Q. A 45-year-old patient presents with hemoptysis, weight loss, and persistent cough. What is the most likely diagnosis?

a) Tuberculosis

b) Lung cancer

c) Bronchitis

d) Pneumonia

Q. A patient with a history of breast cancer underwent cobalt-60 radiotherapy and now faces respiratory distress with haziness in her left lung. What is the most likely cause?

a) Pneumonia

- b) Radiation pneumonitis
- c) Pulmonary embolism

d) Bronchitis

Q. What is the primary use of imaging modality in the staging of esophageal cancer?

a) PET scan

b) CT scan

c) MRI

d) X-ray

Q. A 4-year-old boy presents with complaints of melena, containing gastric mucosa, and acute intermittent pain in the right iliac region. What is the possible cause?

- a) Appendicitis
- b) Meckel's diverticulum
- c) Intussusception
- d) Peptic ulcer

Q. A female patient has burns on the chest, abdomen, part of one leg, and arm, with other parts spared. What is the total area of the burn?

a) 10-15%
b) 15-20%
c) 20-30%
d) 30-40%

Q. A 65-year-old male with a history of smoking presents with a persistent cough and weight loss. A chest X-ray reveals a mass in the right lung. What is the first imaging modality to evaluate the mass further?

a) Chest CT scan

b) PET scanc) MRId) Barium swallow

Q. A patient with grade 4 hemorrhoids underwent surgery. Which instrument is used in this procedure?

a) Hemorrhoid band kitb) Endoscopec) Colonoscoped) Biopsy needle

Q. A 58-year-old male with a history of alcohol abuse presents with upper abdominal pain, jaundice, and dark urine. Imaging reveals hepatomegaly and a dilated common bile duct. What is the likely diagnosis?

- a) Acute pancreatitis
- b) Cirrhosis
- c) Cholecystitis
- d) Cholangiocarcinoma

Q. A patient with a history of breast cancer underwent cobalt-60 radiotherapy and now faces respiratory distress with haziness in her left lung. What is the most likely cause?

- a) Pneumonia
- b) Radiation pneumonitis
- c) Pulmonary embolism
- d) Bronchitis

Q. A 70-year-old patient with absolute constipation and abdominal distension is likely to have?

- a) lleus
- b) Appendicitis
- c) Sigmoid volvulus
- d) Colorectal cancer