Bio-Technology_Set2

Topic:- Mathematics_Set2

If
$$A+B=\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and $A-B=\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$, then $AB=\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$

[Question ID = 13593]

$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 2 \\ 0 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & -2 \\ 2 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & -2 \\ 0 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Correct Answer:-

$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & -2 \\ 0 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$$

2) If
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
; $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$, then $A^T B A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$

[Question ID = 13594]

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 6 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

[5]

3)
$$\begin{vmatrix} x-y & p-q & a-b \\ y-z & q-r & b-c \\ z-x & r-p & c-a \end{vmatrix} =$$

[Question ID = **13595**]

- 1. 1
- 2. 2
- 3. xyz- pqr+ abc
- 4. 0

Correct Answer:-

• (

The solution of the equation
$$\begin{vmatrix} 5-x & 4 & 3 \\ 1-3x & 7 & 6 \\ 1-x & 6 & 5 \end{vmatrix} = 0 \text{ is}$$

[Question ID = 13596]

$$x = 1$$

$$x = 2$$

3.
$$x = 0$$

$$x = 5$$

$$x=1$$

The inverse of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} a+ib & c+id \\ -c+id & a-ib \end{bmatrix}$,

if
$$a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + d^2 = 1$$
 is

[Question ID = 13597]

$$\begin{bmatrix} a-ib & c-id \\ c+id & a+ib \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a-ib & -c-id \\ c-id & a+ib \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} c - id & a - ib \\ a + ib & c + id \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a-ib & c-id \\ -c-id & a+ib \end{bmatrix}$$

Correct Answer:-

$$\begin{bmatrix} a-ib & -c-id \\ c-id & a+ib \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{x^2}{x^2 - 3x + 2} =$$

[Question ID = 13598]

$$\frac{1}{x-1} + \frac{2}{x-2}$$

$$1 - \frac{1}{1 - x} + \frac{3}{x - 2}$$

$$1 + \frac{1}{1-x} + \frac{4}{x-2}$$

$$1 - \frac{1}{x - 1} + \frac{2}{x - 2}$$

$$1 + \frac{1}{1-x} + \frac{4}{x-2}$$

7) If
$$Sin\theta + Cosec\theta = 2$$
, then the value of $Sin^3\theta + Cosec^3\theta =$

[Question ID = 13599]

- 1.0
- 2. 1
- 3. 2
- 4.8

Correct Answer:-

- 2
- The value of $Sin^2 \left(\frac{\pi}{8} + \frac{\theta}{2} \right) Sin^2 \left(\frac{\pi}{8} \frac{\theta}{2} \right) =$

[Question ID = 13600]

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}\sin\theta$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\sin\theta$$

$$\sin(\frac{\theta}{2})$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\sin\theta$$

If x, y are in first quadrant, $\tan(x-y) = \frac{7}{24}$ and $\tan(x) = \frac{4}{3}$, then x+y=

[Question ID = 13601]

$$\frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{4}$$

Correct Answer:-

$$\frac{\pi}{2}$$

10) If $A - B = \frac{3\pi}{4}$, then $(1 - \tan A)(1 + \tan B) =$

[Question ID = 13602]

Correct Answer:-

• 2

11)
$$\sec^2(\tan^{-1} 3) + \cos ec^2(\cot^{-1} 3) =$$

[Question ID = **13603**]

- 1. 1
- 2.10
- 3. 20
- 4. 30

Correct Answer:-

• 20

12)
$$3Co\sec x = 4Sinx \Rightarrow x =$$

[Question ID = **13604**]

$$n\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{2}; n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$n\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{3}; n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$2n\pi\pm\frac{\pi}{2}; n\in z$$

$$n\pi \mp \frac{\pi}{4}$$
; $n \in \mathbb{Z}$

Correct Answer:-

$$n\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{3}; n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

13) If
$$x = \log_{e} \left(5 + \sqrt{26} \right)$$
, then Sinhx =

[Question ID = 13605]

- 1. 5
- 2. ¹
- 2

5

14)

If a, b and c are the lengths of the sides opposite to the angles A,B and C of a triangle ABC, then

$$(b-c)^2 Cos^2 \frac{A}{2} + (b+c)^2 Sin^2 \frac{A}{2} =$$

[Question ID = **13606**]

1. a

2. b

3. b^2

4. a^2

Correct Answer:-

a

15) If
$$z = 2 - i\sqrt{7}$$
, then $2z^2 - 8z + 22 =$

[Question ID = **13607**]

1. 0

2. 1

3. 2

4. 4

Correct Answer:-

• (

The least positive integer n, satisfying $\left(\frac{1+i}{1-i}\right)^n = 1$ is

[Question ID = **13608**]

1. 2

- 2. 1
- 3. 4
- 4.8

- 4
- The distance between the parallel straight lines 3x + 4y 3 = 0 and 6x + 8y 1 = 0 is

[Question ID = 13609]

- $\frac{1}{2}$
- 2. 4
- 3
- $\sqrt{2}$

Correct Answer:-

- $\frac{1}{2}$
- **18)** Angle between the lines 3x 5y 9 = 0; 4x y + 7 = 0 is

[Question ID = 13610]

- $\theta = 30^{\circ}$
- $\theta = 45^{\circ}$
- 3. $\theta = 60^{\circ}$
- 4. $\theta = 15^{\circ}$

$$\theta = 45^{\circ}$$

19)

Equation of the circle passing through (3,-4) and concentric with $x^2 + y^2 + 4x - 2y + 1 = 0$ is

[Question ID = **13611**]

$$x^2 + y^2 + 4x - 2y - 15 = 0$$

$$x^2 + y^2 + 4x - 2y - 30 = 0$$

$$x^2 + y^2 + x - 2y - 45 = 0$$

$$x^2 + y^2 + 4x - 2y - 45 = 0$$

Correct Answer:-

$$x^2 + y^2 + 4x - 2y - 45 = 0$$

20) The eccentricity of Ellipse $9x^2 + 16y^2 = 144$ is

[Question ID = 13612]

$$\frac{7}{4}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{7}}{4}$$

$$\frac{5}{4}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{7}}{4}$$

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{8^x - 2^x}{x} =$$

[Question ID = 13613]

- 1. log 2
- 2. 0
- 3. log 4
- 4. 1

Correct Answer:-

- log 4
- 22) If $y = \cos^{-1}(4x^3 3x)$, then $\frac{dy}{dx} =$

[Question ID = 13614]

$$\frac{-3}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$

$$\frac{4}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}$$

$$\frac{-4}{3\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$

$$\frac{-3}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$

If
$$y = (\sin x)^{\log x}$$
, then $\frac{dy}{dx} =$

[Question ID = 13615]

$$(\sin x)^{\log x} \left\{ \tan x \cdot \log x + \log(\sin x) \right\}$$

$$\log x \left\{ \cot x \cdot \sin x + \frac{1}{x} \log(\sin x) \right\}$$

$$(\sin x)^{\log x} \left\{ \cot x \cdot \log x + \frac{1}{x} \log(\sin x) \right\}$$

$$\left(\cos x\right)^{\log x} \left\{ \tan x \cdot \log x + \frac{1}{x} \log(\cos x) \right\}$$

Correct Answer:-

$$\left(\sin x\right)^{\log x} \left\{\cot x \cdot \log x + \frac{1}{x} \log(\sin x)\right\}$$

24) If
$$y = \log(x + \sqrt{1 + x^2})$$
, then $(1 + x^2)\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + x\frac{dy}{dx} =$

[Question ID = 13616]

- 1.
- 2. 0
- 3 X

$$\int_{4}^{1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}$$

Correct Answer:-

0

At $\theta = \frac{\pi}{4}$, the slope of the normal to the curve $x = a \cos^3 \theta$; $y = a \sin^3 \theta$ is

[Question ID = **13617**]

1. -1

2. -2

3. 2

4. 1

Correct Answer:-

•

If $x^y = e^{x-y}$, then $\frac{dy}{dx} =$

[Question ID = **13618**]

$$\int_{1}^{\log x} \frac{\log x}{(1+\log x)^2}$$

$$\int_{2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(1+\log x)^2}$$

$$\int_{3.}^{\log x} \frac{\log x}{1 + \log x}$$

$$\frac{(\log x)^2}{(1+\log x)^2}$$

Correct Answer:-

$$\frac{\log x}{(1+\log x)^2}$$

Equation of the tangent to the curve $y = 5x^4$ at the point (1,5) is

[Question ID = 13619]

$$y = 15(x-1)$$

$$y = 20x - 15$$

$$x = 15y - 20$$

$$y = 20(x-1)$$

$$y = 20x - 15$$

If
$$u = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{x^2 + y^2}{x + y} \right)$$
, then $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} =$

