tashkent Agreement in 1966? 1
- (A) Charles Gaulle
 - (B) J.H. Wilson
 - (C) L.B. Johnson
 - (D) Alexei Kosygin
5. Identify which one of the following is the suitable meaning of “Vasudhaiva Kutumbakam” – 1
- (A) The whole world is one family
 - (B) The whole world is one country
 - (C) The whole world is full of miracles
 - (D) The whole world is full of beauty

6. Who of the following did sign Kashmir's accession to India ? 1
- (A) Sheikh Abdullah
(B) Omar Abdullah
(C) Hari Singh
(D) Nehru
7. Identify which one of the following states is not included in Baltic Republics – 1
- (A) Estonia
(B) Latvia
(C) Lithuania
(D) Ukraine
8. Which one of the following is the Russian currency ? 1
- (A) Dollar
(B) Ruble
(C) Pound
(D) Yen

Question Nos. 9 to 16 are very short answer type questions, each of these questions may be answered in a word or a group of words or a sentence only.

9. What is Vishalandhra Movement ? 1
10. Who was the Founder of Partido Revolucionario Institucional (PRI) ? 1

11. What is meant by "First Past the Post" electoral system? 1
12. Define a "Buffer State". 1
13. Who was the first woman M.L.A of Manipur ? 1
14. Name the chairman of First Backward Classes Commission. 1
15. In which year was India's first national coalition government formed ? 1
16. Write the full form of LTTE ? 1

Question Nos. 17 to 26 are SA-II type questions. Answer these questions in about 15 to 25 words.

17. Examine two important roles played by opposition during Congress Era. 1×2=2
18. Who was Angami Zapu Phizo ? 2
19. Explain the role of Manipuri women against human rights violation. 2
20. "The number of elected Manipuri women in Parliament is very minimal". Justify the statement. 2
21. Analyse two reasons why the period from 1966-69 is known as "Planned Holiday". 1×2=2
22. "It would be difficult to find a more industrious woman in India than the Manipuri women" Captain Dun. Elucidate. 2
23. Suggest two measures to combat communalism. 1×2=2

24. How was Globalisation resisted in India? 2
25. What is South Asia? 2
26. Explain how the disintegration of Soviet Union led to change in power equation in the world politics. 2

Question Nos.27 to 34 are SA-I type questions. Answer these questions in about 30 to 50 words.

27. "Partition of India in 1947 is described as a division of hearts". Explain. 4
28. Describe how did congress act as an ideological coalition and national platform. 4
29. Discuss four ways of accomplishing aims by NITI Aayog. $1 \times 4 = 4$
30. Explain the political rise of Other Backward Classes. 4

Or

- Explain the political fallout of Mandal Commission. 4
31. Analyse four reasons for close Indo-Russian relations even in post-cold war era. $1 \times 4 = 4$

Or

- Analyse four effects of "Shock Therapy". $1 \times 4 = 4$
32. Assess four objectives of ASEAN Economic Community. $1 \times 4 = 4$

Or

Assess four efforts for normalization of Indo-Chinese relations. 1×4=4

33. "Globalization is a multi-dimensional concept". Analyse. 4

Or

Analyse the political consequences of Globalization. 4

34. Draw the logo of Amnesty International. 4

Question Nos.35 to 38 are Essay type questions. Answer these questions in about 120 to 150 words.

35. Explain any four basic principles of Nehru's Foreign Policy. 2×4=8

Or

Explain India's nuclear approach in recent times. 8

36. Examine the restoration of democracy in Nepal. 8

Or

Examine how far have peace and co-operation been established in South-Asia. 8

37. "United Nations has failed in preventing war and related miseries but, it is an indispensable organization." Explain any two points. 4×2=8

Or

“Many difficulties involved in implementing the suggested reforms to make the UN more effective”. Explain any two points. $4 \times 2 = 8$

38. Write any four new sources of threat to security. $2 \times 4 = 8$

Or

Mention any four components of India's security strategy. $2 \times 4 = 8$
