CMAT 2018 Slot 2

Quant

- 1. What is the probability of getting a 'nine' or 'ten' on a single throw of two dice?
 - **A** 2/9
 - **B** 7/36
 - C 1/5
 - **D** 2/7

- 2. The length of a room exceeds its breadth by 2 meters. If the length be increased by 4 meters and the breadth decreased by 2 meters, the area remains the same. Find the surface area of its walls if the height is 3 meters.
 - A $248m^2$
 - **B** $424m^2$
 - c $112m^2$
 - **D** $84m^2$

	s covers a distance of first 50 km in 40 minutes, next 50 km at a speed of 2 km per minute and the next m at a speed of 1.0 km per minute. What is its average speed during the entire journey?
Α	61.5 kmph
В	55.06 kmph
С	82.1 kmph
D	80 kmph
	e wheels making 60, 36 and 24 revolutions in a minute start with a certain point in their circumference wards. Find when they will again come together in the same position.
Α	4 seconds
В	5 seconds
С	10 seconds
D	Never

- **5.** A certain amount of money invested at 10% per annum compound interest for two years became Rs. 2000. What is the initial investment?
 - **A** Rs. 856
 - **B** Rs. 1,625
 - C Rs. 1,653
 - **D** Rs. 1,275

- **6.** If the height of a right circular cone is increased by 200% and the radius of the base is reduced by 50%, then the volume of the cone.
 - A Remains unaltered
 - B Decreases by 25%
 - C Increases by 25%
 - D Increases by 50%
- **7.** An electric appliance is priced at Rs. 600 initially. Because of market recession, price was successively reduced three times, each time by 10% of the price after the earlier reduction. What is the current price?
 - A Rs. 420
 - **B** Rs. 437.40
 - C Rs. 444.30
 - **D** Rs. 478

8. Below given is the Table showing Age-wise Ownership of mobiles:

Brand	Up to 1 year old	1-2 years old	2-3 years old	More than 3 years old
LG	15%	45%	40%	
SAMSUNG	5%	15%	25%	55%
NOKIA	10%	10%	10%	70%
SONY	25%	55%	20%	
MICROMAX	15%	50%	20%	15%

If 1 crore mobiles were sold last year, how many LG sets were sold?

- **A** 10,000
- **B** 12,500
- **C** 15,000
- **D** Cannot be determined

9.
$$\sqrt{188 + \sqrt{51 + \sqrt{169}}}$$
 = ?

- **A** 16.4
- **B** 14.4
- **C** 16
- **D** 14

10. In what time will Rs. 6,250 amount to Rs. 6,632.55 at 4% compound interest payable half-yearly?

- A 1 year
- **B** $\frac{3}{2}$ years
- C 3 years

D $\frac{5}{2}$ years

11. Expenditures of a Company (in Lakh Rupees) per Annum Over the given Years was as under.

year	Salary Fuel and Transport		Bonus	Interests on loans	Taxes
2008	576	196	6	25.4	85
2009	682	224	5	32	112
2011	648	202	7.5	44.6	78
2012	672	266	7.3	40.4	98
2013	740	282	8	52.4	105

What is the average salary expenditure(in Lakh Rupees) per Annum during this period?

- **A** 663.6
- **B** 666.3
- C 636.6
- **D** 663.3

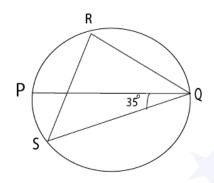
12. Number of different categories of goods sold in the city over the years (in thousands) is as given under:

Year	TV	Refrigerator	Microwave	Laptops	cell phones
2010	26	64	232	153	340
2011	45	60	242	172	336
2012	72	79	248	210	404
2013	81	93	280	241	411
2014	107	112	266	235	442

In which of the following years was the number of refrigerators sold approximately 25% of the number of cell phones sold?

- **A** 2011
- **B** 2012
- **C** 2013
- **D** 2014

13. In the figure, PQ is a diameter of the circle. Angle PQS = $35^{\circ}.$ Find angle QRS.



- A 55°
- B 45°
- \mathbf{C} 35°
- D 60°

- **14.** If $x = \sqrt[6]{5}$ and $y = \sqrt[5]{4}$, Which of the following is true?
 - **A** x > y
 - **B** y > x
 - **C** x = y
 - **D** None

- **15.** If a and b are positive real numbers and a*b denotes $\sqrt{a \times b}$, what is the value of 8*(4*16)?
 - **A** $4^{1/3}$
 - **B** 16
 - **C** 8
 - D $4\sqrt{2}$

- **16.** The average age of three men is 50 years and their ages are in the proportion 3:5:7. The age of the youngest man is:
 - A 40 years

- **B** 30 years
- C 35 years
- **D** 50 years
- **17.** By selling mangoes at the rate of 64 for Rs. 2,000, the vendor loses 40%. How many should he sell for Rs. 1000 so as to gain 20%?
 - **A** 12
 - **B** 16
 - **C** 15
 - **D** 20

- **18.** The area of a triangle metal plate with base 88 cm and altitude 64 cm is to be reduced to one-fourth of its original area by making a hole of circular shape at the center. The radius of this hole will be:-
 - **A** 24.8 cm
 - **B** 28 cm
 - **C** 56 cm
 - $\mathbf{D} \quad 4\sqrt{4}2 \text{ cm}$

19. Find the value of $\sqrt{\frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{2-\sqrt{3}}}$

Correct to three places of decimal.

- **A** 3.141
- **B** 2.732
- **C** 3.124
- **D** 3.732



- **A** 250 gm
- **B** 275 gm
- **C** 300 gm

- **D** 425 gm
- **21.** A student who gets 20% marks fails by 20 marks, but another student who gets 36% marks gets 44 marks more than minimum passing marks. Find the maximum number of marks and percentage necessary for passing.
 - **A** 300, 20%
 - **B** 600, 20%
 - C 400, 25%
 - **D** 400, 20%
- **22.** If 26 horses or 20 bullocks eat up the fodder in store in 170 days, in what time will 10 horses and 8 bullocks finish the same quantity of fodder?
 - A 212.67 days
 - **B** 162.33 days
 - **C** 212 days
 - **D** 216.67 days

- **23.** A boat covers 24 km upstream and 72 km downstream in 8 hours, while it covers 48 km upstream and 108 km downstream in 14 hours. Find the speed of the boat in still water and the speed of the stream respectively.
 - A 12 km/h, 6 km/h
 - **B** 10 km/h, 5 km/h
 - C 10 km/h, 6 km/h
 - **D** 12 km/h, 5km/h

- **24.** A shopkeeper sells rice at the cost price, but uses false weight. He gains 20% in this process. What weight does he uses for one kilogram?
 - **A** $733\frac{1}{3}g$
 - **B** 750 g
 - **C** $833\frac{1}{3}g$
 - **D** 850 g
- **25.** Working together, Rakesh, Prakash and Ashok can finish the same job in an hour. Also, if Prakash works for an hour, and then Ashok works for four hours, the job will be completed. If Rakesh can do the job an hour quicker than Prakash, how many hours would Ashok take to complete the job alone?
 - **A** 3
 - **B** 4
 - C 2.5
 - **D** 6

Reasoning

		3
26.		king at Sweety, Raj says to his friend, "Sweety is the grand-daughter of the elder brother of my father" v is Sweety related to Raj?
	A	Niece
	В	Sister
	С	Aunt
	D	Sister-in-law
27.	can	en experts N ,G, M, W, J, K and L give expert advice sessions to the XII class students. These sessions take place either before the school, during lunch period or after the school. In scheduling these sions the following conditions are followed.
	At le M is W a	east two experts must hold the sessions before school. east three experts must hold their sessions after school. s not available after school and J is available only after school. llways takes extra session during lunch. ill take session before school only if N is also scheduled before school.
	All t	the following statements could be true except:
	A	The same number of experts take sessions before school as after school
	В	The same number of experts take sessions before school as during lunch
	С	Twice as many experts take sessions after the school as before the school
	D	The same number of experts take sessions after school as during lunch
28.	Foll Ra Ne W Di	male friends A, B, C, D, E and F are married to R, S, U, V, T and W, not necessarily is same order. owing facts are known about them:- and S are A's sisters. either R nor T are wiv es of C. is wife of E and V is wife of B. is not married to R, S or T. o is A's wife?
	A	R
	В	U
	С	Т

D Cannot be determined

29.		outheast becomes east and northwest becomes west and all the other directions are changed in the ne direction. Then what will be the direction for north?
	A	Northwest
	В	Southeast
	С	Southwest
	D	Northeast
30.	-	pector arrested three persons- Kalia, Raza, Shera - on suspicion, in a theft case. It was found the one ong these three was the thief. During the interrogation their replies were as follows.
	Raz	a: I am not the thief. Raza is the thief. a: I am not the thief. Either Kalia or Sh era is the thief. ra: I am not the thief. Raza is not the thief.
	alte	ractly one person among them always speaks the truth, another always speaks lies and the third rnates ween the truth and lies, then who is the thief?
	Α	Kalia
	В	Shera
	С	Raza
	D	Cannot be determined
31.	eigh visit Hyd and	, C and D are four medical representatives of a company. Each of them must visit exactly two of the at cities- Delhi, Chennai, Kolkata, Hyderabad, Bangalore, Mumbai, Lucknow and Patna - and each city is seed by only one person. C does not visit Mumbai and Delhi, While D does not visit Kolkata and erabad. B does not visit Lucknow and Patna. Whereas A does not visit Bangalore and Chennai. Patna Bangalore are visited neither by B nor by C. elhi and Lucknow were visited by A, then which one of the following cities could B visit?
	Α	Delhi
	В	Bangalore
	С	Lucknow
	D	Mumbai
32.		ong the five numbers W, Y, C, D, M. W is greater than C but less than M, whereas, Y is greater than D but less than M. Which of the following can be the greatest of the five?
	Α	D
	В	W
	С	C

D Y or M

33	. A tutor has 10 students - A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I and J- to form four groups for tutorials. No group can have
	more than four students. No two groups can have the same number of students. C and G must be in the
	same group. A and F must be in the same group. I should be alone and is in one group. B and E cannot be in
	the same roup. F and E must be in different groups.

