



महाराष्ट्र शासन शालेय शिक्षण व क्रीडा विभाग



राज्य शैक्षणिक संशोधन व प्रशिक्षण परिषद, महाराष्ट्र

७०८ सदाशिव पेठ, कुमठेकर मार्ग, पुणे ४११०३०

संपर्क क्रमांक (०२०) २४४७ ६९३८

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Question Bank

March- 2023

Standard: - 10th

Subject: - History and Political Science

सूचना

- १. फक्त विद्यार्थ्यांना प्रश्नप्रकारांचा सराव करून देण्यासाठीच
- २. सदर प्रश्नसंचातील प्रश्न बोर्डाच्या प्रश्नपत्रिकेत येतीलच असे नाही याची नोंद घ्यावी.

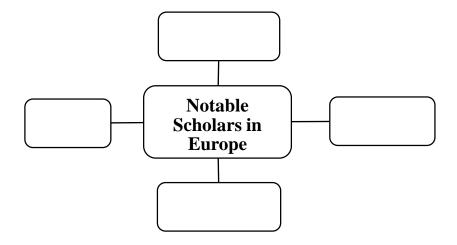
Chapter: 1 - Historiography: Development in the West

		option from the given options and complete the		
	ences.			
	may be said that, priography.	was the founder of modern		
msw		(h) Daná Dasaartas		
	(a) Voltail e	(b) René Descartes(d) Karl Marx		
	(c) Leopoid Kanke	(u) Kari Marx		
2	wrote the book entitled 'Archaeology of Knowledge'.			
	(a) Karl Marx	(b) Michel Foucault		
	(c) Lucien Febvre (d)	Voltaire		
3. 'D	vialectics' method was e	explained by		
	(a) Voltaire			
	(c) Leopold Ranké	(d) Karl Marx		
4. A1	t the onset of the twenti	eth centuryschool of historiography in		
	ice, gave a new directio			
	(a) Annales School	•		
	(c) Dialectics	(d) Feminist		
5.	explained the class theory.			
		(b) Michel Foucault		
	(c) Lucien Febvre (d)			
(R) I	dentify the wrong pair	in the following and rewrite.		
(1)	dentity the wrong pun	in the following and rewrite.		
	Georg Wilhelm Fried	rich Hegel - 'Reason in History'		
ii.	Leopold von Ranké - 'The theory and Practice of History'			
iii.	Herodotus - 'The Histories'			
iv.	Karl Marx - 'Discourse on the Method'			
(2)				
i.	René Descartes - The founder of modern historiography			
ii.	Karl Marx - Class Theory			
iii.	Michel Foucault - Archaeology of Knowledge			
iv.	Georg Wilhelm Friedrich Hegel - Dialectics			
(3)				
i.	The physical and nati	ural sciences – an empirical method		
ii.	Modern Historiography –a scientific method			

- iii. Gottingen University an independent department of history
- iv. Annales School British historians
- $\mathbf{Q.}\ \mathbf{2(A)}$. Do as instructed.
- 1. Complete the following concept map.



2. Complete the following concept map



3. Complete the following table.

Books	Writer
1. The Histories	
2	René Descartes
3.Das Kapital	
4	Michel Foucault

3. Complete the following table chart.

Personalities Special Features

1. Voltaire	
2	The fundamentals of feminism.
3. Michel Foucault	
4	Class Theory

Q. 2. (B) Write short notes on

- 1. Dialectics
- 2. Annales School
- 3.The historian
- 4. René Descartes

Q.3. Explain the following statements with its reason.

- 1. In historical it may not be possible to use the method of laboratory experiments and observation.
- 2. Historical research was driven to focus in depth on various aspects of women's life.
- 3. Foucault called his method, 'The archaeology of knowledge'.
- 4.It is said that Voltaire was the founder of modern historiography.

Q.4. Read the following extract and answer the questions below.

The tradition of recording historical event can be traced back to Sumer civilisation in Mesopotamia. Names of Sumerian kings and the stories of battles fought by them have been preserved in various inscriptions. The earliest inscription shown above, dates back to 4500 B.C.E. It records a battle fought between two kingdoms. It is now displayed at the Louvre museum in France.

- 1. In which culture did the tradition of writing down historical events take place?
- 2. In which museum is the oldest inscription found?
- 3. Express your opinion on how the inscription is a source of history.

Q.5. Answer the following questions in details.

- 1. Explain Karl Marx's 'Class Theory'.
- 2. What are the four characteristics of modern historiography?
- 3. What is feminist historiography?
- 4.. Explain Leopold von Ranké's perspective of history
- 5. Write the stages of arranging history in the history research method.