[Question ID = 13620]

- 1. cot u
- 2. tan u
- 3. 1
- 4. sin u

Correct Answer:-

• tan u

$$\int \frac{a}{h+ce^x} dx =$$

[Question ID = 13621]

$$\int_{1}^{a} \log \left(\frac{e^{x}}{b + ce^{x}} \right) + C$$

$$\int_{2}^{\infty} \log \left(\frac{e^{-x}}{b + e^{-x}} \right) + C$$

$$\frac{a}{b}\log\left(\frac{1}{be^x + ce^{-x}}\right) + C$$

$$\frac{b}{a}e^{(b+ce^{x})} + C$$

$$\frac{a}{b}\log\left(\frac{e^x}{b+ce^x}\right) + C$$

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)\tan^{-1}x} dx =$$

[Question ID = 13622]

- 1. $tan^{-1}x + C$
- 2. $\cot^{-1}x + C$
- 3. log(secx)tanx + C
- 4. $\log (\tan^{-1}x) + C$

Correct Answer:-

• $\log (\tan^{-1}x) + C$

$$\int \frac{\cos(\log x^2)}{x^4} dx =$$

[Question ID = 13623]

$$\frac{1}{x^3} \cos \left[\log x^2 + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)\right] + C$$

1

$$\frac{x^3}{\sqrt{13}} Cos \left[log x^2 + cot^{-1} (\frac{2}{3}) \right] + C$$

$$\int_{3}^{1} \frac{-1}{2x^3} \cos \left[\log x^2 + \tan^{-1}(\frac{2}{3}) \right] + C$$

$$\int_{4.}^{1} \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{13}} \cos \left[\log x^2 + \cot^{-1}(\frac{3}{2}) \right] + C$$

$$\frac{1}{x^3} Cos \left[\log x^2 + \tan^{-1}(\frac{3}{2}) \right] + C$$

 $\int \frac{dx}{e^x - 1} =$

[Question ID = 13624]

$$\log\left(\frac{1-e^x}{e^x}\right) + C$$

 $\log(e^x - 1) + C$

$$\log\left(\frac{e^x-1}{e^x}\right) + C$$

$$\log\left(\frac{e^{-x}-1}{e^{-x}}\right)+C$$

Correct Answer:-

$$\log\left(\frac{e^x - 1}{e^x}\right) + C$$

33) $\int \frac{\sin^3 x + \cos^3 x}{\sin^2 x \cos^2 x} dx =$

[Question ID = 13625]

$$\sec x + \cot x$$

$$\cos ecx - \cot x$$

$$\cos ecx + \tan x$$

$$\sec x - \cos ecx$$

 $\sec x - \cos ecx$

$\int_{0}^{\pi/4} \frac{e^{\tan x}}{\cos^2 x} dx$

[Question ID = 13626]

- e^{-1}
- $e^{-1}-1$
- $e^{-1}+1$
- $e^{-2}-1$

Correct Answer:-

 e^{-1}

35) $\int_{0}^{\pi} \sin^{3} x (1 - \cos x)^{2} dx =$

[Question ID = 13627]

- 1. 5/3
- 2.8/5
- 3. 1
- 4. 0

Correct Answer:-

• 8/5

36)

The volume generated by the revolution of the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ about its major axis is

[Question ID = 13628]

$$4\pi ab^2$$

$$\frac{4}{3}\pi ab^2$$

$$\frac{4}{3}\pi a^2b$$

$$\frac{8}{3}\pi a^2b^2$$

$$\frac{4}{3}\pi ab^2$$

The general solution of $x \frac{dy}{dx} = y[\log y - \log x + 1]$ is

[Question ID = 13629]

$$y = Ce^{x}$$

$$y = Ce^y$$

$$y = xe^{cx}$$

$$x = Ce^{y/x}$$

Correct Answer:-

$$y = xe^{cx}$$

A and B are arbitrary constants, the differential equation having $xy = Ae^{x} + Be^{-x} + x^{2}$ as its general solution is

[Question ID = 13630]

$$y'' + 2xy' - xy + x^2 = 0$$

$$xy'' + y' - xy - 2 = 0$$

$$xy'' + 2y' - 2xy + 3x^2 - 2 = 0$$

$$xy'' + 2y' - xy + x^2 - 2 = 0$$

$$xy'' + 2y' - xy + x^2 - 2 = 0$$

The solution of $\left(e^{-2\sqrt{x}} - y\right) \frac{dx}{dy} = \sqrt{x}$

[Question ID = 13631]

$$y = e^{-2\sqrt{x}} \left(2\sqrt{x} + C \right)$$

$$y = e^{-2\sqrt{x}} + \sqrt{x} + C$$

$$y = e^{-2\sqrt{x}} + e^{\sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x} + C$$

$$y = e^{2\sqrt{x}} + \log x + C$$

Correct Answer:-

$$y = e^{-2\sqrt{x}} \left(2\sqrt{x} + C \right)$$

40) The solution of Cosx dy = (Sinx - y)ydx

[Question ID = 13632]

$$y = \sec x \tan x + C$$

$$y^{-1}Co\sec x = \cot x + C$$

$$\int_{3}^{2} y^{-1} \sec x = \tan x + C$$

$$y = \log \sin x + C$$

$$y^{-1}\sec x = \tan x + C$$

The solution of
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 4\frac{dy}{dx} + 5y = 0$$
 satisfying $y(0) = 1$ and $y'(0) = 0$ is

[Question ID = **13634**]

$$y = e^{-2x} \left[\cos x + 2\sin x\right]$$

$$y = e^{-x} \left[2\cos x + \sin x \right]$$

$$y = e^{2x} [2\cos x + 3\sin x]$$

$$y = e^x [\cos x + 2\sin x]$$

Correct Answer:-

$$y = e^{-2x} [\cos x + 2\sin x]$$

42)
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 5\frac{dy}{dx} + 6y = 2e^x$$
; with $y(0) = 1$; $y'(0) = 1$ satisfies

[Question ID = 13635]

$$y = c_1 e^{2x} + c_2 e^{3x} + e^x$$

$$y = 2e^{2x} + 3e^{3x} + e^x$$

$$y = e^{2x} + 2e^{3x} + e^{-x}$$

4.
$$y = e^x$$

$$y = e^x$$

The solution of $(y \log x - 2) y dx = x dy$

[Question ID = 13636]

$$y = x(\log x + C)$$

1

$$y = \frac{1}{x} \log x + x + C$$

$$\frac{1}{y} = x \log x + x + Cx$$

$$\frac{1}{y} = x^2 \log x + x + C$$

Correct Answer:-

$$\frac{1}{y} = x^2 \log x + x + C$$

44) Mean deviation about the median for the data 4,6,9,3,10,13,2 is [Question ID = 13641]

- 1. 4.31
- 2. 5.253
- 3. 3.285
- 4. 3.785

Correct Answer:-

- 3.285
- 45) If E_1 , E_2 are any two events of a random experiment and P is a probability function then

[Question ID = 13642]

$$P(E_1 \cap E_2) = P(E_1) + P(E_2) - P(E_1 \cap E_2)$$

$$P(E_1 \cup E_2) = P(E_1) + P(E_2) - P(E_1 \cap E_2)$$

3.
$$P(E_1 \cap E_2) = P(E_1) + P(E_2) + P(E_1 \cup E_2)$$

4.
$$P(E_1 \cup E_2) = P(E_1) + P(E_2) - P(E_1 \cup E_2)$$

$$P(E_1 \cup E_2) = P(E_1) + P(E_2) - P(E_1 \cap E_2)$$

The solution of the initial value problem
$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} - 3\frac{dx}{dt} + 2x = 0$$
;

with
$$x(0) = 2$$
; $x'(0) = 0$ is

[Question ID = 23975]

$$x(t) = Ae^t + Be^{2t}$$

$$x(t) = 2e^t - 4e^{2t}$$

$$x(t) = 4e^t - 2e^{2t}$$

$$x(t) = e^t - 2e^{2t}$$

Correct Answer:-

$$x(t) = 4e^t - 2e^{2t}$$

The Laplace transform of
$$\left\{ \frac{e^{-at}t^{n-1}}{(n-1)!} \right\} =$$

[Question ID = 23976]

$$\frac{e^{-at}}{(s+a)^n}$$

$$\frac{1}{(s+a)^n}$$

$$\frac{1}{(s-a)^n}$$

$$\frac{e^{at}}{(s-a)^n}$$

$$\frac{1}{(s+a)^n}$$

The inverse Laplace transform of
$$\left\{ \frac{1}{(8s-27)^{1/3}} \right\} =$$

[Question ID = 23977]

$$\frac{e^{(3/2)t} t^{-2/3}}{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)}$$

$$\frac{e^{(8/27)t} t^{-3/2}}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)}$$

$$\frac{e^{(2/3)t}t^{-3/2}}{2\Gamma(\frac{1}{-})}$$

$$\frac{e^{(27/8)t} t^{-2/3}}{25(1)}$$

$$2\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)$$

$$\frac{e^{(27/8)t} t^{-2/3}}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)}$$