If A, D, F and J form a group, then the other two groups can be:-

- A C, G and B, E, H
- B C, H, and B, E, G
- C E, H and B, C, G
- **D** None of these
- **34.** A bookie has to inspect five horses A, B, C, D and E. If he inspects B, he cannot inspect C immediately. If he inspects A, he cannot go to E after that. Which of the following can be the correct order of his inspection?
 - **A** A, B, C, D, E
 - **B** D, B, C, E, A
 - **C** D, C, B, A, E
 - **D** D, C, B, E, A
- **35.** Below given question contains six statements labelled A, B, C, D, E and F followed by four combinations of three statements. Choose the set in which the statements are logically related i.e the third statement can be deduced from the first two statements together.

Read the information carefully and answer the question.

- A) All honest persons are good natured.
- B) Some good natured persons are not honest.
- C) Some honest persons are good natured.
- D) All honest person are obese.
- E) All obese person are good natured.
- F) Some good natured person are hon est.
- A ACD
- **B** FAC
- **C** BCF
- **D** DEA

36. R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7 are seven places on a map. The following places are connected by two-way roads: R1 and R2; R1 and R6; R3 and R6; R3 and R4; R6 and R7; R4 and R5; R2 and R3; R5 and R7. No other road exists. The shortest route (the route with the least number of intermediate places) from R1 to R7 is:-R1-R3-R7 R1-R5-R7 R1-R2-R3-R6-R7 R1- R6- R7 37. A, B, C, D and E are five rods. E is longer than A which is longer than C and lighter than C, which is lighter than D. B is shorter than D, and heavier than it. E is longer than D, and heavier than it. If B is the heaviest of all, then which of the following can be the lightest of all the five rods? E only A only E or A D or E 38. A, B and C are three films that are screened by three theatres PVR, DT and Regal in three consecutive slots. No film should be screened in the same slot by any two theaters. If DT screens film B in the first slot and PVR exhibits film C in the third slot, then which of these must be TRUE? PVR screens A in the second slot. DT exhibits C in the third slot. Regal exhibits A in the second slot. Regal exhibits C in third slot. 39. Five capitals A, B, C, D and E are connected by different modes of transport as follows. A and B are connected by boat as well as by rail. D and C are connected by bus and by boat. B and E are connected only by air. A and C are connected only by boa t. E and C are connected by rail and by bus. Which of the following pair of capitals are connected by any of the routes directly (without going through any other capital)? A and E E and D B and C

None of the pairs in the choices are directly connected

40. Insert the missing character.

EJ	0	80	TYE
DH	I L	84	PTX
C	FI	5	LOR

- **A** 63
- **B** 82
- **C** 88
- **D** 45
- **41.** P, Q, R, S and T are the five corners of a table with five sides. Chairs A, B, C, D and E are placed along the sides joining the angular corners. Neither P, Q, R, S, T nor A, B, C, D and E are necessarily in that order. Chair A is along the side joining the corner P and R. S is to the immediate right of P, and R is between P and T. Chair B is along the side of Q and T. Chairs D and E are next to B on either side. The corners that join the side where the chair C is placed are:-
 - A P and R
 - B S and Q
 - C S and T
 - **D** P and S
- **42.** Eight persons Jai, Kabir, Lakshaya, Mannu, Neetu, Om, Punita and Surbhi sit in two parallel rows with four seats in each row facing each other. Jai and Kabir are not in the same row. Neetu sits to the immediate left of Lakshaya in the same row but opposite to Om. Punita and Kabir have only two persons between them. Jai and Neetu have only one person between them.

Which of these pairs of persons can sit diagonally opposite each other?

- A a) Surbhi and Mannu or Om and Punita
- B b) Neetu and Jai or Jai and Lakshaya
- C c) Jai and Kabir or Punita and Lakshaya
- **D** d) Either (a) or (b)
- **43.** A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H and I are nine employees in a company, who go to meet two managers Ram and Deepak to talk to them about their Paris project. Each manager has time for only three employees. D has a priority and must be given preference by Ram or Deepak. F and B do not wish to go to the same manager. G goes to Ram only and H goes to Deepak only. C comes back saying that neither of the two managers has time to

see him. A does not go with F and I does not go with E. B and I do not go together. If E, F and G go together and are seen by one of the managers, then which manager sees whom, assuming that C has opted out of the talks?

A Deepak - D, I, H or D, B, H

		CollegeDekho
	В	Deepak - D, E, H or D, B, H
	С	Ram - A, I, H or N, I, H
	D	Ram - D, I, H or A, I, H
44.	box pack post at le	re are three boxes of three different colours- Green, Blue and Red, and 6 toys of which 2 are of Green our, 2 are of Blue colour and 2 are of Red colour. The toys are packed in the three boxes such that each has 2 toys of different colours in it and also the colour of the box is different from the colour of the toys ked in it. Now, 10 chocolates are kept in these boxes in such a way that the Green box has the maximum sible chocolates in it whereas, the Red box has the least possible chocolates in it. Each box should have east one chocolate and no two boxes have the same number of chocolates. ch of the following is true?
	Α	The Green box, the Blue box and Red box have 6, 3 and 1 chocolate /s in them respectively
	В	The box which has the toys of Red and Blue colors has 8 chocolates in it.
	С	The box which has the toys of Blue and Green colors has 3 chocolates in it.
	D	The box which has the toys of Green and Red colors has 2 chocolates in it.
45.	in sı	, C are three girls who go to buy six items- P, Q, R, S, T and U. Each one of them buys two different items uch a way that if A buys R, then B buys neither P nor S. If B buys Q, then C buys neither U nor T. If A buys and T, then B buys:-
	Α	P and S
	В	Q and U
	С	P and Q
	D	S and U
46.	orde logie You (A) (B)	ow given question has a main statement followed by four statements labeled A, B, C and D. Choose the cred pair of statements, where the first statement implies the second and the two statements are cally consistent with the main statement. cannot catch the bus unless it is morning. This is morning. You can catch the bus. This is not morning. You cannot catch the bus.
	A	BD
	В	AC
	С	СВ

D CD

47. If m + n means m is sister of n, m - n means m is brother of n, m x n means m is daughter of n, m ÷ n means m is mother of n, How many females can be shown by the given relationship?

$$a+b-c+d-e \times f$$

- **A** 2
- **B** 3
- **C** 4
- D Cannot be determined
- **48.** Three coins are tossed in the air and two of the coins land with tails face upwards. What are the chances on the next toss of the coins that at least two of the coins will land with the tails facing upwards?
 - **A** 50%
 - **B** 25%
 - **C** 75%
 - **D** 100%
- **49.** A family of three generation comprises of seven members A, B, C, D, E, F and G. There are two married couples-one each of first and second generation respectively. They travel in three different cars -Audi, BMW and Honda so that no car has more than three members and there is at least one female in each car. C, who is a grand-daughter, does not travel with her grandfather and grandmother. B travels with his father E in BMW. F travels with her grand-daughter D in Audi. A travels with her daughter in Honda. Which of the following is one of the married couples?
 - A DB
 - B BC
 - C EF
 - D Cannot be determined
- **50.** P, Q, R, S, T and U are six members of a family. R is not the mother of Q but Q is the son of R. P and R are a married couple. T is the brother of R. U is the brother of Q. S is the daughter of P.

T is S 's _____.

