

PART - I
ENGLISH

1. The car collided with a _____ vehicle.
Choose the correct word to fill in the blank.
(1) stationery (2) stationary
(3) stationedly (4) station
2. India is a land of myriad languages.
The meaning of 'myriad' is
(1) several (2) separate
(3) local (4) common
3. Johnson studies languages. He is _____.
Choose the best word that completes the sentence above.
(1) a cardiologist (2) a linguist
(3) an anthropologist (4) an activist
4. Kavya is a precocious girl.
The synonym of 'precocious' is
(1) cheating (2) timid
(3) comfortable (4) intelligent
5. Choose the antonym of 'Vindictive'.
(1) forgiving (2) unvindictive
(3) invindictive (4) disvindictive
6. Choose the alliterative expression from the following :
(1) bang-bang (2) ding-dong
(3) easy-peasy (4) hurly-burly
7. Identify the expression that expresses the sound of a clock.
(1) tick-tock (2) pitter-patter
(3) bow-wow (4) ha ha
8. An airport is a place _____.
Choose the correct relative clause to complete the meaning of the sentence.
(1) why planes land (2) which planes land
(3) who planes land (4) where planes land
9. He gave me the letter, which was in a blue envelope.
'which was in a blue envelope' in the above sentence is
(1) a non-finite clause (2) a finite clause
(3) a defining relative clause (4) a non-defining relative clause
10. There is _____ to make a cup of tea !
What is wrong with the pipes ?
Choose the correct expression to complete the sentence meaningfully.
(1) not enough water (2) not water enough
(3) water enough (4) enough water

11. Choose the sentence which needs an article.
(1) She is suffering from fever. (2) He plays cricket.
(3) I am the greatest person on earth. (4) He is friend of mine.
12. In case of fire, ring the alarm bell.
The meaning of 'in case of' is
(1) in the event of (2) together with
(3) because of (4) separate from
13. It's quite time Murthy came home.
This sentence says that
(1) Murthy is at home. (2) Murthy never comes home.
(3) Murthy is already a little late. (4) Murthy did not come yesterday.
14. If I _____ you, I would not buy it.
Choose the correct verb to complete the sentence.
(1) am (2) will be
(3) were (4) was
15. She started living in Ongole 10 years ago and she is still living in Ongole. She still continues to live in Ongole.
The meaning of the above sentences can be understood as :
(1) She has been living in Ongole for 10 years.
(2) She is living in Ongole for 10 years.
(3) She had lived in Ongole.
(4) She will live in Ongole for 10 years.
16. She has already seen him.
The above sentence is in
(1) the simple past tense (2) the past perfect tense
(3) the present perfect tense (4) the simple future tense
17. He preferred less luggage as the roads were not good.
The part of the sentence, 'as the roads were not good' is
(1) a noun clause (2) a relative clause
(3) an adverbial clause (4) an adjective clause
18. I believe _____ God.
Choose the correct preposition to fill in the blank.
(1) over (2) at
(3) on (4) in

19. Choose the sentence with a non-finite clause.
 (1) With the tree grown tall, we get more shade.
 (2) The tree grows tall and give more shade.
 (3) As the tree grows, it will give more shade.
 (4) We get more shade because the tree grows.
20. Smitha said, "Gopi, where are you ?".
 The indirect speech of this sentence is
 (1) Smitha requested Gopi where are you ?
 (2) Smitha asked Gopi where he was.
 (3) Smitha told Gopi that he was somewhere.
 (4) Gopi asked Smitha that she was there.
21. Choose the grammatically correct sentence regarding the use of 'can'.
 (1) He can sing songs. (2) He can sang songs.
 (3) He can singing songs. (4) He can sung songs.
22. Choose the sentence in passive voice.
 (1) Emergency was declared.
 (2) I bought a broken chair.
 (3) She was cutting the tree with a knife.
 (4) She had been ill.
23. Choose the correct spelling of the word.
 (1) agnostic (2) agnastic
 (3) aganostic (4) agnostick
24. Choose the wrongly spelt word.
 (1) erestwhile (2) generosity
 (3) specific (4) austere
25. Choose the correct sentence with regards to the end punctuation mark.
 (1) Don't you think that's rather hypocritical !
 (2) Don't you think that's rather hypocritical.
 (3) Don't you think that's rather hypocritical ?
 (4) Don't you think that's rather hypocritical ;
26. Choose the sentence with correct capitalisation.
 (1) She is the first african woman to win the Nobel prize.
 (2) She is the first African woman to win the Nobel Prize.
 (3) She is the first African woman to win the nobel prize.
 (4) She is the First African woman to win the Nobel Prize.