49)

If
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & ; -\pi \le x \le 0 \\ \sin x ; & 0 \le x \le \pi \end{cases}$$
, $f(x+2\pi) = f(x)$ and

$$f(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx)$$
, then $a_0 =$

[Question ID = 23978]

- $\frac{1}{\pi}$
- ຸ 1
- 3. ⁰
 - $\frac{2}{\pi}$

4. π

Correct Answer:-

 $\frac{2}{\pi}$

50)

The inverse Laplace transform of
$$\left\{ \frac{s+3}{s^2+6s+25} \right\} =$$

[Question ID = 23979]

- $e^{-3t}\cos 4t$
- $e^{3t}\sin 4t$

 $e^{3t}\cos 4t$

 $e^{-3t}\cos 3t$

Correct Answer:-

 $e^{-3t}\cos 4t$

Topic:- Physics_set2

The physical quantity having the dimension [ML²T⁻³] is

[Question ID = 34198]

- 1. work
- 2. power
- 3. pressure
- 4. impulse

Correct Answer:-

- power
- 2) Force F is given by F=at +bt² where t is time. The dimensions of a and b are

[Question ID = 34199]

- [MLT⁻³] and [MLT⁻⁴]
- [MLT $^{-1}$] and [MLT 0]
- 3. [MLT⁻³] and [MLT⁴]
- [MLT⁻⁴] and [MLT⁻¹]

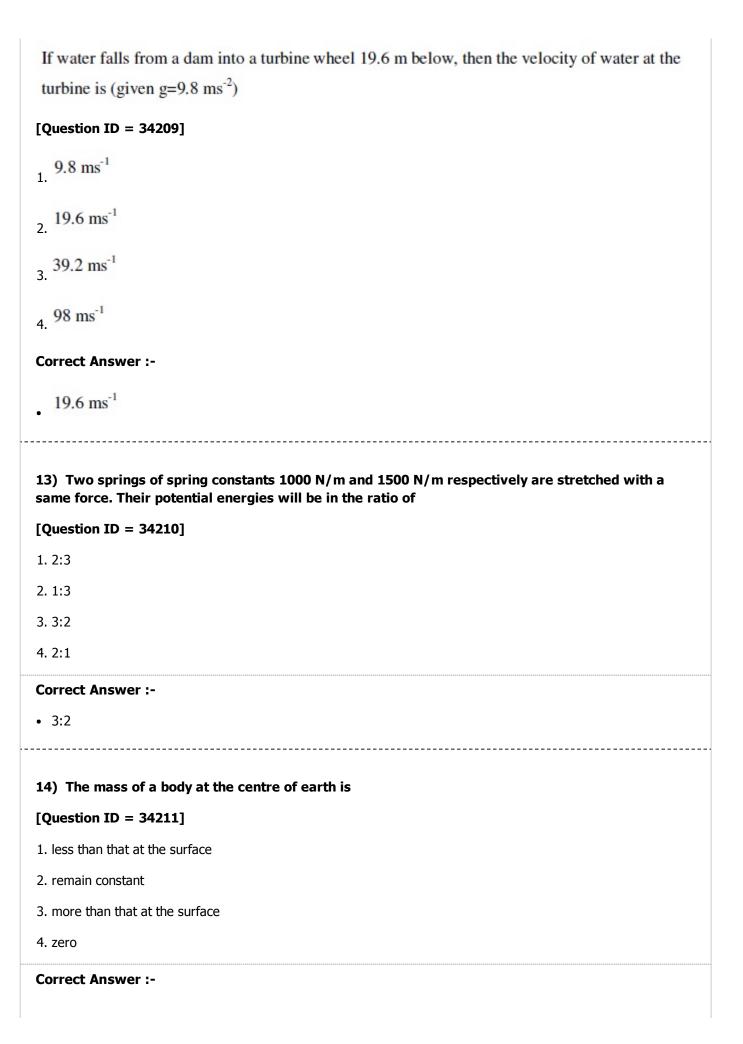
Correct Answer:-

[MLT-3] and [MLT-4]

The magnitudes of two vectors are 4 and 5 and their scalar product is 10. Then the angle between the two vectors is [Question ID = 34200]
1. 30°
2. ^{45°}
60° 3.
0° 4.
Correct Answer :-
60°
4) If $\bar{a} + \bar{b} = \bar{c}$ and $\bar{a}^2 + \bar{b}^2 = \bar{c}^2$, then the angle between the vectors \bar{a} and \bar{b} is
[Question ID = 34201]
1. ^{0°}
2. ^{20°}
3. ^{45°}
90° 4.
Correct Answer :-
90°
ā and \bar{b} are two vectors and θ is the angle between them. If $ \bar{a} \times \bar{b} = \sqrt{3}$ ($\bar{a} \cdot \bar{b}$), the value of
θ is
[Question ID = 34202]
1. 30°
2. ^{45°}

3. 60° 90° **Correct Answer:-**30° 6) A body under action of five forces can be in equilibrium [Question ID = 34203] 1. if all forces are equal 2. sum of resolved components along x-axis is zero 3. sum of resolved components along y-axis is zero 4. sum of resolved components along x-axis and y-axis, individually zero **Correct Answer:-** sum of resolved components along x-axis and y-axis, individually zero 7) Two vibrating systems are said to be in resonance, if their [Question ID = 34204] 1. amplitudes are equal 2. temperatures are equal 3. frequencies are equal 4. phase values are equal **Correct Answer:-** frequencies are equal 8) A balloon is ascending at the rate of 9.8 ms⁻¹ at a height of 39.2 m above the ground when a food packet is dropped from the balloon. The velocity with which the food packet reach the ground is [Question ID = 34205] - 9.8 ms⁻¹ - 58.8 ms⁻¹ 3. - 4.9 ms⁻¹ - 29.4 ms⁻¹ **Correct Answer:-**

- 29.4 ms⁻¹ 9) The walls of hall built for music concerts should [Question ID = 34206] 1. amplify sound 2. reflect sound 3. transmit sound 4. absorb sound **Correct Answer:-** absorb sound 10) When a star approaches the earth , the waves are shifted towards [Question ID = 34207] 1. green colour 2. yellow colour 3. blue end 4. red end **Correct Answer:-**• blue end 11) A body of mass m is placed on a rough surface with coefficient of friction μ inclined at θ . If the mass is in equilibrium, then the value of θ is [Question ID = 34208] Tan -1 µ Tan $^{-1}(1/\mu)$ Tan -1 (m/μ) 3. Tan $^{-1}(\mu/m)$ **Correct Answer:-**Tan -1 µ



remain constant
15) The maximum velocity of a particle executing simple harmonic motion with an amplitude 7 mm is 4.4 ms ⁻¹ . The period of oscillation is [Question ID = 34212]
1. 0.01 s 2. 0.1 s 3. 10 s 4. 100 s
Correct Answer :- • 0.01 s
16) In a simple harmonic oscillator, at the mean position [Question ID = 34213]
 both kinetic energy and potential energies are minimum kinetic energy is maximum, potential energy is minimum kinetic energy is minimum, potential energy is maximum both kinetic energy and potential energies are maximum
Correct Answer:- • kinetic energy is maximum, potential energy is minimum
17) The intensity of sound produced by thunder is 0.1Wm ⁻² . The intensity level in decibels is [Question ID = 34214]
1. 110 dB 2. 100 dB 3. 90 dB 4. 140 dB
Correct Answer :- • 110 dB
18) A classroom has dimensions 20 x 15 x 5 m³. The reverberation time is 3.5 s. The average absorption coefficient is
[Question ID = 34215]
1. 0.05 2. 0.09 3. 0.03 4. 0.07