- A Uncle
- **B** Mother
- **C** Brother
- **D** Father

Verbal

Instructions [51 - 56]

Read the passage carefully and answer the question that follows. Passage I

All of us play but we are not athletes. We are homo ludens (Latin for play) and our playfulness is unproductive. But athletes play for profit and contest for prizes. It is the transformation of our play and games into athletics that leads to medals. What makes Haryana such a fine place for athletics in India? With barely 2% of India's population, people from Haryana won around 40% of the gold medals in the recently concluded CWG 2010. People in Haryana tend to count the gold medals of the Hyderabadi shuttler, Saina Nehwal and the Delhi wrestler, Sushil Kumar, in their tally. This is because both of them are Jats. People of this dominant caste form more than 20% of Haryana's population and, therefore, in popular perception, Haryana is Jat-land. All sports are oriented towards the Olympic slogan 'higher, faster, and stronger'. But the ones in which Haryana got medals stand for plain force and aggression like wrestling, boxing and shooting. Anthropologists call them contact sports because the opponents have bodily contact in them. Shooting is a combative sport because opponents use a combat weapon. Such sports are a substitute of war or training for it. Haryana is India's pride in contact and combative games. I can think of t hree reasons for it, viz. historical geography, peasant culture of perseverance and a feeble government policy. Firstly, the province has a volatile history of continuous aggression due to its geographical location on the frontier. Secondly, the people of Haryana have valued physical strength and perseverance due to its peasant culture. Thirdly, the sports policy since 2006 has honed the killer athletic spirit in Haryana. The half-hearted policy does not create achievers but supports the successful ones among them. Punjab was divided on religious lines in 1947. The non-Sikh majority parts of this truncated Punjab were constituted as Haryana in 1966. Like a horseshoe, Haryana encircles Delhi from three sides and the culture of both is similar. At the popular level, people are rough and tough - meaning 'rough by tongue and tough in body'. In the medieval times, Haryana flourished when weak rulers ruled Delhi.

Most of the area remained under Delhi's tutelage but small principalities also dotted the arid landscape of Haryana. Mostly, people of the region joined the Mughals and Marathas in repulsing invaders. But the same locals did not mind plundering Delhi or looting the retreating armies sometimes. The British colonialists expanded from the east. They conquered most of India with the help of soldiers from western UP and Bihar. But, in the late 19th century, the colonial strategists honored ordinary peasant castes by calling them 'martial races' in united Punjab. This was a clever way of taming the aggression in this frontier region. This smart move was also to recruit rural Punjabis in the colonial army so that they could be used to thwart the southward expansion of Tsarist Russia. There is a family resemblance between military/hunting activities and wrestling, shooting, races, riding or archery. For the military serving population of Haryana, therefore, such sports come easily. Secondly, before the advent of machinery, agriculture was a backbreaking occupation. The size of agricultural income had a direct relation with the quantity of sweat produced during one's toil.

- **51.** Why do people of Haryana tend to count the medals bagged by Saina Nehwal in the tally of their own state, though she is a Hyderabadi?
 - A Her father played Ranji for Haryana and is guite popular in the state
 - **B** Saina's coach whom she attributes her success to, is from Haryana
 - C Her father was posted for 12 years in Haryana during his professional career as a government officer
 - **D** Her caste is the same as a dominant caste from Haryana

52. What does the author means by saying "Our Playfulness is unproductive"?

- A Investing time in sports do not reap the expected benefits
- **B** Majority of us waste time on games and sports
- C Majority of us do not play to achieve material benefits
- **D** Majority of us do not have what it takes to become an athlete

53. Which of these is not a reason for so many athletes coming from Haryana?

- A Government sponsored schemes in primary schools
- **B** Haryana is traditionally peasant community
- C Many people from Haryana had been in army
- D Haryana has traditionally seen regular aggressions

54. Why did the English call the ordinary peasants of Haryana, the 'martial race'?

- A Because they could never conquer them
- B Because they have traditionally the rulers of Delhi and neighboring areas
- **C** To tame the aggression of people of that region
- **D** They had the largest standing army of that region

55. Which of the following is false according to the passage?

- A Haryana Surrounds Delhi from three sides
- **B** Haryana flourished when Delhi was ruled by weak rulers
- C The state sports policy has failed to create new achievers
- **D** Shooting is a collective sports as all players have to play simultaneously

56. Which of the following is true about the prevailing sports policy in Haryana?

- A Much credit goes to the sports policy as it helps identify and nurture young talents
- B The current state policy does not create new breed of athletes but it instead award the one's who have excelled
- C Neither (A) nor (B)
- **D** Both (A) and (B)

Instructions [57 - 59]

Read the passage carefully and answer the question that follows.

Passage II

Putting a final lid on the Planning era, the Niti Aayog is gearing up to launch the three-year action plan from April 1 after the end of 12th Five Year Plan on March 31.

Under the new system, sources said states will be enc ouraged to meet the targets of various schemes or face the prospects of drying up of the fund flows.

"The 12th five years plan is coming to an e nd on March 31. The three-year action plan to be unveiled this month will come in force from April 1, which will also end the prevailing system of the centre patiently waiting (for) the state governments to implement the schemes.

"Now, you either meet the target or you will fa ce the prospects of the fund flow drying up," a senior Niti Aayog official said.

The official said, "We have patiently waited for the state governments to adopt a number of reform oriented legislative bills. But our experiences have largely been negative... therefore, the reform agenda arrived at after consensus will need to be adopted by them, and the states doing so will get incentives". Niti Aayog has also been entrusted the work on the 15-year Vision Document and a seve n year strategy, which would guide the government's development works till 2030.

- 57. As compared to the previous Five Year Plans, the new NITI Aayog's stance towards the states is:
 - A Easy flow of funds for states
 - **B** More funds for states
 - C Lesser regulation of funds for states
 - D Performance based regulation of funds
- 58. How has the experience of dealing with the states been so far?
 - A Satisfactory but can still be improved
 - **B** Extremely good results
 - C Mostly negative
 - D Mixed results
- **59.** What is the theme of this passage?
 - A Center State relationship
 - **B** Growing corruption in India
 - C Infrastructure development in India
 - **D** All of these

Instructions [60 - 62]

Read the passage carefully and answer the question that follows.

Passage III

Twenty years ago on Thursday, Moscow started what it thought would be a "blitzkrieg" against

secular separatists in Chechnya, a tiny, oil-rich province in Russia's North Caucasus region that had declared its independence.

But the first Chechen war became Russia's Vietnam; the second war was declared a victory only in 2009. The two conflicts have reshaped Russia, Chechnya, their rulers - and those who oppose them. In 1994, shortly after Moscow invaded Chechnya in an effort to restore its territorial integrity, Akhmad Kadyrov, a bearded, barrel-chested Muslim scholar turned guerrilla commander, declared jihad on all Russians and said each Chechen should kill at least 150 of them.

That was the proportion of the populations on each side of the conflict: some 150 million Russians and less than a million Chechens in a small, landlocked province, which the separatists wanted to carve out of Russia. Western media and politicians dubbed the Chechens "freedom fighters" - an army of Davids fighting the Russian Goliath.

Moscow was lambasted internationally for disproportionate use of force and rolling back on the democratic freedoms that former leader Boris Yeltsin was so eager to introduce after the 1991 Soviet Union collapse. Tens of thousands died amid atrocities committed by both sides - and many more were displaced before 1996, when the Russians retreated, leaving Chechnya essentially independent. Retreating was a humiliation for Russia's military machine that less than a decade earlier had presented a seemingly formidable threat to the entire Western world.

- **60.** Why did Russia declare war against Chechnya?
 - A Chechnya became training field for terrorists
 - **B** Chechnya waged a civil war against its own citizens
 - C Chechnya was supplying arms to Russia's enemies
 - D Chechnya had declared independence
- 61. How did the first Russia Chechnya war come to an end?
 - A Russia surrendered
 - B Chechnya surrendered
 - C Russia retreated
 - D Chechnya retreated
- 62. What was western media's attitude about the conflict?
 - A They supported Russian action against Chechnya
 - **B** They completely ignored the conflict
 - C They were sympathetic towards Chechens
 - D They acted as mediators between the two warring nations

Instructions [63 - 65]

Read the passage carefully and answer the question that follows.

Passage IV

Smokejumpers are often asked to address to organizations and the public groups about the importance of fire

protection, particularly fire deterrence and detection. Because smoke detectors reduce the risk of dying in a fire by half, smokejumpers often provide audiences with information on how to fix these protective devices in their homes. Specifically, they tell them these things: A smoke detector should be placed on each floor of a home. While sleeping, people are in particular risk of a surfacing fire, and there must be a detector outside each sleeping area. A good site for a detector would be a hallway that runs between living spaces and bedrooms. Because of the dead-air space that might be missed by turbulent hot air bouncing around above a fire, smoke detectors should be installed either on the ceiling at least four inches from the adjoining wall, or high on a wall at least four, but no further than twelve, inches from the ceiling. Detectors should not be mounted near windows, exterior doors, or other places where drafts might direct the smoke away from the unit. Nor should they be placed in kitchens and garages, where cooking and gas fumes are likely to cause bogus alarms.