27. Choose the interrogative sentence that is grammatically correct.
 (1) How long the queue is ? (2) What a long queue this is ?
 (3) Is this a long queue ? (4) This is a long queue ?
28. The following is a personal writing.
 (1) Writing a diary (2) Writing a resume
 (3) Writing a complaint (4) Writing a news report
29. Writing a letter ordering a book is
 (1) a personal writing (2) an informal writing
 (3) a business writing (4) an official writing
30. The following is enacted in a limited time with a few characters :
 (1) A drama (2) A series of plays
 (3) A play (4) A one-act play
31. Choose the phrase that we use while giving an example.
 (1) Though (2) According to
 (3) Firstly (4) For instance
32. The following is not the language characteristic of an informal letter :
 (1) using abbreviated forms (2) using colloquial language
 (3) omitting pronouns (4) using formal language
33. Choose the phrase that we usually use while clarifying something.
 (1) For this reason (2) People believed that
 (3) Nevertheless (4) In other words
34. Choose the expression that can be used to express a reason.
 (1) Owing to (2) To start with
 (3) For example (4) In other words
35. I will celebrate my birthday ?
 The language function expressed in this sentence is
 (1) an invitation (2) an obligation
 (3) an intention (4) an offer
36. I can't walk fast.
 This sentence expresses the
 (1) ability of the speaker (2) inability of the speaker
 (3) grief of people (4) suggestion of the speaker
37. May God bless you !
 This sentence expresses
 (1) a permission (2) a wish
 (3) a compulsion (4) an inference

[For Q. No. 38-42] Read the following passage carefully and choose the correct answers to the questions given after it.

In bringing up children, every parent, regardless of ethnicity, income, education, or geographic location, watches eagerly the child's acquisition of each new skill. However, it is often tempting to hurry the child beyond his natural learning rate, which can set up dangerous feelings of failure and states of worry in the child. This might happen at any stage. A baby might be forced to use a toilet too early, a young child might be encouraged to learn to read before he knows the meaning of the words he reads. On the other hand, though, if a child is left alone too much, or without any learning opportunities, he loses his natural enthusiasm for life and his desire to find out new things for himself. Parents vary greatly in their degree of strictness towards their children. Some may be especially strict in money matters. Others are severe over times of coming home at night or punctuality for meals. In general, the controls imposed represent the needs of the parents and the values of the community as much as the child's own benefit.

38. According to the passage, in the process of children's learning new skills, parents
- (1) must encourage them to read before they know the meaning of the words they read.
 - (2) should achieve a balance between pushing them too hard and leaving them on their own.
 - (3) never expect too much of their children.
 - (4) should join them in schools after 20 years.
39. It is pointed out in the reading that
- (1) parents should not give money to children.
 - (2) all parental restrictions are the same.
 - (3) parental restrictions vary, and are not always enforced for the benefit of the children alone.
 - (4) all parents ask their children to read before they know the meaning of the words they read.
40. As we understand from the passage, watching the child's acquisition of new skills
- (1) is universal among parents.
 - (2) is not seen in most of the countries.
 - (3) is very dangerous to their health.
 - (4) will make them lose interest in learning new things.
41. Identify the true statement from the following :
- (1) The child should be left alone too much.
 - (2) Parents don't bother about their children's learning.
 - (3) Some parents may be strict in punctuality for meals.
 - (4) The community has no values.
42. Choose the meaning of the word 'acquisition'.
- (1) watching things
 - (2) playing with toys
 - (3) eating food
 - (4) learning of a skill, habit or quality

43. Sindhu was asked to produce her _____ certificate to prove her genuinity. Choose the correct expression to fill in the blank.

- (1) ad hoc
- (2) sine die
- (3) bonafide
- (4) detour

44. 'A person, who tries to make something less good by criticising' is known as _____. Choose the correct expression to fill in the blank.

- (1) a detractor
- (2) a culprit
- (3) a dictum
- (4) an epitaph

45. Choose the word that shows negative attribute.

- (1) Smart
- (2) Sociable
- (3) Courageous
- (4) Pessimistic

46. The plural form of 'datum' is

- (1) data
- (2) dates
- (3) datums
- (4) datumes

47. Asha got her eye on the gold ring.

Choose the meaning of the expression 'got her eye'.

- (1) observed carefully
- (2) dropped tears
- (3) opened eyes
- (4) blinked nicely

48. This is a big suitcase with a teeny-weeny handle.

The expression 'teeny-weeny' means

- (1) very big
- (2) very small
- (3) very large
- (4) very smart

49. Match the following and choose the correct matching option :

- | A | B |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| (i) part and parcel | () (a) big leaps |
| (ii) rough and ready | () (b) livelihood |
| (iii) leaps and bounds | () (c) almost finished |
| (iv) bread and butter | () (d) an integral part |
| (1) d, a, c, b | (2) b, c, a, d |
| (3) d, b, a, c | (4) d, c, a, b |

50. It is very important to have good

- (1) governmental
- (2) governed
- (3) governingly
- (4) governance