

CG PVPT 2021 Question Paper

Q.1 The binding energy per nucleon for a deuteron and α -particle are x_1 and x_2 respectively. What will be the energy Q released in the reaction $1 \text{ H}_2 + 1 \text{ H}_2 \rightarrow 2 \text{ He}_4 + Q$?

- A. $4(x_2 - x_1)$
- B. $4(x_1 + x_2)$
- C. $2(x_1 + x_2)$
- D. $2(x_2 - x_1)$

Q.2 One end of the metal rod is kept in a furnace. In a steady state, the temperature of the rod

- A. Increases
- B. Decreases
- C. Remains constant
- D. is non-uniform

Q.3 . The root mean square speed of the molecules of a diatomic gas is v . When the temperature is doubled, the molecules dissociate into two atoms. The new root mean square speed of the atom is

- A. V
- B. $2v$
- C. $3v$
- D. $4v$

Q.4 A metallic sphere cools from 50°C to 40°C in 300 seconds. If the room temperature is 20°C , then its temperature in next 5 minutes will be

- A. 30°C
- B. 33.3°C
- C. 36.3°C
- D. 38°C

Q.5 The critical wavelength for producing the photoelectric effect in tungsten metal is 2600 \AA . What wavelength would be necessary to produce photoelectrons from tungsten having twice the kinetic energy of those produced at 2200 \AA ?

- A. 1800 \AA
- B. 1907 \AA
- C. 1926 \AA
- D. 2015 \AA

Q.6 What focal length should reading spectacles have for a person whose near point is 50 cm?

- A. 25 cm
- B. 30 cm
- C. 40 cm
- D. 50 cm

Q.7 The Bohr model of atom

- A. Assumes that the angular momentum of electron is quantized
- B. Uses Einstein's photoelectric effect
- C. Predicts continuous emission spectra for atoms
- D. Predicts the same emission spectra for all types of atoms

Q.8 Two coherent monochromatic light beams of intensities I and $4I$ are superposed. The maximum and minimum possible intensities in the resulting beam are respectively

- A. $5I$ and I
- B. $9I$ and I
- C. 5 and 3
- D. $9I$ and $3I$

Q.9 An object is placed between two plane mirrors inclined at 60° to each other. How many images do you expect to see?

- A. 5
- B. 6
- C. 7
- D. 9

Q.10 The focal length of a plane convex lens, when radius of curved surface is 15 cm and $\mu = 1.5$

- A. 15 cm
- B. 20 cm
- C. 30 cm
- D. 45 cm

Q.11 If the refractive index of a material of equilateral prism is 3, then the angle of minimum deviation of prism is

- A. 75°
- B. 60°
- C. 45°

D. 30°

Q.12 A parallel plate condenser contains a mica sheet (thickness 10^{-3} m) and a sheet of a fiber (thickness 0.5×10^{-3} m). The dielectric constant of mica is 8 and that of fibre is 2.5. Assuming that the fiber breaks down when subjected to an electric field of 6.4×10^6 volt/meter. Then the maximum safe voltage that can be applied to the condenser is

- A. 5200 volts
- B. 2600 volts
- C. 6800 volts
- D. 6400 volts

Q.13 A solenoid of 0.4 m length with 500 turns carries a current of 3 A. A coil of 10 turns and of radius 0.01 m carries a current of 0.4 A. The torque required to hold the coil with its axis at right angle to that of solenoid in the middle point of it is

- A. $6\pi^2 \times 10^{-7}$ Nm
- B. $3\pi^2 \times 10^{-7}$ Nm
- C. $9\pi^2 \times 10^{-7}$ Nm
- D. $12\pi^2 \times 10^{-7}$ Nm

Q14 Solar energy is mainly caused due to

- A. Burning of hydrogen in oxygen
- B. Fission of uranium present in the sun
- C. Fusion of protons during the synthesis of heavier elements
- D. Gravitational contraction

Q. 15 A sample of radioactive element has a mass of 5 g at an instant $t = 0$. The approximate mass of this element in the sample after two mean half-life periods is

- A. 3.15 gm
- B. 1.85 gm
- C. 1.25 gm
- D. 0.67 gm