63. What is the main focus of this passage?



- **B** The proper installation of home smoke detectors
- C The concealment of dead-air space on walls and ceilings
- D How smoke detectors thwart fires in homes
- **64.** The passage states that, compared with people who do not have smoke detectors, persons who live in homes with smoke detectors have a:-
 - A 50% better chance of surviving a fire.
 - B 50% poorer chances of preventing a fire
 - C 75% worse chance of detecting a hidden fire.
 - **D** 100% shoddier chance of being injured in a fire.
- 65. The passage indicates that one responsibility of smokejumpers is to:-
 - A Install smoke detectors in the homes of residents in the community.
 - **B** Check homes to see if smoke detectors have been properly installed.
 - **C** Develop fire safety programs for public leaders and corporate workers.
 - **D** Address to corporate about the importance of preventing fires.
- **66.** Choose the word or the phrase that has most nearly the opposite meaning for the word given below. DORMANT
 - A Couchant
 - **B** Rampant
 - C Potent
 - D Prostrate

	ose the word or the phrase that has most nearly the opposite meaning for the word given below. GUOUS
Α	Urgent
В	Exacting
С	Large
D	Bare
	nplete the analogy. NP: RINSE::
Α	Scrubber : absorb
В	Immorality : expiate
С	Iron: rust
D	Cleanser : dirty linen

- **69.** Choose the option that represents the correct arrangement of the following words to form a meaningful sentence.
 - 1. developing
 - 2. Nina enters and apologizes
 - 3. as
 - 4.,
 - 5. is
 - 6. later
 - 7. her self-portraits
 - 8. she
 - 9. in her darkroom
 - 10. for running away
 - **A** 6, 4, 3, 8, 5, 1, 7, 9, 2, 10
 - **B** 2, 10, 3, 8, 7, 1, 6, 5, 4, 9
 - **C** 8, 4, 3, 2, 5, 1, 7, 9, 2, 10
 - **D** 8, 6, 5, 1, 7, 9, 3, 4, 2, 10
- **70.** The following question has a set of three statements. Each statement can be classified as one of the following.
 - (i) Facts, which deal with pieces of information that one has heard, seen or read, and which are open to discovery or verification (the answer option indicates such a statement with an 'F').

- (ii) Inferences, which are conclusions drawn about the unknown, on the basis of the known (the answer option indicates such a statement with an 'I').
- (iii) Judgements, which are opinions that imply approval or disapproval of persons, objects, situations and occurrences in the past, the present or the future (the answer option indicates such a statement with a 'J').

Identify the Fact(F), Judgement(J) and Inference(I) from the given sentences

- 1) "I don't see Ritu. She said she was tired, so she must have gone home to bed."
- 2) "Ram's been at the gym a lot; he must be trying to lose weight."
- 3) "Shera is a dog, and all dogs love belly rubs. So Shera must love belly rubs."
- **A** 1I, 2I, 3J
- **B** 11, 21, 31
- C 1F, 2F, 3J
- **D** 1J, 2J, 3F
- 71. Which of the following idiom/ phrase means 'like a spy'?
 - A Cloak and dagger
 - **B** Forty winks
 - C The alpha and the omega
 - **D** Lay bare
- **72.** From the options give below, find the closest substitute for the underlined expression. It is not surprising for a <u>teenager who stays away from school without good reason</u> to invent fantastic tales to escape punishment.
 - A Delinquent
 - B Lazy teen
 - **C** Truant
 - **D** Idler
- **73.** From the options given below, fill in the blank with the word/phrase that most appropriately completes the following sentence.

The Supreme Court _____ the decree of the lower court.

- A Set by
- B Set against
- C Set aside
- **D** Set over

		CollegeDekho
74	def	vord and its definition is given followed by four sentences. Choose the option that best fits with the inition. Inescent:
	Α	A dew sparkling in the sunlight
	В	A corpse in the funeral pyre
	С	Rainbow on a rainy day
	D	Passing clouds on a clear sky
75	the Wh Und Wh	ere are four sentences given below labelled (1-4). From the options given, choose the option that state grammatically correct sentence(s). en a magnifying glass was used, the cell appeared green. (1) der a magnifying glass, the cell appeared green. (2) en a large catch of fish was desired, a seine was hauled through the water. (3) en a seine was hauled through the water, many fish were caught. (4)
	Α	1 & 2
	В	3 & 4
	С	1, 2 & 4
	D	1, 2, 3 & 4
		General Awareness
76	. Che	ennai has been included in the UNESCO Creative Cities Network for its rich tradition.
	A	Crafts and folk art
	В	Films and literature
	С	Media arts
	D	Musical
77		ndit Bhimsen Gururaj Joshi was the famous Indian vocalist in which of the following the classical dition?
	Α	Hindustani
	В	Dhrupad
	C	Carnatic

D Ouwwali

78 .	Which is the r	most spoken	among the N	lorth Munda	Group of	Languages?
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- A Sindhi
- **B** Santhali
- C Assamese
- **D** Dogri

79. What is the motif of Rs 200 bank note?

- A Red Fort
- B Hampi with chariot
- C Sanchi stupa
- D Parliament House

80. Which of the following is true about Atal Pension Yojana (APY)?

- (a) It aims at increasing the number of people covered under any kind of pension scheme. It is one of the three Jan Suraksha schemes
- **B** (b) It especially targeted the private unorganized sector and citizens between the ages of 18 to 40 years
- c (c) The scheme also provides a monthly pension of Rs 5000 to Rs. 10000 per month based on the contributions made by the beneficiary
- D (d) Only (a) and (b)

81. Which of the following are Plant decomposers?

- A Both snail and fungi
- **B** Animalia
- **C** Protista
- **D** Snail

82. Ayodhya used to be the capital of which ancient kingdom?

- A Kosala Kingdom
- **B** Raghu Kingdom
- C Treta Kingdom
- D Saketa Kingdom

83.	Whi	ch of the following is/are tributaries of Ganges in India?
	Α	Sone river
	В	Yamuna
	С	Gomti
	D	All of these
84.	Dan	ce patterns considered sacred to Lord Shiva are in:-
	A	Bharatanatyam and Kathakali
	В	Only Bharatanatyam
	С	Bharatanatyam and Mohiniyattam
	D	Only Mohiniyattam
85.	Gay	atri mantra, the highly revered mantra is from which of the following?
	Α	Rigveda
	В	Samaveda
	С	Upnishad
	D	Aitareya Brahmana
86.	UID	Al comes under:-
86.		
	A	Niti Aayog
	В	Home Ministry
	С	Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology
	D	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation
87.	wno	o amongst the following repudiated his knighthood in protest against Jallianwala Bagh tragedy?
	A	Rabindranath Tagore
	В	Subbaiyer Subramania Iyer
	С	Mahatama Gandhi
	D	Sardar Patel
88.	Tela	ingana is bordered by which of the following states?

CollegeDekho Maharashtra, Karnataka, and Andhra Pradesh Chhattisgarh, Karnataka, and Andhra Pradesh В Karnataka, and Andhra Pradesh C Maharashtra, Chhattisgarh, Karnataka, and Andhra Pradesh 89. Which one of the following is the best description of 'Google Station'? It is a research and development project being developed by Google with the mission of providing free internet access to rural and remote areas **B** A public Wi-Fi platform C A Wi-Fi platform for personal vehicles A free Wi- Fi for army locations 90. The term 'Big Data', refers to Computer-based systems that do things in the technical world The practice of using a network of remote servers hosted on the Internet to store data Industrial uses of Internet of things Large amount of information that is generated as trails or by-products of online and offline activities 91. Who is called a Classified Service Voter? Service voters employed under intelligence agencies B A service voter who opts for voting through a proxy voter duly appointed by him/her Service Voters employed by intelligence and Indian diplomatic missions **D** Proxy of the service voter

92. _____ is used in Boxing.

- A Upper Cut
- Mallet
- **Bunder Chuckker**
- Deuce

- 93. Activities prohibited in eco-sensitive zones are:-
 - 1) Flying over protected areas in an aircraft or hot air balloon
 - 2) Major hydro-power projects
 - 3) Setting up of hotels and reso rts
 - 4) Setting of saw mills
 - **A** 2, 3
 - **B** 2, 3, 4
 - C 1, 2, 4
 - **D** All of these
- 94. Which of the following marketable products are available from bee keeping?
 - 1) Propolis
 - 2) Royal jel ly
 - 3) Venom
 - **A** 1, 2
 - **B** 2, 3
 - C 1, 3
 - **D** All of these
- 95. Which of the following articles is omitted due to the GST Constitutional Amendment Bill?
 - **A** 270A
 - **B** 250A
 - C 269A
 - **D** 268A
- **96.** The below given image is of which of the following:



A Terracotta warriors

CollegeDekho Venus of Willendorf Laocoön and his sons Auguste Rodin, the burghers of Calais 97. Which of the following is true for wires of the same material and diameter? **A** As compared to short wires, long wires have more resistance. As compared to short wires, long wires have no resistance. As compared to short wires, long wires have less resistance. As compared to short wires, long wires have same resistance. 98. Jana, a Boston based start-up, offers which of the following services? A Free unrestricted accounts like twitter Free unrestricted Films and TV shows Free unrestricted internet access Free unrestricted social media services 99. Second Generation Ethanol is prepared from:-Plastic waste Agricultural Waste Animal waste Non degradable waste 100. Which of the following statement/s is/are correct regarding 'Zika disease'? 1. Zika virus disease is transmitted primarily by Aedes mosquitoes. 2. Till date no vaccine or medicine has been proven effective agains t Zika disease. 3. Mild fever, skin rash, muscle and joint pain are some of the symptoms of the zik a virus disease.