Correct Answer :-	
• 0.07	
19) Which of the following is not a characteristic of musical sound? [Question ID = 34216]	
1. pitch	
2. loudness	
3. frequency4. quality	
T. quanty	
Correct Answer :-	
• frequency	
20) In a simple harmonic motion, the particle is [Question ID = 34217]	
1. always accelerated	
2. alternately accelerated and retarded	
3. always retarded4. neither accelerated nor retarded	
T. Helther accelerated not retained	
Correct Answer :-	
alternately accelerated and retarded	
21)	
100 g of water is heated from 30°C to 50°C. Ignoring the slight expansion of water, the cha	nge i
its internal energy is (specific heat of water is 4200 J kg-1K-1)	
[Question ID = 34218]	
[Question ID = 34218] 1. 4.2 kJ	
1. 4.2 kJ 2. 84 kJ	
1. 4.2 kJ 2. 84 kJ 3. 2.1 kJ	
1. 4.2 kJ 2. 84 kJ	
1. 4.2 kJ 2. 84 kJ 3. 2.1 kJ	
1. 4.2 kJ 2. 84 kJ 3. 2.1 kJ 4. 8.4 kJ Correct Answer:- • 8.4 kJ	
1. 4.2 kJ 2. 84 kJ 3. 2.1 kJ 4. 8.4 kJ Correct Answer:-	
1. 4.2 kJ 2. 84 kJ 3. 2.1 kJ 4. 8.4 kJ Correct Answer:- • 8.4 kJ	
1. 4.2 kJ 2. 84 kJ 3. 2.1 kJ 4. 8.4 kJ Correct Answer: 8.4 kJ 22) Which of the following is correct [Question ID = 34219]	

4. $H_1T_1 + H_2T_2=0$

$(H_1/T_1) = (H_2/T_2)$
23) An ideal gas in a cylinder is compressed adiabatically to one-third its original volume. During the process 50J of work is done on the gas by the compressing agent. The change in the internal energy of the gas in the process is [Question ID = 34220]
1. 50 J 2. 50/3 J 3. 150 J 4. 45 J
Correct Answer :- • 50 J
24) The maximum kinetic energy of photoelectrons ejected from a potassium surface by ultraviolet light of wavelength 200 nm is (photoelectric threshold wavelength for potassium is 440 nm) [Question ID = 34221]
1. 2.82 eV 2. 4.40 eV 3. 6.20 eV 4. 3.38 eV
Correct Answer :- • 3.38 eV
For a light wave to undergo total internal reflection ('i _c ' is critical angle, 'i' is incident angle) [Question ID = 34222]
light moves from rarer to denser medium and $i>i_c$
light moves from denser to rarer medium and $i > i_c$
light moves from rarer to denser medium and $i < i_c$
light moves from denser to rarer medium and i $<$ i $_c$
Correct Answer :-
light moves from denser to rarer medium and $i > i_c$
Topic:- Chemistry_Set2

1) For an f-orbital, the val	ues of 'm' are [Question ID = 23999]
11, 0, +1	
23, -2, -1, 0, +1, +2, +3 3. 0, +1, +2, +3	
42, -1, 0, +1, +2	
Correct Answer :-	
• -3, -2, -1, 0, +1, +2, +3	
2) Among LiCl, BeCl ₂ , BCl ₃	and CCl ₄ , the covalent character follows the order:
[Question ID = 24000]	
1. LiCl>BeCl ₂ >BCl ₃ >CCl ₄	
2. LiCl <becl<sub>2<bcl<sub>3<ccl<sub>4</ccl<sub></bcl<sub></becl<sub>	
3. LiCl>BeCl2 <bcl3>CCl4</bcl3>	
4. LiCl <becl2<bcl3>CCl4</becl2<bcl3>	
Correct Answer :-	
 LiCl<becl2<bcl3<ccl4< li=""> </becl2<bcl3<ccl4<>	
3) Lowest oxidation state	in its compound is exhibited by
3) Lowest oxidation state [Question ID = 24001]	
3) Lowest oxidation state [Question ID = 24001] 1. N	
3) Lowest oxidation state [Question ID = 24001] 1. N 2. O	
3) Lowest oxidation state [Question ID = 24001] 1. N	
3) Lowest oxidation state [Question ID = 24001] 1. N 2. O 3. C 4. F	
3) Lowest oxidation state [Question ID = 24001] 1. N 2. O 3. C 4. F Correct Answer :-	
3) Lowest oxidation state [Question ID = 24001] 1. N 2. O 3. C 4. F	
3) Lowest oxidation state [Question ID = 24001] 1. N 2. O 3. C 4. F Correct Answer:-	
3) Lowest oxidation state [Question ID = 24001] 1. N 2. O 3. C 4. F Correct Answer:-	in its compound is exhibited by
3) Lowest oxidation state [Question ID = 24001] 1. N 2. O 3. C 4. F Correct Answer:- • F	in its compound is exhibited by
3) Lowest oxidation state [Question ID = 24001] 1. N 2. O 3. C 4. F Correct Answer:- • F 4) Which of the following [Question ID = 24002]	in its compound is exhibited by
3) Lowest oxidation state [Question ID = 24001] 1. N 2. O 3. C 4. F Correct Answer:- • F 4) Which of the following in the control of t	in its compound is exhibited by

	Correct Answer :-
	NH4Cl, CuSO4 and K3[Fe(CN)6]
	5) Molarity of 4% (W/V) solution of NaOH is [Question ID = 24003]
	1. 0.1
	2. 0.5 3. 0.001
	4. 1
	Correct Answer :- • 1
	6) The weight of $H_2C_2O_4$. $2H_2O$ required to prepare 500mL of 0.2 N solution is
	[Question ID = 24004]
	1. 1.26 g
	2. 6.3g 3. 1.575g
	4. 3.15g
	Correct Answer :-
	• 6.3g
	7) The conjugate base of hydrogen molecule is [Question ID = 24005]
	1. Electron
	Hydride ion Proton
	4. Hydroxide ion
	Correct Answer :-
	Hydride ion
-	
	p^H of a solution is 1. It is diluted by 1X 10^3 times. The p^H of the resulting solution will be
	[Question ID = 24006]
	1. 1
	2. 3
	3. 4 4. 5
	Correct Answer :- • 4
	• 4

9) Which of the following is a basic flux
[Question ID = 24007]
$Na_2B_4O_7$
2. CaO
3. SiO ₂
4. P ₂ O ₅
Correct Answer :-
• CaO
10) Roasting of a metal oxide is carried out in which of the following furnaces
[Question ID = 24008]
1. Blast furnace
2. Reverberatory furnace
3. Both reverbaratory furnace and blast furnace
4. Muffle furnace
Correct Answer :-
Reverberatory furnace
11) Three faradays of electricity was passed through an aqueous solution of Ferrous chloride. The weight of iron metal (at $Wt = 56$) deposited at the cathode in grams is [Question ID = 24009]
1. 56
2. 84 3. 112
4. 168
Correct Answer :-
• 84
12) Which one of the following could not be liberated from a suitable electrolyte by the passage of 0.25 Faraday of electricity through the electrolyte
[Question ID = 24010]
1. 0.25 mole of Ag
2. 16 gms of Cu

- 3. 2gms of O₂ (g)
- 4. 2.8 lit of H₂ at STP

• 16 gms of Cu

13) Given standard electrode potentials

Fe³⁺ + 3e⁻ ----> Fe
$$E^0$$
 = -0.036 V

Fe²⁺ + 2e⁻ ----> Fe
$$E^0 = -0.440 \text{ V}$$

The standard electrode potential E^0 for Fe³⁺ + e⁻ ----> Fe²⁺ is

[Question ID = 24011]

- 1. 0.476 V
- 2. -0.404 V
- 3. 0.40 V
- 4. 0.772 V

Correct Answer:-

- 0.772 V
- 14) Water acts as an excellent solvent, due to which property among the following:

[Question ID = 24012]

- 1. High viscosity
- 2. High Entholpy of formation
- 3. High dielectric constant
- 4. High density

Correct Answer:

- High dielectric constant
- 15) A sample of water has $Mg(HCO_3)_2 = 73 \text{ mg/L}$, $Ca(HCO_3)_2 = 162 \text{ mg/L}$, $MgCl_2 = 95 \text{ mg/L}$ and $CaSO_4 = 136 \text{ mg/L}$. Temporary hardness in ppm is

[Question ID =
$$24013$$
]

1. 150

2. 350
3. 500
4. 200
Correct Answer :-
• 150
16) The process which removes all ionic, colloidal and high molecular weight organic matter in water is [Question ID = 24014]
1. Ion exchange process
zeolite process Reverse osmosis
4. Lime soda process
Correct Answer :-
Reverse osmosis
17) The monomer used in PVC preparation is [Question ID = 24015]
1. Ethene
2. Chloroethene
Dichloroethene Tetrachloroethene
ii reademorocarene
Correct Answer :-
Chloroethene
40). The about of the continuous form and the Valencian in the continuous form of the conti
18) The chemical used for accelerating Vulcanization is
[Question ID = 24016]
1. ZnO
2. SiO ₂
3. Sulphur
4. Zinc sterate
Correct Answer :-
• Sulphur
19) Which one of the following type of forces are present in Nylon-6,6 [Question ID = 24017]
Electrostatic forces of attraction Hydrogen bonding

3. Three dimensional network of bonds

4. Metallic bonding

	Hydrogen bonding
	20) Which one of the following is a primary pollutant
	[Question ID = 24018]
	1. CO
	2. PAN
	3. Aldehyde
	4. H ₂ SO ₄
	Correct Answer :-
	• co
	21) Ozone layer of upper atmosphere is being destroyed by
	[Question ID = 24019]
	[Question 15 - 24015]
	Photochemical oxidants like O ₂ and CO ₂
	1.
	2. Chloro fluorocarbon
	3. Smog
	SO_2
	4.
	Correct Answer :-
	Chloro fluorocarbon
_	22) Eutrophication causes reduction in [Question ID = 24020]
	1. Dissolved salts
	2. Dissolved hydrogen
	3. Dissolved oxygen4. Dissolved solids
	Correct Answer:-
	Dissolved oxygen
	23) Which one of the chemical substance is maximum in natural gas [Question ID = 24021]

CH ₄	
C ₂ H ₆	
H ₂	
4. CO+CO ₂	
Correct Answ	'er :-
CH ₄	
24) Which or 24022]	e of the following metals could provide cathodic protection to iron [Question ID =
1. Cu and Ni	
2. Zn and Cu	
3. Al and Zn	
4. Al, Zn and N	
Correct Answ	er:-
Al and Zn	
25) Rusting o	of iron is catalysed by which of the following
[Question ID	= 24023]
1. Fe	
2. Zn	
3. O ₂	
4. H ⁺	
Correct Answ	er:-
H^{+}	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	

1. Membrane press 2. Continuous press 3. Vertical basket press 4. Horizontal basket press **Correct Answer:-** Membrane press 2) Bacterial strains which produce acid can be detected by using a pH indicator, which shows by the change in [Question ID = 13394] 1. Turbidity 2. Ionic strength 3. Colour 4. Morphology **Correct Answer:-** Colour 3) Which among the following is not a part of fermentation process [Question ID = 13395] 1. Propagation step 2. Downstream processing

Correct Answer :-

· Downstream processing

3. Pilot scale fermentation4. Main production fermentation

4) After storage and recarbonation, left over yeast is separated by [Question ID = 13396]

- 1. Centrifugation
- 2. Filtration
- 3. Cell disruption
- 4. need not to be separated

Correct Answer:-

Filtration

5) The term Racking refers to [Question ID = 13397]

- 1. Stacking unlabeled wine in bins for aging
- 2. Adding yeast to initiate fermentation
- 3. Storing hoses to drain on a slanted board
- 4. Removing clear liquid from sediment

Correct Answer:-

• Removing clear liquid from sediment

6) Which among the following is a biopesticide [Question ID = 13398]

1. Azolla

2. Agrobacterium
3. Bt toxin
4. Rhizobium
Correct Answer :-
Bt toxin
7) Which among the following is not used for strain improvement [Question ID = 13399]
1. Chemical mutagens
2. Radiations
3. rDNA technology4. DMSO
T. DI 130
Correct Answer :-
• DMSO
8) Media composition for the production of streptomycin is [Question ID = 13400]
1. Soybean meal, glucose, peptone, malt extract, ammonium chloride
2. Soybean meal, glucose, peptone, malt extract, sodium chloride
3. Soybean meal, glucose, peptone, malt extract, calcium carbonate
4. Soybean meal, glucose, peptone, malt extract, ammonium sulphate
Correct Answer :-
Soybean meal, glucose, peptone, malt extract, sodium chloride
9) What is the pH of the medium when molasses is used as substrate for the production of citric
acid? [Question ID = 13401]
acid? [Question ID = 13401]
·
acid? [Question ID = 13401] 1. 3 2. 4 3. 5
acid? [Question ID = 13401] 1. 3 2. 4
acid? [Question ID = 13401] 1. 3 2. 4 3. 5
acid? [Question ID = 13401] 1. 3 2. 4 3. 5 4. 6
acid? [Question ID = 13401] 1. 3 2. 4 3. 5 4. 6 Correct Answer :-
acid? [Question ID = 13401] 1. 3 2. 4 3. 5 4. 6 Correct Answer :- • 5
acid? [Question ID = 13401] 1. 3 2. 4 3. 5 4. 6 Correct Answer:- 5 10) The movement of ions across the membrane with aid of energy is [Question ID = 13402]
acid? [Question ID = 13401] 1. 3 2. 4 3. 5 4. 6 Correct Answer:- 5 10) The movement of ions across the membrane with aid of energy is [Question ID = 13402] 1. Diffusion 2. Osmosis 3. Active transport
acid? [Question ID = 13401] 1. 3 2. 4 3. 5 4. 6 Correct Answer:- 5 10) The movement of ions across the membrane with aid of energy is [Question ID = 13402] 1. Diffusion 2. Osmosis
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acid? [Question ID = 13401] 1. 3 2. 4 3. 5 4. 6 Correct Answer: 5 10) The movement of ions across the membrane with aid of energy is [Question ID = 13402] 1. Diffusion 2. Osmosis 3. Active transport 4. Facilitated diffusion
acid? [Question ID = 13401] 1. 3 2. 4 3. 5 4. 6 Correct Answer:- 5 10) The movement of ions across the membrane with aid of energy is [Question ID = 13402] 1. Diffusion 2. Osmosis 3. Active transport 4. Facilitated diffusion Correct Answer:-

2. Matter is made up of protons

3. Cells are basic unit of life4. Matter is made up of neutrons
Correct Answer :- It is the characteristics and properties of atoms that make up matter
12) Manufacturing recombinant DNA molecules involves cutting a gene from its normal location, inserting it into a circular piece of DNA from a bacterial cell, and then transferring the circle of DNA to cells of another species. Which of the tools below is used to cut the gene from its normal location?
[Question ID = 13404]
1. Restriction enzyme
2. Plasmid
3. Bacteriophage
4. Vector
Correct Answer :-
Restriction enzyme
13) Which is the most common carbon source used in the plant cell culture media? [Question ID = 13405]
13405] 1. Sucrose
13405] 1. Sucrose 2. Glucose
13405] 1. Sucrose
13405] 1. Sucrose 2. Glucose 3. Fructose
1. Sucrose 2. Glucose 3. Fructose 4. Maltose
1. Sucrose 2. Glucose 3. Fructose 4. Maltose Correct Answer:-
1. Sucrose 2. Glucose 3. Fructose 4. Maltose Correct Answer:- • Sucrose
1. Sucrose 2. Glucose 3. Fructose 4. Maltose Correct Answer: • Sucrose 14) Which of the following is an ethylene biosynthesis inhibitor? [Question ID = 13406] 1. Citric acid 2. Succinic acid
1. Sucrose 2. Glucose 3. Fructose 4. Maltose Correct Answer: Sucrose 14) Which of the following is an ethylene biosynthesis inhibitor? [Question ID = 13406] 1. Citric acid 2. Succinic acid 3. Activated charcoal
1. Sucrose 2. Glucose 3. Fructose 4. Maltose Correct Answer: • Sucrose 14) Which of the following is an ethylene biosynthesis inhibitor? [Question ID = 13406] 1. Citric acid 2. Succinic acid
1. Sucrose 2. Glucose 3. Fructose 4. Maltose Correct Answer:- • Sucrose 14) Which of the following is an ethylene biosynthesis inhibitor? [Question ID = 13406] 1. Citric acid 2. Succinic acid 3. Activated charcoal 4. Silver thiosulphate Correct Answer:-
1. Sucrose 2. Glucose 3. Fructose 4. Maltose Correct Answer: • Sucrose 14) Which of the following is an ethylene biosynthesis inhibitor? [Question ID = 13406] 1. Citric acid 2. Succinic acid 3. Activated charcoal 4. Silver thiosulphate
1. Sucrose 2. Glucose 3. Fructose 4. Maltose Correct Answer:- • Sucrose 14) Which of the following is an ethylene biosynthesis inhibitor? [Question ID = 13406] 1. Citric acid 2. Succinic acid 3. Activated charcoal 4. Silver thiosulphate Correct Answer:-

