

**4. Read the following extract and answer the questions.**

Bal J. Pandit was the first Indian cricketer to pioneer cricket commentary. People used to listen very eagerly to his broadcasts from Akashvani. His wellstudied commentaries were full of information about the history of the playground, career history of the players, anecdotes about the game, and established records of the game. His commentaries used to be entertaining because of these historical details.

1. Who is the first Indian cricketer to pioneer cricket commentary?
2. What type of great knowledge does Bal J. Pandit has?
3. Write the features of Pandit commentary.

**5. Write detailed answers to the following questions.**

1. Write about the history of Sports Equipment and toys in ancient India.
  2. Explain the clothes tie between sports and history
  3. Explain the difference between indoor games and outdoor games.
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## Chapter 8 Tourism And History

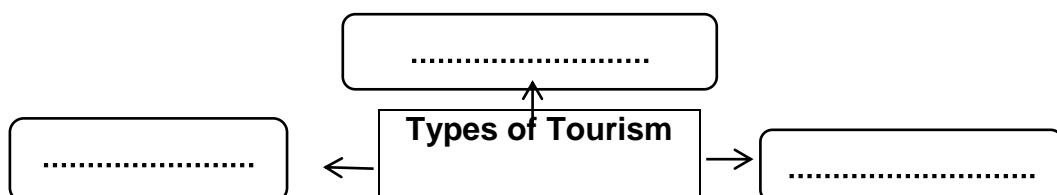
**1. (A) Complete the sentences by choosing the correct option.**

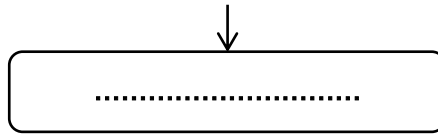
- (1) Thomas Cook established a travel agency selling .....  
(a) handicrafts (b) toys (c) food items (d) tourist tickets
- (2) Bhilar is known as the 'Village of .....'  
(a) books (b) plants (c) mangoes (d) forts
- (3) In 16<sup>th</sup> century ..... was a famous cartographer.  
(a) Benjamin Tudela (b) Marco Polo (c) Gerardus Mercator (d) IbnBatuta

**(B) Identify the wrong pair in the following and write.**

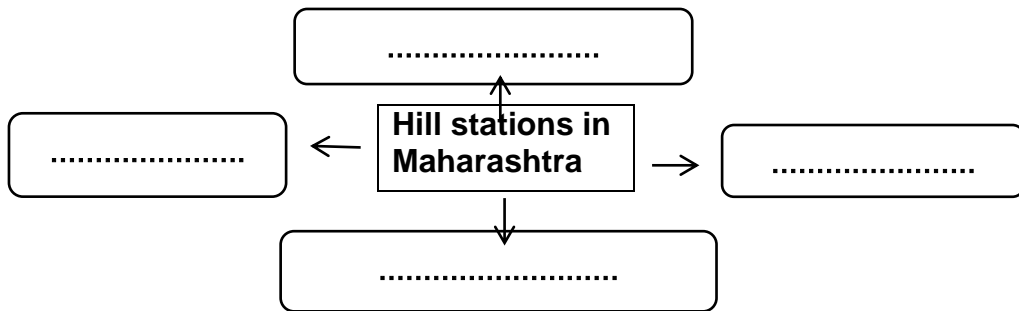
- 1.(1) Matheran – Hill Station  
(2) Tadoba – Rock-cut Caves  
(3) Kolhapur – Pilgrim Centre  
(4) Ajanta – World Heritage
- 2.(1) hiking tours to forts - Agro-Tourism  
(2) Visit to crater lake at Lonar- Geographic Tourism  
(3) 'Himalayan Car Rally'- Sports Tourism  
(4) Film festivals - Tourism based on Special Events

**2 (A) Complete the following Concept chart :**





2. Complete the concept map.



**2(B) Write notes :**

- (1) Tradition of Travelling
- (2) Marco Polo
- (3) Agro-tourism
- (4) Sports tourism

**3. Explain the following statements with reasons.**

- (1) The number of people travelling back and forth from India has increased considerably.
- (2) It is important to take a few primary precautions in order to preserve the historical heritage sites.

**4. Read the following extract and answer the questions.**

### **An unusual Village of Books**

Bhilar is a village near Mahabaleshwar, which boasts of natural beauty and sweetness of strawberry. It is also known as the 'Village of Books'. Every household in this village maintains a library of its own for the tourists to enjoy. Maharashtra

State Government has implemented this scheme with a view to accelerate the 'Reading Culture' movement for the reader-tourists to enjoy the beauty of Marathi literature enriched by the works of old and new authors and saints. It includes various types of texts like biographies, autobiographies, fiction, poetry, literature by women, literature on sports, literature for kids, etc. If you go to Mahabaleshwar, make it a point to visit Bhilar as well.

1. Write two natural features of Bhilar.
2. Which is the famous hill station near Bhilar?
3. How does Bhilar village add to the reading culture of Maharashtra?

**5. Give elaborate answers to the following.**

- (1) What should we do to increase Tourism?
- (2) Describe any three types of tourism.
- (3) In what way does tourism become a major source of their livelihood?
- (4) Discuss the career opportunities in tourism.

**QUESTION BANK**  
**Chapter 9**  
**Heritage Management**

**1. (A) Complete the sentences by choosing the correct option.**

- (1) The Louvre Museum has in its collection the much acclaimed painting of..... by Leonardo da Vinci.  
(a) Napoleon (b) Mona Lisa  
(c) Hans Sloan (d) George II
- (2) ..... at Kolkata is the first museum in India.  
(a) Government Museum  
(b) National Museum  
(c) Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj Vastu Sangrahalay  
(d) Indian Museum

3. Ten volumes of 'Bharatiya Samskruti Kosh' were edited and published by

.....

- (a) Mahadev Shastri Joshi (b) Lakshman Shastri Joshi
- (c) Siddheshwar Shastri Chitambar (d) Shridhar Vyankatesh Ketkar