1 only

2 and 3 only

1 and 3 only

1, 2 and 3

Answers

Quant

1. B	2. D	3. C	4. B	5. C	6. B	7. B	8. D	
9. D	10. B	11. A	12. D	13. A	14. B	15. C	16. B	
17. B	18. D	19. D	20. B	21. C	22. D	23. A	24. C	
25. D								
Reasoning								
26. A	27. D	28. C	29. D	30. C	31. D	32. D	33. C	
34. D	35. D	36. D	37. B	38. C	39. D	40. A	41. D	
42. C	43. A	44. D	45. B	46. D	47. D	48. A	49. C	
50. A								ر

Verbal

51. D	52. C	53. A	54. C	55. D	56. B	57. D	58. C	
59. A	60. D	61. C	62. C	63. B	64. A	65. D	66. B	
67. C	68. A	69. A	70. B	71. A	72. C	73. C	74. C	
75. D								

General Awareness

76. D	77. A	78. B	79. C	80. D	81. A	82. A	83. D	
84. C	85. A	86. C	87. A	88. D	89. B	90. D	91. B	
92. A	93. C	94. D	95. D	96. A	97. A	98. C	99. B	
100. D		×						_

Explanations

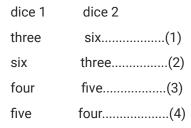
Quant

1.**B**

Probability = Expected number of outcomes/ Total number of outcomes.

Total number of outcomes we get in a single throw of two dice = 6×6 = 36.

Possible cases of getting 'nine' in a single throw of two dice:



So, total of 4 cases.

Possible cases of getting 'ten' in a single throw of two dice:

So, total of 3 cases.

Expected number of outcomes = Total possible cases of getting 'nine' or 'ten' in a single throw of two dice = 4 + 3 = 7.

So, Probability =
$$\frac{7}{36}$$

2.**D**

Let the breadth(b) of the room be 'x' metres.

then, length(I) of the room = x+2 metres.

Area(A) =
$$l \times b$$
 = x(x+2) m^2

Given, length is increased by 4 meters and the breadth decreased by 2 meters

Then, new length(I') of the room = x+6 metres

new breadth(b') of the room = x-2 metres

New Area(A') of the room = $l' \times b'$ = (x+6)(x-2) m^2

Also given that, A = A'

$$\Rightarrow x(x+2) = (x+6)(x-2)$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + 2x = x^2 + 4x - 12$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x = 12$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 6$$

Therefore the length of the room (I) = 8 metres

and breadth of the room (b) = 6 metres

and given height of the room (h) = 3 metres

Since the room will be in the shape of a cuboid, Surface area = 2 ($l \times b + b \times h + l \times h$)

But the Surface area of Walls = Total Surface area - Area of Roof and Floor = 2 $(l \times b + b \times h + l \times h) - 2(l \times b) = 2(8 \times 3 + 6 \times 3) = 84m^2$

Hence, Surface Area of walls = 84 m^2 .

3.**C**

Average Speed = Total distance covered : Total time taken

Total distance travelled = 50 + 50 + 30 = 130 km.

Total time taken = Time taken to travel first 50 km + Time taken to travel next 50 km + Time taken to travel next 30 km = $40 + 50 \div 2 + 30 \div 1 = 95$ minutes = $\frac{95}{60}$ hours.

$$\Rightarrow$$
 Average Speed = $130 \div rac{95}{60} = 82.1$ kmph

4.**B**

First wheel makes 60 revolutions in 1 minute

- ⇒ It makes 60 revolutions in 60 seconds
- \Rightarrow It makes 1 revolution in 1 second.

This implies, after every 1 second the certain point at which the wheel started its revolution reaches its initial position.

Similarly, Second wheel and Third wheel makes 36 and 24 revolutions in 1 minute respectively.

 \Rightarrow Second and Third wheel makes 1 revolution in $\frac{5}{3}$ and $\frac{5}{2}$ seconds respectively.

So for all the multiples of $\frac{5}{3}$ and $\frac{5}{2}$ seconds the certain point of second wheel and third wheel reaches its initial position respectively.

After LCM $\{1, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{5}{2}\}$ seconds all the three wheels will come together in the same position.

LCM of fractions = LCM of numerators/ HCF of denominators

$$\Rightarrow$$
 LCM $\{1, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{5}{2}\}$ = LCM $\{1, 5, 5\} \div$ HCF $\{1, 3, 2\} = 5 \div 1 = 5$.

Hence, after 5 seconds all the wheels will come again together in the same position.

5.**C**

If the principle amount 'P' when compounded annually for 'n' years at 'R%" interest rate per annum becomes P'.

Then
$$P'=P{\left[1+rac{R}{100}
ight]}^n$$

Given P' = 2000, n = 2 years, R = 10%

$$\Rightarrow P = P' \div \left[1 + \frac{R}{100}\right]^n$$

$$\Rightarrow P = 2000 \div \left[1 + \frac{10}{100}\right]^2$$

$$\Rightarrow P = 2000 \div 1.21$$

$$\Rightarrow P = 1653$$

Hence the initial amount P = Rs. 1,653.

6.**B**

The Volume of the right circular cone of base radius 'r' and height 'h' is given by 'V' = $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$

Given 'h' has been increased by 200%

$$\Rightarrow$$
 New height h' = h[1 + $\frac{200}{100}$] = 3h

also, radius of the base is reduced by 50%

$$\Rightarrow$$
 New base radius r' = r[1 - $\frac{50}{100}$] = $\frac{r}{2}$

New Volume of the cone with new base radius r' and new height h' is given by V' = $\frac{1}{3}\pi r'^2 h' = \frac{1}{3}\pi (\frac{r}{2})^2 (3h) = \frac{3V}{4}$.

Change in Volume =
$$\frac{NewVolume-OldVolume}{OldVolume} imes 100 \; = \frac{\frac{3V}{4}-V}{V} imes 100 \; = -25$$

Hence the new volume decreased by 25 %.

7.**B**

Initial price is given as 'I' = Rs. 600

After the first reduction, the initial price is reduced by 10%

$$\Rightarrow$$
 the new price I' = $600[1-\frac{10}{100}]=540$

After second reduction, I' is reduced by 10%

$$\Rightarrow$$
 the new price I" = $540[1-\frac{10}{100}]=486$

After third reduction, I" is reduced by 10%

$$\Rightarrow$$
 the new price I''' = $486[1-\frac{10}{100}]=437.4$

Hence the Current price after three successive reductions is Rs. 437.4

8.**D**

Let say,

The number mobiles sold in last year of the brands LG, SAMSUNG, NOKIA, SONY, MICRO-MAX be A, B, C, D, and E respectively.

Given that A+B+C+D+E = 1 crore.

Out of these 1 crore mobiles, the number of mobile sets of LG sold are 15% of A = $\frac{15}{100} \times A$.

But from the given data, the values of A, B, C, D, and E cannot be found out.

So the number of LG sets sold last year cannot be determined.

Note that the 15% does not represent the percentage of LG mobiles among the ones that are 1 yr old, but the percentage of 1 yr old mobiles among LG mobiles.

$$\sqrt{188 + \sqrt{51 + \sqrt{169}}}$$
 = $\sqrt{188 + \sqrt{51 + 13}}$ = $\sqrt{188 + \sqrt{64}}$ = $\sqrt{188 + 8}$ = $\sqrt{196}$ = 14

10.**B**

If the principle amount 'P' when compounded half-yearly at R% interest rate per annum for 'n' years, the new amount is P'.

then
$$P'=P{[1+rac{R}{2 imes 100}]}^n$$

Given P' = 6,632.55, P = 6,250 and R = 4%

$$\Rightarrow 6,632.55 = 6,250 [1 + \frac{4}{2 \times 100}]^n$$

$$\Rightarrow 1.061 = 1.02^n$$

Taking logarithm on both sides we get,

$$n = log(1.061) \div log(1.02) = 3$$

Since n refers to half a year in this case, the number of years will be $\frac{3}{2}$ years.

11.**A**

Average Salary Expenditure (in Lakh Rupees) per annum = Total salary expenditure in all these years : Total number of years

$$= \frac{576+682+648+672+740}{5}$$

= 663.6

12.**D**

Option A:

In 2011, number of Refrigerators sold =60

number of Cell phones sold = 336

 \Rightarrow number of refrigerators sold as a percentage of number of cell phones sold = $rac{60}{336} imes 100 = 17.85$

Option B:

In 2012, number of Refrigerators sold = 79

number of Cell phones sold = 404

 \Rightarrow number of refrigerators sold as a percentage of number of cell phones sold = $rac{79}{404} imes 100$ = 19.5

Option C:

In 2013, number of Refrigerators sold = 93

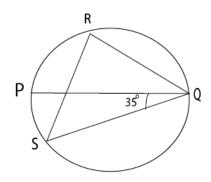
number of Cell phones sold = 411

 \Rightarrow number of refrigerators sold as a percentage of number of cell phones sold = $\frac{93}{411} \times 100$ = 22.6 Option D:

In 2014, number of Refrigerators sold = 112

number of Cell phones sold = 442

 \Rightarrow number of refrigerators sold as a percentage of number of cell phones sold = $\frac{112}{442} \times 100$ = 25.33 Hence Option D is the correct answer.