Cytokinins
 Gibberellins
 Brassinosteroids

Correct Answer :-
• Cytokinins
16) The biological membranes are made up of [Question ID = 13408]
1. Lipoproteins
2. Lipids
3. Proteins
4. Carbohydrates
Correct Answer :-
• Lipoproteins
17) A biological membrane containing true pores is [Question ID = 13409]
1. Nuclear envelope
2. Plasma membrane
3. Vitelline membrane
4. Plastid envelope
Correct Answer :-
Nuclear envelope
18) Who proposed the first lamellar model of biomembranes? [Question ID = 13410]
Danielli and Davson Davson
Robertson Helleir and Hoffmann
4. Singer and Nicolson
1. Singer und Medison
Correct Answer :-
Danielli and Davson
19) For visualization of internal structure by projection of an electron beam on to the sample which
of the following microscope is used [Question ID = 13411]
1. Stereo microscope
2. SEM
3. TEM
4. Compound microscope
Correct Answer :-
• TEM
20)
For the recovery of citric acid after fermentation, Ca(OH) ₂ is added to the slurry to
[Question ID = 13412]
1. precipitate calcium carbonate
2. precipitate calcium citrate

3. precipitate calcium phosphate

4. precipitate calcium sulphate
Correct Answer :-
precipitate calcium citrate
21) Sugar content of the fermentation medium for citric acid is maintained at [Question ID = 13413]
1. 10-15%
2. 15-20% 3. 20-25 %
4. 25-30 %
Correct Answer :-
• 20-25 %
22) Dual Polarization Interferometry (DPI) is a quantitative analytical technique used for measuring the dimension of proteins is based on [Question ID = 13414]
1. pH
2. Mass 3. Size
4. Shape
Correct Answer :-
• Mass
23) Which of the following organelles would only be found within a cell that was both eukaryotic and autotrophic? [Question ID = 13415]
1. Mitochondria
2. Ribosomes
2. Ribosomes3. Rough endoplasmic reticulum
2. Ribosomes3. Rough endoplasmic reticulum4. Chloroplast
2. Ribosomes3. Rough endoplasmic reticulum4. ChloroplastCorrect Answer:-
 2. Ribosomes 3. Rough endoplasmic reticulum 4. Chloroplast Correct Answer:- • Chloroplast 24) After being formed by the ribosomes located on the endoplasmic reticulum, what is the next
 Ribosomes Rough endoplasmic reticulum Chloroplast Chloroplast Chloroplast After being formed by the ribosomes located on the endoplasmic reticulum, what is the next organelle to which a protein could be transported? [Question ID = 13416] Mitochondria Smooth endoplasmic reticulum
 Ribosomes Rough endoplasmic reticulum Chloroplast Chloroplast After being formed by the ribosomes located on the endoplasmic reticulum, what is the next organelle to which a protein could be transported? [Question ID = 13416] Mitochondria
 Ribosomes Rough endoplasmic reticulum Chloroplast Chloroplast After being formed by the ribosomes located on the endoplasmic reticulum, what is the next organelle to which a protein could be transported? [Question ID = 13416] Mitochondria Smooth endoplasmic reticulum Golgi apparatus
 Ribosomes Rough endoplasmic reticulum Chloroplast Chloroplast After being formed by the ribosomes located on the endoplasmic reticulum, what is the next organelle to which a protein could be transported? [Question ID = 13416] Mitochondria Smooth endoplasmic reticulum Golgi apparatus Nucleus
 2. Ribosomes 3. Rough endoplasmic reticulum 4. Chloroplast Correct Answer:- Chloroplast 24) After being formed by the ribosomes located on the endoplasmic reticulum, what is the next organelle to which a protein could be transported? [Question ID = 13416] 1. Mitochondria 2. Smooth endoplasmic reticulum 3. Golgi apparatus 4. Nucleus Correct Answer:-

2. Biomass, substrate and product concentrations are zero
3. Biomass, substrate and product concentrations do not change with time
4. Biomass, substrate and product concentrations change with time
Correct Answer :-
Biomass, substrate and product concentrations do not change with time
26) A continuous bioreactor in which only the flow rate is used to control the rate of cell or product productivity is called [Question ID = 13418]
1. Turbidostat
2. Chemostat
3. Level stat
4. pH
Correct Answer :-
Chemostat
27) Saccharomyces cerevisiae is being grown in a chemostat converts glucose to biomass, ethanol, glycerol and carbon dioxide. At steady state, the concentration of glucose, biomass, ethanol and glycerol will [Question ID = 13419]
1. decrease with time
2. increase with time
3. be constant
4. change randomly with time
Correct Answer :-
• be constant
28) In a batch culture of Penicillium chrysogenum, the maximum penicillin synthesis occurs during the [Question ID = 13420]
1. Lag phase
2. Exponential phase
3. Stationary phase
4. Death phase
Correct Answer :-
Stationary phase
29) The del factor (Δ) increases as the final number of viable cells [Question ID = 13421]

Correct Answer:-

Decreases
 Increases
 Zero
 Constant

Decreases
30) The microscope which is utilized for observing Motile bacterium is [Question ID = 13422]
1. Bright field microscope
2. Electron microscopy
3. Darkfield microscopy
4. Fluorescence microscopy
Correct Answer :-
Darkfield microscopy
31) In a bioreactor, baffles are incorporate to [Question ID = 13423]
1. prevent vortex and to improve aeration efficiency
2. maintain uniform suspension of cells
3. minimize the size of air bubble for greater aeration
4. maintain uniform nutrient medium
Correct Answer :-
prevent vortex and to improve aeration efficiency
32) Who proposed cell theory [Question ID = 13424]
1. Morgan
2. Robert koch
3. Nitch
4. Schleiden and schwain
Correct Answer :-
Schleiden and schwain
33) Since mammalian cells are sensitive to shear, scale-up of a mammalian cell process must consider, among other parameters, the following are given as $N = rotations/time$, $D = diameter$ of impeller. [Question ID = 13425]
πND
$_{2.}$ πN^2D
πND^2
Isomerization 4.
Correct Answer :-
-NID
πND •

34) In which of the following bioreactors, the higher level of foaming is possible? [Question ID = 13426]	
Continuous stirred tank bioreactor	
Air lift bioreactor Fluidized bioreactor	
4. Packed bed bioreactor	
Correct Answer :-	
Air lift bioreactor	
35) In chemostat, when cells are in exponential growth period and there is no cell death rate, the relation between the specific growth rate and the dilution rate is [Question ID = 13427]	-
$\mu > D$	
μ < D 2.	
$\mu = D^{1/2}$	
$\mu = D$	
Correct Answer :-	
$\mu = D$	
36) For scaling-up of bioreactors, which of the following parameters is assumed constant?	-

36) For scaling-up of bioreactors, which of the following parameters is assumed constant? [Question ID = 13428]

- 1. Air flow
- 2. Diameter of the impeller
- 3. Speed of the agitator
- 4. Volumetric mass transfer coefficient

Correct Answer:-

• Volumetric mass transfer coefficient

37) Which among the following is an area of biophysics. [Question ID = 13429]

- 1. Medical Imaging
- 2. Botany
- 3. Microbiology
- 4. Genetics

Correct Answer:-

• Medical Imaging

38) Which of the following is incorrect about the nature of biological membranes being selectively permeable [Question ID = 13430]

- 1. Hydrophilic heads are not immerged in water
- 2. It permits selective uptake of nutrients and elimination of waste
- 3. Allows cells to concentrate particular ions on either side of the membrane
- 4. Prevents toxic material from entering the cells