Since PQ is the diameter, the angle subtended by it at R is 90 deg. i.e., \angle PRQ = 90 deg.

Let
$$\angle$$
 RPQ = θ , then \angle RQP = 90 - θ

As the angles subtended by a chord in same segment are equal, \angle RPQ = \angle RSQ = θ

In triangle RSQ, \angle QRS + \angle RSQ + \angle RQS = 180

$$\Rightarrow$$
 \angle QRS + θ + 35 + 90 - θ = 180

$$\Rightarrow$$
 \angle QRS = 180 - 125 = 55 deg.

Hence \angle QRS = 55 deg.

14.**B**

Given $x = \sqrt[6]{5}$ and $y = \sqrt[5]{4}$

which can also be written as x = $5^{\frac{5}{30}}$ and y = $4^{\frac{6}{30}}$

which can be further written as x = $\sqrt[30]{5^5}$ and y = $\sqrt[30]{4^6}$

As we know $4^6>5^5$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt[30]{4^6} > \sqrt[30]{5^5}$$

 \Rightarrow y > x

15.C

Given, If a and b are positive real numbers then a * b denotes √ab

Consider 4 * 16 =
$$\sqrt{4 \times 16} = \sqrt{6}4 = 8$$

then 8 * 8 =
$$\sqrt{8 \times 8} = \sqrt{6}4 = 8$$

Hence the value of 8 * (4 * 16) = 8

16.**B**

Given the proportion of ages of three men are 3:5:7.

Let their ages be 3k, 5k, 7k, where k is any constant.

Given average of ages of three men = 50

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3k+5k+7k}{3} = 50$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{15k}{3} = 50$$

$$\Rightarrow 5k = 50$$

$$\Rightarrow k = 10$$

Therefore the ages of three men are 30, 50, and 70 years.

The age of the youngest men is 30 years.

17.**B**

If 64 mangoes are sold at Rs.2000, each mango will be sold at Rs. $\frac{2000}{64}$

Hence Selling price (S.P) of each mango = Rs. 31.25

Given loss percentage of vendor at this S.P = 40%

Loss percentage = $\frac{C.P-S.P}{C.P} imes 100$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{40}{100} = \frac{C.P-S.P}{C.P}$$

$$\Rightarrow S.P = 0.6 \times C.P$$

$$\Rightarrow C.P = \frac{31.25}{0.6} = 52$$

Therefore Cost Price of 1 mango (C.P) = Rs. 52

Let us calculate the S.P of each mango in order to get a 20% gain.

Gain percentage = $\frac{S.P-C.P}{C.P} imes 100$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{20}{100} = \frac{S.P-C.P}{C.P}$$

$$\Rightarrow S.P = 1.2 \times C.P$$

$$\Rightarrow S.P = 62.5$$

So, to get a gain of 20% we need to sell each mango at Rs. 62.5

Let say we sold 'x' number of mangoes.

Selling price of these 'x' number of mangoes (S.P) = Rs. 62.5x

But given that this S.P = Rs. 1000

$$\Rightarrow 62.5x = 1000$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{1000}{62.5} = 16.$$

Therefore a total of 16 mangoes are to be sold for Rs. 1000 to get a gain of 20%.

18.**D**

Area of triangular metal plate with base(b) = 88 cm and altitude(h) = 64 cm is given as A = $\frac{1}{2}b \times h = \frac{1}{2}88 \times 64 = 2816cm^2$

Given this area is to be reduced to one-fourth by making a hole in the shape of circle

⇒ Reduction in the area of the triangle = Area of the circular hole

$$\Rightarrow rac{3}{4} imes A = \pi r^2$$

$$\Rightarrow rac{rac{3}{4} imes 2816}{\pi} = r^2$$

$$\Rightarrow r = \sqrt{672} = 4\sqrt{42}$$

So, the radius of the circular hole = $4\sqrt{4}2\ \text{cm}.$

19.**D**

Let us consider $\frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{2-\sqrt{3}}$

Rationalising the denominator by multiplying and diving with 2+ $\sqrt{3}$ we get,

$$\frac{(2+\sqrt{3})\times(2+\sqrt{3})}{(2-\sqrt{3})\times(2+\sqrt{3})} = \frac{(2+\sqrt{3})^2}{4-3} = (2+\sqrt{3})^2$$

Now.

$$\sqrt{\frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{2-\sqrt{3}}} = \sqrt{(2+\sqrt{3})^2} = 2+\sqrt{3} = 2+1.732 = 3.732$$

20.**B**

Initial amount of Kerosene(I) = 5% of 5 kg mixture of petrol and kerosene = $\frac{5}{100} \times 5000 = 250$ grams Let say 'x' gm of Kerosene is added to the mixture.

The final amount of Kerosene in the mixture after the addition is given as 10%.

$$\Rightarrow \frac{250+x}{5000+x} = \frac{10}{100}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2500 + 10x = 5000 + x$$

$$\Rightarrow 9x = 2500$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 275$$
 gm approximately.

Therefore additionally 275 gm of kerosene is to be added to the mixture to make it 10%.

21.**C**

Let the maximum number of marks be 'x' and minimum passing marks be 'y'.

Given, A student who gets 20% marks fails by 20 marks.

$$\Rightarrow \frac{20}{100} \times x = y - 20$$

$$\Rightarrow 20x = 100y - 2000....(1)$$

Also given that, another student who gets 36% marks gets 44 marks more than minimum passing marks.

$$\Rightarrow \frac{36}{100} \times x = y + 44$$

$$\Rightarrow 36x = 100y + 4400...$$
(2)

$$(2) - (1) \Rightarrow 16x = 6400$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 x = 400

From (1) or (2), we get y = 100

Hence, maximum number of marks = x = 400

Percentage necessary for passing = $\frac{y}{x} \times 100$ = 25%

22.**D**

Let amount eaten by each horse and each bullock in one day be 'h' units and 'b' units respectively.

So Total fodder = Total effciency × Total number of days

$$\Rightarrow$$
 Total work = 26×h×170 = 20×b×170

$$\Rightarrow$$
 b = 1.3h....(1)

The amount of fodder eaten by 10 horses and 8 bullocks in one day = 10h + 8b = 10h + 8(1.3h) = 20.4h

Time taken by them to eat the same amount of fodder = total fodder/amount eaten by them in one day

$$= \frac{26 \times h \times 170}{20.4h}$$

= 216.67 days

23.**A**

Let the speed of the boat in still water be V and speed of the stream be V'.

Relative speed of boat in upstream = V - V', as water stream flows against the direction of boat.

whereas Relative speed of boat in downstream = V + V', as water stream flows in the direction of boat.

Case (1)

Given Total time taken = Time taken during upstream + Time taken during downstream = 8 hours.

$$\Rightarrow \frac{24}{V-V'} + \frac{72}{V+V'} = 8$$

$$\Rightarrow 3[\frac{1}{V-V'} + \frac{3}{V+V'}] = 1$$
....(1)

$$\Rightarrow 3[4V - 2V'] = V^2 - V'^2$$
....(2)

Case (2)

Given Total time taken = Time taken during upstream + Time taken during downstream = 14 hours

$$\Rightarrow \frac{48}{V-V'} + \frac{108}{V+V'} = 14$$

$$\Rightarrow 6\left[\frac{4}{V-V'} + \frac{9}{V+V'}\right] = 7$$

$$\Rightarrow 6[13V - 5V'] = 7[V^2 - V'^2]$$
....(3)

Dividing equation (3) by (2), we get

$$\frac{2[13V-5V']}{4V-2V'}=7$$

$$\Rightarrow 26V - 10V' = 28V - 14V'$$

$$\Rightarrow V = 2V'$$

Substituting this value in equation (1) we get,

$$\Rightarrow 3\left[\frac{1}{V'} + \frac{1}{V'}\right] = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow V' = 6$$

$$\Rightarrow V = 12$$

Hence, Speed of the boat in still water = 12 km/h.

and Speed of the stream = 6 km/h.

24.**C**

Let say cost price(C.P) of 1 kg(1000 g) of rice be Rs. 100

Given Shopkeeper is selling rice at cost price,

$$\Rightarrow$$
 Selling price(S.P) = C.P = Rs. 100

If he had used correct weight of 1000 g then C.P would have also been Rs. 100.

But given that he uses false weight. Let the weight he had used be 'x' g.