Correct Answer:-

Hydrophilic heads are not immerged in water

39) The transcriptionally active region of the chromosome is called [Question ID = 13431]

- 1. Euchromatin
- 2. Centromere
- 3. Heterochromatin
- 4. Kinetochore

Correct Answer:-

Euchromatin

40) The percentage of crossing over is indicated by the frequency of [Question ID = 13432]

- 1. Chiasma formation
- 2. Test cross
- 3. Spindle formation
- 4. Interference

Correct Answer:-

· Chiasma formation

41) Homologous pairing of chromosomes is observed in which phase of cell division [Question ID = 13433]

- 1. Metaphase
- 2. Anaphase
- 3. Zygotene
- 4. Pachytene

Correct Answer:-

Pachytene

42) Nucleosome consists of [Question ID = 13434]

- 1. A segment of DNA wound in sequence around eight histone protein cores
- 2. A segment of DNA wound in sequence around ten histone protein cores
- 3. Only DNA
- 4. Only Histones

Correct Answer:-

A segment of DNA wound in sequence around eight histone protein cores

43) Which is not a Sex linked disorder [Question ID = 13435] 1. Albinism 2. Hemophilia 3. Colour blindedness 4. Muscular dystrophy **Correct Answer:-** Albinism 44) Which is the correct order of organisation of genetic material from smallest to largest [Question ID = 13436] 1. Nucleotide, gene, chromosome, Genome 2. Gene, chromosome, nucleotide, genome 3. Chromosome, gene, genome, nucleotide 4. Chromosome, genome, nucleotide, gene **Correct Answer:-**• Nucleotide, gene, chromosome, Genome 45) Microarray analysis involves biological assays based on [Question ID = 13437] 1. Gels 2. Filters 3. Purification columns 4. Small glass chips **Correct Answer:-**· Small glass chips 46) Two different genes that are not alleles, but both affect the same character in such a way that, the expression of one is masked by the other. This phenomenon is called [Question ID = 13438] 1. Codominance 2. Test cross 3. Epistasis 4. Incomplete dominance **Correct Answer:-** Epistasis 47) Global alignment of biological sequences (example - genes) follow which algorithm [Question ID = 134391. Smith Waterman algorithm 2. Needleman Wunsch algorithm 3. DOT PLOT matrix 4. Progressive alignment

Correct Answer:-

Needleman Wunsch algorithm

48) PHYLOGENETIC analysis deals with [Question ID = 13440]

- 1. Finding out repetitive DNA
- 2. Finding out evolutionary relationship among biomolecules (DNA, Proteins)
- 3. Sorting out structural and non-structural genes
- 4. Finding out promoter regions

Correct Answer:-

• Finding out evolutionary relationship among biomolecules (DNA, Proteins)

49) The parameters maintained in CO₂ incubator used in animal cell culture laboratory are

[Question ID = 13441]

1 5%CO₂, 37°C, 100% humidity

100%CO₂, 37°C, 5% humidity

0%CO₂, 37°C, 5% humidity

0%CO₂, 37°C, 100% humidity

Correct Answer:-

4.

5%CO₂, 37°C, 100% humidity

50) Advantage of using animal cells rather than microbial cells for the production of recombinant proteins is [Question ID = 13442]

- 1. Post transcriptional modification
- 2. DNA replication
- 3. Transcription
- 4. Post translational modification

Correct Answer:-

· Post translational modification

51) Which among the following is a limitation of of animal cell culture [Question ID = 13443]

- 1. Cultured cells are used for reconstruction of damaged tissue or replacement of non- functional cells or tissues.
- 2. Easy growing of cells invitro has led to a spurt in the activity to apply cell culture technology to synthesize or produce a variety of bimolecules at an industrial scale.
- 3. To study the processes taking place in animal cells, e.g., metabolic regulations, cell physiology.
- 4. Cell lines may not reflect the actual condition in vivo and results may not be reproducible in the living animals.

Correct Answer:-

Cell lines may not reflect the actual condition in vivo and results may not be reproducible in the living animals.

52) Which among the following is not an application of plant tissue culture [Question ID = 13444]

- 1. Haploid production
- 2. Protoplast fusion
- 3. Hybrid seed production by normal crossing
- 4. Micropropagation

Correct Answer:-

Hybrid seed production by normal crossing

53) Somatic hybridization refers to [Question ID = 13445]

- 1. Single cell culture
- 2. Protoplast fusion
- 3. Somatic embryogenesis
- 4. Cell fusion

Correct Answer:-

Protoplast fusion

54) During the growth of animal cells in culture, it is noticed that the cells do not look very healthy. After an investigation, this is found that there is a lot of lactic acid in the culture fluid. What is probably wrong with this culture? [Question ID = 13446]

- 1. Ethyl alcohol is being produced in excess
- 2. The cells have too much oxygen
- 3. Glycolysis is being inhibited
- 4. The cells do not have enough oxygen

Correct Answer:-

The cells do not have enough oxygen

55) An established cell line can be called where it has been subcultured at least [Question ID = 13447]

- 1. 70 times at an interval of 3 days between subcultures
- 2. 40 times at an interval of 3 days between subcultures
- 3. 70 times at an interval of 1 day between subcultures
- 4. 50 times at an interval of 3 days between subcultures

Correct Answer:-

70 times at an interval of 3 days between subcultures

56) Enzymes used in protoplast isolation are [Question ID = 13448]

- 1. Cellulases, Hemicellulases and pectinases
- 2. Proteases
- 3. Polymerases
- 4. Restriction enzymes

Correct Answer :-
Cellulases, Hemicellulases and pectinases
57) Sometimes cell lines can be cultured for such a long time that they apparently develop the potential to be subcultured indefinitely in vitro. Such cells lines are called [Question ID = 13449]
Established cell lines Privace at the second seco
2. Primary cell lines3. Secondary cell lines
4. Propagated cell lines
Correct Answer :-
Established cell lines
58) Genetic transformation of plants is done by the plasmids from [Question ID = 13450]
1. Bacillus
Rhizobium Reseudomonas
4. Agrobacterium
Correct Answer :-
Correct Answer :- • Agrobacterium
Agrobacterium 59) Which of the following is not true about the optimum conditions for maintenance of plant cell
Agrobacterium 59) Which of the following is not true about the optimum conditions for maintenance of plant cell cultures are [Question ID = 13451] Temp- 22 ⁰ C
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• Agrobacterium 59) Which of the following is not true about the optimum conditions for maintenance of plant cell cultures are [Question ID = 13451] Temp- 22°C 1. pH- 5.8 2. Light-3000 lux Relative humidity-50%

60) Which among the following is the most commonly used high salt concentration media for plant tissue culture [Question ID = 13452]

- 1. MS Media
- 2. Gamborg media
- 3. White's media
- 4. LS media

Correct Answer :-	
• MS Media	
61) Which among the following is a	not a direct gene transfer approach [Question ID = 13453]
Agrobacterium mediated transfer	
2. Microinjection	
3. Gene gun	
4. Electroporation	
Correct Answer :-	
 Agrobacterium mediated transfer 	
62) Which gene combination is a page	art of nitrogen fixation [Question ID = 13454]
1. Nod gene , rol gene	
2. Nod gene, Nif gene and Hup gene	
3. Vir gene, rol gene	
4. Nif gene, rol gene	
Correct Answer :-	
 Nod gene, Nif gene and Hup gene 	
63) Which of the following is not a	pplied for sustained crop protection by pests and diseases
[Question ID = 13455]	
1. Insecticide act	
2. Integrated pest management	
3. Cryopreservation	
4. Plant quarantine	
Correct Answer :-	
 Cryopreservation 	
64) Binomial classification of orga	nisms was introduced by [Question ID = 13456]
,	monib was ma saucca by [Quesasii 15 = 15 i56]
 Linnaeus Heckel 	
Z. LICUKEI	
3. Whittaker	

Linnaeus

65) Media which favours the growth of particular microbe and inhibits others is known as [Question ID = 13457]

- 1. Enriched media
- 2. Selective media
- 3. Differential media
- 4. Complex media