For 1000 g of rice the C.P = Rs. 100

 \Rightarrow For '1' g of rice the C.P will be Rs. $\frac{1}{10}$

 \Rightarrow For 'x' g of rice the C.P will be Rs. $\frac{x}{10}$

Given that, by using this false weight the shop keeper gains 20%.

Gain percentage = $\frac{S.P-C.P}{C.P} imes 100$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{20}{100} = \frac{S.P-C.P}{C.P}$$

$$\Rightarrow S.P = 1.2 \times C.P$$

$$\Rightarrow 100 = 1.2 \times \frac{x}{10}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 833.33$$

Hence the false weight used is 833.33 g

25 **r**

Let the efficiencies of Rakesh, Prakash, and Ashok be 'r' 'p' and 'a' respectively.

Given that Rakesh can do a job an hour quicker than Prakash.

So let time taken by Prakash be 't' hours, then time taken by Rakesh will be 't-1' hours.

Total work(W) = Efficiency \times Time taken = p \times t = r \times (t-1)

$$\Rightarrow$$
 t = $\frac{r}{r-n}$(1)

Given that, Working together, Rakesh, Prakash and Ashok can finish the same job in an hour.

$$\Rightarrow$$
 Total work(W) = (r+p+a) (1) units....(2)

Also given that, if Prakash works for an hour, and then Ashok works for four hours, the job will be completed.

$$\Rightarrow$$
 Total work(W) = p(1) + a(4) units....(3)

Equating (2) and (3), we get

$$(r+p+a)(1) = p(1) + a(4)$$

Substituting this value in equation (1), we get

$$t = \frac{3a}{3a-p}$$
....(5)

As the Total work is always constant, $p \times t = p(1) + a(4)$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 t = 1 + $4\frac{a}{p}$(6)

Equating (5) and (6), we get

$$\frac{3a}{3a-p} = 1 + 4\frac{a}{p}$$

Let
$$\frac{a}{n} = 'k'$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3k}{3k-1} = 1 + 4k$$

$$\Rightarrow 3k = 12k^2 + 3k - 4k - 1$$

$$\Rightarrow 12k^2 - 4k - 1 = 0$$

Solving for k, we get k = $\frac{1}{2}or - \frac{1}{6}$ [which is not possible]

Hence k =
$$\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 p =2a....(7)

Substituting (4) and (7) in equation (2) we get,

Total work(W) = 6a units.

Time taken by Ashok alone to do the job = Total work/ Efficiency of Ashok

= 6a/a

=6 hours.

Reasoning

26.**A**

Elder brother of Raj's father = Raj's uncle

Now, Sweety is grand-daughter of Raj's uncle.

=> Sweety is Raj's **niece**.

=> Ans - (A)

27.**D**

The minimum number of people taking classes after school is 3.

The minimum number of people taking classes before school is 2.

Hence the maximum number of people taking classes during lunch must be 2.

Hence the number of people taking classes during lunch and after school cannot be equal.

Option D is the correct answer.

28.**C**

To find: A's wife =?

It is given that R and S are A's sisters.

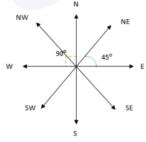
Also, W is wife of E and V is wife of B.

Thus, we have : (A,) (B,V) (C,) (D,) (EW)

Also, T is married neither to C nor to D, => T is wife of A.

=> Ans - (C)

29.**D**



If southeast becomes east and northwest becomes west, thus we have to tilt the direction 45° clockwise. (to the right)

Thus, direction of north will be northeast.

=> Ans - (D)

30.**C**

Case 1: If Kalia speaks truth

=> Raza is the thief, which means Raza's first statement is a lie.

Case 1(a): Raza speaks lie and truth alternatively.

=> Second statement cannot be true.

Case 1(b): Raza always lies.

=> Raza is a thief, and the other ones are not.

This can only mean Shera speaks truth and lie alternatively, which positively concludes above statements.

:. Raza is the thief.

=> Ans - (C)

31.**D**

According to the statements,

	Delhi	Chennai	Kolkata	Hyderabad	Bangalore	Mumbai	Lucknow	Patna
А	√	X			Х		1	
В					X		X	X
С	Х				Х	X		X
D			Х	Х				

If A visited Delhi and Lucknow, then B can only visit two of Chennai, Kolkata, Hyderabad or Mumbai.

=> Ans - (D)

32.**D**

W is greater than C but less than M,: M > W > C

Y is greater than D but not less than M, : Y > D and Y \geq M

Combining above statements, we get: $Y \ge M > W > C$ and Y > D

Thus, either Y or M is the greatest.

=> Ans - (D)

33.**C**

No group can have more than four students. No two groups can have the same number of students.

=> The four groups will have 1,2,3,4 students respectively.

I should be alone and is in one group, => $G_1=I$

Given : A, D, F and J form a group, => $G_4=A,D,F,J$

Also, C and G must be in the same group. B and E cannot be in the same group.

=> B belongs with C and G, => $G_3=B,C,G$

and
$$G_2 = E, H$$

=> Ans - (C)

34.**D**

If he inspects B, he cannot inspect C immediately, => C cannot be to the immediate right of B, and thus first two options are eliminated.

If he inspects A, he cannot go to E after that, similarly third option is also not possible.

Thus, proper order: D,C,B,E,A

=> Ans - (D)

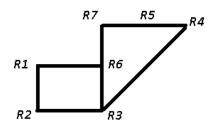
35.**D**

- (A): The two statements (A & C) are contradictory, hence it is invalid.
- (B): This also contain A and C, hence it is also invalid.
- (C): The statements are B and F are again contradictory, hence it is also invalid.
- (D): All honest person are obese, and all obese are good natured, hence all honest persons are good natured.

=> Ans - (D)

36.**D**

The road map when we connect all the 1-way roads is:



Thus, the shortest route to go from R1 to R7: R1-R6-R7

=> Ans - (D)

37.**B**

Comparing the rods on the basis of weight

A is lighter than C, which is lighter than D,: D > C > A

B is heavier than D, : B > D

E is heavier than D,: E > D

It is given that B is the heaviest, and combining above statements, we get: B > E > D > C > A

Thus, A is the shortest.

=> Ans - (B)

38.C

DT screens film B in the first slot and PVR exhibits film C in the third slot

This means only Regal can exhibit the remaining film A in the remaining slot, i.e. second slot.

=> Ans - (C)

39.**D**

We get the following:

CollegeDekho ∍ D **BOAT**

We can say none of the given options are connected directly so D is the correct answer.

40.A

The middle number is the sum of numbers assigned to their adjacent alphabets as, A=1, B=2, C=3,.....,Z=26

$${\rm EJO} + {\rm TYE} \equiv 5 + 10 + 15 + 20 + 25 + 5 = 80$$

$${\rm DHL} + {\rm PTX} \equiv 4 + 8 + 12 + 16 + 20 + 24 = 84$$

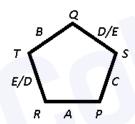
Similarly, CFI + LOR
$$\equiv 3 + 6 + 9 + 12 + 15 + 18 = 63$$

41.**D**

Chair A is along the side joining the corner P and R. S is to the immediate right of P, => R is to the left of P.

R is between P and T, => Q is to the immediate right of S.

Chair B is along the side of Q and T. Chairs D and E are next to B on either side. => C is to the immediate right of Α.



Thus, the corners that join the side where the chair C is placed are: P and S.

42.C

Punita and Kabir are in the same row

So jai is in opposite row, Neetu and Lakshya will also be in the same row as Jai.

we get the arrangement as:

Lakshya	Neetu	Jai	
Punita/Kabir	Om	Kabir/Punita	

Option C is the correct answer.

43.A

G goes to Ram only and it is given that EFG go together so they will go together to Ram. Now A does not go with F so A goes to Deepak, I do not go with E so I go to Deepak F and B do not go to same so B goes to Deepak so we have

Ram - F,G,E

Deepak - A,I,B,H

Now D can go to both

And as per options the correct answer is Deepak - D, I, H or D, B, H

44. **D**

Given that there are 3 boxes of green blue red colours

According to the given condition, that the box color toy is not present in respective box,

green box has blue and red toys

Blue box has Green and red toys

Red box has Green and blue toy

There are 10 chocolates The least number of chocolates are in red box. Given that atleast one chocolate in red box

and maximum possible number of chocolates in Green box

that is 7 is the maximum number of chocolates because 2 chocolates are kept in blue box.

Therefore, option D is correct that is the box which has green and red toys has 2 chocolates. such box is Blue box which has 2 chocolates in it.

45.**B**

Given: If A buys R, then B does not but P or S.

Now A buys R and T, then B cannot buy P and S, thus the only two items left for him to buy are Q and U.

=> Ans - (B)

46.**D**

- (A): The statements are clearly contradictory, hence it is invalid.
- (B): Again the statements, this is morning and this is not morning are invalid.
- (C): The order CB is not logically consistent with the given statement.
- (D): This order is valid, and states this is not morning, hence you cannot catch the bus.