Correct Answer :-
Selective media
• Selective media
66) Closely related micro-organisms have similar % of [Question ID = 13458]
1. A + T content
2. A + C content
3. G + C content
4. G + T content
Correct Answer :-
• G + C content
67) Microorganisms that can tolerate low concentrations of Oxygen are termed [Question ID =
13459]
15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-1
1. Aerobic
2. Anaerobic
3. Microaerophiles
4. Obligate aerobes
Correct Answer :-
Microaerophiles
68) The universal genetic code was discovered in [Question ID = 13460]
oo) The universal genetic code was discovered in [Question 1D = 13400]
1. 1953
2. 1966
3. 1991
4. 1997
Correct Answer :-
• 1966
60) The first protein to be convened in [Overtion ID = 13461]
69) The first protein to be sequenced is [Question ID = 13461]
1. Thoulin
1. Insulin
2. Tannin
3. Myosin
4. Haemoglobin
Correct Answer :-
Insulin
70) LIDI for NCDI is [Quastien ID = 12462]
70) URL for NCBI is [Question ID = 13462]
1
1. www.ncbi.gov
2. www.ncbi.nic.in
3. www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov
4. www.ncbi.nlm.gov
Correct Answer :-

www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov
71) Uniprot stands for [Question ID = 13463]
1. Uniform protein database
2. Universal protein database
3. Universal polypeptide database
4. Unique protein database
Correct Answer :-
Universal protein database
72) How would you preserve a culture by desiccation [Question ID = 13464]
1. Sterilization
2. Lyophilisation
3. Liquid nitrogen storage
4. Tyndallisation
Correct Answer :-
Lyophilisation
73) The rough draft of human genome was announced on [Question ID = 13465]
1. May 26, 2001
2. June 26, 2001
3. June 26, 2002
4. July 26, 2001
Correct Answer :-
• June 26, 2001
74) India has initiated genome sequencing project of [Question ID = 13466]
1. Rice
2. Pigeon
3. Human
4. Tomato
Correct Answer :-
• Rice
75) Sequencing of 24 human chromosome was completed in which year? [Question ID = 13467]
1. 2000
2. 2010
3. 2006
4. 2004
Correct Answer :-
• 2006

76) The sequencing data is recorded in the form of [Question ID = 13468]
1. PDF
2. RTF
3. DOC
4. SCF
Correct Answer :-
• SCF
77) Which of these is not a protein sequence database? [Question ID = 13469]
1. PDB
2. PIR
3. Gene bank
4. Swiss
Correct Answer :-
Gene bank
78) Which is not a quality of a disinfectant [Question ID = 13470]
1. Broad spectrum
2. Non toxic
3. Non irritating
4. Corrosive
Correct Answer :-
Correct Answer :- • Corrosive
• Corrosive
• Corrosive 79) Which of the following pair is incorrect regarding the mode of action of disinfectants [Question ID = 13471]
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1. Mercury	
2. Ethylene oxide	
3. Formaldehyde	
4. Chloride	
Correct Answer :-	
Mercury	
82) Germicides are tested by comparing their effectiveness to	[Question ID =
13474]	
1. Cresol	
2. Hydrogen peroxide	
3. Phenol	
4. Formaldehyde	
Correct Answer :-	
• Phenol	
83) Which statement is false about enzymes [Question ID = 13475]	
1. Enzymes are made up of Amino acids	
2. Amino acids are linked via peptide bonds	
3. Amino acid chain is called polypeptide	
4. Specific order of amino acids is coded by proteins	
Correct Answer :-	
Specific order of amino acids is coded by proteins	
84) Which of the following enzyme helps in tenderization of meat [Question II	D = 13476]
1. Papain	
2. Amylase	
3. Fumerase	
4. Esperase	
Correct Answer :-	
Papain	
85) Which enzyme is used for inversion of sucrose to a glucose and fructose in [Question ID = 13477]	n confectionaries
[Question 1D = 13477]	
1. Cellulase	
2. Carboxylase	
3. Invertase	
4. Alcalase	
Correct Answer :-	
• Invertase	
	·
86) Which is an incorrect statement about advantages of enzyme immobilizati	ion [Question 1D =

- 1. Increased functional efficiency
- 2. Enhanced reproducibility
- 3. Catalytic property reduction
- 4. Continuous use of enzymes for a few cycles

Correct Answer:-

Catalytic property reduction

87) Which of the following is incorrect about allosteric enzymes [Question ID = 13479]

- 1. They have one or more allosteric sites
- 2. They do not obey michalis menten kinetics
- 3. Allosteric enzyme kinetics is hyperbola
- 4. Allosteric enzyme kinetics is sigmoid

Correct Answer :-

Allosteric enzyme kinetics is hyperbola

88) The undue tendency for closely linked genes on a chromosome to remain associated rather than undergo genetic randomisation, is termed as [Question ID = 13480]

- 1. Tandem duplication
- 2. Meiotic crossover
- 3. Linkage disequilibrium
- 4. Gene conversion

Correct Answer:-

· Linkage disequilibrium

89) During the unfolding reaction of a helix, breakage of each hydrogen bond requires about 2kJ/mol. This implies hydrogen bonds are [Question ID = 13481]

- 1. much stronger in proteins than in water
- 2. not reformed with water
- 3. slightly weaker in proteins than in water
- 4. slightly stronger in proteins than in water

Correct Answer:-

slightly stronger in proteins than in water

90) The Standard Gibb's free energy, ΔG°, is

[Question ID = 13482]

- 1. The residual energy present in the reactants at equilibrium
- 2. The residual energy present in the products at equilibrium
- 3. The difference in the residual energy of reactants and products at equilibrium
- 4. The energy required to convert one mole of reactants to one mole of products

Correct Answer:-

The energy required to convert one mole of reactants to one mole of products

91) The unfolding of regular secondary structure causes [Question ID = 13483]

- 1. Little increase in the entropy of protein
- 2. Large decrease in the entropy of the protein
- 3. No change in the entropy of the protein
- 4. Large increase in the entropy of the protein

Correct Answer:-

• Large increase in the entropy of the protein

92) Type I proteins (plasma membrane) have a [Question ID = 13484]

- 1. Cleavage N- terminal signal sequence and a hydrophobic stop transfer sequence
- 2. Cleavaged N- terminal signal sequence that doubles as the membrane anchoring sequence
- 3. Multiple signal sequence and a hydrophobic stop transfer sequence
- 4. Multiple signal sequence that doubles as the membrane anchoring sequence

Correct Answer:-

Cleavage N- terminal signal sequence and a hydrophobic stop transfer sequence

93) Protein synthesis rates in prokaryotes are limited by the rate of mRNA synthesis. If RNA synthesis occurs at the rate of 50 nucleotides/sec, then rate of protein synthesis occurs at [Question ID = 13485]

- 1. 10 amino acids/sec
- 2. 17 amino acids/sec
- 3. 3.25 amino acids/sec
- 4. 50 amino acids/sec

Correct Answer:-

• 17 amino acids/sec

94) The direction of amino acid transfer to the growing polypeptide chain is [Question ID = 13486]

- 1. from the A (aminoacyl tRNA site) site to the P (peptidyl tRNA site) site on the ribosome
- 2. from the P site to the A site on the ribosome
- 3. from the A site to the E (exit tRNA site) site on the ribosome
- 4. from the P site to the E site on the ribosome

Correct Answer:-

from the P site to the A site on the ribosome

95) A physical technique for enzyme immobilization is [Question ID = 13487]

- 1. Covalent binding
- 2. Cross linkage
- 3. Co-polymerization
- 4. Entrapment

Correct Answer:-

Entrapment

96) Which among the following is false about the limitations of enzyme immobilization [Question ID = 13488]
 Reuse of enzyme High cost of isolation and purification Limitated industrial applications
4. Some enzymes become unstable
Correct Answer :-
Reuse of enzyme
97) The protein component of an enzyme is called [Question ID = 13489]
1. Co-factor
2. Apoenzyme 3. Holoenzyme
4. Co-enzyme
Correct Answer :-
Apoenzyme
98) A complete catalytically active enzyme together with its bound co-enzyme and/or metal ions for activity is known as [Question ID = 13490]
1. Cofactor
Apoprotein Holoenzyme
4. Apoenzyme
Correct Answer :-
Holoenzyme
99) Which enzyme is required in peptide bond formation [Question ID = 13491]
1. Amylase
Protease Peptidyl transferase
4. Peroxidase
Correct Answer :-
Peptidyl transferase
100) Which of the following is not a vector [Question ID = 13492]
1. Plasmid
2. Cosmid 3. YAC
4. Mycoplasma
Correct Answer :-
Mycoplasma