=> Ans - (D)

47. **D**

a+b: a is the sister of b

b-c: b is the brother of c

c+d: c is the sister of d

d-e: d is the brother of e

e*f: e is the daughter of f.

We can state that a(female), b(male), c(female), d(male), e (female), f(male or female).

Hence D is the correct answer.

48.**A**

Three coins are tossed in the air and two of the coins land with tails face upwards.

Assuming that the coins are fair and the first part does not try to indicate that they are not fair. The outcomes that make at least two coins heads are :

HHT, HHH, HTH, THH

Thus, outcome is 4 out of 8 = 50%

=> Ans - (A)

49.**C**

Given that F is a grandmother and travels with her granddaughter D in Audi. Similarly, A travels with her daughter in a honda. Since A doesn't belong to the first generation as F is the grandmother and each car must have at least one female.

We are provided 2 cars and each car has 2 females each. Hence the third car with the father and son must have a female in order to satisfy the condition of one female each in the car.

Hence one female must be traveling along with E and B who are father and son. The only possible way in order to fill the two married couples are :

E must be the grandfather and belongs to the first generation and B must be his son who is married to A.

Hence the two couples are EF, AB

50. A

R is not the mother of Q but Q is the son of R

=> R is father of Q

P and R are a married couple

=> P(f) is wife of R(m), and Q(m) is their son.

U is the brother of Q. S is the daughter of P

=> Q(m), U(m) and S(f) are siblings and children of P(f) and R(m).

Also, T is the brother of R

... T is S's uncle.

=> Ans - (A)

Verbal

51.**D**

In the second paragraph of the passage, the author mentions, "People in Haryana tend to count the gold medals of the Hyderabadi shuttler, Saina Nehwal and the Delhi wrestler, Sushil Kumar, in their tally. This is because both of them are Jats. People of this dominant caste form more than 20% of Haryana's population and, therefore, in popular perception, Haryana is Jat-land."

From this, we can observe that option D is the correct answer.

52. C

In the first paragraph, the author mentions, "our playfulness is unproductive. But athletes play for profit and contest for prizes."

From this, we can infer that since most people do not play for material benefits like medals, prizes or profits, the author is calling their playfulness, unproductive.

Hence, the answer is option C.

53.A

From the third paragraph: "Firstly, the province has a volatile history of continuous aggression due to its geographical location on the frontier. Secondly, the people of Haryana have valued physical strength and perseverance due to its peasant culture."

From the last paragraph: "For the military serving population of Haryana, therefore, such sports come easily."

From the above-mentioned lines, we can infer options B, C and D to be true.

Hence, the answer is option A.

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54.**C**

In the last paragraph, the author mentions, "But, in the late 19th century, the colonial strategists honored ordinary peasant castes by calling them 'martial races' in united Punjab. This was a clever way of taming the aggression in this frontier region."

Hence, the answer is option C.

55.**D**

From the second-last paragraph:

- 1. "Like a horseshoe, Haryana encircles Delhi from three sides and the culture of both is similar."
- 2. "In the medieval times, Haryana flourished when weak rulers ruled Delhi."
- 3. "The half-hearted policy does not create achievers but supports the successful ones among them."

Options A, B and C can be inferred from the lines mentioned above.

Hence, the answer is option D.

56.**B**

From the second-last paragraph: "the sports policy since 2006 has honed the killer athletic spirit in Haryana. The half-hearted policy does not create achievers but supports the successful ones among them."

From this, we can infer option B. Option A is not mentioned in the paragraph.

Hence, the answer is option B.

57.**D**

"Under the new system, sources said states will be encouraged to meet the targets of various schemes or face the prospects of drying up of the fund flows."

Thus, the funds will be distributed based on the implementation of new schemes by the states. Hence, the answer is option D.

58.**C**

"The official said,"We have patiently waited for the state governments to adopt a number of reform-oriented legislative bills. But our experiences have largely been negative."

Hence, the answer is option C.

59.A

The author talks about the new three-year action plan of the NITI Aayog. They also mention the provisions added to make the states follow the new rules. The passage does not talk about the infrastructure development in India or the corruption.

Hence, option A is the answer.

60.**D**

Options A, B, C: Nowhere explicitly mentioned or implied in the passage.

Option D: Since from the first paragraph, "Twenty years ago on Thursday, Moscow started what it thought would be a "blitzkrieg" against secular separatists in Chechnya, a tiny, <u>oil-rich province in Russia's North Caucasus</u> region that had declared its independence.", it can be inferred that the timing of Chechenya's independence and the Russian invasion coincided, the independence of Chechnya can be a possible reason for the invasion.

Thus, out of all the options, option D is the most appropriate one.

The correct option is D.

61.**C**

In the last paragraph it has been mentioned that retreating was such a humiliating experience for the Russians.

Hence it can be inferred that the Russian military retreated. Option C is the correct answer.

62.C

From the lines of the penultimate paragraph,"... Western media and politicians dubbed the Chechens "freedom fighters" - an army of Davids fighting the Russian Goliath.", it can be inferred that the western media shared sympathetic feelings toward Chechens. Option C represents the western media's attitude most appropriately.

None of the other options is implied in the passage.

Thus, the correct option is C.

63.**B**

The passage starts with the importance of smoke detectors and then explains in detail the considerations while installing them.

Option A: Though the passage mentions smoke jumpers in the starting, the main focus of the passage is on smoke detectors. Thus, this option can be eliminated.

Option B: Since the passage explains in detail the importance and considerations while installing the smoke detectors, this option aptly reflects the primary focus of the passage.

Option C: This option can be easily eliminated as this is not the primary focus of the passage.

Option D: This is a distorted inference as smoke detectors detect fires, not thwart them.

Thus, the correct answer is option B.

64.**A**

It can be inferred from these lines of passage, "Because smoke detectors reduce the risk of dying in a fire by half,

smokejumpers often provide audiences with information on how to fix these protective devices in their homes", that smoke detectors increase the survival in case of fire by 50%.

Since option A aptly reflects this inference, it is the correct answer.

Option B is a distorted inference as smoke detectors increase the chances of survival, not decrease.

Options C and D are nowhere explicitly mentioned or implied in the passage.

Thus, the correct answer is A.

65.**D**

From the lines "Smokejumpers are often asked to address to organizations and the public groups about the importance of fire protection, particularly fire deterrence and detection", it can be inferred that one of the responsibilities of the smokejumpers is to spread the awareness about fire protection to organizations and groups.

Option A: Although smoke jumpers provide the information on the installation of smoke detectors, it cannot be inferred from the passage that they install smoke detectors in homes by themselves.

Option B: This is not implied anywhere in the passage.

Option C: Although it can be inferred from the passage that smoke jumpers address the organizations and groups about the importance of fire protection, it would be far-fetched to say that they develop fire safety programs.

Option D: This option aptly represents the responsibility of smoke jumpers given in the starting lines of the passage.

Thus, the correct option is D.

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66.**B**

Dormant - lazy, inactive

Opposite to dormant is rampant, which means fast or active.

Answer is option B.

67.**C**

exiguous - small, scanty

Opposite of exiguous is large.

Answer is option C.

68.A

Soap is used for "rinsing". Thus, we have to choose the option where the second term mentions the use of the object mentioned in the first term.

Among the options, only option A has the required relationship.

69.A

The correct sentence is "later, as she is developing her self-portraits in her darkroom Nina enters and apologizes for running away"

The correct order is (6, 4, 3, 8, 5, 1, 7, 9, 2, 10).

Hence, the answer is option A.

70.**B**

The three statements given are inferences since we are drawing conclusions based on known facts.

Statement 1: The speaker does not see Ritu. Ritu had told the speaker that she was tired. From this known information, the speaker is concluding that Ritu must have gone home to bed.

Statement 2: The speaker knows that Ram is going to the gym a lot. From this information, the speaker is inferring that Ram must have been trying to lose weight.

Statement 3: It is known that Shera is a dog and all dogs love belly rubs. The speaker thus, infers from this that Shera must love belly rubs, too.

Hence, the answer is option B.

71.**A**

Cloak and dagger - involving secrecy or mystery

Forty winks - a short sleep

The alpha and the omega - beginning and the end

Lay bare - to reveal something

Option A is the most appropriate one.

Answer is option A.

72.**C**

truant - people who stay away from school without any reason or explanation.

Answer is option C.

73.**C**

"To set aside" means "to declare a legal decision or process to be invalid."

Thus, for the given sentence, option C is the correct choice.

74.**C**

"Evanescent" means "something that fades quickly".

Options A, B and C can be eliminated since they are not things that fade away. Rainbow mentioned in option C is something that fades away quickly.

Hence, the answer is option C.

75.**D**

Option A and Option B have the same meaning and both are gramatically correct.

In case of Option C and Option D, the cause and effect has been reversed while the sentences are gramatically correct.

Even though cause and effect have been reversed, both sentences make logical sense independently.

i.e. when there was an intent to catch lots of fish, seine(fishing net) was hauled(spread across)

And when a seine was spread across, many fish were caught.

Hence, All sentences are gramatically and logically correct.

Hence, the right option is D.

